"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair and cold; winds west.

VOL. LII.....NO. 16,575. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1903.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

AMERICANS' VICTORY IN VENEZUELAN COURT

Judgment for $700,000 Given In Their Favor.

Heirs of Henry Rudloff Win Their Suit for Damages for the Annulment of a Concession.

CARACAS, Feb. 18.—The Supreme Court to-day rendered its decision in the suit brought by the heirs of Henry Rudloff, an American citizen, against the Venezuelan Government for damages for the annulment of a concession given in 1892 to build a market in Caracas. Judgment was given in favor of Rudloff's heirs, admitting their claim for the large amount of $700,000 to be paid by the Venezuelan Government.

The United States Legation watched the case very closely. Secretary Russell and Naval Attaché Johnston attended the sessions of the court and followed the arguments.

To-day's decision is interesting, inasmuch as the German and British Legations have maintained that justice for foreigners does not exist in Venezuela.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Rudloff claim was one of the largest brought by American citizens against the Venezuelan Government, and had it not been settled would have come up for adjudication before the mixed commission provided for in the protocol signed here yesterday by Secretary Hay and Mr. Bowen. The decision is a source of intense satisfaction to the officials here.

The contract price of the proposed market was $700,000. The claim was for a like amount, and the judgment of the court shows that it was granted in full.

Considerable work had been done by the American concessionaires toward the construction of the proposed market when a change of administration occurred in Venezuela. Then the concession to Rudloff was annulled because of the objection of the Government to having such an establishment controlled by foreigners. Probably not more than half the amount of the claim allowed had been expended when the work on the market was stopped by the Government's action.

GERMANS MAKE FREE WITH VENEZUELA'S SENSIBILITIES.

The Panther Seeks Entrance to Maracaibo Lake—Officers Pay a Merry Visit to a Fort They Shelled.

MARACAIBO, Venezuela, Feb. 18.—The commander of the German warship Panther early this morning sent a request to Fort San Carlos for authorization to enter the Lake of Maracaibo. He was informed, in reply, that the matter would be referred to the Caracas authorities and that while awaiting their reply the Panther was to wait outside.

This incident created fresh excitement here.

Three thousand troops have arrived here and will be transported to Caracas.

PORTO CABELLO, Feb. 18.—The officers of the German cruiser Vineta came on shore yesterday and, in carriages, visited all the city. They then went to Fort Solano, which was shelled by them on Dec. 13, and asked to be allowed to visit the interior. The officer in command of the fort received them politely, but informed them that to visit the fort an order from the President was necessary.

The German officers went away laughing.

THE APPEAL TO THE HAGUE.

Mr. Bowen Is Not Likely to Attend the Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—It does not seem at all probable at this time that Herbert W. Bowen, the United States Minister to Venezuela, will go to The Hague in connection with the movement to have that tribunal determine whether or not the European allied Governments which maintained a blockade of Venezuelan ports shall have preferential treatment in the payment of the claims of their citizens against Venezuela.

If Mr. Bowen's pleasure in the matter were consulted, the likelihood is that he would participate in the proceedings before The Hague tribunal, but he is not willing to resign his position as Minister to Venezuela for that purpose, and the rules of the State Department prohibit the granting of more than sixty days' leave of absence in any one year to diplomatic officers.

The impression also obtains that the State Department is not overanxious for Mr. Bowen to attend, as his presence at The Hague might cause a belief that the United States is overzealous on behalf of Venezuela.

Señor Pulido at the British Embassy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Señor Pulido, Chargé d'Affaires of Venezuela, to-day made his first call on Sir Michael Herbert at the British Embassy, the signing of the protocol being the signal for this courtesy on the part of the Chargé d'Affaires to the new Ambassador. The only absentees on the occasion of Sir Michael's formal reception to his colleagues were Señor Pulido and the German Ambassador.

PHILADELPHIA SUBWAY PLANS.

Contracts for the Work Will Be Let Within Six Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Within six weeks the contract for building that section of the subway in Market Street between Fifteenth Street and the Schuylkill River will be let by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company. Within ten days it is expected that permits for all work necessary will be given by the City Highway Supervisors.

The exact time in which work will be begun is still a matter of conjecture. President Parsons of the Rapid Transit Company says it will be before April 9, which ends the year in which the company is compelled to begin work under its perpetual franchise.

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When You Go South
travel via Atlantic Coast Line. Most direct route to Augusta, Thomasville, Florida. Leaving time 8:55 A. M. or 2:10 P. M. Celebrated "N. Y. & Florida Special." Office, 1,161 B'way, N. Y.—Adv.

Home Desks—Sectional Bookcases.
Inspection of complete line of office and library furniture is invited at new store of Fred Macey Co., 343 Broadway.—Adv.

JUSTICE SHIRAS RETIRES.

It Is Expected That the President Will Soon Send Judge Day's Name to the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Associate Justice Shiras of the United States Supreme Court has availed himself of his privilege to retire at the age of seventy, after having served ten years as a Federal Judge. He to-day handed his resignation, to take effect Feb. 24, to the President, and will hereafter sit in the hearing of no new cases.

It is expected that the name of Judge William R. Day of Ohio, ex-Secretary of State and afterward President of the commission on the part of the United States to negotiate the treaty of Paris, will be sent to the Senate within a few days to succeed Justice Shiras.

The retirement of Justice Shiras has been expected for several months. He has been eligible for retirement since Oct. 10, when he completed his ten years of service on the Supreme bench. He was appointed by President Harrison in June, 1892, to succeed the late Justice Bradley, but did not qualify until the beginning of the October term of court. He reached the age of seventy a year ago last month.

Justice Shiras has not enjoyed good health for several years, and has made no secret of his intention to retire as soon as he could do so consistently with the orderly conduct of his share of the duty of the court.

INDIANA JUSTICES ATTACKED.

State Senator Declared Their Decisions Were Laughed At—Chief Justice Asked to Leave Chamber.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 18.—E. A. Dausman, Senator from Elkhart County, made an attack on the Justices of the Indiana Supreme Court on the floor of the Senate to-day and caused a sensation. Dausman is a Republican, but he was fighting a bill which provided that all engrossed bills be submitted to the Supreme Court for opinions as to their constitutionality before they are passed. Dausman said such action would be foolish.

"The decisions of the Indiana Supreme Court are the laughing stock of law students in schools," he declared. "If the Judges of the court would study more and meddle less with matters that do not concern them, it would be better for the State. The Judges of that court may as well be told now that they must keep their noses out of legislative business."

Dausman had previously expressed disapproval of the fact that the Judges have lobbied personally to obtain an increase of their salaries. A short time before Dausman's outbreak Chief Justice U. Z. Wiley had been asked by a doorkeeper to leave the floor of the Senate while the body was in session.

FOUR CONCERNS TO COMBINE.

Company with $3,000,000 Capital to Take Car Works, Foundry, and Two Companies in Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 18.—A proposition, under consideration recently by capitalists of this city to establish a steel casting plant, has taken the form of a consolidation of the South Baltimore Car Works, the South Baltimore Foundry, the Ryan & McDonald Manufacturing Company, and the National Supply Company, and the addition of several new plants. It is proposed to organize a new company, with a capitalization of $3,000,000, to take over the properties of the four companies and make the improvements.

Charles T. Crane, President of the Farmers and Merchants' National Bank and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the South Baltimore Car Works, has charge of the project. Each of the four companies has appointed a committee to attend a meeting in a few days and agree upon a plan of consolidation.

Those interested say the new company will receive support through orders for cars from the Baltimore and Ohio, the Seaboard Air Line, and the Gould interests.

PACIFIC WIRELESS MESSAGES.

Company Preparing to Cover 3,000 Miles Off the Coast of California—First to Hawaiian Islands.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—Wireless messages to the Hawaiian Islands are to be sent soon from this coast, according to A. L. New, manager of the Pacific Wireless Telephone and Telegraph Company.

"We have the machinery under way," he declared. "It now only remains to be decided whether Seattle or San Francisco shall be the terminus on this coast. We have constructed powerful dynamos, which will be adequate to send messages 3,000 miles. An intercontinental system is no more difficult of construction than two shore stations, and the last of our outfit is already built. We have sent messages a distance of 1,150 miles with the apparatus which we own and control."

RAILROAD MEN IN CONTEMPT.

Two Officers of Quebec Southern Failed to Produce Documents in Court.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Feb. 18.—Hiram A. Hodge, President of the Quebec Southern, and Frank D. White of Rutland, Secretary of the road, were summoned to answer a charge of contempt of court to-day. They had failed to produce, according to the court's order on Jan. 13, books and documents in an action by Alfred Schiffer of New York against them and W. Seward Webb, Alfred Z. Meyer, and others to recover stock of the South Shore Railway, which Richard Sutro, Charles E. Kimball, J. F. Harrity, and others bought of Benjamin P. Moore.

They appeared to-day and agreed to give plaintiff's counsel communication of the documents. Proceedings were suspended until to-morrow to give them an opportunity to carry out their promise.

ERIE EXPRESS IS WRECKED.

Engine and Two Cars Leave the Track—The Engineer Killed.

SHARON, Penn., Feb. 18.—The Pacific express, on the Erie Railroad, running between New York and Chicago, was wrecked this evening near the station at Sharpsville. The engine jumped the track and plunged down an embankment, dragging the baggage and express cars with it. None of the passenger cars left the track.

The locomotive turned over on its side, and David Gaskill, the engineer, of Meadville, was buried under the wreckage and killed. His fireman escaped by jumping.

Canada Must Go Abroad for Rails.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Feb. 18.—Neither of the steel rail-making firms of Canada, the Dominion Iron and Steel of the Clergue Company, is in position to turn out 25,000 tons of rails required by the Canadian Government for the Intercolonial before June 1. Canadian manufacturers recommend that the contract be placed in England rather than Germany.

TRAINS AT CONVENIENT HOURS
Leave New York via the Pennsylvania Railroad for Chicago, St. Louis, and points West and Southwest.—Adv.

Dewar's Scotch Whisky—Finest Imported.
Recommended by Royalty—Royally recommended.—Adv.

MOTHER SAYS OFFICER TORTURED A SOLDIER

Mrs. Richter of Syracuse Demands Vengeance for Her Son's Death.

Appeals to the President to Go Behind the Verdict of a Court-Martial That Acquitted Lieut. Sinclair.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Mrs. Ellen C. Richter of Syracuse, N. Y., is in Washington for the purpose of makin an effort to have the President take up the case of her son, who was an enlisted man in the Twenty-eighth Infantry, and who died in the Philippines under alleged tortures inflicted by direction of Lieut. William S. Sinclair. Lieut. Sinclair was tried by court-martial for this alleged offense and was acquitted.

Mrs. Richter has been striving to have the body of her son sent home to New York, and also to obtain a copy of the court-marital proceedings, but has been unsuccessful in both instances. She has come to Washington to make a direct appeal to the President. She had this letter delivered at the White House to-day:

Washington, D. C., Feb. 18, 1903.

The Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, White House, Washington, D. C.:

Dear Sir: I have journeyed from my home in Syracuse, N. Y., for the purpose of asking that justice be done in the case of my only son, Edward C. Richter, who was cruelly tortured to death by Lieut. William S. Sinclair, a commissioned officer of the United States Army. I earnestly desire an audience with you and am prepared to prove these facts:

1. That my son Edward was a good, kind, obedient boy to his mother and possessed the confidence and esteem of the leading citizens of Syracuse.

2. That on the night of Feb. 7, 1902, at Das Marinos, P. I., Lieut. William S. Sinclair ordered and directed that my boy be removed from his quarters and bound hand and foot to the ground.

3. That while thus bound Lieut. Sinclair ordered a gag placed in the helpless boy's mouth.

4. That this gag, consisting of a piece of cloth, was held in Edward's mouth by means of a club in the hands of Sergt McDermott, who sat on his breast.

5. That as a further means of torture Lieut. Sinclair compelled his men to pour ice water on the helpless soldier's face.

6. That this torture was continued for two hours and twenty minutes and that when my poor, misused, dying, helpless boy pleaded for mercy, saying, "Oh, don't Mac," the torture was still continued.

7. That many of the soldiers present could not witness his awful suffering and were obliged to turn horror-stricken from the scene.

Only yesterday at the War Department I read all of the court-martial proceedings which acquitted the officer that murdered my son. When Judge Advocate General Davis was asked why Sinclair was acquitted, he went so far as to admit that the court erred in its decision.

You have perhaps heard of the army's version of this crime, and while I recognize the great pressure upon your time, yet it is your right and your duty to hear the true side of this awful occurrence. The War Department has refused to give me a copy of the court-martial proceedings; has failed to return to me the remains of my boy, and, worse still, this same guilty officer is still an honored member of the army.

True, you cannot restore to my boy the mortal life that is forever gone out. But you can order that his body be sent home; that I be furnished with a copy of the court-martial records that acquitted Sinclair, and you can also strip this officer fiend of his uniform and thus forever set the stamp of official disapproval upon the practice of torturing unto death an American soldier-citizen. If the perpetration of such a foul and cowardly crime is allowed to go unpunished, it stands as a precedent and a license for every scoundrel who wears a uniform to commit like crimes against our soldiers.

I inclose a photograph of my boy, and I ask you as a father to look upon his clear-cut, manly, noble features and then tell me if he did not deserve a better fate. I cannot but believe that if you will allow me to present to you this case in its true light that your sense of justice will impel you to right this terrible wrong so far as may be in your power. I beg to ask for an immediate reply. Very truly yours,

MRS. ELLEN C. RICHTER.

Lieut. Sinclair is a native of and was appointed to the army from Texas. He enlisted in a Michigan volunteer regiment, raised for service in the war with Spain, and after serving one month was appointed Second Lieutenant in the First United States Volunteer Infantry, in which he served from May, 1898, to October of the same year, when he was mustered out with the regiment.

He was appointed Second Lieutenant in the regular army in July, 1898, and assigned to the Fourteenth Infantry, and Feb. 2, 1901, was promoted to First Lieutenant and assigned to the Twenty-eighth Infantry, in which he was serving when charged with the death of Richter. Lieut. Sinclair has been transferred from the Twenty-eighth to the Fifth Infantry, and it is alleged the transfer was made because of cruel treatment of the men of his company and the hostility that existed toward him in consequence.

ST. LOUIS SHORT OF COAL.

Old Floors Torn Up and Burned in the Jail and Criminal Courts Adjourned—Investigation of Negligence.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 18.—Owing to the scarcity of coal at the "Four Courts," which contains the jail, Police Headquarters, Criminal Courts, &c., the building was closed to-day. Not a pound of coal could be found for the engine. Old floors are being torn up to keep the 250 prisoners in the jail warm.

The Grad Jury's investigation of investment companies' methods was suspended and the two branches of the Criminal Court and the Court of Criminal Correction were adjourned for the day. Other city institutions are also short of fuel, and an investigation is to be conducted to ascertain who is to blame and to compel fulfillment of contracts.

Unless coal is forthcoming in considerable quantities by to-morrow morning, not only will the Criminal Courts and Grand Jury in the "Four Courts" remain closed, but the Civil Courts in the Court House will be compelled to adjourn, as on Tuesday.

HOW NAHANT GOT $6 COAL.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—The legislative committee which is investigating the coal combination sat in Lynn to-day and heard Joseph T. Wilson, a coal dealer of Nahant, testify that when the famine was at its height he appealed to Senator Lodge on behalf of the people of the town. The next day, he testified, he received a telegram from President Baer of the Reading Road informing him that at Salem there was a carload of coal which awaited his orders. This coal, Mr. Wilson said, cost him $6 a ton. At that time the people of Lynn and Salem were paying $15 and $18. This testimony created much interest, as it was supposed to show that the Senator had peculiar influence with Mr. Baer.

A newspaper of this city asked the Senator about the matter, and he replied this evening that when he received Mr. Wilson's telegram he referred it to Mr. Baer. That was the beginning and end of his connection with the matter.

CONSOLIDATION OF DRY DOCKS.

Negotiations Under Way for Two Companies in Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 18.—Negotiations are under way, it is said, for the consolidation of the Baltimore Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company and the William Skinner & Sons' Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company. J. Q. Lovell is President of the former, which is the successor of the Columbian Iron Works, and H. C. Skinner is President of the latter.

The Baltimore Company has a capitalization of $750,000 and the Skinner Company has $600,000 capital. The Skinner Company owns a new dry dock. Those interested in the consolidation plan said to-day that it had not advanced to a closing point.

MISS ROOSEVELT CHARMED.

New Orleans Newspapers Welcome With Editorials the Daughter of the President.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 18.—Miss Alice Roosevelt is charmed with New Orleans and the people she has met, and has no hesitation in saying so. Her welcome at the Atlanteans' ball last night particularly pleased her.

Miss Roosevelt was the guest of honor to-day at a luncheon given by Mrs. Norvin T. Harris. Mrs. McIlhenney gave a dinner for her this evening. To-morrow there will be another luncheon, and to-morrow night she will witness her first carnival parade, and attend her second carnival ball.

The New Orleans papers editorially welcome Miss Roosevelt this morning.

The Picayune says in part: "Let us see to it, then, that when this fair young visitor shall leave us on her return to her home, she will remember Louisiana as the land of lovely women and brave men, and that in their care she was a sacred trust. Let her have cause to remember that our historic and unique old city in the heart of the South is the seat of truest hospitality in all this great Republic, and that it is the home of the gentlest and at the same time the most gallant and chivalrous men upon the globe."

W. K. VANDERBILT'S APPEAL.

Chauffeur May Be Compelled to Go to Prison in France Instead of the Millionaire.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—The appeal of W. K. Vanderbilt, who was sentenced in default last year to two days' imprisonment on the charge of driving an automobile at excessive speed in the Champs Elysées, was resumed to-day before M. Becker, Justice of the Peace of the Thirteenth Division.

A chauffeur named Coubac, who ran the machine at the time of the alleged offense, testified that Mr. Vanderbilt was not in the automobile, whose only occupants were the Duke of Marlborough and himself. An affidavit of the Duke of Marlborough to the same effect taken before the French Consul in London, was also introduced.

An amusing scene occurred when Coubac finished his testimony. The Justice said that in view of the evidence it seemed proper that the chauffeur should be brought before the court as the accused, instead of as a witness, and he asked Coubac if he wished to change places with Mr. Vanderbilt, so that the two days' sentence standing against Mr. Vanderbilt could be transferred to him. Coubac protested energetically against the Judge's suggestion, declaring that he had come before the court as a witness and not as an accused person. But the Judge insisted upon the transfer, whereupon Maitre Louis Binoche, counsel for Mr. Vanderbilt, also interposed a strong protest.

"I insist," he said, "that there be a definite decision whether my client is guilty or not guilty. I am opposed to any transference of the sentence."

The Judge then announced the adjournment of the case until March 18, saying that Coubac would then be cited not as a witness, but as the accused.

KAISER'S LIFE THREATENED?

German Anarchist Said to Have Pledged Himself to Attempt to Kill His Majesty.

BARCELONA, Feb. 18.—The newspapers to-day publish an account of an Anarchist meeting recently held here.

At this meeting a German engineer who had been in Barcelona for a fortnight and who has since started for England, declared that he pledged himself to make an attempt on the life of Emperor William of Germany.

KING OSCAR INTERVIEWED.

He Says All the Swedish-Norwegian Trouble Is Because His Grandfather Did Not Know Norwegian.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—The correspondent of the Figaro at Stockholm telegraphs an account of an interview he had with King Oscar on the difficulties between Norway and Sweden. The King, referring to the strained relations between the two countries, is reported as saying:

"I do not deny the existence of serious difficulties between the two countries, or that the actual situation is delicate, but people of the same race are made to understand each other. Their constitutions are not the same, and their traditions are different. The union of the two countries was badly devised. My grandfather did not know the Norwegian language; all our trouble is due to that cause."

WOULD REGULATE THEATRES.

Representative of B. F. Keith Opposes a Bill in Massachusetts.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—A legislative committee to-day had before it a bill providing penalties for any theatre manager or proprietor who permits a performance to begin before 10 o'clock in the morning, permits a continuous performance to go on for more than six hours at a time, permits minors under fifteen years of age to be present at any performance except when attended by parents or guardian, or permits a trapeze performance without a suitable net.

J. F. Cronan, representing B. F. Keith, spoke in opposition. He said that no theatre begins a performance before 10 o'clock, and that the clause relating to six hours' performances seems unnecessary either for the protection of employes or performers, as both are amply protected. The city now has power to and does make regulations for trapeze performances, he declared.

SCARLET FEVER IN NAUGATUCK.

Public Schools Closed and Children Not Allowed to Assemble in Streets.

Special to The New York Times.

DERBY, Conn., Feb. 18.—Scarlet fever has taken so strong a hold on the Borough of Naugatuck, near here, that the assembling of children, either at school or at play in the public streets, has been forbidden by the Board of Wardens and Burgesses. Physicians report more than 100 cases of the disease. The Board of Education has closed the public schools for one month, and a proposition is before the board to order Sunday schools and the Public Library to suspend.

Trained nurses have been engaged at the expense of the borough, and they are to be sent to homes that make application. Free medicines and disinfectants have been placed at the disposal of the poor. An Inspector has been hired to assist Health Officer William P. Smith in quarantining and disinfecting the houses.

CANADIAN INSURANCE FRAUDS.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Feb. 18.—Canadian life insurance companies are busy investigating many risks taken lately. Six claimants are now seeking to collect through the courts $29,000. The companies say that misrepresentations have been made in every case, and that persons suffering from incurable diseases have deceived doctors. It frequently happened that where the examiner of one company knew the patient and refused him for a small amount, the applicant would seek a largely increased risk in another company and manage to get it through. The agents say that many cases of frauds have been discovered.

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla.
Used exclusively by all leading hotels and clubs.—Adv.

Luxurious and delightful as ever. The ride on the famous Lake Shore Limited of the New York Central between New York and Chicago.—Adv.

LABOR MEN AND THE LAW

Coal Strike Commissioner Clark's Address on Strikes.

Organized Labor Cannot Work Out Its Salvation, He Says, If It Resorts to Unlawful Acts.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 18.—E. E. Clark, Grand Chief of the Order of Railway Conductors and a member of the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission, spoke in Faneuil Hall to-day under the auspices of the Twentieth Century Club. The address was a conservative and thoughtful one and was listened to attentively by an audience that was considered too small for the occasion.

The most striking utterance of the speaker was a condemnation of sympathetic strikes. Scarcely less striking was his insistence upon the right of capital as well as labor to organize. He said:

"The laws presume and assume to protect the rights of the citizens, and the laws should be so applied and enforced as to effect that purpose, whether their enforcement be against a greedy corporation, or trust, or against browbeating crowds, or riotous mobs, acting in the name of organized labor. If combined capital cannot perform its mission without resort to dishonest and oppressive methods it is inexcusable to permit the combination. If organized labor cannot work out its salvation without resorting to unlawful acts its existence cannot be defended.

"If by divine right some are given charge of many and great interests it is not that they may exalt themselves above all men and reap great personal profit and rewards, but that they may by the exercise of the talents intrusted to them and the opportunities given to them work out the will of the Master by elevating and improving the condition of mankind. Do not understand that I advocate doing this by indiscriminate charity or by encouraging idleness. On the contrary, it should be done by encouraging order, industry, thrift, and self-respect."

"Strikes," said Mr. Clark, "are unfortunate occurrences. I wish another one might never be necessary. But better a thousand times that we should have occasional strikes than that our civilization should go backward or that our people should be driven or should drift into a condition so ably and aptly described in 'The Man with the Hoe.'

"If the right to strike could be taken away from the American workman his drift into that condition would be as certain and steady as the drift of the arctic glaciers.

"Not all employers, not even a majority of them, would wish to see or willingly contribute to such an end, but the restraining influence removed, the inexorable laws of business and trade would force them to assist in bringing it about. Otherwise they could not compete with those employers who have no respect for the man who toils, except the respect born of fear that, if pressed too far, the worm will turn and inflict pecuniary loss or damage."

"A strike of unorganized workingmen," he continued, "is apt to lead into a communistic mob led by a modern Robespierre. Only organized bodies can safely and effectively conduct a strike. The public is a sufferer, but not an innocent sufferer, because it does not seek to assist or co-operate until attacked, and then it selfishly turns to right the wrongs in order to alleviate its own sufferings.

"The coal strike was an instance of this. It takes an industrial earthquake like the coal strike to awaken the public, and it might be well to have a series of such earthquakes to keep the public awake."

STILL WORSHIP FATHER JOHN.

Many Russian Peasants Believe He Is Christ—A Scene at a St. Petersburg Station.

London Times—New York Times
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The belief of the Russian peasantry in the divinity of Father John of Kronstadt is still largely held, says the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times.

Trustworthy newspaper reports are to the effect that twenty peasants living at Karpovka, in the Don territory, journeyed 1,000 miles to Kronstadt in order to worship Father John, persisting in maintaining that he was Christ. They were discovered by the police, and were sent home to be dealt with by the ecclesiastical authorities.

The correspondent also describes a scene he himself witnessed at St. Petersburg a few days ago, when Father John was leaving the Nicholas railway station. In spite of the secrecy observed a large crowd had assembled, and Father John had to be escorted to the train by a dozen gendarmes, who formed a ring around him. Nevertheless women tried hard to approach him, and some threw themselves to the ground in order to crawl inside the ring and kiss his feet or even his garments.

When Father John was in the train the gendarmes formed a line in front of it, but one woman approached and besought the passengers to ask the famous priest to show himself, even if only for a moment.

GRAFTING SKIN TO SAVE HIM.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Feb. 18.—Hoping to save the life of Wilson S. Fredericks, who was severely scalded in the Westfield railroad disaster, the skin grafting operation has been resorted to by his attending physician, Dr. Albert Pittis, and his Masonic brethren have come to the rescue when his life is despaired of. From their bodies is being taken the cuticle necessary to perform the operation. Over one-third of Mr. Fredericks's body is scalded, and his case has been considered hopeless. Three Masons last night visited Muhlenberg Hospital, where the suffering man lies, and bared their forearms while Dr. Pittis pealed of squares of cuticle. These were placed at uniform distances apart on Fredericks's body. Again this morning more Masons submitted their arms in order to give relief to their brother. This process will be continued systematically until the entire scalded portion of his body is again covered with skin. Mr. Fredericks was a passenger on the Easton local, into which the Philadelphia flier crashed. He was scalded from his waist to his shoe tops, and was quickly taken to the hospital here, where every effort has been made to safe his life.

Mr. Fredericks is a resident of Dunellen, N. J., and is a member of Anchor Lodge, No. 149, F. and A. M. He is chief clerk in the New York office of the United States Express Company.

Gov. Dockery's Presidential Aspirations.

Special to The New York Times.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 18.—Gossip here is that Gov. Dockery has Presidential aspirations, and that, on that account, it is his intention to veto the bill that requires separate cars for negroes, in case the measure is passed.

For the Connoisseur
Pall Mall
London Cigarettes.—Adv.

BILL AGAINST FOOTBALL.

Illinois Legislator Would Bar the Game from College Sports and Have Players Fined.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 18.—Representative David J. Underwood, Democratic member from Speaker Miller's district, has determined to try to put a stop to football in Illinois. The Fairweather brothers of the Champaign 'Varsity team live in Mr. Underwood's county, and the High School eleven of McLeansborough, where Speaker Miller and Mr. Underwood reside, is the champion High School team in Southern Illinois, but Mr. Underwood is "agin" football.

One of the Fairweather boys broke his collar bone last Fall, and the McLeansborough team paid more attention to gridiron science than to the class room. Therefore Mr. Underwood introduced a bill to-day, placing a ban on the game and providing for a fine of from $10 to $100 for any player, or any college, or school officer who "permits, encourages, or allows students under his control to participate in the game."

The author of the bill has taught school twenty-two years, and he was County Superintendent until December last. He thinks that the colleges pay too much attention to football, and believes that the Legislature should regulate the game.

WAGES ON THE WABASH.

President Ramsey and Committee of Trainmen Unable to Agree—System to be Polled on a Demand.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 18.—As a result of the inability of President Ramsey and the committee of the Wabash trainmen and conductors to come to an agreement the situation has assumed a serious aspect. After a conference yesterday the committee ordered a poll of the system on the demand for the schedule similar to that granted recently by the St. Louis lines.

It is said that President Ramsey has refused to consider a proposition of wage increase for the conductors and trainmen, except those employed west of the Mississippi. The original demands of the committees were for the Western wage increase to be granted to the conductors and trainmen of the entire system, but a substitute proposition was for an increase on divisions of the road west of a line drawn through Chicago and Danville, Ill., excluding about 600 miles of the system.

President Ramsey at the conference to-day refused to grant that proposition, and was then informed that a poll would be taken for an increase that would exclude the Canadian line, but include the Toledo and Detroit divisions. President Ramsey told the committee that if the employes voted in favor of pushing that demand it would be refused. In that case, the members of the committee say, a general strike on the Wabash system will be ordered. The strike would affect 2,000 trainmen and conductors.

President Ramsey says that he is willing to consider a request for an increase for the employes on the Wabash lines west of the Mississippi. He says that the Wabash lines east of the Mississippi are paying a schedule as high as that of other competing roads in the East. He holds that the Illinois, or middle, division is a part of its Eastern system.

LIBRARIES FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Bill in the Legislature to Permit Acceptance of Mr. Carnegie's Gift.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—A bill to enable Philadelphia to accept Andrew Carnegie's gift of $1,500,000 for the erection of thirty branches of the free library will be introduced at Harrisburg to-morrow. It would give to the city power to meet the sole condition imposed by Mr. Carnegie, that the municipality shall enter into an agreement to maintain the branch libraries for all time.

The bill is in accordance with the plan adopted by New York City to meet Mr. Carnegie's gift to that city for branch libraries. As soon as it is passed and approved the way will be clear for the completion of arrangements between the city and free library trustees acting as Mr. Carnegie's agents.

It is expected that two or three branches will be erected each year, as little doubt is expressed that the gift of sites will keep pace with the number of branches that can be put up in the next ten years.

SPECIAL TYPE FOR BILLS.

Governor of Indiana Desires to Prevent Fraudulent Work in Engrossing.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 18.—Gov. Durbin has asked the Legislature to pass a law which will require the State to design and patent a special type in which all bills presented to the Legislature shall be printed. His purpose is to prevent fraudulent work in the engrossing or copying departments of the General Assembly. He refers to the occurrence at the previous session when a pure food law was so altered that its entire effect was lost.

The Governor's measure would mean the elimination of the engrossing department, meaning a saving to the State of almost a hundred dollars a day during the meeting of the Assembly.

SAVED ON THE GALLOWS.

Condemned Man Whispered the Name of Accomplice and Got Reprieve.

JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 18.—Joseph Campbell, colored, who was sentenced to be hanged to-day for murder at Yazoo City, was saved for a time from death. On the gallows he whispered to the Sheriff the name of his accomplice.

The black cap had been adjusted, but the Sheriff suspended operations and telegraphed to Gov. Longino, asking for ten days' reprieve in order that testimony may be secured from the condemned man. The Governor granted the reprieve.

PADEREWSKI SELLS HIS ESTATE.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—The Lokal Anzeiger to-day publishes a dispatch from Cracow, Galicia, to the effect that Paderewski, the pianist, has sold his beautiful estate at Kahnagorna because it is too expensive for him to keep up properly. He paid about $100,000 for it five years ago, and has since spent on it $200,000 more than the revenue.

It is added that Paderewski intends to settle in Switzerland.

Dr. Glenn to Handle Peabody.

Special to The New York Times.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 18.—Dr. G. A. Glenn, formerly Commissioner of Education of Georgia, will, it is announced, succeed the late Dr. J. L. M. Curry as agent of the Peabody Educational Fund. Dr. Glenn has been in touch with the work of Dr. Curry, and is considered better able to carry out the plans that he had prepared than any one else.

Maine Denies Suffrage to Women.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 18.—On the question of allowing women the right to vote the Senate to-day cast a tie vote, 12 to 12. President Virgin broke the tie by voting against the suffragists.

Beresford to Accept New Command.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Vice Admiral Lord Charles Beresford announced at Woolwich to-night that he h[illegible] offered and would accept the com[illegible] Channel Squadron.

All Deerfoot Farm Sausages
are made at the Farm, in Southboro, Mass. Their success is owing to the choice materials, and the neatness and cleanliness of the preparation.—Adv.

APPETITES ARE WHETTED
by the delicious viands and dainty service on the dining car of the Pennsylvania Limited. All other appointments just as faultless.—Adv.

INJUNCTION AGAINST THE BEEF TRUST

Combination of Packers Is in Restraint of Trade.

Judge Grosscup's Opinion in Case in Chicago—Definition of Inter-State Commerce—Transportation an Adjunct Only.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The so-called Beef Trust case was disposed of by Judge Grosscup in the United States Circuit Court to-day, the demurrer of the packers being overruled and a temporary injunction granted. The attorneys for the packers made no announcement of their intentions. They have until March 4 to discuss the matter with their principals. If they deny the facts on which Judge Grosscup based his decision, the matter will go before a Master in Chancery, who will hear the evidence, and the case will be argued again before Judge Grosscup. An appeal may be taken in order to hasten the final adjudication of the case. It is believed that the packers will not let the matter go by default.

"Commerce," said Judge Grosscup in his decision, "is the sale or exchange of commodities, but that which the law looks upon as the body of commerce is not restricted to specific acts of sale or exchange. It includes the intercourse, all the initiatory and intervening acts, instrumentalities, and dealings, which directly bring about the sale or exchange. Thus, though the sale or exchange is a commercial act, so also is the solicitation of the drummer, whose occupation it is to bring about the sale or exchange. The whole transaction, from initiation to culmination, is commerce.

"When commerce, thus broadly defined, is between parties dealing from different States, to be effected so far as the immediate act of exchange goes by transportation from State to State, it is 'commerce between the States,' within the meaning of the Constitution and the statute known as the Sherman act. But it is not the transportation that makes the transaction Inter-State commerce. That is an adjunct only, essential to commerce, but not the test. The underlying test is that the transaction, as an entirety, including each part calculated to bring about the result, reaches into two or more States, and that the parties dealing with reference thereto deal from different States. An Inter-State commercial transaction is, in this sense, an affair arising from different States and centring in the act of exchange, each essential part of the affair being as much commerce as is the centre. With this definition in mind, let us see what the transaction made out in the petition is.

"For the purpose of clear exposition, the facts set forth in the petition should be separated into two groups: Those that are intended to bring the transaction within the body of Inter-State commerce, and those that are intended to fix upon such transaction the character of unlawful combination and conspiracy. The first group may be stated as follows: The defendants, controlling 60 per cent. of the trade and commerce in fresh meats in the United States, buy, in the course of their business, live stock, shipped from points throughout the United States, which, having been converted into fresh meats, is sold again by them at the places where prepared to dealers and consumers in other States, or is sold through their agents, located in other States, to dealers and consumers in the States where the agents are located. The shipments in the first class of sales are made directly from the places where the meat is prepared to the dealers and consumers in other States, and in the latter class to the agents in the other States, who, upon sale, deliver directly to the dealer and consumer.

EXTENT OF TRANSACTIONS.

"What may be called the body of these transactions is twofold. It reaches backward to the purchase of cattle that come to defendants from States other than those in which defendants manufacture, and it reaches forward to the sale of the meats, after conversion, to parties dealing with respect thereto from other States, followed by shipments into other States. Each of these transactions constitutes, in my judgment, inter-State commerce.

"Coming to the other branch of the transaction, the sales by defendants, a like result follows. Unquestionably it is Inter-State commerce when purchasers from other States buy directly from the defendants, and have the meats shipped to them by the vendors. The status of such a transaction, both as to initiatory intercourse and as to transportation in furtherance of the exchange, includes a State other than the one from which the defendants deal.

"I think the same is true of meat sent to agents and sold from their stores. The transaction is such cases, in reality, is between the purchaser and the agents' principal. The agents represent the principal at the place where the exchange takes place, but the transaction, as a commercial entity, includes the principal, and includes him as dealing from his place of business. Indeed, such privity exists between the principal and the transaction that he could, at the instant, as a citizen of another State sue upon the transaction in the Federal courts; nor have I any question that, if the conditions of this case were reversed, so that the defendants were invoking the shelter, instead of seeking to escape the obligations, of the commerce clause, Federal law would be found equal to the protection asked.

"Because a thing can be taxed by the State, it does not follow that it lies outside the body of inter-State commerce, for commerce, inter-State as well as domestic, is subject to the police and taxing power of the State, so long as the exercise of such power does not interfere with the National Government's exclusive right of regulation.

"Do the facts set forth in the second grouping fix upon the transactions, even though the transactions be within the body of inter-State commerce, the character of unlawful combination? The averments are as follows: That the defendants are engaged in an unlawful combination and conspiracy under the Sherman act (a) in directing and requiring their purchasing agents at the markets where the live stock was customarily purchased to refrain from bidding against each other when making such purchases; (b) in bidding up, through their agents, the price of live stock for a few days at a time to induce large shipments, and then ceasing from bids to obtain the live stock thus shipped at prices much less than it would bring in the regular way; (c) in agreeing at meetings between them upon prices to be adopted by all, and restriction upon the quantities of meat shipped; (d) in directing and requiring their agents throughout the United States to impose uniform charges for cartage for delivery, thereby increasing to dealers and consumers the charges for such meats, and (e) in making agreements with the transportation companies for rebates and other discriminative rates.

RESTRAINT OF TRADE.

"No one can doubt that these averments state a case of combination. Whether the combination be unlawful or not, depends on whether it is in restraint of the trade. The general meaning of that term is no longer open to inquiry. It has been passed upon carefully by the Supreme Court in the Freight Association case and in the traffic case. It is clear from them that restraint of trade is not dependent upon any consideration of reasonableness or unreasonableness of the combination averred; nor is it to be tested by the prices that re-

sult from the combination. Indeed, combination that leads directly to lower prices to the consumer may, within the doctrine of these cases, even as against the consumer, be restraint of trade; and combination that leads directly to higher prices may, as against the producer, be restraint of trade. The statute, thus interpreted, has no concern with prices, but looks solely to competition, and to giving competition full play by making illegal any effort at restriction upon competition. Whatever combination has the direct and necessary effect of restricting competition is, within the meaning of the Sherman act, as now interpreted, restraint of trade.

"Thus defined, there can be no doubt that the agreement of the defendants to refrain from bidding against each other in the purchase of cattle, is combination in restraint of trade; so also their agreement to bid up prices to stimulate shipments, intending to cease from bidding when the shipments have arrived. The same result follows when we turn to the combination of defendants to fix prices upon and restrict the quantities of meat shipped to their agents or their customers. Such agreements can be nothing less than restrictions upon competition, and, therefore, combination in restraint of trade; and thus viewed, the petition as an entirety makes out a case under the Sherman act.

"It may be true that the way of enforcing any decree under this petition is beset with difficulties, and that a literal enforcement may result in vexatious interference with defendants' affairs. But, in the inquiry before me, I am not at liberty to stop before such considerations. The Sherman act, as interpreted by the Supreme Court, is the law of the land, and to the law as it stands both court and people must yield obedience.

"The demurrer is overruled and the motion for preliminary injunction granted."

The defendants against whom the injunction has been issued are:

Swift & Co.,	Charles S. Langdon,
Cudahy Packing Company,	Michael Cudahy,
Hammond Packing Company,	Edward A. Cudahy,
Armour & Co.,	Patrick Cudahy,
Armour Packing Company,	Albert B. Boscherdt,
G. H. Hammond Company,	Gustavus F. Swift,
Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company,	Lewis F. Swift,
Nelson Morris & Co.,	Lawrence A. Carton,
J. Ogden Armour,	D. Edwin Hartwell,
P. A. Valentine,	Jesse P. Lyman,
Calvin M. Favorite,	Frank E. Vogel,
Arthur Meeker,	Louis Pfaelzer,
Thomas J. Connors,	William J. Russell,
	Albert H. Veeder,
	Henry Veeder,
	Edward C. Swift,
	Ferdinand Sulzberger,
	W. H. Noyes.

BOGUS CHECK PLOT CASE.

Miss Anderson Tells of Her Flight from the City With Dr. Sutorius and William A. Grebe.

Dr. Francis Alexis Sutorius and William A. Grebe, a clerk, who are accused of having been concerned in a plot to defraud the Trust Company of the Republic by means of checks drawn against fictitious accounts with the aid and connivance of employes of the company, were brought up before Justice Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions yesterday.

Besides the men arraigned there were three other persons implicated in the alleged frauds. One of them was Gertrude Anderson, a young woman stenographer, who, when the prisoners were first arraigned on Feb. 9, after having been brought to this city from Richmond, Va., where they fled, threw herself on the mercy of the court and made a full confession. The other two are employes of the trust company, one of whom made a confession to the official by whom the plot was exposed. The other is Frederick Schwartzje, a clerk, who is a fugitive from this city. Grebe was also in the employ of the company.

When proceedings began yesterday ex-Assistant District Attorney Daniel O'Reilly, representing Grebe, waived examination on behalf of his client. Abraham Levy, who appeared for Dr. Sutorius, demanded an immediate examination, and Miss Anderson was then called to the stand by Assistant District Attorney Kresel.

She testified that she had known Sutorius since Christmas morning, when she met him at a drug store in the Bronx and was introduced to him. She said she had not seen him from that time until the first Monday in February. Miss Anderson was induced to enter the conspiracy by Schwartzje, and did not then know that Sutorius was in it.

"Mr. Grebe was with Sutorius when I met him on Feb. 2," she testified. "He said he was in the same trouble as I was at the bank. I was rather surprised. He then said the Bronx was getting too hot for us, and that we had better leave the city. Grebe said he thought I would be safer here where my mother was and where I had a good home. Dr. Sutorius called Mr. Grebe a coward for wanting to leave me in the lurch."

The young woman then told of a meeting between herself, Dr. Sutorius, and Grebe the next day and of the flight of the trio to Philadelphia the same night.

"When you got to Philadelphia, didn't you discuss the bank matter there?" asked Mr. Kresel.

"Dear, no! I felt absolutely lost when I got there. We had something to eat. Then we went to a hotel. The next day 'the boys' went out to get tickets for Richmond. When we got there we were arrested."

"And you did not discuss your troubles with Dr. Sutorius after your arrest?"

"No; then I could think of nothing but my mother." Miss Anderson mopped her eyes gently with her handkerchief, but the very next moment resumed the trend of her testimony with the greatest composure.

Edward Cook, a young mechanic, of 153 West Fifty-second Street, testified that he also had gotten money from the bank by methods similar to those employed by the three accused. He said Dr. Sutorius had met him early in February and told him that he was in trouble, but thought he could get out if restitution were made. He wanted Cook to try to get the money from his father. Witness said he failed in the efforts he made to that end.

After William Grebe had taken the stand and testified regarding work in the bank, where he said he had been employed for the purpose of "finding a discrepancy" in the books, Mr. Kresel began to ask him questions regarding his knowledge of the alleged fraud. It was found that no information could be obtained from him, and Mr. Kresel asked for an adjournment until this afternoon. Justice Mayer granted this, but said that unless additional evidence was adduced by the prosecution he would dismiss the case.

Miss Gladys Williams Married.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Moses Williams, in Brookline, at noon to-day the wedding of their daughter, Miss Gladys Williams, and Albert Francis Bigelow, son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Smith Bigelow of this city, took place. As Mrs. Williams has recently recovered from a severe illness it was decided to have the ceremony on a simple scale. It took place in the large hall, which was decorated entirely in green and white, the couple standing in front of a bank of greenery composed of bay trees and palms.

The bride wore a gown of heavy white satin with much old lace, over which fell the usual tulle veil. She wore no ornaments, but carried a large bouquet of orchids. She had as bridesmaids her two younger sisters, Miss Mary and Miss Constance Williams, both of whom were attired in simple gowns of white crêpe de chine. They carried red roses.

The bridegroom was accompanied by Arthur Rotch of New Bedford, and the ushers, eight in number, were Owen Winsted of New York, a classmate of the bridegroom; Horatio Bigelow, the groom's brother; Wistar Dendall, Archibald Brown, and Gerald Berryman of New York; Charles Clifford of New Bedford, and Moses Williams, Jr., and Dr. Hugh Williams, brothers of the bride.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. William H. Lyon, a minister of the First Parish Church, Brookline.

Mr. and Mrs. Bigelow are to start immediately on a long European trip, and will be away several months. They have made no plans as to where they will take up their permanent residence on their return to America.

Music Ride at Durland's Academy.

The music ride held at the Durland Riding Academy, in West Sixty-sixth Street, last night, was largely attended, and many novel features were introduced, one being the novelty race. The players were Clapp, Ponderford, Geyer, Dimond, Previdie, Montgomery, and Bryan. Geyer was the first at all times during the race in mounting his horse and also in putting on the costume. He won with ease. This race afforded a great deal of amusement to the onlookers. After the race there was a most interesting game of jeu de barre played. Those who struggled for honors in this game were Wilmerding, Geyer, and Clapp. It was nip and tuck all the way through the game between the last two players, and by a close play near the end Clapp won.

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE DENOUNCES ENGLAND

Joseph Devlin, M. P., Urges a National Parliament.

Father Brann Says England Fears the United States Because 1,000,000 Irishmen of Military Age Are Here.

An audience that filled the basement of St. Agnes's Roman Catholic Church on Forty-third Street, near Lexington Avenue, last evening cheered to the echo sentiments against England uttered by Joseph Devlin, Member of Parliament for North Kilkenny, and the Rev. Dr. Brann, the pastor of St. Agnes's Church. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Parnell Branch of the United Irish League. Dr. Brann presided and Mr. Devlin made the principal speech.

The meeting was wildly enthusiastic, but there were no disorderly outbreaks, with the exception of one incident, which was more humorous than disturbing. A man on the front row, who needed a shave badly and who also looked as if he would not be averse to accepting a new suit of clothes, insisted on asking Mr. Devlin questions during his speech, and interspersing the questions with a peculiar sounding groan, which he averred was made in approval of what was being said.

Finally somebody shouted to "put him out."

"Oh, no, let him stay," interrupted Dr. Brann. "He has been drinking English beer. Had he stuck to good Irish whisky he would be in a much better condition."

The man behaved after that for a while, but soon forgot that he was present as a probationer and began to emit approving groans once more. The disturber was led from the hall.

Father Brann introduced Mr. Devlin with a few complimentary remarks, in the course of which he said that "the Irish are the cleanest, the most moral, the most religious, the most honest, the bravest, the most loyal, the most faithful, the most sober, despite false statistics; the most courteous, and the gayest in misfortune of any people on earth."

Mr. Devlin said in part:

"Twelve months ago Mr. William Redmond and myself organized the United Irish League. Its growth and its prosperity is far greater than we could ever have imagined it would be, and to-day, at the end of twelve months, it is a powerful organization that has done great good for Ireland. A prophecy that we made a year ago in regard to the landlord laws has now almost been realized. I call it a prophecy, although we were aware when we said it that it was only a matter of time before it would be realized.

"A year ago Mr. Wyndham, the Secretary for Ireland, made a speech in which he said that the troubles of the tenants and landlords would have to be fought out between themselves. He promised no assistance. Yet to-day we read that he has told the English people that it is necessary that something be done about this great question. He has promised to introduce a bill in March that will practically abolish the pernicious system with which Ireland has been burdened so long, and this happy culmination of a long and bitter fight is due to the organized efforts of the Irish, Protestant and Catholic, at home and to the co-operation of the Irishmen in this magnificent Republic.

"As I said, the Catholic and the Protestant have come together, for they realize that this question is one that must be settled if our race is to survive. Both of them—the Protestant in the North and the Catholic in the South—know now that landlordism is a sore that should be cut from the body politic.

"But this is not all, for if we are to be true to our forefathers and to the traditions of our country, we must work now to free Ireland from British rule. One hundred years ago we had our own Parliament, a Protestant Parliament, and our cry to-day is that we would rather be ruled by 100 of our own countrymen, even though they differed with us in religion, than by 100 Englishmen, even though they be Catholics.

"One hundred years ago Ireland had 9,000,000 people. The people flourished and magnificent industries were scattered over the land, and everybody was prosperous and happy. To-day the population is 4,500,000, and all over Ireland can be seen great factories that have been idle for so many years. In that one hundred years there have been passed ninety coercion acts and there have been two uprisings against English misrule and oppression.

"In Victoria's reign alone in Ireland 1,225,000 people died of starvation, 2,000,000 were evicted, and 4,800,000 emigrated from her shores to other lands. Give us your co-operation, I ask you, and in five years Ireland will not only be rid of the curse of landlordism, but will have a National Parliament of her own on College Green."

Dr. Brann followed Mr. Devlin, and delivered an address in which he denounced England in the bitterest terms, and said that Ireland's freedom depended on war between the United States and England.

"Why, the United States," he said, "can do anything with England it feels inclined to do. It can pull the lion's tail till it gets tired, and England won't say a word. Now, why won't she say anything? Because she knows that in America there are 1,000,000 Irishmen between the ages of eighteen and forty who would form an army in three weeks' time, swallow up Canada, and then, if needs be, go across the ocean and fight her at home.

"In America we give hundreds of dollars to Irish Leagues, but we would give thousands if it meant the winning of Irish independence on a battlefield. We are hoping for that war, too. Tell me a single act that England ever did to make Ireland loyal. You cannot, for there are none on record. Yes, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, you who see through only one eye, tell one instance. It is the Government, and it is such as you, Joe Chamberlain, that have caused all this, you the Judas Iscariot of Mr. Gladstone.

"When Ireland is free I hope that many of us will go back to the old land, for it is better to live in Ireland than in a New York tenement. I am giving my check to-night for $100 for the United Irish League, but if the gift were for the purpose of freeing Ireland I'd give half of my salary for the rest of my natural life."

BALL FOR CHARITIES.

Emerald Association of Brooklyn Secures a Large Sum.

Many well-known charities are supported in whole or in part by the Emerald Association of Brooklyn, who held their sixty-fifth annual ball last evening at the Waldorf-Astoria. About 1,500 attended and the committee reported at midnight that the event would yield not less than $4,000 for the work of the organization.

Promoters of the affair were jubilant over this showing for their wisdom in bringing the ball, which in past years has been held at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn, over to Manhattan.

Ex-Congressman Thomas F. Magner, President of the association, led the grand march through the decorated grand ballroom. The Astor Gallery was also thrown open. The music was by the Twenty-third Regiment Band.

Among the institutions to be aided by the ball are St. John's Home, at St. Mark's and Albany Avenues; the society's protectory, Hicksville, L. I., and an ocean house at Coney Island; the St. Joseph's Asylum, at Willoughby and Sumner Avenues, and the St. Paul's Industrial School for Girls, in Congress Street, Brooklyn.

Long Time Hotel Servitor Ill.

Timothy Mooney, for forty-four years in charge of the Twenty-third Street entrance to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, is away for the first time on account of illness. The servitor, whose claim it has been that he has attended on many of the most distinguished people in the world, was stricken suddenly on Tuesday. His condition is said to be quite serious. Mr. Mooney has a grown-up family, two of his sons being members of the police force.

Wage Dispute Settled by Arbitration.

The dispute between Typographia No. 7 and the German newspaper proprietors over a demand for a new wage scale, which had been submitted to arbitration, was settled yesterday evening. Under the new scale the printers will receive an advance in wages from $22.50 to $24 a week, but will be required to set 5,000 more ems of bourgeois daily, or its equivalent in other type.

WANT CANTOR FOR MAYOR.

Sheehan Democrats, Comprising the Huron Club, Indorse the Borough President for the Fusion Nomination.

The Huron Club, the Greater New York Democracy organization, which supported Joseph S. Mulroney in his successful primary fight against John T. Cronin in the Twenty-second Assembly District on Feb. 10, held a meeting at the clubrooms, 407 Lexington Avenue, last night and indorsed Borough President Cantor for the Fusion Mayoralty nomination. John C. Sheehan, President Cantor, William Randolph Hearst, and Francis Burton Harrison were elected honorary members of the club.

The following officers were elected for a six months' term: President—Richard Leonardson, formerly Vice President of the John T. Cronin Association; County Vice Chairman—Patrick Higgins, formerly President of the Mohigan Club and of the John T. Cronin Association; First Vice President—Prof. Raymond Perrin; Second Vice President—Francis A. Adams; Corresponding Secretary—George Gosman De Witt; Recording Secretary—Arthur Wilcox; Financial Secretary and Treasurer—Arthur Bartlett.

John T. Cronin, the defeated ex-leader, was expelled from the district organization by a vote of 165 yeas to 15 nays.

NOMINATIONS IN NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 18.—Gov. Murphy sent to the Senate to-day these nominations:

To be Judge in Morris County—Alfred Elmer Mills.

To be Prosecutor in Morris County—Charles A. Rathbun.

For Manager of the New Jersey Reformatory—Bruce S. Keator, Monmouth County.

For Trustee of the State Home for Boys—John Guire, Monmouth County.

To be Adjutant General—R. Heber Breintnall.

The Senate confirmed these nominations:

Circuit Court Judge—Charles W. Parker.

Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals—George R. Gray.

District Court Judge, Jersey City—James S. Erwin.

No Choice Yet in Delaware.

DOVER, Del., Feb. 18.—The twenty-fifth ballot for United States Senator resulted as follows:

Long term—Addicks, 21; H. A. Du Pont, 8; ex-Senator Higgins, 2; Edward D. Hearne, Dem., 21.

Short term—Addicks, 19; ex-Senator Higgins, 8; H. A. Richardson, 2; Judge W. C. Spruance, 2; J. Harvey Whiteman, Dem., 21. No election.

Geer Gains Votes in Oregon.

SALEM, Ore., Feb. 18.—Ex-Gov. Geer gained two votes to-day in the ballot for United States Senator. The ballot resulted as follows: Fulton, 32; Geer, 27; Wood, (Dem.,) 16; Williams, 5; scattering, 5; absent, 5.

POWELL ASKED TO RESIGN.

Sergeant at Arms Declines and Demands Investigation of Church Vestment Story.

TRENTON, Feb. 18.—Gov. Murphy and Major Carl Lentz, Chairman of the Republican County Committee of Essex County, had a conference to-day over the matter of Sergeant at Arms George Powell of the House, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the proposition to return vestments stolen from Grace Church, Newark, for a reward of $250. The Governor is in favor of insisting upon Mr. Powell's resignation.

Mr. Powell was asked to-day by Major Lentz to resign, but refused to do so. At the afternoon session of the House Powell presented a petition, stating that he had been accused in the newspapers of an indiscretion of which he was innocent. His motives, he said, had been misconstrued. In order that he may set himself right before the members of the House, he asked that a committee be appointed to make an investigation.

Mr. Boyd, the Republican leader, after a caucus of the Republican members, offered a resolution for the appointment of an investigation committee. The resolution was adopted, and Speaker Horner appointed this committee: Avis of Gloucester, Colby of Essex, Elvins of Atlantic, Hillery of Morris, and Schumann of Hudson. This committee will meet in Newark Saturday morning to begin an investigation. Mr. Powell will be present and will be represented by counsel. The hearing will be public.

NEWARK, Feb. 18.—At a special meeting of the Police Board of this city, held this evening behind closed doors, that body listened to the story of the Rev. C. O. Edmunds concerning the demand made upon him for $250 for the return of certain vestments stolen from Grace Church, of which he is pastor.

He said he had been approached by George Powell, Sergeant at Arms of the House of Assembly, last Wednesday afternoon. He said that for $250 Powell offered to turn the thief over to the church and have the vestments produced. An appointment was made for the evening. However, before that time Powell again appeared at the minister's house. This time he had with him Detective Sergeants Glori and Lewis, whom he said he had met accidentally, and told them of the proposition he had made to the minister. The detectives told the minister that Powell had made a serious error and that he would not want any money for his information.

City Attorney Young and Prosecutor Riker will investigate the detectives' connection with the story.

PRINCETON ATHLETIC CHANGE.

Alex Moffatt to be Superseded by J. B. Fine on Football Rules Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 18.—J. B. Fine, '82, at present the head of the Princeton Preparatory School, has been appointed Princeton's representative on the Football Rules Committee, in the place of Alexander Moffatt, '83. The latter has served since 1896, and no reason is given for the change.

Seventy-five men turned out to a meeting for baseball candidates called by Capt. Pearson to-day. This is an unusually large number of candidates, and competition for places on the nine will be high. Capt. Pearson carefully advised the men to rid themselves of all conditions, and be ready for cage work on Tuesday. "Doc" Hildebrand, head coach, will arrive Saturday, and Coach Clarke early in March. The graduation of last year's class has left vacant four positions—catcher, second base, short stop, and left field. The material to fill the holes is of high order, and a successful season is looked forward to.

GIRL SHOT BY HER BROTHER.

Had Watched Him Through a Window as He Played with a Rifle.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 18.—Elizabeth Denning, fourteen years of age, of 121 South Street, was shot in the head this afternoon by her eleven-year-old brother, Thomas F. Denning, Jr., who says the shooting was accidental. She was removed to St. James's Hospital, where her condition was said to be critical. The boy was arrested.

The boy was in the yard practicing with his Flobert rifle. His sister, who had been suffering from a severe cold, was watching him from a window. A bullet crashed through the pane and entered her forehead. At the hospital the bullet was located by means of the X-ray apparatus.

Deputy Sheriff Gets $500 Reward.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Feb. 18.—The long-drawn-out controversy over the reward of $500 offered for the apprehension of horse thieves in Suffolk County has been settled by the payment to Deputy Sheriff Gilbert H. Loper of Centre Moriches. The board offered the reward with the intention of capturing thieves who were stealing valuable rigs and horses. Loper arrested William Phillips, who pleaded guilty before Justice Howell at Moriches to stealing a twenty-five-dollar outfit. Loper threatened legal proceedings when the board refused to pay, and he also declined to compromise.

KILLED BY COLD IN NEWARK.

One Man Found Dead and Another Unconscious in the Streets.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 18.—Philip Reilley, forty-one years old, was found frozen to death near his home, at 18 Lister Avenue, this morning.

Randolph Turner, fifty-six years old, of 66 Crawford Street, was found frozen and unconscious on Market Street this morning. He was taken to the Emergency Hospital. He may die.

CANFIELD CASE SUBPOENAS

Mr. Jerome Confident Reginald Vanderbilt Will Appear.

May Induce Him to Tell of the Birthday Party When the Young Millionaire Lost Heavily at Play.

There was considerable speculation about the Criminal Courts Building yesterday as to whether Reginald C. Vanderbilt and some of the other prominent witnesses in the case of the people against David W. Bucklin, Canfield's manager, would be on hand on Monday, when the case will be brought to trial before Justice D. Cady Herrick in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court.

District Attorney Jerome still adheres to the policy of absolute silence which he has maintained regarding the case of young Vanderbilt ever since his name was called out in Justice Herrick's court last Monday without eliciting a response. From a person in Mr. Jerome's confidence it was learned yesterday, however, that the District Attorney is confident the young millionaire will be on hand when wanted.

Much as Mr. Vanderbilt and his family dread the notoriety which would inevitably result from his appearance as a witness at the Bucklin trial, with the recital of the famous "birthday party," when the young millionaire is said to have lost a small fortune in the Canfield establishment, as the principal feature of his testimony, it was said yesterday that Mr. Jerome had been able to bring to his support arguments so forcible and convincing in their nature that to avoid a greater evil Mr. Vanderbilt would be on hand and give his testimony.

In this connection it was pointed out that District Attorney Jerome has in his possession proof legal and incontrovertible of the part the young millionaire played in the wind-up of the birthday party. He knows, it was said, the exact figures of the losses of various members of the party and all that occurred and has an unimpeachable witness, who under certain circumstances could readily be prevailed upon to come forward, take the stand and tell his story of that night. The District Attorney, it was said, also knows of other visits by the young millionaire to Canfield's.

"There has been considerable talk of proceedings for contempt of court against Mr. Vanderbilt possibly being forthcoming," said a lawyer yesterday, "but if you turn to Sections 341 and 344 of the Penal Code and ponder the possibilities in this connection under those sections, you will readily see that action of even a more radical nature might be taken."

Section 341 provides that any person who wins or loses at play or by betting at any time the sum or value of $25 or upward within the space of twenty-four hours is punishable by a fine not less than five times the value or sum so lost or won, to be recovered by civil action by the persons charged with the support of the poor in the place where the offense was committed, for the benefit of the poor." The other section brings under the definition of "common gambler" any person who engages as a player in any gambling or banking game where money or property is dependent upon the result.

Mr. Vanderbilt is still at Oakland Farm, near Newport, the country seat of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt. Thus far he has given no indication as to whether he will appear in court next week or not.

LARCHMONT Y. C. ELECTION.

Morton F. Plant, New Vice Commodore—Regatta Committee Will Announce Races.

The Larchmont Yacht Club held its annual meeting last night at Delmonico's, Commodore Frederick T. Adams presiding. These officers were unanimously elected for the ensuing year: Commodore—Frederick T. Adams; Vice Commodore—Morton F. Plant; Rear Commodore—Frederick M. Hoyt; Secretary—A. Bryan Alley; Treasurer—William Murray; Measurer—John Hyslop; Trustees, to serve three years—Augustin Monroe and Edward S. Hatch.

Owing to the fact that the international races take place in August, the racing fixtures were suspended and the arrangement of the racing programme for the coming season put in the hands of the Regatta Committee.

In order to conform with the practice adopted by most of the other Long Island Sound yacht clubs, some of the mainsail yacht classes were rearranged. For the former Classes T and V there were substituted: Class T—Not over 25 and over 21 feet, racing length; Class V—Not over 21 and over 18 feet, racing length; Class W—Not over 18 feet, racing length.

The following addition was made to Rule XXIV.:

In rounding and passing marks, when the mainmast of a sloop or the foremast of a schooner has left the mark on the required hand, and passed an imaginary line through the mark at right angles to the next course, the yacht shall be considered to have passed the mark on the required side, and it is then at liberty to sail any course she may elect.

COLUMBIA'S INDOOR GAMES.

Four Events Decided in Weekly Competitions—Hanlan with the Crews Again.

Columbia track athletes competed in their weekly indoor games in the Columbia gymnasium yesterday. Four events were contested, running high jump, putting 16-pound shot, 40-yard dash, and 880-yard run.

The last-mentioned contest proved the best of the afternoon. A. J. McDonald (20 yards) was the winner, with W. J. Kohn (25 yards) three yards behind. J. A. Taylor, (10 yards,) Columbia's record holder in the half mile, could not finish better than third, despite a strenuous effort. The 40-yard dash was exciting at the finish, where L. F. Kohler, with a handicap of 6 feet, defeated M. B. Dean for honors by a margin of six inches. J. C. Tomlinson, the football player, with a good handicap, won the shot put from R. S. Stangland. W. S. Creevey, from scratch, won the high jump with 5 feet 8 inches. He was the only scratch man to win. E. W. Hjertberg, the Columbia trainer, said after the games that two additional relay races had been arranged for Columbia's third annual indoor games on Feb. 28. Yale and Columbia will compete in a two-mile relay and Harvard and Pennsylvania will also meet in a two-mile contest. The summary:

Running High Jump, Handicap.—Won by W. S. Creevey, '05, Law, (scratch,) with an actual jump of 5 feet 8 inches; C. S. Grace, '06, Science, (4 inches,) second, with an actual jump of 4 feet 6½ inches; S. M. Day, '04, Law, (1 inch,) and T. R. Buell, '05, Science, (1 inch,) tied for third, with an actual jump of 4 feet 11¼ inches.

Putting Sixteen-Pound Shot, Handicap.—Won by J. C. Tomlinson, '05, Law, (4 feet,) with an actual put of 40 feet 9 inches; R. S. Stangland, '04, College, (1½ feet,) second, with an actual put of 39 feet 7 inches; H. W. Albert, '05, Science, (3 feet,) third, with an actual put of 33 feet; M. D. Terris, '04, College, (5½ feet,) fourth, with an actual put of 30 feet 5 inches.

880-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by A. J. McDonald, '06, College, (20 yards;) W. J. Kohn, '05, Law, (25 yards,) second; J. A. Taylor, '04, College, (10 yards,) third; M. C. Annorge, '03, College, (25 yards,) fourth. Time—2:04.

Forty-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by L. F. Kohler, '04, Law, (6 feet;) M. B. Dean, '04, Law, (scratch,) second; A. L. Kahn, '04, College, (5 feet,) third; A. J. McDonald, '06, College, (4 feet,) fourth. Time—0:05.

Edward Hanlan, Columbia's rowing coach, returned to the university yesterday and resumed charge of the coaching of the 'Varsity and the freshman crew candidates. Hanlan has been ill with the grip, and in his absence the coaching has been directed by some of the veteran Columbia oarsmen. His return yesterday stimulated the practice, which was about the best done on the rowing machines this year.

Athletic Clubs Dropped from A. A. U.

The following clubs have been dropped from the rolls of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union for non-payment of dues: Seventeenth Separate Company Athletic Association, Flushing, N. Y.; Mohawk Athletic Club, Flushing, N. Y.; Seaside Athletic Club, Stapleton; Hollywood Inn Athletic Association, Yonkers; Fourth Regiment Athletic Association, Jersey City; Vermilye Athletic Club, New York; Shamrock Harriers, New York; Central Turn Verein, New York, and Larchmont Athletic Association, Larchmont, N. Y.

Semi-Finals in Shuffleboard.

In the first round of the semi-final series of the National shuffleboard tournament, which was played at Helvetia Hall, Paterson, N. J., on Tuesday night, John Wilcox of Paterson defeated William Sullivan of Newark by a score of 50 to 36. Wilcox also defeated John Meyers of New York by a score of 50 to 27, but lost to John Nichols of Jersey City by a score of 50 to 36.

The next series will be played at Seifert's Hall, Springfield and Fairmount Avenues, Newark, to-morrow night, when Sullivan will meet the Paterson, Jersey City, and New York champions.

J. OVERTON PAINE LOSES.

Customer Recovers Money Reported as Lost in Speculation.

Judgment was taken yesterday afternoon against J. Overton Paine, who conducts a stock brokerage business, but who is not a member of any of the local Stock Exchanges, for the sum of $2,296, in favor of Joseph B. C. Tuell of New Bedford, Mass. Tuell was a customer of Paine's during 1901, and the judgment is for money lost in operations, the purchases and sales of which were not executed on any of the Stock Exchanges, as was shown in the trial of the action.

During the course of the action to recover this money, Henry W. Hardon, attorney for Tuell, secured an order to examine Paine to learn how and where the orders for the purchases and sale of stocks were executed. Paine, after much protest, but under orders from Justice Gildersleeve, said that all the stocks he sold for customers were sold to A. A. Hayden of Philadelphia, and that all stocks he purchased for customers were purchased of Hayden. Paine then secured from the court the agreement made by him with Hayden to cover these transactions, no actual transfers of stock being made, but the settlements being on daily balances.

This agreement, now made public for the first time, was in the main as follows:

Witnesseth, That in consideration of the sum of $1 and other valuable consideration, each to the other in hand paid at or before the ensealing and delivery of this instrument, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

The said A. A. Hayden agrees to purchase and take from the said J. Overton Paine at the market prices then existing any and all stocks which customers of said Paine offer for sale, and to pay therefor in full upon delivery to said Hayden of the certificates therefor, save and excepting such stocks or transactions as either party hereto shall elect to be placed or carried out on any Exchange, or which either party hereto shall elect to purchase at public or private sale.

And the said A. A. Hayden further agrees to sell and deliver to the said J. Overton Paine any and all stocks which the customers of the said Paine shall order to be purchased, at the market price then prevailing, and to deliver the actual certificates therefor, on demand and payment in full therefor, save and excepting such stocks or transactions as either party hereto shall elect to be placed or carried out on any Exchange, or which either party hereto shall elect to sell at public or private sale.

It is hereby agreed that in all purchases from or sales to the said Hayden by the said Paine, under this agreement, such transactions shall be recorded at the time of such transaction in the books of the said Paine, and the said Paine hereby agrees to make and furnish to the said Hayden a daily list showing the exact number of shares of stock that is to be received from or delivered to the said Hayden in accordance with this contract.

It is hereby further agreed that a full and complete list or memorandum of each and every transaction hereunder shall be furnished by the said Paine to the said Hayden at any time on demand.

Tuell became a customer of Paine's in April of 1901, investing about $2,500. After the panic culminating in the crash of May 9, 1901, Paine notified Tuell he had been "sold out," and at the lowest figure of the day. According to the statement, Tuell owed Paine $3,779, for which Paine called. Tuell took the case to his attorney in this city, who sued to recover the amount of Tuell's cash losses.

Justice Gildersleeve, in granting the judgment yesterday, decided that the money never had been lost, as no actual purchases or sales of stock for Tuell's account ever had been made.

BOXING UNDER THE LAW.

Senator Frawley's Bill to be Introduced at Albany To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Senator Frawley will to-morrow introduce a bill the purpose of which is to revive professional boxing in New York under certain restrictions.

It would establish a State Athletic Commission, consisting of three members, to be appointed by the Governor, to hold office for five years. No two of the members should be from the same athletic club, and two should reside in the First and Second Judicial Districts. They would receive no compensation for their services, but would be paid their necessary traveling expenses.

They could appoint a secretary, who, in addition to keeping the records of the commission, would have the power under the direction of the commission to issue subpoenas for witnesses and administer oaths. The total annual expense of the commission should not exceed $5,000, to be met by a tax of 5 per cent. of the gross receipts of every association or corporation from every boxing or sparring exhibition held within the State. This tax is to be paid to the State Controller. Every corporation or association desiring a license to conduct boxing or sparring exhibitions must give a good and sufficient bond to the Controller to abide by all the provisions of the law. If such corporation or association be an amateur athletic association, it must be incorporated under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union. The principal provision of the bill is as follows:

Every license issued by such commission shall provide that for all contests in boxing or sparring held thereunder, there shall be two judges and a referee to be selected by such corporation or association for each event; that there shall be a decision rendered in each contest, that each contestant shall be examined before entering the ring by a medical examiner, being a physician duly qualified to practice under the laws of this State; that no betting shall be allowed within said building, nor shall liquor be allowed to be sold therein; and that all tickets for admission to such contests shall be sold at the box office of said corporation or association at the regularly advertised prices therefor.

SCOTCH CURLERS TO PLAY HERE.

Will Play at Van Cortlandt To-day, and Will Sail for Home on Saturday.

The Rev. Dr. John Kerr and his twenty-three Scotch curlers before leaving Utica for this city yesterday played the Utica Curling Club and won by a score of 40 to 38. Three rinks were played. The ice was in fine condition. The Scotchmen were nearly all attired in golf trousers and kilts. The visitors will be entertained here to-day and to-morrow by the local curlers and will sail for Scotland on Saturday.

The Scotch curlers landed at Halifax in December, and they have visited Boston, Montreal, Toronto, Chicago, Milwaukee, Buffalo, and other cities. All are expert golfers as well as curlers. They represent the Royal Caledonian Curling Club of Scotland.

Games will be played with New York curlers at Van Cortlandt Park lake to-day and to-morrow, and to-morrow evening the Grand National Curling Club will give a banquet to the Scotchmen at the Hotel Manhattan.

SLOSSON MEETS DEFEAT.

French Billiardist Cure Scores 500 to the American's 219.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—The attendance at this evening's game of the international billiard tournament between George Slosson (American) and Louis Cure, (French,) held in the Grand Hotel, was very large. Many of the spectators expected that Slosson's recovery of his usual form, which was shown toward the close of yesterday's game, would be continued to-night.

This, at first, seemed to be the case, but his play soon weakened, and Louis Cure rapidly forged ahead and won easily in the twenty-fourth inning. The score was: Cure, 500, with an average of 20 9-10; Slosson, 219, with an average of 9¼. The best runs were: Cure, 113, 61, 56, 35, 34, 28, and 25; Slosson, 39, 38, 34, 26, and 15.

Slosson was the first to congratulate the winner. Charles Darantiere umpired the game, which lasted two hours and a half.

Much sympathy was expressed with Slosson, who, it seems, has been suffering from the grip ever since he arrived in Paris, and also from rheumatism of the right shoulder and arm.

This rheumatic trouble has forced him to use his left hand, and but for his reluctance to disappoint the public he would have withdrawn from the tournament after his game with Vignaux last Sunday. He will return to the United States on Feb. 28.

Vignaux (French) and Sutton (American) will play to-morrow.

Endymion Off for Southern Cruise.

The schooner yacht Endymion, with her owner, George Lauder, Jr., of the New York Yacht Club, on board, sailed yesterday for a cruise in Southern waters. The Endymion won two out of the three ocean races held by the Atlantic Yacht Club last year. She is commanded by Capt. Loesch.

HOCKEY IN LOCAL RINKS

The Winning Teams Generally Made Overwhelming Scores.

Princeton Unable to Tally a Single Goal Against the Queens University Seven—Crescents Won.

It was an exhibition game of hockey that Queens University played against Princeton last night at St. Nicholas Rink, for at no time was Princeton's part in the game anything more than theoretical. The final score was 11 to 0, but even so wide a difference in the score does not indicate the disparity in the quality of play. The Canadians gave an exposition of graceful skating, clean stick work, accurate passing and shooting, and when they chose to abandon individual play, of finished team work. For the visitors Richardson excelled in dribbling tactics and in general all around play, Merrill in cool stick work, and Knight and Wilson in rushing the puck down the ice. They played a more finished game than they put against Yale on the evening previous, and kept the puck in their possession most of the time, and in Princeton's territory all the time.

The Tigers outweighed the Canadians, but they were much slower, and their work was never in the same class. King at goal played the best game for Princeton, and while he let 11 goals go through he stopped a score of others, some of the more difficult stops being rewarded with generous applause. Leake did excellent forward work, but had nobody to help him.

The Queens goal had practically nothing to do, for during the whole game he was not called upon to stop more than half a dozen shots. Queens made four goals in the first half, Richardson shooting two of them after a run on each occasion of half the length of the rink. His stick work was brilliant. Wilson made the other goals.

In the second half Knight made the first two goals, and Wilson shot the third. The Queens boys then played with the puck for ten minutes, apparently making no effort to score. They woke up with a rush, however, and after that Wilson, Richardson, and Knight shot the remaining four goals at intervals of one minute. The line-up:

Queens, 11.	Position.	Princeton, 0.
Mills	Goal	King
Dalton	Point	Speer
Merrill	Cover point	Rafferty
Knight	Forward	Lloyd
Wilson	Forward	Leake
Richardson	Forward	Purnell
Walsh	Forward	Larned

Goals for Queens—Richardson, (4,) Wilson, (4,) Knight, (3.) Referee—Charles Clark, New York Athletic Club.

Before the Queens-Princeton game the New York Athletic Club defeated Columbia by 3 to 1.

The line-up:

New York A. C., 3.	Positions.	Columbia, 1.
L. De Casanovia	Goal	Von Bernuth
Howard	Point	Benedict
Carruthers	Cover point	H. Duden
H. Hornfeck	Forward	Hecker
Davidson	Forward	Cook
G. Hornfeck	Forward	Akin
Taylor	Forward	W. Duden

Goals for New York A. C.—Carruthers (2,) H. Hornfeck. Goals for Columbia—Cook. Referee—C. Hines, N. Y. A. C.

The league game at the Clermont Rink in Brooklyn last night between the Crescents and the Hockey Club of New York was a farce, and the spectators laughed instead of cheered when goals were scored. The strong Crescents had no difficulty in making 10 goals, while their opponents had to be satisfied with 2. Russell and De Casanovia made the two tallies for the Hockey Club in the first half.

The line-up:

Crescent A. C., 10.	Positions.	H. C. of N. Y., 2.
McKenzie	Goal	Ellison
Drakeley	Point	Clarke
Wall	Cover point	Newbury
Dobby	Forward	Russell
Kennedy	Forward	De Casanovia
Leffiton	Forward	McEnery
Shiebler	Forward	Bryan

Goals for Crescent A. C.—Dobby, (5,) Leffiton, (3,) Kennedy, (2.) Goals for Hockey Club of New York—Russell, De Casanovia. Referee—M. Hornfeck, New York A. C.

In the races which followed the game at the Clermont Rink A. Y. Sarony broke the rink record for a mile. The new figure he made was 2:52 2-5.

The results were:

One Mile, Handicap, Class A.—Won by O. Dorlon, (10 yards;) second, A. Y. Sarony, (scratch;) third, W. L. Smith, (60 yards.) Time—2:51 3-5.

Novice, Half-Mile.—Won by K. Dayton; second, J. E. English; third, D. A. Benson. Time—1:47.

New York University Games.

The weekly indoor track games were continued in the New York University gymnasium yesterday. The work of selecting the men to run in one-mile relay race to be held in the Twenty-second Regiment armory on Feb. 28 was the particular feature of the games, and the team will probably be picked from the following men: Warford, '05; Kohn, '04; Le Baron, '05; MacDowell, '06, and Craigin, '04. Summary:

440-Yard Run.—Won by L. F. Warford, '05; R. Siebermann, '04, second; C. Tippert, '06, third. Time—0:58.

Shot-Put.—Won by T. T. Reilly, '05, distance 34 feet 6 inches; H. M. Connelly, '03, distance 3 feet 4 inches, second; F. Swarts, '06, distance 30 feet 8 inches, third.

One-Mile Run.—Won by T. A. G. Bandermann, '06; J. Devlin, '06, second; L. O. Berg, '06, third. Time—5:04 2-5.

Knickerbocker Academy Billiards.

F. Boyd won the handicap billiard contest in the 14.2 billiard tournament at the Knickerbocker Academy rooms, Brooklyn, last evening. He made his limit of 200 in 32 innings against 71 for Boyd, who was handicapped at 140. The scores:

F. Boyd, (200)—2 0 36 16 1 14 4 0 1 16 7 3 14 8 3 8 2 4 0 5 7 0 6 4 22 1 9 1 2 4 5 6. Total, 200. Average, 6 8-32. High run, 36.

B. Adams, (140)—1 4 3 0 6 3 0 8 5 5 3 10 2 0 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 4 1 5. Total, 71. Average, 2 9-31. High run, 8.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Tuesday night until 12 o'clock Wednesday night.)

12:15 A. M.—Steamship Rio Grande, Pier 21, East River; Mallory Line; damage, $5,000.

4:30 A. M.—526 East Twelfth Street; Mrs. Munchott; damage, $300.

7:35 A. M.—214 Forsyth Street; N. O. Wagner; damage slight.

9:15 A. M.—327 West Fifty-first Street; James McMurray; damage trifling.

9:30 A. M.—236 East One Hundred and Ninth Street; J. Lynch; damage, $30.

10:30 A. M.—516 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street; Daniel Kraus; damage, $10.

10:40 A. M.—1,582 Avenue A; Henry Sturker; damage, $100.

10:45 A. M.—346 Madison Street; Annie Schuppert; damage trifling.

10:50 A. M.—16 Bowery; Adolf Steigel & Co.; damage slight.

11:55 A. M.—1,296 Webster Avenue; Adolf Wesler, owner; damage, $25.

2:30 P. M.—302 West Fortieth Street; Richard Stackpole; damage trifling.

6:20 P. M.—341 St. Ann's Avenue; owner unknown; damage trifling.

6:30 P. M.—Sedgwick and Lind Avenues; New York and Harlem River Railroad; damage, $100.

7:20 P. M.—1,505 Lexington Avenue; Arthur Roberts; damage, $25.

7:30 P. M.—441 West Nineteenth Street; William Rempp; damage slight.

7:35 P. M.—752 Wendover Avenue; James Hart; damage slight.

7:50 P. M.—142 East Fifteenth Street; Emma Lang; damage, $400.

8:55 P. M.—20 Goerck Street; Bernard Zucker; damage slight.

"A Screw Loose."

Eyeglass Faults.

II

Lens screws continually loosening irritate many persons who quite overlook some even more serious eyeglass faults.

The trouble is mostly due to the optician's contented acceptance of what is provided for him.

We help along our eyeglass service by providing such little things ourselves. A screw that stays tight a long time is one of them.

E. B. Meyrowitz

OPTICIAN.

THREE STORES { 104 East 23d St., near 4th Av. / 125 W. 42d St., B'y & 6th Av. / 480 Madison Av., cor. 50th St.

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452 Fifth Avenue,

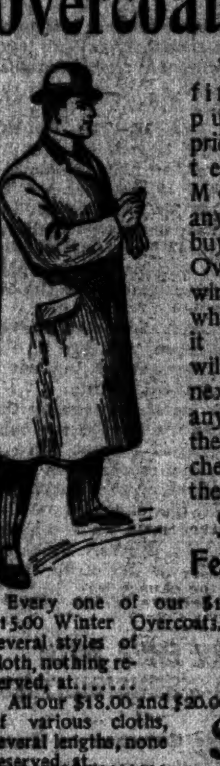
212 BROADWAY, Corner Fulton St.;
194 FIFTH AVE., (5th Ave. Hotel);
340 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN;
187-189 STATE ST., CHICAGO,

AND THROUGH OUR AGENTS EVERYWHERE

Correct in Shape and Style.
None Genuine Without Trade Mark.

Last Call.

Overcoat Sale.



We've made the final reductions, put hurry-out prices on all Winter Overcoats. Moreover—to anyone who will buy one of these Overcoats for next winter's use and who does not wear it this winter, we will exchange it next October for any other coat at the same price or cheerfully refund the money.

Sale Ends February 28th

Every one of our $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00 Winter Overcoats, longs and shorts, several styles of cloth, nothing reserved, at......... **$8.00**

All our $18.00 and $20.00 Winter Overcoats, of various cloths, several lengths, none reserved, at......... **$10.00**

All our $25.00 and $28.00 Winter Overcoats, longs and shorts, various styles of cloths, makes and colors, at......... **$13.00**

Brill Brothers

Outfitters to Men and Boys.

FOUR Convenient STORES. { 279 Broadway, Near Chambers / 47 Cortlandt, Near Greenwich / 219 Sixth Ave., Near 14th St. / 125th Street, Corner 3d Ave.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

A Clean Up of Winter Underwear

79c. each. Worth 1.50.

The goods are Wright's Health, Camel's Hair, Natural Wool and Heavy Ribbed Balbriggan; all at 79c.

More good things at little prices.

1.00 Shirts (white and colored) 25c. each.
50c. Socks at 19c. pair.
50c. Suspenders at 29c.

Men's Shoes.

More Samples, 2.25 Pair,

value 3.50 to 5.00. They are double and single sole, calf, vici and patent leather, all sizes.

Button Shoes
New Lasts,
Patent Herring
Bone Shanks,

at 4.98 and 5.98,

made in flat lasts, scalloped heels, like 10.00 and 12.00 custom shoes.

Men's Hats.

Flat Brim Derbys
1.90, 2.35, 2.75.

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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OUT TO-DAY

Town Topics

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You will like it, because you will find in it much that will interest you.

Last year The New York Times carried 5,000,000 lines of advertising.

SPAIN GETS DAMAGES AGAINST SCOTCH FIRM

Clydebank Shipbuilding Company Must Pay Her $337,500.

Delivery of Warships on Time, It Is Held, Might Have Prevented the War with This Country.

EDINBURGH, Feb. 18.—The Court of Session to-day awarded to the Government of Spain $337,500 in the action begun here on Jan. 20 by the Spanish Minister of Marine, Sanches Toca, to recover $375,000 from the Clydebank Engineering and Shipbuilding Company because of the company's failure to deliver on contract time four torpedo-boat destroyers.

In the course of the judgment, Lord Kyllachy, the presiding Judge, said he thought it more than probable that if Spain, even in the Spring of 1897, had been in a position to establish a really effective blockade of Cuba against the unloading of munitions of war the insurrection might have been crushed and American intervention have been avoided. He therefore allowed Spain $2,500 a week for the 135 weeks' delay, to which she was entitled under the contract.

In June and November, 1896, contracts were entered into between the Spanish Government and J. & G. Thompson of Clydebank, which firm is now the Clydebank Engineering and Shipbuilding Company, for the construction of four torpedo-boat destroyers. None of the vessels was delivered within the contract time, and Spain, in her action, claimed that the destroyers were badly needed at the time of the Hispano-American war. "The naval operations of the Spanish Government," it was declared, "were greatly hampered by the want of the vessels, and great loss and damage were thereby occasioned to the Government."

The defendants denied the pursuer's (plaintiff's) avermenta. Unprecedented difficulty, they said, was experienced in obtaining materials, especially steel, and a general strike of all engineers on the Clyde took place during the contract. The defendants further said that the contract was implemented, the vessels taken delivery of and payment made without protest or reservation on the part of the pursuers.

Lord Low, in the Outer House of the Court of Session in Scotland, allowed a proof, but on appeal the Second Division, Lord Young dissenting, found that the King of Spain alone had a title to sue, and dismissed the action. On further appeal the House of Lords reverted to Lord Low's judgment, and ordered proof to be taken.

In the course of the hearing in Edinburgh Nicolas Moutero, Secretary to the Spanish Naval Commission constituted in England, gave evidence in support of the case of the pursuers, and said that the result of the delay in the delivery of the vessels was that they were of no use for the service for which they were intended—namely, the guarding of the coast of Cuba against expeditions from the United States, which were bringing men and material to support the insurgents. Under cross-examination the witness admitted that from beginning to end they never challenged the honesty of the contractors' explanations as to the causes of the delay.

Don Dias Iglesias, Chief of the Spanish Royal Naval Commission in Lobnitz, who was second of the naval staff in Cuba from December, 1896, to September, 1897, said that in his view the chief difficulty the Spanish Government had in bringing the insurrection to a close was its inability to prevent the landing of rifles, ammunition, and men from the United States. Suggestions were made that these also came from Jamaica and the West Indies. The vessels Spain had at Cuba were ineffective on account of their low speed. The torpedo-boat destroyers would have enabled the Spanish Government to put the insurrection under. If this had happened there would have been no Spanish-American war. Gen. Weyler had remarked to the witness that the landing of material and men meant the prolongation of the insurrection. There were no military supplies sent to the insurgents in Cuba. They must have come from the outside. In the witness's view, it was impossible to estimate the damage the Spanish Government had sustained by the non-delivery of these vessels.

CHAMBERLAIN LESS HOPEFUL.

Says Race Antagonism in Cape Colony Is Now Chronic—His Cold Reception at Paarl.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The cold attitude of the Paarl Dutchmen toward Mr. Chamberlain, says the Cape Town correspondent of The Times, was due to the conviction that he was implicated in the Jameson raid or connived at it. This became a fixed idea years ago, and has probably been assiduously revived.

Dutchmen who heard Mr. Chamberlain's speech recognized its conciliatory tone, but thought its effect would be small on account of this prejudice.

The correspondent adds that Mr. Chamberlain is now confronted with a third type of Dutchman. He met in the Transvaal and in the Orange River Colony those accepting the new state of affairs after fighting to the last, and also a few irreconcilables like De Wet and Hertzog. Now he meets the wirepullers, the mischief makers, the men who never fought or thought of fighting, but who are ready to urge others to fight. The crux of the problem is whether these will defeat the efforts at conciliation or whether the increased prosperity of the country will leave them a discredited clique.

By The Associated Press.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 18.—Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and his party arrived here this morning, and met with a hearty reception from a crowd of about 10,000 persons awaiting them in Green Market Square. A number of addresses were presented to Mr. Chamberlain.

While the reading of one of the addresses was in progress, the Prime Minister, Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, arrived on the platform, and was hooted with much vigor.

Mr. Chamberlain, in the course of his speech, made a powerful appeal for the peace of the races. He admitted, however, that since his arrival in Cape Colony he had become less hopeful of immediate satisfactory results from his visit, as he had found that the antagonism of the two races had become chronic. Rebellion was exalted into heroism and loyalty was disdainfully ostracized. Even the pulpit joined in the propaganda, this tending to intensity the separation of the races.

On leaving the platform, Premier Sprigg was again made the subject of a hostile demonstration.

POWERS' DEMANDS ON TURKEY.

Notes in Regard to Macedonia Will Be Identical in Effect—Russia Disappoints Bulgaria.

VIENNA, Feb. 18.—It is semi-officially stated that the mode of procedure in informing the Porte of the intentions of the powers with regard to reforms in Macedonia will be the presentation of a note by each Ambassador to Turkey. The notes, if not identical in terms, will be so in effect. They will state that the powers join in the Russo-Austrian proposals.

In explanation of the somewhat sudden change in the attitude of the Bulgarian Government it is reported that Russia has replied to the Bulgarian note protesting against the Turkish mobilization by saying that Russia cannot intervene at Constantinople, more particularly as the Porte is only following Russia's advice to prepare for every eventuality.

This reply, it is asserted, was a decided check to Bulgaria, and considerably modified her views as to a possible conflict.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—It was semi-officially announced to-day that Germany had instructed her Ambassador at Constantinople to endeavor to persuade the Porte to execute the Austro-Russian programme of reforms for Macedonia.

FRENCH PRESS CRITICISED.

German Papers Say It Is Encouraging Anti-Turkish Agitation.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The Berlin correspondent of The Times says the campaign against the French press continues. It is accused of encouraging anti-Turkish agitation, and vague warnings are addressed to France in regard to the unpleasant consequences a Balkan outbreak might entail on her.

The recent French Yellow Book on Macedonia is sarcastically commented on because it is thought to rate too highly French influence in regard to the question of Macedonian reform.

The correspondent says the object of the criticisms appears to be to show how much more circumspect Germany is than France in a matter deeply concerning Russia and Turkey.

BAD OUTLOOK IN CHINA.

Agitation of Secret Societies Increasing—Tung-Fu-Siang Aided by a German ex-Officer?

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The Indian mail, says a dispatch from Marseilles to The Times, brings bad news in regard to the internal situation of China.

The agitation of the secret societies is extending in several provinces, and the spread of brigandage causes much alarm in Peking.

Gen. Tung-Fu-Siang is the soul of the movement. It is reported that he is aided by an ex-officer of the German Army.

CHINESE TREATY REVISION.

The Negotiations with This Country and Japan Continue Only Spasmodically.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The Shanghai correspondent of The Times says the Chinese treaty revision negotiations with Japan and the United States continue but spasmodically pending the British decision in regard to Sir James L. Mackay's treaty. The delay is embarrassing. It is understood that it is due to the British desire for further information on the subject of the new consumption tax and other provisions of the treaty.

Peking, says the correspondent, is more hopeful of benefiting from concessions from the powers in regard to the indemnity than of obtaining increased revenues by treaty revision. This view, remarks the correspondent, is not unjustified, since the non-commercial powers are ready to sacrifice the interests of trade in order to obtain full payment of the indemnity.

SUIT AGAINST IRISH LEADERS.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Lord De Freyne has recommenced the action against John E. Redmond, John Dillon, Michael Davitt, and other leaders of the United Irish League which he dropped six months ago. Lord De Freyne last June obtained a writ against these Irish leaders on the charge of conspiracy in connection with the tenant troubles on the De Freyne estate, Roscommon County. He asked for damages, but did not persist in the action.

The Nationalists believe that to-day's action on the part of Lord De Freyne is due to the influence of the extreme landlord party, which is hostile to the agreement reached at the recent Irish landlords' and tenants' conference in Dublin, and is desirous to upset the existing better understanding between the landlords and tenants.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY PLAN.

Retirement of Old Members Said to be the Sticking Point Over the Offer to Put Orchestra on Permanent Basis.

The question as to whether or not the Philharmonic Society of this city shall maintain its orchestra which has constituted an integral part of the musical growth of this city during the past sixty-one years was brought up before the rank and file of the orchestra yesterday morning in the shape of an offer on the part of a band of music-loving men of means to furnish sufficient money for the orchestra for some years to come, under certain conditions, which in some respects carry with them radical changes in this old musical organization and constitute the pivotal point in the history of the organization.

Walter Damrosch, the conductor for a number of years, is responsible for the movement to put the organization on a footing that will make the society capable of sustaining itself for a number of years to come. These wealthy music lovers, however, have constituted themselves into a committee, of which Samuel Untermyer is the Chairman, and this committee has agreed to furnish for the next four years a yearly sum approximating $50,000 with which to carry on the orchestra under conditions which were to be considered yesterday by the members of the Philharmonic Society. While Mr. Untermyer, when seen yesterday, refused to make public the terms under which the endowment would be forthcoming, it may be said with authority that the terms carry with them radical changes in the government of the society.

In the first place the Committee of the Permanent Orchestra insisted that the present Board of Directors, composed of eight members, be supplemented by seven additional members to be taken from the subscribers to the fund. Furthermore it was insisted that the orchestra, instead of giving eight evening and eight afternoon recitals each year, should give somewhere in the neighborhood of forty recitals.

This means that the orchestra should become in fact as well as in name a permanent musical organization. It was to be expected that there would be objections to this arrangement, even though all the other stipulations were complied with. Among the members of the orchestra are such well-known musicians as Frans Kaltenborn, Mr. Dannreuther, and Sam Franko, and the carrying out of the stipulations made by the Orchestra Fund Committee would seriously interfere with the business arrangements of these men, all of whom have orchestras of their own.

The stipulations were taken up at a special meeting of the Philharmonic Society held yesterday morning in the rooms of the Aschenbroedel Verein, at 144 East Eighty-sixth Street. It soon became apparent that the stipulations of the Permanent Fund Committee carried with it the retirement of musicians who have grown old long ago in the service, but who have been carried along by the organization, although unable to do the best work. This retirement of the old guard was the sticking point of the proceedings, and after a long and heated debate a committee of five was appointed to confer with the Orchestra Fund Committee and see what could be done. The members refused to make public the proceedings of the meeting further than to declare that this committee of five had been appointed.

It is believed that any of the plans in hand carry with them the retirement of Walter Damrosch as conductor of the orchestra. It is understood, on the contrary, that Mr. Damrosch's services to the organization have been of great worth, and that his continuance at the head of the orchestra guarantees a season of success.

Mayor at Cortelyou Club Dinner.

Mayor Low was the guest of honor at the dinner last evening of the Cortelyou Club of Brooklyn. The dinner was given at the clubhouse at Newkirk and Bedford Avenues, and was attended by over 250 guests. James H. McIntosh was toastmaster and the speakers were Mayor Low, William J. Carr, William C. Redfield, George F. Elliot, and Andrew McLane.

NEGROES IN CONFERENCE

Hundreds Attend the Annual Convention at Tuskegee.

Booker T. Washington Advocates Industry and Promises Brighter Days—Declarations Adopted.

Special to The New York Times.

TUSKEGEE, Ala., Feb. 18.—Hundreds of colored men and women from all parts of the South gathered here to-day for the twelfth annual Tuskegee Negro Conference. Principal Booker T. Washington presided at the opening session at the Normal and Industrial Institute.

"This organization was begun with a few scores of men and women," said Mr. Washington in his address. "Out of that small beginning has grown this great and powerful annual meeting, now National in its character and influence.

"At the first meeting after considering with some care the ways in which the conference could make itself of the greatest value, it was decided that while not ignoring or undervaluing efforts made in other directions, this organization could best contribute its mite to the lifting up of the race by confining itself for the most part to the matters which the race had closely within its own control, and to positive aggressive effort rather than to mere negative criticisms and recitation of wrongs.

"Further, from the first it has been the main work of this conference to confine itself to a simple and informal consideration of the methods and means of securing homes, the freeing ourselves from debts, the saving of money, the encouragement of intelligent producers, the payment of taxes, the cultivation of habits of thrift, honesty, and virtue, the building of school houses and churches, the securing of education and high Christian character, and friendship between the races.

"While not forgetting other important interests of the race, we believe that these constitute the primary foundation upon which all races began their career of freedom and usefulness. As we count to-day the many homes that have been secured, schoolhouses built, debts paid, taxpayers produced, and State and local negro conferences that have been organized in every section of the South as a result of our little beginning twelve years ago, I think we have some right to feel that these meetings have not been held in vain.

"Throughout the entire race we must keep alive a feeling of hope and encouragement. We have seen darker days than those through which we now seem to be passing. No race that is patient, long-suffering, industrious, economical, and virtuous, is persistent in efforts that make for progress and that cultivate a spirit of good-will toward all mankind, is ever left without reward. We shall get more out of struggle than out of contentment."

Following this address there was a general discussion by the farmers and their wives of their conditions. Those who own land and homes told how they acquired their property, what difficulties they had met, and how they overcame these difficulties. They discussed the best crops for their sections of the country and how they make these crops most profitable.

They told their experiences with the mortgage system, and, if they had escaped from it, how they did it; reported on the condition of the homes in their community, the schools, the churches, the morality of the people, the ministers, and the teachers.

A careful census was made by Roscoe Conkling Bruce, of the Tuskegee Department at Tuskegee, of all present to show how many own land, homes, and live stock, how many mortgage crops, how many saved money last year, the nature and length of the schools and nature of the homes. It is the purpose of the conference to continue these careful investigations from year to year for the purpose of comparison.

As a result of the discussion these declarations were adopted:

We believe that our progress centres largely around the acquiring of land and homes, the exercise of economy and thrift, the payment of taxes, and thorough education of head, hand, and heart, to the end that we constantly grow more fit for all duties of citizenship.

Since the greater portion of us are engaged in agriculture, we urge the importance of stock and poultry raising, the teaching of agriculture in the country schools, the thorough cultivation of a small number rather than cultivation of a large one, attention to farm work in Winter, the getting rid of the crop mortgage system, and the habit of living in houses with but one room.

We urge better schools in the country districts, more protection to life and property, better homes for tenants, and that home life in the country be made more attractive, all this mostly with the view of keeping our people out of the large cities in the rush for numbers.

In connection with better schools and churches, we emphasize the need of careful attention to the moral character of our ministers and teachers, and all others acting in the capacity of leaders.

Prosperity and peace are dependent upon friendly relations between the races, and to this end we urge a spirit of manly forbearance and mutual interest.

In connection with the conference there is a fine exhibit of the agricultural work and methods of Tuskegee Institute. One of the features of this exhibit was a working illustration by Prof. G. W. Carver of the Agricultural Department, showing eighteen different ways of cooking common peas so as to make them palatable and nutritious.

The first day of the conference closed with an old-fashioned barbecue. As an indication of the number present, it took 1,200 pounds of pork and 800 pounds of beef to feed the people. They consumed 3,400 sandwiches and drank four barrels of coffee. The meat for this barbecue was raised on the school farm and the bread was baked in the school bakery.

ACTRESS SUED FOR BOY'S FEE.

Amelia Summerville Denies She Owes Anything to Academy's Proprietor—Says She Made Full Payment.

Capt. Joel Wilson, proprietor and Superintendent of the Hudson River Military Academy at Nyack, has brought suit against Amelia Summerville, the actress, for $150, which he claims is due him for unpaid tuition of Miss Summerville's twelve-year-old son, Russell Runnells. The boy attended the Academy in 1901 and 1902. The case was heard yesterday by Justice Murray in the Tenth Municipal Court.

Miss Summerville made a denial of the debt. Her defense was that the verbal contract she had made with Superintendent Wilson had been violated by him; that in consequence she had been compelled to withdraw her son from the school, and that she had made full payment for the time Russell was in attendance.

Wearing the natty blue uniform of an academy cadet, young Runnells was in court, and told of his experiences in the Military Academy. He said that he had been removed from a comfortable room in which his mother had had him placed into an uncomfortable one near the attic; that he had to clean up his own room and make his own bed; that he had been whipped by the Superintendent with a strap—once when a boy visited him, and again when he ran away from the institution and bought candy at the town; that he found the food provided so unwholesome that he first was made ill by it, and later suffered severely from self-inflicted privation.

The boy's mother testified that when he went to the school he was strong and athletic, and that when he was taken from it he was "as thin as a rail," and in very poor health. Cross-examined on his deportment, young Runnells said: "Well, I wasn't the best boy there; but I wasn't the worst, either." Asked about broken furniture and holes in the wall of his room, the boy said that he did not know about the broken furniture, but, as for the room, "I don't know whether there were holes in the wall when I took it; but it was holey when I left it."

Capt. Wilson denied that poor food was served, and said that beans were not served more than twice a week. He also denied having whipped the boy with a strap. He said that in the Summer of 1901 he met Miss Summerville in this city and arranged with her to take her boy into his school. He was to receive $400 for the year, and the boy was to attend the academy in the Winter and the camp in the Summer. The boy had been withdrawn in February, 1902, because of his ill-health, Miss Summerville said.

Justice Murray reserved decision.

Stage Manager's Arrest a Blunder.

Carl Herbert, business manager for Mrs. Patrick Campbell, said yesterday that the arrest of Mrs. Campbell's stage manager in Toronto was a blunder; that on learning the actual facts the authorities at once discharged him, and that he has resumed his position in Mrs. Campbell's company.

Erie.

Leave New York on Erie; arrive Chicago on Erie. It is Erie all the way. Lowest fares. Fast time. Block signals insuring safety.—Adv.

NIGHT FLURRY OF SNOW

Blinding Ten-Minute Storm Came and Went Abruptly.

Rapid Progress Made in Clearing the Streets—Laborers Charge Foreman With Extortion.

Fear that a blizzard had struck the city came to those who happened to be in the streets at 9:50 o'clock last evening, when there came a burst of snow from a cloud rolling over Manhattan Island. For a few minutes the flakes flew so furiously that it was difficult for pedestrians to grope their way along. Arc lights 100 yards away almost were obscured.

This particular flurry, however, stopped as suddenly as it began at 10 o'clock, having lasted, according to the Weather Bureau, precisely ten minutes.

There were other similar squalls throughout the city during the evening, but in many instances it was merely drifting snow caught up by the fifty-mile gale that raged through the evening. Two special storm warnings were received at the Weather Bureau during the evening.

Despite the fact that the Street Cleaning Department officials say they never had a snowstorm that gave their Bureau of Snow Removal so much trouble as that of Tuesday night, better results have been achieved with the eleven inches of snow and sleet combined on the streets than any previous system of clearing has yielded. According to the city Inspectors and the Bureau Chief, Contractor Bradley has accomplished things that no former snow remover has even approached.

Twenty-two Inspectors are detailed to report progress to the bureau. Inspector Thorley said yesterday afternoon that that department had not made any calculations of bulk up to that time, having contented itself with information as to a general description of the contractor's work. Broadway was cleared up to Forty-seventh Street, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street from river to river, Twenty-third and Thirty-fourth Streets almost entirely across town, and most of the principal avenues and streets partially. Around the Grand Central Station, throughout the financial district, in the neighborhood of elevated stations and along streets leading to the ferries the work was practically done.

"The new system works wonders," said the Inspector. "Last February we had a snowstorm of about the same fall, with much better conditions for removal, and yet the first day did not show half the results. The total fall since Sunday has been eleven inches, and what made it so much harder to handle than other storms was the fact that the first layer, or the slushy fall of Sunday, became a layer of ice under the second fall. Especially down town, where large furnaces in the cellars of skyscrapers heat the pavements, was that the case, and in some places we encountered an understratum of ice about a foot thick."

Under the old system the department was put to the expense of hiring between 400 and 500 men who did nothing but supervise the contractors for snow removal. The city gave out tickets to men and cart drivers, and if there was any loss or fraud as a result, the city was the loser. This year the contractor issues his own tickets and pays the men; all the city has to do is to settle with him after the final calculations have been made from block area measurements and snowfall figures.

It was late yesterday morning before the department obtained accurate figures as to the number of carts and men employed on Tuesday, but it was said that these figures represented with little change the numbers for yesterday. There were 2,500 men and 1,000 vehicles in the Borough of Manhattan; 750 laborers and 500 vehicles in the Bronx, and 1,500 laborers and 750 vehicles in Brooklyn. In the last two boroughs the old system of cleaning is still in force, and it is admitted that the work of getting rid of the snow has not been nearly so effective as in Manhattan.

The way the contractor worked on Broadway was typical of his methods elsewhere. Fourteen gangs of men started in at certain points about equidistant from each other. Each gang worked north; so, when one had finished its job, it meant that the whole distance up to Forty-seventh Street was nearly, if not entirely, clear. The city cares not how many loads of snow Mr. Bradley dumps into the rivers or what sort of vehicles he uses. The few Inspectors at the dumps do not take measurements of loads as they used to do, but they have only to report on the conditions of the piers and to see that the contractor's drivers behave themselves.

The original estimate of $200,000 for the final cost of the storm to the Bureau of Snow Removal was said to be correct, unless help comes from the elements. Many thousands of that sum, it was said, would be expended as the result of the frozen formation, which has to be broken away with picks.

The contractor experienced great difficulty in keeping men at work on long shifts yesterday. It was too cold, he said, for the laborers to stick to it continuously, and those who hired themselves by the hour were more numerous than on Tuesday. Yet each section foreman found plenty of men waiting ready to earn the price of a meal and a night's lodging by a brief attack on the snow heaps.

The weather forecaster predicted a prolonged cold spell. Before 8 o'clock in the morning the temperature was 7 degrees above zero for several hours, but at 8 o'clock it rose to 8 degrees, a point reached on only two preceding days this Winter—Dec. 9 and Jan. 13. Reports showed that not a corner of the United States was without its cold wave. In the South there were storms of sleet and snow. In the West and Southwest records for low temperatures were broken in many States. Trains were delayed in all parts of the country. In this city, it was said, 8 degrees was not a record-breaking temperature for February, as 6 below zero was the figure in the same month four years ago.

Though there were some delays on the elevated railroad yesterday, they were inconsiderable, and passengers did not suffer unusual inconvenience after 11 o'clock in the morning. On the surface conditions for the trolleys improved, as the snow was removed, but there were still long blocks due to heavy trucks and jaded horses.

Many cases of accident and exposure were reported at the hospitals, and the suffering destitute were cared for in the public institutions.

Michael Diffilipo, an Italian laborer, went to the Morrisania court with a lawyer in the morning to complain that the foremen of the snow shovelers were practicing extortion on the men they hired. The laborer said he had asked for his pay ticket after working all day Tuesday. He did not receive one, and the following morning the foreman told him to pay a saloon keeper 25 cents before he could obtain the desired piece of pasteboard.

With Diffilipo was another laborer, and both of them said they had been discharged because they refused to pay the saloon keeper. They declared that this was a regular racket, and that another saloon man had the "ticket privilege" last year, the foreman making the arrangement for a share of the "graft." Magistrate Flammer had left the court, so the laborers said they would press their complaint later.

POST OFFICE HAD TROUBLES.

Storm Tied Up Trains and Wagons and a Postal Tube Got Out of Order.

Post Office officials had an anxious time yesterday. Not only were the incoming mails seriously delayed by the heavy fall of snow, but the almost impassable streets also caused an apparently endless series of delays in the wagon deliveries. Then, to add to Superintendent Tiedemann's troubles, the pneumatic tubes between the General Post Office and the Grand Central Station became clogged. Carriers containing 2,000 letters each ordinarily are sent through the tube to the Grand Central Station at the rate of fifteen a minute. As a result of that accident extra wagons were called for, and the contractors put on nearly a hundred additional two-horse vehicles.

Even with these, the deliveries at times were hours behind the schedules. One wagon loaded with ninety bags of letter mail started for the Grand Central Station, and for a couple of hours was lost. No tidings could Assistant Postmaster Morgan or Superintendent Tiedemann get of it. Finally it was found stuck fast in a big snow blockade in Centre Street. It was unloaded and the mail transferred to another wagon.

Ordinarily the mail wagons get the right of way over everything, giving way only to fire engines and ambulances, but yesterday the drivers of trucks, not knowing that the extra wagons contained mail, declined to let them pass out of their regular turn.

The tube between the General Post Office and the Grand Central Station clogged first at 4 o'clock in the morning, and carriers started from the Post Office stuck somewhere between that point and the station at Ninth Street and Third Avenue. Suddenly, about 7 o'clock, the carriers blew out at the Third Avenue station. Everything worked all right until about 10 o'clock, when the tube clogged again, and remained closed until shortly after 5 o'clock in the evening, when again the carriers blew out at the Third Avenue station. It is supposed the tubes sagged somewhere in the subway excavation.

Many of the incoming trains, particularly those from Chicago and other Western points, were from one to three hours behind the regular schedules. Trains from New England points also came in from two to four hours late. But by shortening the carriers' routes, and putting on all the extra men available, Superintendent of Delivery Richard Van Cott managed to get the letters delivered on time.

"Not in years," said Postmaster Van Cott yesterday, "have we met with so many serious delays. It seemed as though everything had gone wrong."

PARK SQUIRRELS STARVING.

Made Improvident by Generous Visitors Who Neglected Them During the Storm—Rescue Parties Sent.

Owing to the generous provision ordinarily made for them by their little visitors, the squirrels in Central Park have become improvident, and, unlike their forbears, neglected to pile up a store of food in their nests for consumption during hard times. But in the last two days the children have been stormbound in their own homes, and the squirrels found two feet of snow around the trees and no food in sight. When a chance pedestrian plowed his way through the snow on the paths the little animals climbed briskly down from their nests and fairly begged for food.

The destitute condition of the little animals was reported to Superintendent John Smith of the Park menagerie, and yesterday he loaded Keepers Shannon and Snyder with a bushel basket of peanuts and sent them to the rescue.

Along the east paths, through the two feet of snow on the walks, the keepers strode, scattering peanuts as they went, causing rapid scurrying forms to leap through the heavy drifts in search of the nuts. Along the west side of the Park, Keeper Conway of the sheepfold undertook the task of succoring the squirrels.

Superintendent Smith said that he would continue to feed the squirrels until the weather became good enough to tempt the regular providers to come out again with their nurses and take charge of their pets.

LONG ISLAND TRAIN STUCK.

Passengers for Greenport Spent Most of the Night in the Snow.

CUTCHOGUE, L. I., Feb. 18.—The Greenport passenger train, with two engines attached, spent a large part of last night in a snowdrift in the Cutchogue cut. The train reached Greenport about 5 o'clock this morning.

The train had no trouble until the cut was reached when the engines ran into a big drift and came to a standstill. Engine No. 7 was sent to the rescue, but it, too, became fast in the snow before it reached the imprisoned train. At 2 o'clock in the morning one of the big engines, pushed by two engines, arrived at Riverhead from western points, and proceeded east to clear the track. After considerable work they pulled the engines and train out of the drifts.

NO PARK FOR CONEY ISLAND.

Property Owners Oppose It, as Well as the Gravesend Annexation Project.

About 400 persons were present at the meeting yesterday of the Public Park Commission at Stauch's Pavilion, on the Bowery, Coney Island, which was attended by Park Commissioner Young, City Works Commissioner Redfield, and Aldermen Lundy and Malone of the local board.

It developed that there was universal opposition to the proposed park, and that David B. Hill had been engaged to act as counsel in the fight against the annexation of Gravesend to Brooklyn.

Commissioner Young spoke for the park, which he proposed to build from West Fifth Street to Sea Gate and from Surf Avenue to the ocean. He admitted that it would cost $40,000,000 for the purchase of the land alone. Those who spoke against the park were: Lawyer James A. Murtha, who represented property to the amount of $1,000,000; Judge Pinnerty, Lawyer Henry Cumming, Charles Mayer, ex-Judge Cabers, and John C. Jenkins of the Brooklyn First National Bank.

Mr. Jenkins said that when the Bowery is removed Coney Island is no more, and the fact that over 100,000 people come there every day during the Summer is sufficient evidence of its popularity. He asked for all those in the hall who were opposed to the park to stand up, and every one did so.

Mr. Murtha supplied the sensation of the meeting, when he announced that a number of Coney Islanders had seen ex-Gov. Hill in Albany last Friday night, and conferred with him about stopping the annexation of Gravesend to Brooklyn. He said that, if necessary, $50,000 would be spent in opposing the project. After the meeting Commissioner Young said that nothing further would be done in the matter of the park.

THE TENDERLOIN CLEAN.

"There is no gambling that I know of in the Tenderloin," said Capt. O'Reilly last night. "In fact, if I was asked to mold a good precinct I wouldn't take the trouble—I'd just select the Tenderloin.

"It has all of the leading hotels in it, and the theatres, and yet, when you consider the few arrests made here, it is a very quiet district. There is at times a little excitement, and all of the all night houses are closed, my men report. The glitter of the precinct is gone.

"I am suited with this precinct, and I expect to stay in command until I retire. All the transfers of detectives were made for the good of the service. I don't think I shall recommend any more."

Capt. O'Reilly said he had received no intimation that he was to be transferred. Commissioner Greene had expressed satisfaction on his visit Tuesday. And so had Acting Inspector Walsh.

"The people are orderly, and on Sunday they go to church," he said. He saw them going himself.

Asked in view of the absence of disorderly houses and gambling dens in the precinct, why he kept detectives and policemen on guard in the snow in front of places alleged to have been inhabited once upon a time by disorderly people and gamblers, Capt. O'Reilly said:

"There is no gambling in this precinct. I can't act on rumors. Anybody may come in here and tell me such and such a place is a disorderly house or a gambling joint. I must investigate. But I don't know there is any gambling going on until I see it."

Damaged Rio Grande to Sail on Time.

At the offices of the Mallory Line, 335 Broadway, yesterday, it was said that the Rio Grande, which was damaged by fire Tuesday night, will leave Friday for Mobile and Brunswick, Ga., as originally scheduled. The damage will not be repaired until the steamship returns here. No passengers will be carried. The origin of the fire is unknown. The officers of the line say they have been unable as yet to compute the loss.

In Aid of College Settlement.

Sixteen hundred dollars was realized yesterday afternoon for the College Settlement in Rivington Street by the annual amateur dramatic performance of the Junior League at Carnegie Hall. Two plays were given, "A Pair of Lunatics," in which John Dix and Miss Ingraham were the principal performers, and "Who Wins Out," by Thomas S. Williams, in which Miss Atterbury, Miss Crosby, Miss Ingraham, Miss Street, Miss Tuckerman, and Messrs. Otis and Wendel took part. The entertainment was in charge of a committee composed of Miss Jean Reid, Miss Martha McCook, Miss Edith Kane, Miss Natalie Ingraham, and Miss Eleanor Roosevelt.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Fire to-night in the building occupied by the Penn Waist and Shirt Company and S. H. Burbank & Co., printers and engravers, caused a loss of $25,000.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., Feb. 18.—Fire to-day destroyed the building occupied by the Glen Telephone Company in Johnstown. Loss, between $15,000 and $20,000, which is practically covered by insurance.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, Feb. 18.—Fire destroyed house block at Ashland, sixteen miles east of here, this morning by fire, which originated under the stage where natural gas fixtures had just been put in. The loss will reach $30,000; insurance, $17,000.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 18.—The foundry plant of Thomas Carlin's Sons' Company, Allegheny, was almost totally destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. The loss will aggregate possibly $200,000, partly covered by insurance. The fire started in the boiler room, caused by a boiler explosion, and communicated quickly to the foundry building, pattern rooms, and offices.

PORT HURON, Mich., Feb. 18.—The St. Clair Hotel, one of the largest hostelries of this city, was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. All the hotel guests escaped. The fire started shortly after midnight in a bakery near the hotel and burned fiercely for three hours. Fireman Milton Campbell was crushed under a falling wall, and he died soon afterward. Three other firemen were injured. Albert Northup, a yardman, has not yet been found, and it is believed that he was burned to death in the hotel. The loss is between $75,000 and $100,000. Besides the hotel, Mudford's Cigar Manufactory, the Economist Dry Goods Store, McPhee's boot and shoe store, Wood Company's establishment, and C. Lemlein's confectionery store and bakery were burned.

SOZODONT

Pretty Teeth in a Good Mouth

are like jewels well set. Our best men and women have made Sozodont the Standard.

BEST FOR YOUR TEETH

C. C. SHAYNE,

MANUFACTURING FUR MERCHANT.

Sale of Alaska Sealskin Jackets and Coats.

Plain or trimmed; all sizes.

Note.—Every garment is made of Seals caught on Pribylov Islands, in Behring Sea, the fur of which is dense, handsome and durable and has the high lustre of the celebrated Martin & Sons London-dyed Sealskins.

Alaska Sealskins have recently advanced 22% in London. Parties buying now will save the difference in the advance price in addition to the discount of 10% which I allow on manufactured goods.

You can save $30 on a $300 garment, $35 on a $350 garment, $40 on a $400 and $50 on a $500 garment, on this season's prices, and save more than double on next season's prices.

PERSIAN LAMB (Leipzig-dyed) JACKETS AND COATS.

Plain, or trimmed with Chinchilla, Mink, Ermine, &c., $150, $175, $200, 250 to $450.

SUBJECT TO 10 PER CENT. CASH DISCOUNT.

Muffs, Boas, Stoles, Victorines, Capes, in Fashionable Furs, at the following discounts:—

Squirrel, Fox and Bear	20%	discount
Chinchilla, Lynx, Skunk and Marten	15%	"
Royal Ermine and Mink	10%	"
Russian and Hudson Bay Sable	20%	"
Sealskin and Persian Lamb	10%	"

CAPES OF PERSIAN LAMB, MINK, SEAL, SKUNK, SABLE, BEAVER AND OTTER.

Men's Fur Lined Overcoats.

Women's Fur Lined Circulars.

Sleigh and Carriage Robes; Prices Marked 'Way Down.

Note.—All sales strictly for cash; no goods sent on approval.

41st and 42d Sts., bet. B'way and 6th Av.

Carriage Entrance, No. 129 West 41st st.

La Premiere.

The art of the corsetier finds its highest interpretation in corsets identified by this label. They are of excellent imported materials, and fashioned by hand. Whalebone "stays" them. Every possible point is gored. There are eight models and over one hundred styles of daintily embroidered batiste, silk broche, plain silk, coutil and sateen, trimmed in new effects; some have jewelled steels, hook and attached garters with jewelled clasps. $5.00 and upward.

Saks & Company

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

What's the difference?

The GENUINE is a certain cure for all disorders arising from impaired digestion and is used by physicians in the treatment of gout, rheumatism and dyspepsia.

NATURAL ALKALINE WATER

Insist on having the Genuine

GENUINE

The IMITATION is charged water containing absolutely no medicinal properties and is manufactured with marble dust and sulphuric acid.

ANALYSIS made by FRASER & CO., 5th Avenue, N. Y., shows SYPHON labeled "Vichy" to be only Croton water charged with gas.

IMITATION

VICHY CELESTINS

SOLD IN PINTS AND QUARTS ONLY. 220 Broadway, N. Y.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Request Inspection of Their

Infant Outfitting Department

AND THE PRIVILEGE OF FURNISHING ESTIMATES ON BABY TROUSSEAUX

This department is the most complete in the city, showing goods of unequalled fineness, in which French hand made articles are a special feature. Prices are lower than elsewhere.

Upon request a competent person will be sent to residence with full assortment for trousseau.

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th & 38th Sts.

NO COAL SHORTAGE AT Hot Springs, Ark.

To Worry About

Mild Climate, Steam-Heated Hotels, Hot Water, Golf, Horseback Riding.

THE U. S. GOVERNMENT OWNS THE HOT SPRINGS

and says they will cure Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, effects of Grippe, Nervous troubles, Catarrh, Kidney, Liver, Stomach, Blood and Skin derangements, and numerous other ailments.

ELEGANT HOTELS, MEDIUM HOTELS, CHEAP HOTELS.

Accommodations for All Classes.

For further information, illustrated books, etc., address

Business Men's League, Hot Springs, Ark., or W. E. Hoyt, G. E. P. A., Mo. Pac. Ry., 335 Broadway, New York.

The Wanamaker Store — The Wanamaker Store — The Wanamaker Store

Trade With a Store That You Have Faith In

THE ethics of retailing have changed vastly in recent years, despite the stores that still cling to old methods.

The writer well remembers the first axiom of salesmanship expressed to him seventeen years ago when he was being initiated into commercial life. It was spoken, too, by one who has achieved a large measure of success in general retailing. He then expressed the highest ideal of the salesmanship of that day in these words: "*Anybody* can sell a customer what she wants—the *smart* salesman can sell her what she doesn't want."

That day has passed by. The modern store has reversed the old methods. Today the shrewed retailer follows the lines of least resistance. Instead of buying whatever merchandise offers, and depending on smart salesmanship to get rid of it, he follows the law that exists most fully at WANAMAKER'S—

Have Everything that People Want

Today it is the study of every buyer for WANAMAKER'S and all his aides to keep in closest touch with the things the public wishes, and keep stocks full at all times. Our ambition is always to be able to hand you the exact thing asked for. When this is not so we have other merchandise for the same use which we know to be better, or better value.

And right here is one of the great merits of a store that you have faith in. No one wants to buy year after year the old things, when something newer and better is obtainable. But if you do not have faith in the store, it may seem safer to buy the known good thing than the unknown better thing.

When you shop at WANAMAKER'S your purchase is secured by the best judgment of the most expert merchandise buyers in the world. Not a line of merchandise, not an article is here, but expert skill has selected it for its price and purpose.

We supply the knowledge which the public cannot possess.

For instance, there are probably a hundred and fifty different makes of pianos in this country. How many of them can you even name?

Then how shall you decide when you have this important purchase to make?

Every manufacturer believes his piano to be best in some way. He knows his own piano and has faith in it. Yet how can you depend on his biased judgment?

On the other hand, here is WANAMAKER'S—the house that was in the field to select pianos before any other general store thought of such a thing. The piano branch of the business is in the hands of experts of unqualified skill and experience.

With the world before us, and with broadest knowledge of pianos, we chose and secured the *Chickering* for first place.

Then with the same knowledge and the same broad choice, the other instruments have been added.

Today, instead of spending months of study and comparison among the hundred and fifty different makes of pianos, you may profit by the judgment of a store that deserves your confidence.

And what is true of pianos is true of all other lines of merchandise.

The best judgment, experience and skill is employed to serve you in the best possible manner at WANAMAKER'S.

Men's Suits and Overcoats

"Gather Ye Bargains While Ye May"

BARGAINS are in season just now, and there's a full, unstinted crop.

Won't you men who can make use of a Winter overcoat or suit come bargain-picking?

There must be a good many of you, to whom the $5, $10, or $15 that remains in your pockets after you've sought the needed clothing, and found it here, will make a not-to-be-ignored appeal.

Some of the variety at your disposal:

Suits that save you $5—of fancy cheviot, $10, instead of $15.

Overcoats that save you $5 to $15—of Oxford mixed velours, in a good size-range.

Trousers that save you $1.50—of striped worsteds, $5 kinds, at $3.50.

Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Men's New Hats Here

BEST hats for any amount of money.

Best hats for least money.

All in the newest styles the manufacturers have brought out—the Spring blocks.

Stetson Derbies, $3.50 and $5.

Stetson Soft Hats, $3.50 and $7.

Imperial Derbies and Soft Hats, $3.

Wanamaker Derbies and Soft Hats, $2.

Isn't that range enough for you?

You'll find the variety of shapes quite as broad.

The Hat Store is very easy for men to get at—Southeast Corner of Broadway and Ninth.

An Extraordinary Sale of Laces

Sample Strips and Lace Collars

OUR lace buyer was particularly fortunate on his recent trip abroad. He got to Plauen, the great lace-making city, before the knowledge of what laces were to be in vogue this season, and profited by his prompt work at driving bargains with the manufacturers.

One purchase that will interest every woman, and every dressmaker within shopping distance, or prompt writing distance of WANAMAKER'S, is presented today.

It is an immense collection of the *Sample Strips* that come first from the looms—fine, perfect pieces in these varieties: *Venise, Batiste, Irish Crochet, Repousse Laces, Paraguay Laces,* in Straight Bands, Galons, Edgings and Medallion designs. In black, white, ecru and natural shades.

They are in lengths from 3 yards to 27 yards. The longer strips will be sold by the yard, the prices ranging from 20c to $3.50 a yard; worth 30c to $5.50.

The shorter lengths will be sold by the strip only. They are priced at 20c to $3.75 a strip. Lengths are 3 to 4½ yards. Sold at the rate of 5c to 85c a yard; worth 12½c to $1.50 a yard.

A very fascinating part of the offering is the collection of

LACE COLLARS at Ridiculously Low Prices

You may be sure the makers didn't know the enormous demand that was coming for Lace Collars, or this bargain would not be here to tell of. The collars are of Venise and Batiste laces, in round, square and shawl shapes, at 25c to $1.75 each; worth 75c to $2.75.

Eight large counters in the Basement Store are devoted to the Sale.

PARLOR SUITES

In the February Sale

WE still have a most satisfying variety of artistic, well made Parlor Suites in this Sale, marked at prices that average a third below the regular values; and frames and fabrics are in the new designs that you would select at full prices:

At $10, from $16—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $28, from $40—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $29, from $42—Three-piece Suite in embossed velour.
At $30, from $40—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $32, from $47—Five-piece Suite in damask.
At $35, from $48—Five-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $35, from $50—Three-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $37.50, from $75—Three-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $40, from $60—Five-piece Suite in damask.
At $40, from $60—Three-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $42, from $60—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $45, from $60—Five-piece Suite in embossed velour.
At $50, from $75—Five-piece Suite in embossed velour.
At $52, from $75—Three-piece Suite in embossed velour.
At $55, from $80—Five-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $60, from $90—Three-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $62, from $95—Three-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $65, from $90—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $65, from $100—Five-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $68, from $95—Three-piece Suite in embossed velour.
At $70, from $110—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $75, from $150—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $85, from $110—Three-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $85, from $130—Five-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $87.50, from $175—Three-piece Suite in embossed velour.
At $100, from $145—Three-piece Suite in velour.
At $100, from $156—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $110, from $155—Three-piece Suite in embossed velour.
At $125, from $187—Three-piece Suite in damask.
At $137.50, from $275—Two-piece Suite in tapestry.
At $175, from $230—Three-piece Suite in embossed velour.
At $180, from $280—Three-piece Suite in damask.

Fourth floor.

These Blankets Are Not Wanted

THAT is—*we* don't want them. They are the small remaining lots of our Winter stock, that we shall prefer to see change hands. We've marked them, with malice aforethought, to effect just that transfer quickly.

You'll doubtless aid us—for observant housekeepers know that WANAMAKER Blankets are as low-priced, even at full prices, as they are honest. And these are substantial reductions:

At $2 pair, from $2.50—Well-made, white wool filling, cotton warp; for single beds, 60x80 in., 4 pounds.
At $2.25 pair, from $2.75—White wool filling, cotton warp; for double beds, 70x82 in., 5 pounds.
At $3.25 pair, from $4.25—Gray wool filling, cotton warp; for full-size beds, 70x82 in., 5½ pounds.
At $4 pair, from $5—Fine white wool filling and cotton warp; for double beds, 72x84 in., 5 pounds.
At $5 pair, from $6—Fine white wool filling, cotton warp; for extra large beds, 78x86 in., 6 pounds.
At $6 pair, from $7—Fine gray all-wool warp and filling; extra size, 78x86 in., 6 pounds.

Comfortables

At $1—Silkoline Comfortables; filling of good cotton; one side figured, other plain. Worth $1.25.
At $3.75—Down Comfortables; best American sateen covering; will not shed, free from odor.

Third floor.

Are Your FLAGS Ready for Washington's Birthday?

DON'T think that you've exhausted patriotism by putting two-cent stamps on letters.

That is loyal, and necessary.

Once a year do something patriotic because you want to honor the Father of your country. Here is the wherewithal:

Standard Bunting Flags

3 x 5 ft., $1.20	6 x 9 ft., $2.95	8 x 13 ft., $5.50
4 x 6 ft., $1.70	6 x 10 ft., $3.25	10 x 15 ft., $6.75
4 x 7 ft., $1.80	8 x 12 ft., $4.50	10 x 18 ft., $9.20
5 x 8 ft., $2.40		

Then we have still better Flags in which the bunting used is made with double warp, and well twisted. The stripes are sewed with *two* rows of machine stitching, stars have the *edges turned under*; the hems are strengthened by tapes running through them. These prices:

3 x 5 ft., $1.80	6 x 9 ft., $4.25	8 x 15 ft., $8.60
4 x 6 ft., $2.50	6 x 10 ft., $4.65	10 x 15 ft., $10.85
4 x 7 ft., $2.70	8 x 12 ft., $6.70	12 x 20 ft., $14.60
5 x 8 ft., $3.40		

Printed Silk Flags in all sizes. Also Poles and Brackets.

Annex

Gas Radiators Reduced

HIGHLY opportune news, just when the cold snap has sent a penetrating chill into many a hitherto comfortable room.

At their new prices, these excellent Gas Radiators are absurdly cheap—and you know how practical and economical they are. Well, then—

At $2.25, from $3—Four-tubed, low; nickel-plated top and base.
At $1.50, from $1.75—Four-tubed, low; bronze top and base.
At $3.75, from $5—Four-tubed, high; nickel-plated top and base.
At $1.95, from $2.65—Four-tubed, high; bronze top and base.
At $4, from $5.25—Six-tubed, low; sheet aluminum top and base.
At $2.25, from $3—Six-tubed, low; bronze top and base.
At $4.50, from $6—Six-tubed, high; nickel-plated top and base.
At 95c, from $1.50—Cylinder Gas Heaters, star burners.

Basement.

Watches and Clocks

Curiously Under-Priced

IT wouldn't be so odd to buy watches with standard Waltham and Elgin movements under-price, if just at this time the trade weren't so keen to get hold of movements that they will pay a premium on them.

But such is the case—hence this Sale of Watches and Clocks is the more remarkable.

And another unusual point is the great variety of watches, from the plainest to the finest, for men, women and children; and of clocks, from the diminutive Swiss carved wooden clock to the grandfather's clock for the hall. Price-ranges:

Watches

Men's 14k. Gold Watches, Waltham and Elgin movements, $19.25 to $86.
Men's Gold-filled Watches, Waltham and Elgin movements, $8.50 to $19.25.
Motormen's open-face Silveroid Watches, Waltham movements, at $3.25, $5.50.
Boys' Silver Watches, at $7.50.
Boys' Gold-filled Watches, at $12.25, $18.
Women's 14k. Gold Watches, Waltham movements, $15 to $31.
Women's 14k. gold Chatelaine Watches, fine Swiss movements; cases enameled in assorted colors, at $18, $15.50, $18.75 to $64.
Women's Gold-filled Watches, Waltham and Elgin movements, $12.75, $16.75 and $17.50.
Women's open-face Silver Watches, with 15 jewel Swiss movements, $5 and $7.

Jewelry Store, Broadway and Tenth street.

Clocks

Gilt Clock Sets, 3 pieces, American movements, $20, $22.50.
8-day Gilt Clocks, American movements, $2.25 to $12.
1-day Gilt Clocks, American movements, $1 to $4.
Bronze-finish Clocks, American movements, $1.50 to $8.
Iron Mantel Clocks, 8-day American movements, at $3.50 to $7.
Porcelain Mantel Clocks, 8-day American movements, at $3.50.
8-day Mantel Chime Clocks, $12.50.
Weathered oak Hall Clocks, $20.
8-day Mantel Clocks, bronze finish, $10.
Nickel Alarm Clocks, at 35c. China Desk Clocks, 35c.
Nickel Watches, stem-winders, American movements, at 98c.
Cuckoo Clocks, $4.25 to $28.25.
Swiss Carved Clocks, not guaranteed as timekeepers, 75c to $1.75.
Onyx and Gilt Clocks, slightly shop-worn, French movements, $15, $20, $25, $27.
Gilt and Crystal Regulators, slightly shop-worn, French movements, at $18, $25, $30, $40 and $45.

Under-Price Store, Basement.

No Better Time To Buy Silverware

CAN there be a more opportune time to replenish your household equipment of Silver Plate—in handsome, modern designs, and of thoroughly reliable quality—than when you can

Save a Quarter to One-half

over usual prices? Or to lay in the stock of tableware you'll need for your Summer house?

That's what this sale offers you today; and the range of pieces is as varied as the prices are low.

Some of the facts in the case:

QUADRUPLE-PLATE TABLEWARE
Quarter to a Third Under-Price

Butter Dishes, $2, $2.25 and $2.50.
Fern Dishes, $3.25, $3.50 and $3.75.
Baking Dishes, $3.25, $3.50, $3.75 and $4.75.
Berry Dishes, $3.25 and $3.75.
Fruit Dishes, $2, $2.75, $3, $3.50, $4.25.
5-piece Tea Sets, $11.25, $12.50 and $15.
8-piece Coffee Sets, $4.50.
Chocolate Pots, $1.75, $2 and $2.25.
Odd Sugars, Creams, and Spoon Holders, $1.75.
Ice Pitchers, $4.75 and $5.
Smoking Sets, $3.75.
Cake Baskets, $2.50, $2.75, $3, to $3.75.
4-piece Tea Sets, $4.50.
Wine Coolers, $4.25 and $4.75.
Candlesticks, $1.
Candelabra, $3.25, $3.75, $4.50, $5.75, $7.25.
Bread Trays, $1.25 and $1.75.
Water Pitchers, $2.50.
Salad Bowls, $3.75.
Soup Tureens, $4.25, $4.50.
Nut Bowls, $2.25, $2.50.
Bonbon Dishes, $1.25.
Ice Tubs, $2.25.
Syrup Pitchers, $1.50, $1.75.
Waiters, $1 to $3.
Napkin Rings, 50c.
Salts and Peppers, 15c.

ROGERS' EXTRA-PLATE FORKS AND SPOONS
About Half Price

Tea Spoons, 35c dozen.
Gravy Ladles, 45c.
Dessert Spoons, $1.50 dozen.
Soup Ladles, $1.25.
Pie Knives, 75c.
Table Spoons, $1.70 dozen.
Medium Forks, $1.70 dozen.
Sugar Tongs, 40c.
Berry Spoons, 50c, 65c.
Dessert Forks, $1.50 dozen.
Coffee Spoons, $1 dozen.
Bonbon Spoons, 50c.
Orange Spoons, $1.75 dozen.
Cracker Spoons, $1.10.
Butter Spreaders, $2.25 dozen.
Pea Spoons, $1.10.
Fish Knives, 8pc, $1.
Oyster Forks, $1.25 dozen.
Sugar Spoons, 20c.
Cheese Scoops, 60c.
Butter Knives, 25c.
Ice-cream Knives, $1.10.
Cream Ladles, 35c.
Asparagus Forks, $1.50.
Triple-plate Medium and Dessert Knives, $2.25 a dozen.

Basement.

Going A-Sleighing?

YOU'LL never have a better chance all Winter than just now. But, to enjoy it properly, you must be tucked up tight and warm, and you need thick, comfortable sleigh-robes for that. Here they are, of gray or black goatskin or imitation Japanese marten. The skins are carefully selected, Indian tanned, soft and pliable. With ordinarily good care they will not rip or tear, and will remain odorless, whether wet or dry.

Sizes 4x5 ft., 4½x5½ ft. and 5x6 ft.: $6.50 to $25, according to size and quality; previously $9 to $40.

Third floor.

Book Treasures

For Real Book-Lovers

FOR many years there were just two bookstores outside of New York City that were notable for their collections of fine and rare editions of books. One of these stores was in Boston, the other was Porter & Coates, later Henry T. Coates & Co., of Philadelphia.

The entire retail business of this famous concern was recently taken over by our Philadelphia store, and we fell heir to a splendid collection of finely-bound books in choice editions.

Today there is a remarkable collection on view—books that connoisseurs will enjoy looking over, just as they would the Marquand or any other noted collection.

The books include choice editions of standard works, nearly all of which are bound by Tout, Zaehnsdorf, Root, and other famous London binders.

An interesting feature of the sale is the reduction of all the Coates prices. The markings we found on the sets when they came to us are still there, and we have affixed lower prices all the way through.

There is an interesting story to tell about practically every set; but we cannot take space for it here. These brief hints must suffice until you come to look them over.

Horace Walpole's Works. Best edition, 38 vols., full polished calf, $450; our price, $375.
Von Ranke's Historical Works. Oxford, 1875. 18 vols., half morocco, $165; our price, $125.
History of Scotland. John Hill Burton. Edinburgh, 1867. 9 vols., half morocco, $85; our price, $70.
Irving's Works. Hudson edition, 27 vols., half morocco, $90; our price, $80.
Carlyle's Works. Centenary edition, 30 vols., half morocco, $90; our price, $80.
Walter Savage Landor. Best edition, 8 vols., full polished calf, $100; our price, $75.
Charles Lever. 40 vols. Illustrated. Three-quarter morocco. Dublin and London, 1889-1872. $450; our price, $400.
Thackeray's Works. London, 1901. Large type, 26 vols., half morocco, $140; our price, $110.
Howitt's Works. London, 1840-1842. 5 vols., half morocco, $60; our price, $40.
Comic History of England. Gilbert a Beckett. Illustrated by Leech. 2 vols., full levant. First edition, $60; our price, $35.
Sir Walter Scott. Waverly Novels. Celebrated Abbotsford Edition. 120 steel engravings, 2000 wood cuts. 12 vols., royal octavo, three-quarter morocco, gilt top, $150; our price, $100.
Audubon's Birds and Quadrupeds of America. 10 vols. Illustrated with colored plates. New York, 1859. $360; our price, $200.
Cathedral Churches of England and Wales. By Winkles. Illustrated with steel engravings. 4 vols., three-quarter levant, quarto, large-paper copy, $95; our price, $70.
English Cathedrals. Historical and descriptive. By John Britton. 300 illustrations, large paper copy, 6 vols., three-quarter morocco, $125; our price, $90.
Northcote's Original and Selected Fables. 250 engravings on wood. 2 vols., polished calf, $55; our price, $45.
Egypt's Place in History. By Bunsen. London, 1848. 5 vols., half morocco, $150; our price, $120.
Curtius' History of Greece. London, 1868. Half morocco, 5 vols., $50; our price, $30.
Childe Harold's Pilgrimage. By Lord Byron. Illustrated with steel engravings. London, 1841. Full mottled calf, $40; our price, $25.
Smollett's Works. With Life. London, 1872. Half morocco, 8 vols., $50; our price, $37.
Moliere's Dramatic Works. Edinburgh. 6 vols., three-quarter morocco, $60; our price, $50.
Maria Edgeworth's Novels. Limited edition, 250 copies, 12 vols., half morocco, $60; our price, $47.
Merivale's History of Rome. Best edition. London, 1852. Half morocco, 7 vols., $65; our price, $50.
Martha Walker Freer's Works. 19 vols., half morocco, $115; our price, $75.
The Doctor. By Southey. London, 1889. 7 vols.; polished calf, $42; our price, $30.
Legendary Tales. By Mrs. Gatty. Illustrated by Phiz. First edition, pebbled calf, $10; our price, $7.
Book of Ballads. Edited by Bon Gaultier. Illustrated by Doyle. London, 1849. Polished calf, $25; our price, $18.50.

Book Store, Ninth street.

Language-Phone Value

French, Spanish and German

THE exceptional value and wonderful efficiency of Dr. Rosenthal's common-sense method of practical linguistry, combined with the Language-Phone for learning the French, German or Spanish language is rapidly becoming evident. The demand for the Rosenthal method is steadily increasing, and will continue, for this system surpasses all others. It is easy, *quick, economical and satisfactory.* Here is an interesting letter:

DEPARTMENT OF ORDNANCE AND GUNNERY,
U. S. MILITARY ACADEMY,
WEST POINT, N. Y., October 17, 1902.

THE INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF LANGUAGES,
PARK ROW BUILDING, NEW YORK CITY.

Gentlemen—After careful trial I am convinced that your method of language instruction by "Phone" is eminently practical in that it supplies the student with what he most needs—a method of constantly repeating the sounds of the language studied until they are indelibly fixed in the memory—thus with your texts giving him the triple training of eye, ear and tongue, all of which are necessary in the mastery of a language.

Very truly,
CHAS. JAMIESON, Cap't Ord. Dept. U. S. Army.

If you wish to investigate this natural method of language teaching, visit our Book Store at your convenience, and hear the Language-Phone demonstrated.

Book Store, Ninth street.

Women's Chiffon Hats

CHIFFON alone, plaited and tucked in a bewitching variety of fashions, or in combination with hair braid, jet, silk and straw. These hats are dressy in themselves, and therefore need but the merest touch of trimming to make them ready to put on.

Light colors—pink and light blue; also black and white. New designs are arriving continually, the collection is never the same on two consecutive days. You buy too rapidly to allow the hats to get acquainted. $1 to $6.

Straw Hats, too—these quite ready to wear. Shapes are endlessly varied, and trimmings are effective—ribbon velvet, silk, quills and wings, in all sorts of stylish combinations, $1.75.

Second floor, Broadway and Tenth st.

Staple Black Silks

More Trade Winds

ABOUT seventy-five per cent. of the American Silk manufacturers met in convention the other day and recommended a further increase of ten per cent. on the prices of silks.

Not only are straws feeling the trade wind; but the whole public is affected—or will be when our fortunate early purchases are exhausted.

Think of buying such silks as these under such trade conditions, at these prices:

Black Taffetas at 50c yard—19 in.; very strong and durable.
Black Moire Velour at 55c yard—21 to 22 in. wide; various styles in all-black; plain and fancy markings.
Guaranteed Black Taffetas at 65c yard—Two excellent qualities, firm and strong.
Imported Black Louisines at 65c yard—Fine brilliant Louisine, a quality that will wear well.
Black Hemstitched Taffetas at 75c yard—Fine quality, 27 in. wide Taffetas, with various widths of open-work stripes.
Black Moire Renaissance at 85c yard—All-silk moire, rich and bright.

Retailers.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

WAR ON TURF CONCERNS

Police Make Another Raid, Taking Two Prisoners.

Ernest Matthews Held in $1,500 Bail for Examination—Result of a Sunday Newspaper Advertisement.

Acting under instructions from Capt. Langan of the Detective Bureau, detectives yesterday went to the building at 63 Park Row and arrested two men who they say were interested in a "turf investment" scheme.

The prisoners described themselves as Ernest Matthews, living in the "Sharkey" cottage, Sheepshead Bay, who the police say was doing business under the trade names of "Dan Smith" and "Burns, Wallace & Co.," and David C. Barnum, a clerk, of 219 Ninth Avenue.

On a short affidavit of suspicion of the prisoners having committed a larceny they were arraigned before Magistrate Breen in the Tombs Court. Barnum was at once discharged, but Matthews was held in bail of $1,500 for examination to-day.

The arrests were made by Detective Sergeants McConville, Peabody, and Clark. They said that the arrest was in consequence of an advertisement in a Sunday morning newspaper over the name of the firm, in which it was set forth that a number of prominent horsemen had placed in their hands a sum of $5,000 to be bet on an entry in a race to be run yesterday. The advertisement stated that it had been decided to permit a certain number of persons to participate in the "good thing," and that sums of not more than $25 would be accepted until the firm had received $2,500 in addition to the $5,000 already in their hands. The horse on which the money was to be placed was to be at a price not less than 10 to 1.

The detectives say that the following is a quotation from the advertisement:

Every subscriber of this commission will be notified before 8 P. M. on the day of the race, the name of the horse on which the commission is to be placed. If you have got one drop of sporting blood in your veins we'll see whether you will grasp a legitimate opportunity coming from direct sources, and which will not be offered to you again this Winter on a downright, absolute certainty. FRANK KELLY.

The detectives claim that they waited in the Post Office Building and saw Barnum, the clerk, go to Box 353 and take out some mail, which was addressed to "Frank Kelly." They allege that "Frank Kelly" also is a name used by the same persons doing business under the names of "Dan Smith" and "Burns, Wallace & Co.," and for which they claim Matthews is the manager. Barnum then was followed to Room 66, at 63 Park Row, where the arrests were made.

In desks in the room the detectives say they found much correspondence and papers. On a letter-head marked "Dan Smith," under date of Dec. 22, was a letter to a man addressed as "Dear Willie." In it occurred the following, according to the detectives:

Since writing you last we have managed to have a change of luck. Our clients during the past few days have lost about $4,500. We hold the whole bloody business and are now to the good. Only stood to lose about $25,000 on Marco and about $6,000 on Rankin, who came in third. Talk about taking a Long Island chance! You can bet your boots I was glad when the race was over.

This was signed "Al." The police say that the prisoner, Matthews, has a brother called "Al." The police say that about a year ago William Matthews, another brother of Ernest Matthews, the prisoner, did a turf investment business under the name of "Dan Smith," and that a certificate to that effect was filed with the County Clerk. Matthews got into trouble, the police say, through a deal with some Massachusetts man, but upon settlement of the case no proceedings were had. Ernest Matthews, they say, continues the business under the trade name "Dan Smith," and has filed a certificate to that effect with the proper authorities.

When the arrests first were made yesterday the trade name "Dan Smith" caused some confusion, but ex-Assistant District Attorney Daniel O'Reilly said that Dan Smith, the racing man, had nothing to do with the scheme, and is at present in New Orleans.

John T. Lee's Denial.

The assertion of Henry G. Cartwright, who was arrested last Saturday in the police raid on turf concerns in Nassau Street, that he placed "puts" and "calls" with "John T. Lee, who has failed," was denied yesterday by Mr. Lee, who said: "I failed in May, 1901, having been caught in the Northern Pacific squeeze. I then had offices at 52 Broadway. Since then I have been in the office of Henry B. Clifford of 30 Wall Street. I never knew any of the men or the firms mentioned in connection with these turf concerns."

LEHIGH VALLEY ACTION.

Official Announcement Made of Changes Effected by the Directors.

As had been expected in railroad circles there were several changes made in the personnel of the officials of the Lehigh Valley Railroad at the meeting of the Board of Directors held in Philadelphia yesterday. The official announcement says:

"William C. Alderson was re-elected Treasurer, D. C. Baird was elected Secretary in place of John R. Fanshawe, who, after many years of loyal and efficient service, retires from active connection with the company, and E. A. Albright was elected Assistant Secretary in place of E. Y. Hartshorne, resigned.

"The Purchasing Agent, C. P. Coleman, having resigned to engage in other business, that office is to be abolished, and the purchasing department will hereafter be under the immediate supervision of the Second Vice President, J. A. Middleton. This department, now located in New York City, will in the near future be transferred to Philadelphia, where vacant space in the general office building of the company at 228 South Third Street will be utilized."

The Board of Directors of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company also convened yesterday afternoon and re-elected William C. Alderson Treasurer and D. G. Baird Secretary. E. A. Albright was elected Assistant Secretary. The office of the Assistant Secretary of the railroad and coal companies will be located in New York City.

COLARADO SOUTHERN MOVE.

Plan for a Closer Unification with Fort Worth Securities.

The semi-official statement was made yesterday to the effect that for some time plans had been under consideration for a closer unification of the securities of the Fort Worth and Denver City Railway Company with those of the Colorado and Southern Railway Company. The latter company already owns a majority of the $6,835,000 Fort Worth common stock.

It is proposed, after the payment of the full 4 per cent. dividend on the so-called "stamped" stock next month, to offer in exchange a 4 per cent. bond at par for a similar amount at par of the "stamped" certificates. It is understood also that a plan is under consideration for offering a new security for the $8,176,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds of the Fort Worth and Denver City.

SALE TO CONNECTICUT WESTERN.

Reported as Preliminary Step to Absorption by Consolidated Road.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 18.—A special dispatch to The Register from Hartford says the sale of the Montague farm at East Granby to the Connecticut Western Railroad has a deeper significance than the settlement of a long-standing contest between the Connecticut Western and the New York, New Haven and Hartford Companies.

The dispatch says:

"According to the very highest and most reliable authority, the consummation of the sale is only the preliminary step to the eventual absorption by the Consolidated Road of the Connecticut Western Company."

Typhoid Fever in West Seneca, N. Y.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 18.—Dr. E. H. Ballow, Health Officer of West Seneca, reports that there are eighty known cases of typhoid fever in that town and probably more than 100 additional cases not reported.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Foster, Ross & Bauma, Auburn, N. Y.; J. F. Ross, domestics and notions; 486 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; Miss L. Raeder, muslin underwear; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Navarre.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. E. Breese, millinery; 57 White Street; Hotel Navarre.
Taylor, William, Son & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; F. T. Kedslie, dress goods; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Albert.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; D. M. Edwards, dry goods; G. Cuatt, dress goods and silks; Hotel Albert.
Tapp-Long Company, Charlotte, N. C.; H. C. Long, clothing and furnishing goods; S. H. Little, furnishing goods; 329 Canal Street; Hotel Albert.
Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Company, Atlanta, Ga.; A. H. Bernard, linens and white goods; 395 Broadway; Victoria Hotel; Miss M. Barger, hosiery; New Amsterdam Hotel.
Rich, M., & Brothers Company, Atlanta, Ga.; A. K. Maxwell, laces; 415 Broadway; Victoria Hotel.
Schipper & Block, Peoria, Ill.; F. L. Block, dress goods, silks, and linings; Mrs. Glickely, fancy goods; 395 Broadway; Hotel Albert.
Silver, M. T., & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; M. T. Silver, cloaks; Hoffman House.
Abt, L., Canton, Ohio; dry goods; Victoria Hotel.
Maher & Brothers, Utica, N. Y.; T. J. Maher, clothing; Victoria Hotel.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; W. F. Finlayson, gloves; 480 Broome Street; Victoria Hotel.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss M. Mylon, fancy goods; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; B. B. Conrad, cloaks; Hotel Imperial.
Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss N. Maloney, hosiery and underwear; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. F. Collins, housefurnishing goods; W. P. Sackett, jewelry; Broadway and Tenth Street; St. Denis Hotel.
Tower, E. C., Troy, N. Y.; J. Slattery, shoes; Hotel Marlborough.
Spear Brothers, Middleton, Conn.; I. Spear, millinery; Hotel Marlborough.
Holzman Manufacturing Company, Baltimore, Md.; A. J. Holzman, piece goods; Hotel Marlborough.
Davidson Brothers, Sioux City, Iowa; A. Davidson, notions, gloves, and ladies' furnishing goods; 396 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Rosenbaum Brothers, Roanoke, Va.; E. Rosenbaum, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.
Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; S. H. Gimbel, cloaks and suits, 377 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Hagar & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; W. C. Hagar, carpets; J. H. Reece, dry goods, 377 Broadway; Hotel Cadillac.
Meyers, Julius, Sons & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; P. Herman, millinery, 377 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Church-Dodge Company, Troy, N. Y.; J. J. Croker, cloaks and suits; W. J. Harper, laces and ribbons; Continental Hotel.
McKelvey, G. M., Company, Youngstown, Ohio; F. Barclay, carpets; G. M. McKelvey, dry goods, 335 Broadway.
Porteous & Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; F. Shanley, notions; A. E. Mitchell, cloaks and suits, 57 White Street.
Quackenbush, G. O. S., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. W. Loomis, linens, prints, and hosiery; Park Avenue Hotel.
Gerber, J., Company, Nashville, Tenn.; H. B. Schloss, notions; Herald Square Hotel.
Lamson Brothers, Toledo, Ohio; C. A. Knowlson, dress goods; G. E. Moore, silks; 47 Lispenard Street; Park Avenue Hotel.
Griggs, H. H., Company, Cleveland, Ohio; J. Calder, hosiery; A. E. Force, dry goods; 48 Leonard Street; Hotel Imperial.
Hurst, John E., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. J. Hellman, dress goods; Hotel Imperial.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, trimmings and jewelry; Miss Metz, handkerchiefs; W. H. Powers, furnishing goods; Miss M. Johnson, hosiery; Miss L. McGill, laces; 438 Broadway; Holland House.
Wells, J. B., Son & Co., Utica, N. Y.; W. C. Logan, cloaks and suits; Park Avenue Hotel.
Barney, H. S., & Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; G. Anderson, dress goods; 75 Spring Street; Union Square Hotel.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. T. Boyle, millinery; 2 Walker Street.
Goldbarth & Strauss, Charleston, S. C.; M. Goldbarth, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; R. G. Powers, books; 454 Broome Street.
Burnham-Hanna-Munger Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; C. R. Shipman, manufacturing department; 43 Leonard Street.
Allen, J., Cincinnati, Ohio; shirts; Hotel Vermont.
Somerfeld Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; L. Ackerman, millinery; Mollie Waldron, millinery; Mary J. Waldron, millinery; Hotel Marlborough.
Penny & Gentles, St. Louis, Mo.; K. Z. Adams, millinery; Hotel Marlborough.
Kellogg, Drake & Co., Galesburg, Ill.; B. R. Drake, dry goods; New Amsterdam Hotel.
Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney, St. Louis, Mo.; Frances E. Thompson, corsets, ladies' and infants' wear; 443 Broome Street; Hotel Normandie.
Wren, Edward, Springfield, Ohio; R. A. Boggan, dry goods; James Anderson, dry goods; Criterion Hotel.
Kaufman-Straus Company, Louisville, Ky.; S. C. Kaufman, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; D. G. Graham, dry goods, 458 Broadway; Winsonia Hotel.
Rosenheim, O. M., St. Louis, Mo.; dry goods.
Sparling, J., & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Henry King, dry goods; Hotel Bartholdi.
McConnell & Lyons, Steubenville, Ohio; C. J. McConnell; Hotel Victoria.
Maloney, W. P., Company, Wolfe City, Texas; W. P. Maloney, dry goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
George, Edward S., Detroit, Mich.; furs; Maud Emory, furs; Holland House.
Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; H. G. Huss, dry goods; Criterion Hotel.
Browning, King & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; E. B. Wintersmith, clothing; Grand Hotel.
Saffa, John G., St. Louis, Mo.; dry goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Reid, J. J., & Co., Alton, Ill.; J. J. Reid, general store; Hotel Imperial.
Eddy Brothers Dry Goods Company, Limited, Lake Charles, La.; J. C. Eddy, dry goods; Youngstown, Ohio; Charles Livingston, dry goods; Raleigh Hotel.
Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; E. J. Jones, dry goods; Hotel Manhattan.
McGrath & Sala, Keokuk, Ohio; O. J. Sala, clothing; Herald Square Hotel.
Feder, Silberberg & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Ben Weil, clothing; Hotel Imperial.
Aram & Lehman, Cincinnati, Ohio; Simon Lehman and wife, overalls; Hotel Imperial.
Siegel-Cooper Company, Chicago, Ill.; M. C. Anthony, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Strauss Brothers Mercantile Company, St. Louis, Mo.; E. S. Strauss, millinery; Emma Borck, millinery; Sophia Hofmann, millinery; Mrs. H. E. Adams, millinery; Mrs. W. J. Bell, millinery; Gilsey House.
Lewis, Mrs. G. J., Wafakoneta, Ohio; millinery; Mitchell House.
Booth, J. & F., Mexico, Mo.; Joseph Booth, clothing; Herald Square Hotel.
Baird Brothers, Shreveport, La.; A. W. Baird, dry goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Nix & Baird Company, Cleburne, Texas; S. E. Wier, dry goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Gough, William H., Easterday, Ky.; general store; 26 West Nineteenth Street.
Bowers Trade Palace, Moberly, Mo.; J. S. Bowers, dry goods; W. S. Bowers, dry goods; Kensington Hotel.
Ripinski, A., & Son, Jefferson, Texas; A. Ripinski, dry goods.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; E. F. Beach, dry goods; 621 Broadway; Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.
Schever, Charles, Urbana, Ohio; clothing; Gilsey House.
Woodward, W. M., Independence, Iowa; dry goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Taft, John H., & Co., Cedar Rapids, Iowa; John H. Taft, dry goods; 47 Lispenard Street.
Weissenburg & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; C. M. Seiwenburg, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
FitzGerald Dry Goods Company, Lincoln, Neb.; M. Stevens, dry goods; Hotel Imperial; F. Marr, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Miller & Barley, Marion, Ind.; Mrs. Hally Davis, dry goods; 32 West Fifteenth Street.
Seattle Hardware Company, Detroit, Mich.; C. A. Black, hardware; Hotel Imperial.
Rolf, E. H., Cleveland, Ohio; dry goods; Hotel Vendome.
Morgan & Hardy Brothers, Union City, Tenn.; A. Sherrill, dry goods; Victoria Hotel.
Beall-Livingston Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; Louise Livingston, department store; 60 Lispenard Street; Minnie Tracy, silks; Hotel Albert.
Wright, Isaac, Columbus, Kan.; dry goods; Hotel Vendome.
Deutsch & Goldberg, Port Arthur, Texas; A. Goldberg, dry goods; Hotel Marlborough.
Bains, Mrs. H., Sioux City, Iowa; ladies' furnishings.
Pelletier Dry Goods Company, Sioux City, Iowa; F. N. Pelletier, department store; Grand Hotel.
McGehee Brothers, Clarksville, Tenn.; J. W. McGehee, department store; Hotel Kensington.
O'Connor, Mrs. J. B., St. Louis, Mo.; department store.
Stewart, D. J., & Co., Rockford, Ill.; Lee Stewart, dry goods; Park Avenue Hotel.
Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; A. Murdock, cloaks; Hotel Cadillac.
Wieboldt, W. G., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. D. Hirschberg, dry goods; Hoffman House.

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—Ex-Governor Llewellyn Powers, Maine; ex-Gov. F. S. Stanahan, Vermont, and W. M. Wood, Andover, Mass.

MANHATTAN—William de la Barre, Minneapolis; R. L. Gaunt, Montreal; J. B. Ingalls, Boston, and Judge J. H. Reed, Pittsburg.

HOFFMAN—Congressman George N. Southwick, Albany.

GILSEY—Prof. Alexander Graham Bell, Washington.

ALBEMARLE—John R. Bland, Baltimore, and the Rev. Archibald Campbell Knowles, Philadelphia.

FIFTH AVENUE—Ex-Senator Frank Hiscock, Syracuse.

SEEK MYSTERIOUS STRANGER.

New Jersey Police Looking for Man Clad Only in Underwear.

RAHWAY, N. J., Feb. 18.—The stranger who disappeared from Whalen's saloon some time yesterday morning between 3 and 6 o'clock has remained a mystery as much as ever.

Word was sent to this city from Linden that a man clad only in underclothes was found at Benjamin Howell's barn about 7 o'clock Tuesday morning. Mr. Howell went to the house for a cup of warm coffee and some clothing, but the man after drinking the coffee ran out of the barn and again disappeared. This time he went toward Elizabethport and the Staten Island Sound. The police of Elizabeth and Rahway are searching for him.

FOR CONSOLIDATION OR CONGRATULATION

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Irish Whiskey

STICKS TO A MAN TO THE LAST DROP

W. A. Taylor & Co., Agts., 29 B'way, N. Y.

BESSIE MILTON IS FREED.

Youthful Admirer, However, Testified She Confessed Obstructing a Train.

RONKONKOMA, L. I., Feb. 18.—Bessie Milton, the sixteen-year-old girl of Lakeland, who was accused of placing an obstruction before the Riverhead express on the Long Island Railroad here on the evening of Feb. 2, was discharged from custody to-day by Justice Hawkins.

John Stack, sixteen years old, was the principal witness for the prosecution. Stack is said to have been an admirer of the girl, but had a rival in George Stampt of Central Islip. Stack testified that the girl had acknowledged to him that she had placed stones on the track. She said that Stampt was coming on that train to see her, and that the placing of the obstruction on the track would bring the train to a stop near her home.

Mr. Pelletreau, counsel for the defendant, moved for the dismissal of the case because of the lack of evidence showing the commission of a crime in Suffolk County. The court sustained his motion.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—A moderate depression that was central Tuesday night over extreme east Lake Superior has moved eastward to the Lower St. Lawrence Valley, and has been followed by rising pressure, which was also unprecedented in its rapidity. As a consequence there has been a reinforcement of the cold weather over the northern districts east of the Rocky Mountains, except in the extreme Northwest. In the Southern States, however, it is considerably warmer, although the temperatures ranged from 4 to 12 degrees below the seasonal average. Freezing temperatures occurred Wednesday morning in the north and north central portions of Eastern Florida. There has been no precipitation of consequence, except light snows in the Ohio Valley and the greater portion of the lake region.

There will be rain or snow Thursday in the West Gulf States and the extreme Southwest, extending Thursday night and Friday into the Ohio Valley, the Eastern Gulf and west portion of the South Atlantic States. Snow is probable Thursday in South Dakota, Nebraska, and extreme Western Iowa; elsewhere the weather will be generally fair Thursday and Friday.

It will again be colder Thursday in the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, except along the coast; it will continue cold over the remaining districts east of the Mississippi, except Western upper lake region, followed by slowly rising temperature Friday. It will not be so cold Thursday and Friday in the Missouri Valley and the slope region. On the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts the winds will be high northwest; on the South Atlantic Coast brisk northwest, except high over northern portion; on the Gulf Coast fresh to brisk north, and on Lake Michigan fresh, becoming variable.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have high northwest winds and fair cold weather to the Grand Banks. Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Wilmington to Eastport. Cold wave warnings are displayed in Kentucky, Western Tennessee, at Cairo, and Cincinnati.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

New England, fair, continued cold Thursday; brisk to high west to northwest winds; Friday, fair, not quite so cold.

District of Columbia and Maryland, fair, continued cold Thursday; diminishing west winds; Friday, partly cloudy, with rising temperature.

Virginia, fair Thursday, colder, except in extreme southwest portion; diminishing west winds; Friday, increasing cloudiness.

Delaware, fair, continued cold; Thursday, diminishing west winds; Friday, fair, not so cold.

North Carolina, fair, colder Thursday; brisk to high north winds; Friday, increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably followed by rain in west portion.

South Carolina, fair Thursday, colder in the interior; fresh to brisk west winds; Friday, increasing cloudiness and warmer; probably rain.

West Virginia, fair, continued cold Thursday, Friday, increasing cloudiness and warmer.

New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, and Eastern New York, fair, continued cold Thursday; high west winds, diminishing during the day. Friday fair, not so cold.

Western Pennsylvania, fair, continued cold Thursday. Friday, increasing cloudiness and warmer; fresh west winds, becoming variable.

North Dakota, fair, warmer Thursday. Friday fair.

Western New York, fair Thursday, except snow flurries on Lake Erie and extreme Eastern Ontario, continued cold. Friday, generally fair, with rising temperature; brisk west winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota, fair, warmer Thursday and Friday; variable winds.

South Dakota, snow, warmer Thursday. Friday fair.

LOCAL FORECAST—Fair and cold, winds west.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES's thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau.— 1902.	1903.	—TIMES. 1903.
3 A. M.	25	10	14
6 A. M.	28	7	13
9 A. M.	28	8	18
12 M.	28	13	30
3 P. M.	28	18	25
6 P. M.	26	17	21
9 P. M.	24	14	18
12 P. M.	22	9	13

THE TIMES's thermometer is 6 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 285 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square....19
Weather Bureau....12
Corresponding date 1902....26¾
Corresponding date for last twenty-five years.34

The thermometer registered 6 degrees, the minimum temperature, at 8 A. M. yesterday and 16 degrees at 8 P. M., the maximum being 18 degrees at 4 P. M. The humidity was 69 per cent. at 8 A. M. and the same at 8 P. M.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

A. M.		P. M.		A. M.	
Sun rises	6:49	Sun sets	5:39	Moon rises	1:02

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	1:00	Gov. Isl'd	1:30	H. Gate	3:26
	P. M.		P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	1:20	Gov. Isl'd	1:40	H. Gate	3:36

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (THURSDAY,) FEB. 19.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Apache, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Esperanza, Havana	8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
L'Aquitaine, Havre	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
FRIDAY, FEB. 20.		
Algonquin, Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Coleridge, North Brazil	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Hildebrand, Brazil	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Nemea, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Rio Grande, Mobile		3:00 P. M.
Rosalind, Newfoundland	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Santiago, Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
SATURDAY, FEB. 21.		
Adirondack, Haiti, &c.	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Aliene, Fortune Island, &c	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Alliance, Colon	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Carthaginian, Glasgow		
Comanche, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Concho, Key West and Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Curityba, Havana	12:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
El Siglo, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg		1:00 P. M.
Lancastrian, Liverpool		
Lucania, Liverpool	8:30 A. M. *10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Morro Castle, Havana	10:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Neckar, Naples	9:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Nora, Curacao		3:00 P. M.
Philadelphia, Porto Rico and Venezuela	9:00 A. M. *9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Pretoria, Bermuda	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Prins Willem I., Haiti	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Proteus, New Orleans		3:00 P. M.
Tojomo, Progreso	10:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Toronto, Hull		
Vaderland, Antwerp	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Thordisa, St. Thomas	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M., (connecting closes here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at §5:30 A. M., (the connecting closes are made on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Costa Rica, Belize, Puerto Cortez, and letter mail for Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting closes here Mondays at §11:30 P. M. for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and letter mail for Guatemala, and Tuesdays at §11:30 P. M. for Costa Rica.) §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China and Japan, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Feb. §18, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Tosa Maru. Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Feb. §22, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Olympia. Mails for Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Feb. §23, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Alameda. Mails for the Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Feb. §24, inclusive, for dispatch per United States transport. Mails for Australia, (except West Australia, which goes via Europe, and New Zealand, which goes via San Francisco,) and Fiji Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after Feb. §14 and up to Feb. §28, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Aorangi.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Postmaster Van Cott announces that mails from China, Japan, and Hawaii of the following dates: Hongkong, Jan. 17; Shanghai, Jan. 21; Yokohama, Jan. 28, and Honolulu, Feb. 7, reached San Francisco per steamer Doric and were dispatched east at 6 P. M. Saturday. Due in New York this morning.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (THURSDAY,) FEB. 19.

Bellanoch, Liverpool, Jan. 31.
Bovic, Liverpool, Feb. 6.
Bristol City, Barry, Jan. 31.
Brooklyn City, Swansea, Jan. 24.
Byron, Barbados, Feb. 12.
Cedric, Liverpool, Feb. 11.
Dona Maria, Oporto, Jan. 29.
El Monte, Galveston, Feb. 14.
El Rio, New Orleans, Feb. 14.
Equita, Naples, Feb. 4.
Georgia, Gibraltar, Jan. 28.
Lancastrian, Liverpool, Feb. 4.
Neapolitan Prince, Gibraltar, Feb. 6.
Ormidale, Greenock, Jan. 26.
Orono, Algiers, Jan. 30.

FRIDAY, FEB. 20.

Arapahoe, Jacksonville, Feb. 18.
Comanche, Jacksonville, Feb. 17.
Cymric, Liverpool, Feb. 13.
El Cid, Galveston, Feb. 15.
Main, Bremen, Feb. 8.

SATURDAY, FEB. 21.

Bratsberg, St. Thomas, Feb. 16.
Etruria, Liverpool, Feb. 14.
Largo Bay, Lisbon, Feb. 5.
Vigilancia, Havana, Feb. 17.

SUNDAY, FEB. 22.

Belgravia, Hamburg, Feb. 8.
Hekla, Copenhagen, Feb. 4.
Minnehaha, London, Feb. 12.
Nordkap, Cardiff, Feb. 5.
St. Paul, Southampton, Feb. 15.

MONDAY, FEB. 23.

Comus, New Orleans, Feb. 18.
El Dorado, Galveston, Feb. 18.
La Champagne, Havre, Feb. 14.

Arrived.

SS Furnessia, (Br.,) Young, Glasgow, Feb. 7, and Moville, 8th, with mdse. and passengers to Henderson Brothers. Passed in Sandy Hook at 11:40 P. M.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, (Ger.,) Richter, Bremen, Feb. 10, Southampton, 11th, and Cherbourg, 12th, with mdse., passengers, and mail to Oelrichs & Co. South of Fire Island at 12:32 A. M., 19th.

SS Menominee, (Br.,) Lucas, London, Feb. 5, with mdse. and passengers to the Atlantic Transport Company. South of Fire Island at 5:52 P. M.

SS Adirondack, (Ger.,) Bruns, Gonaives, &c., Feb. 1, with mdse., passengers, and mail to the Hamburg-American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 2:56 P. M.

SS Benarty, (Br.,) Sarchet, Norfolk, Feb. 12, with mdse. in transit, to Shewan, Tomes & Co. Will finish loading for Yokohama.

SS Algonquin, Hale, Jacksonville, Feb. 15, and Charleston, 16th, with mdse. and passengers to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, from Bremen, Southampton, and Cherbourg. Off Nantucket at 3 P. M.

United States transport Culgoa, Ponce. Anchored off Tompkinsville.

SS Bellarden, (Br.,) MacLachlan, Philadelphia, Feb. 17, in ballast to Busk & Jevons.

SS Jamestown, Hiller, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Kansas City, Smith, Savannah, Feb. 16, with mdse. and passengers to the Ocean Steamship Company.

SS Sardegna, (Ital.,) Montano, Genoa, Feb. 2, and Naples, 4th, with mdse., passengers, and mail to Hirzel, Feltmann & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 12:45 P. M.

WIND—At Sandy Hook, N. J., at 9:30 P. M., west, a gale; clear.

Sailed.

SS City of Memphis, for Savannah.
SS Uller, (Nor.,) for St. Kitt's and Demerara.
SS New York, for San Domingo City, &c.
SS Hugin, (Nor.,) for Banes.
SS Manna Hata, for Baltimore.
SS Ryndam, (Dutch,) for Rotterdam.
SS Maracas, (Br.,) for Grenada and Trinidad.
SS Princess Anne, for Norfolk and Newport News.
SS Alamo, for Galveston.
SS Catania, for Port Arthur.
SS Brighton, (Nor.,) for Port Antonio.
SS Guyandotte, for Norfolk and Newport News.
SS Philadelphia, for Southampton.
SS La Campine, (Dutch,) for Antwerp.
SS Germanic, (Br.,) for Liverpool.
SS Yumuri, (Nor.,) for Puerto Plata.

By Cable.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—SS Bluecher, (Ger.,) Capt. Krech, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg, arr. at Hamburg at midnight, yesterday.

SS Oceanic, (Br.,) Capt. Cameron, from New York, arr. at Liverpool to-day.

SS Adra, (Br.,) Capt. Muir, from New York and Philadelphia for Newcastle, passed Beachy Head yesterday.

SS Ohio, (Br.,) Capt. Ward, from New York for Gravesend and Newcastle, passed Beachy Head yesterday.

SS Karamania, (Br.,) Capt. Pearce, from Palermo for New York, arr. at Naples yesterday.

SS Brandenburg, (Ger.,) Capt. Bloch, from New York for Bremen, passed the Lizard to-day.

SS Kaiserin Maria Theresia, (Ger.,) Capt. Wettin, from New York via Funchal for Malta, Alexandria, &c., on Orient cruise, arr. at Gibraltar to-day.

SS Patria, (Port.,) Capt. Jensen, for New York, sld. from Lisbon Feb. 13.

SS Excelsior, (Ger.,) Capt. Courtin, for New York, sld. from Nieuwewaterweg Feb. 16.

SS Pawnee, (Br.,) Capt. Cartwright, from Venice, Trieste, and Palermo for Boston and New York, passed Gibraltar to-day.

SS Indrani, (Br.,) Capt. Hill, from New York via Norfolk for Singapore, Manila, Hongkong, &c., and Yokohama., arr. at Aden yesterday.

SS Jenny, (Aust.,) Capt. Cosulich, from Trieste, Messina, and Girgenti for New York, sld. from Bermuda to-day, having coaled.

Light Vessel Reported Missing.

The Diamond Shoal Light Vessel, whose anchorage is off the outer shoals of Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, is reported by the Savannah liner Kansas City, which arrived yesterday, to be missing from her station. The Kansas City passed that point at 10:30 o'clock on Tuesday morning and found the lightship gone, but the anchorage buoy in place. It is thought that during the wind storm which passed over Northeastern North Carolina on Monday night the vessel broke from her moorings and has been blown to sea. Little anxiety is felt for the boat, because she is new, built of steel, and steam propelled.

Registered Trade Mark.

Fancy Vesting,

At "The Linen Store."

This fabric, which was so much in vogue last season, gives promise of additional favor this year. It is especially adapted for medium-weight, unstarched Blouses, Skirts and Shirt-Waist Suits. The designs are all woven, and include a very large variety of fancy figures and stripes, as well as a very beautiful range of patterns in all-white.

Attention is invited to our beautiful line of Laces and Embroideries for trimming.

Price, 55c to 95c per yard.

In our wash goods department we display, as well, Cheviots, Woven and Printed Linens, Piques, Swisses and Fancy Cottons of all kinds.

James McCutcheon & Co.
14 West 23d Street.

NEW YORK'S FINEST RETAIL STORE.

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE., 19TH TO 20TH ST.

In Our Recital Hall 2:30 until 4 o'Clock All This Week. The famous Chime and Bells Quartet. Youngest in the world. No charge to hear it.

Immensely Important Sales in Progress Here.

If you are a close follower of our store news you must have been struck by the importance of the big trade movements in vogue here just now.

They cover quite a range of stocks—about which mere mention must suffice this morning.

February Sale of Furniture.

The entire Sixth Floor is devoted to it—yet it holds not more than a fifth of the stock. Big gaps are being created every day—for the prices are unusual, even for February. Furniture for every room and for every purpose is included, and the styles are such as would naturally come to the Simpson Crawford Company—the best.

Clearance Sale of Upholsterings.

Embodying short lengths of yard goods, such as Tapestries, Upholsterings, Curtainings and the like, as well as single and odd pairs of Lace Curtains, Portieres and Draperies of every sort. Price is really a secondary thought—we want the room for the new that is soon to be here.

Sale of Toilet Requisites.

Introducing our greatly enlarged selling space for Toilet Articles, we use the power of price as a drawing card. The sale begun on Tuesday exceeds in its scope and variety any ever held in New York. Quality is paramount and price is at the lowest notch. Most everything in the Toilet Store is included in the sale.

Sale of Royal Stuart Foods.

To introduce the purest and most perfect Table Delicacies, tempting prices are made for a few days. (In their regular way they are little enough.) All sorts of Preserves, Jams, Jellies, Relishes and Pickles are included, and the saving is considerable. For invalids they are particularly palatable.

Supplementing these in importance are other sales, of some of which mention is made below. Whichever way you turn, the Simpson Crawford Co. stands ready to serve you best.

There is no more direct road to economy.

Models of Mourning Millinery.

Second Floor.

We show this morning more than a hundred exquisite Models of Mourning Millinery, from the famous Establishment of Mangin Maurice, Paris—representing the highest type of art and headgear achievement.

Out-of-town Milliners and Designers are specially invited to see the display.

They are priced very little, considering their worth and charm.

Important Second Floor Event.

Black Silk Waists--A Sale.

Second Floor.

Plenty of room in every wardrobe for a black Waist or two—should be, anyway.

The sale of to-day covers a wide range of kinds, as fascinating as they are little priced.

Black Peau de Soie Waists, entire front of hemstitching and tucks, front of inverted plaits, trimmed with six crochet buttons, collars and cuffs, made of hemstitching and tucks, $4.95

Black Crepe de Chine Waists, front, back sleeves and collar made entirely of fine tucks and faggoting, new style of sleeve....$5.75

Black Peau de Soie Waists, entire front and back of accordion plaits, front of hemstitching and fancy crochet ornaments....$6.75

Extra quality Peau de Cygne Waists, front of four side plaits, tailor stitched, and back of two side plaits, tailor stitched; fancy tab collar, four large buttons down front....$8.75

Peau de Cygne Waists, six side plaits, fancy vest and large four-in-hand tie, fancy turnover....$8.75

Important Sale of Ribbons

At a Saving of 25 Per Cent.

Many thousand yards—bought away underprice—go on sale this morning. All new, choice styles—pre-eminently durable:—

3¾ inch imported self-colored fancy weave Ribbons, in white and light colors; yard....12½

4 inch high lustre all-silk satin taffeta Ribbons, in white, black and all desirable colorings; yard....19

4½ inch imported Dresden stripe Ribbons, beautiful combinations, white, pink, light blue, lilac and black; yard, 25

4¾ inch satin taffeta glace ribbons, in beautiful lustrous quality, in all the new delicate shadings which will be extremely fashionable this spring; yard, 27

5¼ inch high lustre imported taffeta Ribbons, soft finish; yard....22

5¾ inch rich quality satin taffeta Ribbons, all colors, including white and black; yard....29

Complete Sets of

Dining Room Furniture

At Very Emphatic Reductions.

Fifth Floor.

Folk who contemplate housekeeping or who have needs for Dining Room Furniture will be attracted by this proposition of ours.

Complete sets for the Dining Room—perfectly matched, newest construction, latest designs and fully guaranteed. Upward of forty sets, all told, and

Very Close to a Third Underpriced.

We will deliver them at once or hold them until the end of March if a reasonable payment is made. Very fair, don't you think?

Set No. 1, $54.50

Highly polished golden oak Sideboard, with 42 inch top.
Highly polished golden oak 6 ft. Extension Table, round top.
Highly polished golden oak China Closet, round end.
Four Highly polished golden oak box cane seat Dining Chairs.
Two highly polished golden oak Dining Arm Chairs to match.

Set No. 2, $82

One highly polished quartered golden oak Sideboard, 45 inch top.
One highly polished quartered golden oak 8 ft. Extension Table, round top.
Highly polished quartered golden oak China Closet, carved top, round ends.
Four highly polished quartered golden oak leather seat Dining Chairs.
Two highly polished quartered golden oak Arm Chairs.

Set No. 3, $98.50

Highly polished quartered golden oak serpentine front Sideboard, 45 inch top, French legs.
Highly polished quartered golden oak 6 ft. Extension Table, round top, pedestal base.
Highly polished quartered golden oak China Closet, with swell door and round ends.
Four highly polished quartered golden oak leather seat Dining Chairs.
Two highly polished Dining Arm Chairs to match.

Set No. 4, $154.50

Highly polished quartered golden oak Sideboard, extra heavy design, claw feet.
Highly polished quartered golden oak 8 ft. Extension Table, round top, pedestal base, with carved heads and claw feet.
Highly polished quartered golden oak China Closet, two mirrors in back, serpentine door, round end and claw feet.
Four highly polished quartered golden oak Dining Chairs, "set-in" leather seats, box frames, French legs and claw feet.
Two Arm Chairs to match.

We are offering our entire line of Sideboards, China Closets and Extension Tables during this sale at a reduction of one-third off their former value. Quite an inducement if you're interested.

Gas and Oil Heaters Specially Priced.

Basement.

The weather prophets say there will be plenty of real cold weather during the coming month. Here's a splendid chance to secure a serviceable Gas or Oil Heater at the lowest price ever quoted:

130 round Cylinder Gas Heaters with powerful burners; choice of sizes, at 98
75 Gas Radiators, Junior style; 4 cylinder; at....$1.00
200 Gas Radiators in assorted sizes, unusually good stoves; some sold formerly as high as $4.50; your choice at....$1.50
65 Oil Heaters, all celebrated makes such as "Banner" and "Perfection," every one warranted to give best satisfaction, choice while last at....$2.75

Interesting Prices on

Laces and Lace Robes

First Floor.

Many of these Laces and Robes are away below their value—some as much as half and less.

Here they are in detail:—

At 25c. and 50c. yard.

5,000 yards Venise and Applique Galloons, Braids and Insertions, Separable and Medallion Galloons, white and ecru shades; many in this collection worth as high as $1.00.

At 10c., 15c. & 19c. yd.

For several hundred sample pieces, fine worked Laces and Insertions, Clunys, Point de Paris, Normandy, Vals., Point d'Esprit, &c., &c. An importer's counter sample pieces, out of folds, slightly soiled; values run up to 50c.

Sample Robes At $10, $15 and $25.

Three special assortments for Thursday which include sample Lace Robes, Wash Robes, embroidered and lace trimmed Linen Robes, Lierre Robes, Esprit and Ring Spot Net Robes, Applique and Embroidered or Net Robes, in white, black and colors. Much under regular prices.

Another Lot of

Oriental and Domestic Rugs.

Third Floor.

Gems from the Orient—and others made in America; soft, exquisite colorings and very low priced:—

ANTIQUE GHENDJI RUGS, extra quality, in handsome colors and unique designs; value $12.50 $7.75

SHIRVAN RUGS, of fine close weave and excellent texture, selected for their good condition and soft colors; many antiques among them; value $18.50.... $10.75

ANTIQUE MOUSSUL RUGS, large assortments, many excellent pieces among them; value $24.50.... $16.50

ROYAL WILTON RUGS of standard makes, rich Eastern and Domesric designs; no better wearing domestic rug made:—

9x12 feet....$28.50
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in....$24.50
6x9 feet....$17.50
3x5 feet....$5.25
2 ft. 3 in. x 4 ft. 6 in....$3.25

AXMINSTER RUGS, extra quality, in new Spring patterns and colorings:—

9x12 feet....$22.75
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in....$21.75
6x9 feet....$14.75
3x6 feet....$3.85
2 ft. 3 in. x 5 ft. 3 in....$1.95

Women's New Spring

Hosiery and Underwear

First Floor.

Early comers that beckon for attention, because of their particular goodness.

Too early—you say?

Not a bit, for you reap a saving now that may not come later.

LISLE THREAD HOSE.—Women's fine quality imported Ingrain Lisle Thread, fast black, Richelieu and Rembrandt ribs, white tipped heels and toes .. 25

LACE LISLE HOSE.—Women's extra quality Fast Black imported Lisle Thread Hoisery, full length lace effects, several new and pretty patterns; regular 50c. grade, at 3 pairs for $1.00, or, pair.... 35

LISLE VESTS.—Women's very sheer light weight shaped ribbed Vests, beautiful elastic texture, in white, trimmed at neck and down front, pearl buttons, silk tape, high neck, short sleeves; particularly good value at 45

SWISS VESTS.—Women's medium summer weight white Swiss ribbed Cotton Vests, low neck, sleeveless, crochet edge, very elastic.... 29

UNION SUITS.—Women's Swiss ribbed Union Suits, beautiful Vega silk texture, 2½-inch crochet front, knee length, low neck, sleeveless.... $1.35

TRUST COMPANIES HEARD

Up-State Institutions Oppose the Savings Bank Bill.

No Metropolitan Company Appears at an Albany Hearing, but Mr. Dutcher Is Quoted Both Ways.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 18.—Representatives of eighteen trust companies throughout New York State to-day opposed the Marshall bill prohibiting trust companies, department stores, or any firm or corporation from doing a savings bank business or advertising that they receive savings accounts.

At the hearing before the Senate Committee on Banks counsel for the trust companies asserted that the savings bank interests were endeavoring to obtain class legislation. Superintendent Kilburn of the State Banking Department and George W. Wickersham of New York, who drafted the bill, declared that the measure would not interfere with the legitimate business of the trust companies, but was designed to prevent them from deceiving the public.

After the hearing the Committee on Banks held an executive session and discussed the bill, but did not act upon it.

Randall J. Le Boeuf of the Albany Trust Company said that under this bill the trust companies could not receive deposits less than $5,000 and pay interest. He declared that its ambiguity throughout was disturbing, and unless it was drawn with design could not be greater.

W. J. Welsh for the Binghamton Trust Company asserted that if the bill was enacted not a trust company could exist. He held that the State had fostered trust companies, and now proposed to suppress them because of a policy of paternalism toward savings banks. He charged that 90 per cent. of the Directors of savings banks are merely figureheads, while the trust companies are managed by men who have a personal interest in them. The bill, if enacted, he declared, would mean the transfer of millions from trust companies to savings banks, with the result of a lower rate of interest to depositors.

Superintendent Frederick D. Kilburn said that the Marshall bill was drawn after his suggestions, because he found that many trust companies are doing everything that a savings bank is authorized to do under the law and without the authority. "Because of the ignorance of a great number of savings bank depositors," he continued, "it does not take much on the part of a trust company to make them believe that they are dealing with a savings bank when they are putting their money in a trust company or a department store."

Gibson Putzel, who represented the Sleepers Company of New York and a Buffalo trust company, asked if the Superintendent would be satisfied if they put on the first page of the passbooks in large type the inscription, "This is not a savings bank."

Mr. Kilburn said that that feature had not occurred to him. Mr. Kilburn also said that if the bill did any more than to prevent a trust company from doing a savings bank business it was wrong. "I've got 800 institutions to supervise," said Mr. Kilburn, "and some are hard propositions."

J. M. Perkins of Rochester said that while Superintendent Kilburn had declared that he did not want to injure trust companies, under the bill they would be killed.

James M. E. O'Grady said that the bill represented an effort of one system of banking to maintain itself at the expense of another by pulling down and wiping out competition. It was a mere subterfuge to say that the measure was designed to prevent fraud and deception.

George W. Wickersham of New York, attorney for the State Savings Banks Association, briefly addressed the committee. He said that not one of the trust companies of New York City, where thousands of millions were on deposit, had appeared against the bill.

Senator Stevens said that he had received several letters from New York trust companies opposing the bill. Senator Green said he had a letter from the Hamilton Trust Company, signed by Silas B. Dutcher, President, against the bill, but Senator Marshall said he had a letter from Mr. Dutcher in which he favored the measure. This created some amusement.

Mr. Wickersham added that he had a letter from the President of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York saying that there was nothing in the bill that would injure trust companies.

TO ENFORCE THE EXCISE LAW.

Bill Introduced at Albany to Increase the State Inspectors and Give Them Police Powers.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Senator Green to-day introduced an excise bill intended to carry out the recommendations made by Gov. Odell in his message for a more strict enforcement of the excise law. It provides that the number of Inspectors shall be increased from 60 to 110, which would give to the Excise Department 50 additional places at $1,200 a year.

It is further provided that the Excise Inspectors are to be clothed with police powers. They could make an arrest without a warrant whenever they discovered a liquor dealer committing a violation of the law. When such arrests are made it is provided that the accused person must be taken before a Magistrate without delay.

The appointment of these Inspectors, who would be vested with police powers, would constitute a valuable piece of patronage for the State administration and would be a material help to Gov. Odell in his plan to gain control of the State Republican organization.

ENGINEERS WANT NO THIRD MEN

Bill to Provide Extra Watchers in the Cabs of Express Locomotives Opposed at Albany.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—A large delegation of locomotive engineers appeared to-day before the Assembly Committee on Railroads to oppose the bill introduced by Assemblyman Finnegan requiring an assistant to the engineer and fireman in the cabs of locomotives. The measure was also opposed by W. S. Rudd, counsel for the New York Central Railroad.

M. Flannery and John Mack, who run the fastest trains on the New York Central, told the committee that they would consider the extra man in the cab as a danger rather than a safeguard. His presence there, they declared, would distract the engineer, because, having nothing to do, he would be inclined to talk. They said that they never knew of a railroad accident which could have been prevented by the presence of a third man in the cab.

A. W. Young, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the State Legislative Board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, said: "Put another man in the cab, and it would distract my attention. I don't want any man to speak to me when I am running a train. The other man would be asking me for a match at a critical moment."

Some of those who are advocating the bill, and who were surprised by the antagonism of the engineers, offered the explanation that the engineers do not want a third man in the cab who would have nothing to do but to acquire the knowledge necessary for the running of an engine.

There will be a further hearing on the bill next Wednesday.

AUTOMOBILE BILL DRAFTED.

Would Regulate Machines Which Carry Passengers in This City.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Assemblyman Cohn will to-morrow introduce a bill in the Assembly for the protection of automobile passengers in the City of New York. It provides for permits, to cost $25 a year, for each automobile that carries passengers. The rate of fare would be 25 cents a mile. No motorman could be employed unless he has been daily taught and drilled for one month by experienced men, and unless he should be a resident and householder of the borough wherein he worked.

No automobile could be used unless it was tested and approved as safe once a month by an inspector appointed by the Mayor, who should be paid $1 for each inspection. Penalties for violation of the bill are severe.

DEMOCRATS FIGHT POLICE BILL

They Object to the Political Possibilities of the Proposed Increase of the Force.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—The Senate Cities Committee to-day favorably reported the bill introduced by Senator Elsberg for an increase in the police force of New York City. The bill provides for the appointment by the Commissioner of Police of a Chief Inspector, two Borough Inspectors, for the appointment of 500 patrolmen in 1903, and the same number in 1904, and 200 men annually thereafter, and for more Roundsmen.

Under the present system four Roundsmen are allowed for every fifty patrolmen. Under the Elsberg bill, as amended by the Cities Committee, the Commissioner of Police would be privileged to appoint six Roundsmen for every fifty patrolmen. This would increase the number by 250.

Senators Grady, McCarren, Rampsberger, and Martin dissented from the report. They made a vigorous attack on the bill, and are prepared to renew it when the measure comes up for consideration in the Senate.

"There is no call for the additional inspectors provided for in the bill," said Senator Grady, "and the proposition for the appointment of 250 additional Roundsmen is absolutely without justification. The Commissioner of Police could appoint 250 such officers as soon as the pending bill received the Governor's signature.

"But the most vicious thing of all is the provision that the Controller shall, without the concurrence of any other officer, board, or department, provide the money necessary for the payment of the additional compensation for which provision is made in the act to be paid to the Chief Inspector, Borough Inspectors, Inspector of Detectives, and the additional Roundsmen. Usually it is left to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to determine whether the city is in a position to meet any additional burden placed upon it by legislation, but it is not so in this bill.

"Even the Controller has no discrimination in the matter. He must provide the money to pay for these additional places, whether he deems the expenditure is justified or not. It is mandatory legislation of the worst possible character."

The Democrats say that the passage of the bill would afford an opportunity to introduce politics into the police force such as was never possessed by any Tammany administration, and they are inclined to think that such is the purpose of the promoters.

GARNISHMENT BILL HEARING.

Bar Association Opposes a Measure Which Would Permit Legal Levies on Wages.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—The New York Bar Association, through the Secretary of its Committee on Amendments, Charles Buckley Hubbell, to-day filed a protest with the Codes Commitee against the bill introduced by Mr. Monroe of Tompkins County which provides that the wages of a workingman drawing a salary of more than $12 a week may be garnisheed for a debt created by him in the purchase of the necessaries of life. This bill is generally understood to be in the interest of the butchers and small grocery store men.

There was a hearing on the measure to-day before the Codes Committee, and the protest of the Bar Association was read. Among other things it set forth: "As a practical result the measure would be used as a means of oppression, for the judgment of the creditor would undoubtedly realize that in a large majority of cases the mere presentation of such an execution to the employer of the judgment debtor would be followed by his immediate discharge.

"The bill would extend proposed summary process not only to collection of wages of domestics and to income from trust funds, but to all salaried employes and to debts and profits generally, and provide that the levy shall be continuous until the judgment is satisfied. The embarrassment in everyday life which such a provision would entail upon substantially all forms of business need merely be pointed out to carry with it a condemnation of the bill."

William J. Gray, President of the Retail Grocers' Association of Brooklyn, and Thomas McMillan of Rochester, the President of the State Grocers' Association, spoke in favor of the bill.

JEROME BLAMES LINDINGER.

"Stupidity of the Liquor Dealers," He Declares Caused His Absence from the Albany Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Assemblyman Howard Conkling to-day received a letter from District Attorney Jerome in which he made a full explanation of his failure to come to Albany yesterday to be present at the hearing upon the Excise bill which Mr. Conkling introduced at his request.

"The mistake seems to have grown out of the stupidity of the liquor dealers themselves," Mr. Jerome says. "I trust a hearing may be arranged for next Tuesday, or such other day as may suit the convenience of the committee. I am very much annoyed over the matter, as I would not for a moment embarrass you in the slightest degree after all of your kindness in the matter."

Mr. Jerome asserts that his misinformation about the intentions of the committee came from Fritz Lindinger, the President of the Liquor Dealers' Association, who said he had positive information from Albany that only the opposition to the bill would be heard yesterday.

PLEA FOR LONG ISLAND PARK.

New Yorkers at Albany Ask for an Appropriation of $150,000.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Several prominent New Yorkers came here to-day to appear before the Ways and Means Committee of the Assembly and make an argument in favor of the bill introduced by Assemblyman Reeve, providing for an appropriation of $150,000 for the purchase of the site chosen by the State Commission appointed last year to decide upon a location for a State park on Long Island. Among them were De Lancey Nicoll and Dr. George A. Dickson.

The site chosen by the State Commission for the park, which is to be a preserve for deer, is just outside the town of Southampton, where Secretary Root and several other wealthy New Yorkers have their country homes. The site embraces 7,000 acres.

More Bonds for the Savings Banks.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Under a bill introduced in the Senate to-day, the scope of savings bank investments is extended so as to include the mortgage bonds of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railway Company, so long as they shall continue to earn and pay at least 4 per cent. on their outstanding capital and provided their capital shall equal or exceed one-third of the par value of all their bonded indebtedness.

Grant to a Catholic Institution.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—The lease by the City of New York to the late Cardinal McCloskey, as Archbishop, of land between Eighty-first and Eighty-second Streets, on the east side of Madison Avenue, for ninety-nine years at an annual rental of $1, for the Institution of Mercy, is to be made into a deed in fee simple for a nominal price under the terms of a bill introduced to-day by Senator Elsberg. It authorizes Archbishop Farley and his successors and the Institution of Mercy to lease or sell the premises and devote the funds to the institution.

Two Platoons for the City's Firemen.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Assemblyman McCarthy to-day introduced a bill providing for a two-platoon system for the firemen of New York City. It provides that the night shift shall consist of fourteen hours and the day shift of ten hours, and that no fireman shall be kept on the night shift longer than six months.

Corporations Object to Valuations.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—The State Board of Tax Commissioners gave a hearing to-day to representatives of corporations which object to the tentative valuations placed on their franchises for the current tax year under the Special Franchise Tax act. The valuations will not be made public by the board until after they are made final.

TERMINAL BILL OPPOSED

Delegation from the City Objects to New York Central Plans.

Railroad Attorney Makes a Sharp Reply—The Measure to be Reported with Amendments.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Objections to the New York Central Terminal bill were presented at the hearing given to-day by the Assembly Railroads Committee.

Cornelius O'Reilly, representing the United Real Estate Association, objected to the stipulation in the bill that the city should pay $800,000 of the cost of opening streets and constructing viaducts. He said that the amount the city should pay should not be fixed, but should be left to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to determine.

He also complained of the perpetuity clause and of the clause taking the power to pass upon the plans for the project from the Board of Aldermen and vesting it in the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. With regard to the perpetuity clause, Mr. O'Reilly said that the franchise ought to be granted upon terms similar to those upon which the Pennsylvania tunnel franchise was granted, that is, with a provision that there should be a readjustment every twenty-five years.

Richard J. O'Donovan, representing the East Side Citizens' Association, argued against the bill upon the same lines as Mr. O'Reilly.

Henry G. Wynn, a civil engineer, representing the Park Avenue property owners, made a protest against the 4 per cent. grade for the viaducts. He said that a 2½ per cent. grade was as steep as any civil engineer would approve. Any greater grade was certain to prove dangerous.

Ira L. Place, the attorney for the New York Central, declared that he had no patience with those who came forward at this late day to enter their protests against the plan which had been agreed upon by the railroad company and the city authorities.

"This matter has been under consideration, and hearings have been given in the City of New York," said Mr. Place, "ever since last September. We never saw one of these gentlemen, who have appeared here, or heard of their objections, until this moment.

"We have agreed with the city to spend millions of dollars for an improvement which we do not want, and it is only fair that the city should stand the expense, or a part of the expense, of opening up streets and constructing viaducts in connection with this improvement. These streets belong to the city, and the city would be called upon to maintain them under any circumstances.

"It is especially ungracious for property owners whose property has been increased in value since this improvement was projected from 25 to 50 per cent. to come at the last moment and interpose objections."

Mr. Place and Assistant Corporation Counsel Whitman agreed upon two amendments to the bill. The first amendment provides that the work of construction "shall be done by the company for and on behalf of and as contractors with the city." The second provides that $800,000 shall be all that the city shall be called upon to pay.

Chairman Dodell said to-night that the bill would be reported by the committee with the amendments which had been agreed upon between Mr. Place and Mr. Whitman, and with the further amendment that the State should not be liable for any damages arising from the work on the improvement.

BILLS IN THE LEGISLATURE.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—These bills were passed in the Senate to-day:

Senator TOWNSEND'S—Establishing a close season for the protection of wild black bears.

Senator RAINES'S—Giving Land Commissioners authority to cede to the United States land under water near Governors Island in New York Harbor.

Senator ELSBERG'S—Amending the civil code relative to security for costs.

Assemblyman DWYER'S—Placing the Orders of Foresters and Red Men under the benevolent orders act.

These bills were passed in the Assembly:

Assemblyman MORTIMER'S—Extending the powers of the Utica Mohawk River Channel Commissioners.

Assemblyman ORR'S—Regulating the payment for the annual parade and inspection of the Newburg Fire Department.

Assemblyman WEMPLE'S—Regulating the salaries of Schenectady Fire Department officials.

These bills were introduced in the Senate to-day:

By Mr. BARTON—Providing that a recording officer shall cancel an original mortgage by effacing without obliteration the signatures upon the document, and shall file the canceled mortgage in his office for ten years.

By Mr. WILCOX—Authorizing the City of Auburn to borrow $20,000 for an isolation hospital.

By Mr. MALBY—Authorizing the electors of Ogdensburg to vote on the question of free text books for their schools.

These bills were introduced in the Assembly:

By G. H. SMITH—Providing that in cities of the second class, the Street Commissioner, in cases where due diligence fails to locate effectively the owner of any premises, shall proceed to clean the sidewalks, and the cost shall be assessed, like taxes, against the property.

By Mr. BURKE—Requiring the Commissioner of Docks to keep recreation piers properly lighted and warmed in the Winter months.

By Mr. DAVIS—Requiring the owners of lands fronting upon highways in addition to cutting noxious weeds from the sides of the road twice a year, to keep the road clear of obstruction by snow or otherwise, upon order of the Overseer of Highways.

By Mr. MATHEWS—Providing that the killing of any person by a hunter in mistake for a deer is manslaughter in the second degree. To wound him without fatal results is made a felony punishable by imprisonment for five years or a fine of $500.

By Mr. PHILLIPS—Allowing to counties not wholly within cities of the first class two-thirds of excise fines and penalties collected in such county.

By Mr. COHN—Taking from the jurisdiction of the Court of Special Sessions in New York charges arising from violation of the liquor tax law.

By Mr. OXFORD—Making the fare on the Astoria Ferry not more than 2 cents for foot passengers.

By Mr. FOWLER—Authorizing the Governor to remove a County Treasurer on charges.

By Mr. DUER—Providing for an additional City Magistrate in Queens Borough.

These bills were reported favorably in the Senate:

Senator ELSBERG'S—Giving to the Police Commissioner of New York power to appoint a Chief Inspector; also providing for six, instead of four, Roundsmen to every fifty patrolmen; and for the appointment of 500 more this year, instead of 150, patrolmen each year. The bill also provides for an increase of 500 patrolmen in 1903, and the same number in 1904.

Senator PLUNKITT'S—Changing the boundaries of the Tenth and Eleventh and Twelfth Municipal Court Districts in New York City.

POLICEMAN'S VARIED CAREER.

Was Klondike Prospector and Newspaper Owner, and Intends to Study Law.

Policeman James D. O'Brien, just appointed, after standing at the head of more than 5,000 men who sought to join the force, went on duty as a patrolman at the West Thirtieth Street Station yesterday. His life history is unique in that he has been a successful Klondike prospector, and the editor and proprietor of a successful daily newspaper, and intends to pursue the study of law while a policeman, and has done all these things in his life time of twenty-two years.

He was born in St. Lawrence County, where he attended public school. The money he made from his claim on Spruce Creek in the Klondike he used in traveling through the West and Southwest. He founded his paper in his native county in 1901, and sold it at a profit. His means, however, were not sufficient to pay the expenses of the legal education upon which he is determined. It is intimated that he will shortly be assigned to clerical duty in the office of acting Inspector Walsh.

Jersey City Bond Bid Rejected.

The Jersey City Board of Finance yesterday offered for sale $500,000 worth of 4 per cent. refunded water bonds. Only one bid was received. It was made jointly by Parsons, Leake & Co. and John D. Eldrith, but as they only offered 100.09 the bid was rejected.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE

Albany Senator Joins the Bolters and Blocks a Bill.

Gov. Odell's Conveyance Tax Bill is Sent Back to a Committee for a Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—The three bolting Republican Senators to-day enlisted a recruit in a fight which they made in conjunction with the minority to prevent the jamming through of the Governor's bill providing for a tax of 10 cents on every dollar involved in real estate transfers. He was Senator McEwan of Albany County, who voted to recommit the bill for a hearing.

The objectors to the jamming process carried their point, the vote being 23 to 22 in favor of recommittal. The hearing on the bill has been set for next Wednesday at 2 o'clock.

In explaining his action against the majority of his party, Senator McEwan said that he considered the Conveyance Tax bill too important a measure to be passed without an opportunity having been given for a hearing upon it.

Albany politicians, however, thought they saw politics in his action. For some time William Barnes, the leader of this county, has been endeavoring to make a place for ex-Assemblyman William Coughtry. It was said at one time that Mr. Barnes had given Mr. Coughtry a promise to support him for Surveyor of the Port.

Mr. Barnes has just been reappointed by the President to this office, and according to the story told here when he concluded that he would like another term he pledged Mr. Coughtry to obtain for him a place which would be equally satisfactory. He made the effort to secure Mr. Coughtry's appointment as Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds, but was unable to induce Gov. Odell to assent to this plan.

It is hinted, therefore, that the vote of Senator McEwan to-day is notice to the Governor that he must do something for Mr. Coughtry in order that Mr. Barnes's pledges shall be redeemed.

When Chairman Green asked that the Conveyance Tax bill be advanced to third reading to-day Senator Grady objected. The people of the State, Senator Grady said, demand a hearing on the bill. "The people want to know," said the Senator, "why it is that the Governor proposes to tax real estate conveyances while not a farthing is to be assessed upon the transfer of millions upon millions of dollars in Wall Street. The Governor takes care of the bankers and brokers, and soaks the real estate owner. I move that the bill be recommitted."

Senator Raines retorted to Senator Grady with some show of heat that there had been no demand for a hearing on the bill.

"Well, I make such a demand now," responded Senator Grady. "What has become of the tax on stock certificates provided for in the original bill?"

"There never was any intention of taxing them," said Senator Raines.

"If the minority is so anxious to tax Wall Street, why does it not introduce a bill to that effect?" asked Senator Green.

"I am inclined to agree with Senator Grady that there ought to be a hearing on this bill," said Senator Brackett, "and I will vote to recommit it."

Senator Elsberg said he also favored a hearing on the bill, and when the vote was taken Senator McEwan voted with the other bolters, thus making a majority of one for recommittal.

The first vestibule bill of the session was passed by the Senate to-day when the McClelland measure providing for vestibules on railway cars operating in Westchester County received 47 votes. It was substituted for the one reported by the Railroads Committee Monday evening, which provided that all railways operating a mile beyond cities and villages shall have vestibules on cars during the Winter months.

In the Assembly, Mr. Morgan's bill appropriating $10,000 for, and continuing until next March, the commission appointed to inquire into the delays in the administration of justice in the First and Second Judicial Departments, caused some debate.

Mr. Palmer and Mr. Dooling attacked the bill on the ground that the commission had been at work long enough to make known the necessities of the case, and that the Governor's failure to make appointments had caused the delays.

Mr. Rogers said that the bill emanated from the commission, and the names of those composing it was sufficient guarantee of their sincerity. The bill was passed, yeas 84, nays 52.

TENEMENT FIRE PANIC.

People Rescued from Upper Floors by Firemen—Mourners Escape to Street with a Body.

The four-story double frame tenement at 118 Harrison Avenue, Williamsburg, was ruined by fire yesterday afternoon, and many lives were imperiled. The blaze started in the cellar, alongside the dumbwaiter, and is believed to have been caused by hot ashes carelessly thrown into a barrel by one of the tenants. The flames shot up the dumbwaiter, and a wild panic followed among the occupants, many of whom rushed to the street, those remaining in their apartments on the upper floors being rescued by the firemen.

A firebox at the corner of Middleton Street and Harrison Avenue was pulled, but the firemen did not respond. Twice more the alarm was pulled without any response. It was then found that the box was out of order. Word was then telephoned to Fire Headquarters, whence the alarm was sent to the fire companies.

In the meantime the blaze had communicated to 116 and 120 Harrison Avenue, also flat houses. On the third floor of No. 120 lived the family of Henry Schultz. Schultz died on Monday, in his seventy-ninth year, and at the time of the fire a dozen mourners were in the apartments. They hurriedly left the building, carrying the body to the street, where it was taken later in charge by an undertaker.

When the firemen finally reached the scene they found many of the water hydrants frozen, and had to thaw them. While this was being done the members of the hook and ladder companies raised ladders to the front of the building and brought the panic-stricken occupants on the upper floors to the street in safety.

The damage will amount to about $8,000.

Grieving for Son, Kills Himself.

Grieving over the death of a son who died six weeks ago, Wolf Polasch, fifty years old, a Hungarian cigarmaker, killed himself at his home, 208 East One Hundred and Fourteenth Street, yesterday by taking carbolic acid. His body was discovered in his bedroom by his wife and daughter.

A Telephone Subscriber has every advantage afforded by a comprehensive telephone system; incidentally, his name appears in the best of all directories.

Low Rates. Efficient Service.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

15 Dey Street, 111 West 38th Street, 30 West 18th Street, 844 East 138th Street.

HARPERS

The New Boy At Dale

By CHAS. EDWARD ROCK.

A healthy, clean, story of the "new boy's" adventures at Dale School and elsewhere.

HARPER & BROTHERS Franklin Square New York

FOR 21 YEARS NEW ENGLAND'S FAVORITE UNION MADE 7-20-4 10c. CIGAR.

N. Y. distributor, Albert H. Hillman, 84 Park Row. E. G. SULLIVAN, MFR., MANCHESTER, N. H.

GOLD SEAL

America's Most Popular

CHAMPAGNE

"SPECIAL DRY." "BRUT."

50% INCREASE

in the sale of Gold Seal for 1902. Gold Seal is sold all over the world. Its popularity is proof of its quality, boquet and flavor. Why pay twice as much for foreign labels?

"GOLD SEAL" is sold everywhere and served at all leading clubs and cafes.

URBANA WINE CO., URBANA, N. Y., SOLE MAKER.

JAMES BUTLER CHOICE GROCERIES

TEAS.

Extra Fancy, First Pickings, in parchment lined cartons.

Golden Tips Ceylon.

Lb. Carton, 50c; ½-Lb. Carton, 25c

UNXLD BRAND.

Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Indian and mixed,

Lb. Carton, 50c; ½-Lb. Carton, 25c

JAMES BUTLER CHOICE GROCERIES

TEAS.

BEST NO. 1.

Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Mixed, Ceylon, Japan, Gunpowder and Young Hyson.

3 lbs., $1; lb., 35c

CHOICE NO. 2.

Mixed, English Breakfast and Oolong.

3 lbs., 70c; lb., 25c

JAMES BUTLER

3½ Pounds Granulated Sugar } Both 18c
Package Uneeda Biscuit

This is merely one of many items that always excite interest in our announcements. In each advertisement there are many striking offerings of the very best of all that is good in groceries, and at prices lower than the lowest elsewhere. The vast purchases necessary to supply our 110 stores put us beyond the reach of competition. The sale of Potatoes which began on Monday is still in progress, and if you haven't ordered a supply, better do so at once. The potatoes are of the choicest fancy stock and will cook dry, white and mealy.

POTATOES—BARREL, $2.25; PECK, 21c.; BASKET, 11c.

An Extra Choice Special.
Can Delaware Standard Tomatoes,
Can fancy Early June Peas,
Can N. Y. State Extra String Beans,
The Three for 25c

Liberty Preserves.
Made from fresh fruits: assorted; packed in stone crocks; 3 lbs. 25c

Blue Ribbon Jams.
Absolutely pure—made from finest fresh fruits; assorted; pound jar 15c

Peas—Essie Brand, extra fancy sifted early June, can 15c
Peas—Hillside Brand, fancy sifted early June, can 13c., 2 for 25c
Peas—Queen Brand, early June, can 10c
French Peas, packed by Bizet & Cie., 2 cans 25c
Essie Peaches, finest California lemon Cling, heavy syrup, can 19c
Essie Pears—Finest California, in heavy syrup, can 19c
Essie Plums—Finest California Green Gage or Egg Plums, can 17c
Essie Apricots—Fine California fruit, heavy syrup, can 17c
California Fruits—Peaches, Pears, Plums and Apricots, in heavy syrup, natural flavor, can 15c
Peaches—Fancy Southern, 3 lb. can 10c
Prunes—Fancy Santa Clara fruit; large size, 3 lbs. 25c
Evaporated Apples—Large, bright fruit, in carton; lb. 10c
Evaporated Apricots—Fancy California, in carton; lb. 12c
Evaporated Peaches—Extra, fancy, California Muir, in carton; lb. 12c
Salmon—Monument Brand, fancy red alaska; lb. can 10c
Salmon—Best red Alaska; pound can, 13c; 2 for 25c
Salmon—Sport Brand, fancy Sockeye, lb., tall can 15c
Marshall Kippered Herring—Scotch fish, best imported, can 15c
Gold Label Sardines, in mayonnaise, can 11c
Codfish—Pure, in tablets, lb. 9c
Cromarty Bloaters—Fine large fish, 7 for 10c
Salad Oil—Domestic; qt. bottle 15c
Peerless Catsup—Finest made, pt. bottle 15c
Salt—Blue Ribbon Brand, pure and free running, in moisture-proof carton, 2 lbs. 5c
Salt—Vacuum Process, for table use, large bag 5c
Black Pepper, guaranteed, pure, ¼-lb. can 8c
Vanilla or Lemon Extract, "Our Own" Brand, bottle 10c
Vermont Maple Syrup, pt. bottle 15c
White Wine or Cider Vinegar—Guaranteed pure; qt. bottle 7c
Asparagus—Golden State, fancy California; can 25c
Asparagus—Oyster Bay, extra large spears; can 29c
Blue Ribbon Jelly Powder—Fine for dessert, all flavors; pkg. 9c

Johnson's Famous Home-made Preserves; 5-lb. crocks; 49c the crock.

Blue Ribbon Mince Meat, finest quality; lb. package 9c
Yellow or White Meal, for muffins, corn bread, etc.; 3-lb. linen bag 9c
Smyrna Layer Figs, lb. 15c
Rice—finest Carolina, full head, 3½ lbs. 25c
Lazenby's English Pickles—Imported; chow chow or mixed, glass patent top bottle 15c
R. & R. Pickles, mixed Gherkins, Chow Chow and Onions, bottle 10c
Liberty Pickles—Extra quality, all kinds, octagon bottle 12c
Buckwheat—Peerless Brand, 3 lb pkge. 10c
Buckwheat—Triumph Brand, finest quality, 3 lb. pkge. 14c
Syrup—Golden Drip, quart bottle 12c
Molasses—New Orleans, quart bottle 12c
Gelatine—Peerless Brand, package 9c
Hominy—Finest Southern, kiln dried, 3 lb. pkge. 14c

Cereals.

Malta Vita,
Cero Fruto,
Triumph Oats,
Shredded Wheat,
Blue Ribbon Breakfast Food, choice of any, package 10c
Codfish Threads—Excelsior Brand; full size package 4c
Codfish Threads—Peerless Brand, very best packed, package 8c
Olives—Fancy Queens:
8-oz. bottle 10c
10-oz. bottle 15c
18-oz. bottle 25c
4-oz. bottle, stuffed 10c
8-oz. bottle, fancy stuffed 19c
Pears—Fancy Southern, 3 lb. can 10c
English Mustard, warranted pure, ½ lb. can 10c

JAMES BUTLER CHOICE GROCERIES

Bread.
Made at the largest and cleanest bakery in the city.
Domestic, loaf 7c
Cottage, " 7c
New England, " 5c
Split, " 5c
Quaker, " 3c
Vienna, " 3c

STORES EVERYWHERE. 110 RETAIL BRANCHES

Oranges.
California Navels—extra fancy fruit.
Medium size, dozen 19c
Large size, dozen 23c
Extra large, dozen 29c

Lemons.
Fancy large Messinas, dozen 10c

JAMES BUTLER CHOICE GROCERIES

CLOTURE IN THE SENATE

Expressions of Opposition to the Adoption of Such a Measure.

Free Discussion Desired by Several Senators—Maintenance of the Rights of the Minority.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—There was a lively debate in the Senate to-day over Senator Quay's resolution declaring it to be the sense of the Senate that there should be a vote on the Statehood bill before the adjournment of Congress. As a substitute for that proposition Senator McComas re-offered Senator Platt's cloture resolution, introduced two years ago, and a motion was made to refer the whole proposition to the Committee on Rules.

It was pending when the Senate went into executive session. The discussion of the subject brought out the fact that the Senate was strongly opposed to cloture in any form. The debate was very general, a dozen Senators expressing their opinions on the subject.

Mr. Spooner (Rep., Wis.) opened the debate. He opposed the resolutions, saying that it was in a sense cloture, to which he was opposed, or a censure upon the minority, which he did not think was right. Under the present rules, he maintained, the interests of the country are better served than if there was a cloture. The resolution, he insisted, calls on the Senate practically to put a vote of censure upon those who happen to be conscientiously opposed to the Omnibus Statehood bill.

Mr. Teller (Dem., Col.) agreed with Mr. Spooner and believed in maintaining free discussion. Mr. Cockrell (Dem., Mo.) coincided with that view. Mr. Bacon (Dem., Ga.) expressed the opinion that the debate had been profitable, and, as he thought, finally put at rest the question whether the Senate will adopt cloture.

Mr. Platt (Rep., Conn.) differed in the view taken and said that he did not believe in absolute untrammeled debate when it reaches the point of obstruction.

Mr. Aldrich (Rep., R. I.) declared that it was not the intention of the resolution to place a restraint on the Senate. Its introduction and consideration was a farce.

Mr. Lodge (Rep., Mass.) said a majority in the Senate always gets a vote when it is a real majority, which must be something more than numerical. "Those whom it behooves most to oppose the resolution," he said, "are the party of the minority, whose rights are at stake and whose last protection is found on the floor of the Senate." He said that majorities of the majority party were entitled to control the legislation of a parliamentary party.

Mr. McComas (Rep., Md.) offered a substitute for the resolution, which was a copy of an amendment to the rules of the Senate offered by Mr. Platt (Rep., Conn.) some time ago and provided for limited cloture.

Mr. Bate (Dem., Tenn.) said that he believed that the unanimous consent rule was the best method of reaching a vote.

Mr. Dubois (Rep., Idaho,) answering particularly Mr. Lodge, declared that if a majority of the Senate thought it for the best interests of the country to pass a bill, they ought to be allowed to vote, and nobody compelled to belong to the majority party. "Otherwise," said he, "the minority might just as well go home."

Mr. Mason (Rep., Ill.) said the minority is the great part of the Senate, which is the only body where the minority stops legislation.

Mr. Carmack (Dem., Tenn.) said that where debates are carried on purely for the purpose of obstruction they are likely to lead to a cloture rule which will defeat legitimate debate.

No action was taken on the resolution or substitute, although a motion had been made to refer the matter to the Committee on Rules.

STATEHOOD AS A RIDER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Senator Mason, from the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, to-day reported the Post Office Appropriation bill, with an amendment providing for the admission of Oklahoma, Arizona, and New Mexico as States. The Statehood amendment is somewhat different from the Statehood bill, as Arizona is the first of the Territories mentioned in the amendment, whereas it is the last mentioned in the bill. The transposition was made in order to give Arizona the benefit of the first vote in case of a division of the question.

SENATOR SCOTT DEPARTS.

Illness and Hard Work Have Caused Him to Go to Southern Bohemia—To Be Away This Summer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Senator Scott of West Virginia has gone to Europe for his health. He has been a resident of Washington for many years, first as Commissioner of Internal Revenue and later as Senator. He is a tall, well-built man, and he has shown activity in public affairs.

For two years past he has been concerned about his physical condition, and has been under the care of a physician. He has gone to try the efficacy of the Carlsbad baths in Southern Bohemia. The Summer is to be spent there, Mrs. Scott accompanying the Senator.

More than once Mr. Scott has discussed the subject of his resignation from the Senate. Much of his trouble is due to his habit of prolonged and hard work. His malady resulted from service during the civil war, and it has been aggravated by the conditions of public life.

The Senator is a native of Ohio, and he settled in West Virginia at the close of the war, ultimately making a large fortune. He became a member of the Republican National Executive Committee in 1888, and he has served on the committee since. Two years of his term remain.

SENATOR MORGAN UNWEARIED.

He Speaks Several Hours on the Canal Treaty—His Resolution of Inquiry Voted Down.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Senate spent three and a half hours in executive session to-day, and nearly all the time was occupied by Senator Morgan's speech on the Panama Canal treaty. At the close of the session a vote was taken at Senator Morgan's request on his resolution for an inquiry into the credentials of Tomas Herran, who represented the Colombian Government in negotiating the treaty, and also suggesting the irregularity of the Colombian Government. This was defeated, 12 to 39.

There were two calls for a quorum during the session, but Senators responded readily, showing that, while they were not present in the chamber, many of them were in the near-by committee rooms.

Senator Morgan spoke principally on this resolution, and had the clerk read a long report on it, which he had prepared and had printed as a minority report of the Committee on Inter-Oceanic Canals.

After the vote was taken on the resolution Senator Cullom moved that the Senate adjourn, saying he would ask hereafter that the session be continued into the night until a vote was taken on the treaty.

COLOMBIA AND THE TREATY.

PANAMA, Feb. 18.—Reliable information received here from Bogota indicates that the opposition to the Panama Canal treaty considerably diminished on the publication of its full text. In official circles there it is believed there will be no danger of the canal treaty not being approved by the Colombian Congress.

SHIP SUBSIDY BILL.

Congressman Belmont Declares That He Is Opposed to the Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Representative Belmont of New York vigorously denied to-day that he would be a party to any scheme to get the Ship Subsidy bill out of the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

"I am absolutely opposed to the pending Subsidy bill," said Mr. Belmont. "I have always been opposed to it, and expect to so remain, and I shall be here to fight the bill next Monday in the committee and also in the House, if it ever comes up in the House. As far as I know and believe, every Democrat on the committee is absolutely opposed to that bill, and will be present when necessary to so record himself."

The Republican opponents of the bill are "standing pat," and if Mr. Belmont describes correctly the attitude of the Democrats, there is no chance for Gen. Grosvenor to get the bill reported. Senator Hanna will be accommodated with the vote he wants, and it will stop there.

TWO GENERALS PROMOTED.

Inspector General Breckinridge and Quartermaster General Ludington Nominated to the Rank of Major General.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Major Gen. Hughes will retire from active service on account of age on April 11 next, and, in anticipation of that, the President sent to the Senate to-day the nomination of Gen. Breckinridge, Inspector General, to succeed Hughes, and the nomination of Gen. Ludington, Quartermaster General, to succeed Breckinridge upon the retirement of the latter, which will follow immediately after he reaches the higher grade. Gen. Ludington is to be retired also immediately after his promotion. Brig. Gen. Wade will be advanced to the vacancy.

The nominations came as a surprise to army officers, except those directly concerned. The original programme of the department, as announced several weeks ago, contemplated the single promotion of Brig. Gen. Wade to the grade of Major General on the statutory retirement of Major Gen. Hughes. The promotions of Gen. Breckinridge and Gen. Ludington to the grade of Major General on the retirement of Gen. Hughes was an afterthought.

There is an impression in well-informed military circles that the enactment of the General Staff law and Gen. Breckinridge's connection with that legislation were potent factors in bringing about the change of plan. Gen. Breckinridge would not have retired under ordinary conditions until January, 1906. Gen. Ludington is three years older than the Inspector General, and he would have retired for age on July 4 next. In recognition of their long and honorable service the Secretary of War, with the approval of the President, concluded to advance them to the grade of Major General on the condition that they retire at once.

Gen. Wade is the senior Brigadier of the line, and he held that rank before the commencement of hostilities with Spain. Upon the reorganization of the army Wade was "jumped" by all of the officers now holding the rank of Major General. Wade was holding the rank of Brigadier before Young, who is the senior Major General, was a Colonel. Wade, it is understood, will be continued as Major General until he reaches the retiring age, on April 14, 1907.

Major Gen. Davis and Lieut. Gen. Miles are to be retired for age also this year, the former on July 26 and the latter on Aug. 8. After the retirement of Gen. Davis, Brig. Gen. Sumner, now in the Philippines, will be advanced to the grade of Major General. After the retirement of Gen. Miles, Gen. Young will get the grade of Lieutenant General and Brig. Gen. Leonard Wood will succeed Young.

That is the present programme, but it may be set aside temporarily in order to promote a few officers to the higher grade, as in several instances recently, the latest being Gens. Breckinridge and Ludington.

NEGRO ARMY OFFICERS.

Eight Colored Men Hold Commissions—One a West Point Graduate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Eight colored men hold commissions as officers of the United States Army, of whom one is a graduate of the Military Academy of the class of 1889. This officer is Capt. Charles Young of the Ninth Cavalry, who is serving with his troop at the Presidio, San Francisco.

Two other colored men are serving with the line—Second Lieut. Benjamin O. Davis of the Tenth Cavalry and Second Lieut. John E. Green of the Twenty-fifth Infantry. Davis is a native of the District of Columbia, and, following the war with Spain, was appointed a Lieutenant of one of the colored regiments raised for service in the Philippines. When his regiment was mustered out Davis enlisted in the Ninth Cavalry, and after serving two years with that regiment was designated for examination for appointment as a Lieutenant, and, passing the required examination, was commissioned and assigned to the Tenth Cavalry. Green is a native of Tennessee, and after serving as an enlisted man in the Twenty-fourth Infantry for two years passed the examination for a commission and was appointed a Second Lieutenant and assigned to the Twenty-fifth Infantry.

John R. Lynch of Mississippi represented his district in Congress for a number of years, and in June, 1898, was appointed a volunteer paymaster with the rank of Major. Under the Reorganization act Lynch was appointed to the regular establishment with the rank of Captain, and is now stationed at Omaha. The other four colored men holding commissions are Chaplains of the four colored regiments—the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry, and Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Infantry.

Officers to be Retired.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Orders were issued at the War Department to-day for the retirement of Brig. Gen. Joseph P. Farley, recently promoted from Colonel in the Ordnance Department, and Col. Lawrence S. Babbitt of the Ordnance Department. Seven of the other Brigadier Generals confirmed at the same time as Col. Farley are to be successively retired, one each day until the list is exhausted, up to the case of Gen. Francis Moore, who is to be retained on the active list for service in the Philippines, where he has been stationed for some time.

THE CASE OF MAJOR GLENN.

Gen. Davis Approves the Verdict of Acquittal, but Condemns the Accused Officer's Orders.

MANILA, Feb. 18.—Gen. Davis has approved the finding of the court-martial in the case of Major Edwin F. Glenn of the Fifth Infantry, who was acquitted on Jan. 29 of the charge of unlawfully killing prisoners of war with the qualification that he disapproves of the orders issued by Major Glenn.

The General says he recognizes the principle that guides may be impressed, and that treacherous guides may be executed, but he adds that Major Glenn's orders showed a reckless disregard for human life, which the General condemns and reprobates.

AMERICAN OFFICER A DATTO.

Moros Consecrate Capt. Pershing, and Then Subscribe to Peace Over the Koran.

MANILA, Feb. 18.—While Capt. Pershing was at Bayan, the Moro stronghold in the Lanao district of the Island of Mindanao, the Moros consecrated him a Datto, which is a priestly office. After the consecration the Moro leaders and Capt. Pershing subscribed to peace over a copy of the Koran.

When the United States flag was raised over the Bayan forts Capt. Pershing's batteries saluted it by firing shrapnel shells, having no saluting cartridges. The execution done by the shrapnel impressed the Moros wonderfully.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day:

Colonel—Lieut. Col. Winfield S. Edgerly, Seventh Cavalry.

Lieutenant Colonel—Major Walter S. Schuyler, Second Cavalry.

Major—Capt. Augustus P. Blocksom, Seventh Cavalry.

Captain—First Lieut. A. E. Kennington, Tenth Cavalry.

Second Lieutenants, Infantry—Julius S. Terrill, Vermont; Walter W. Merrill, Ohio; Reginald H. Kelly, California; Edward H. Pearce, California; Claud H. Feamster, Texas; Cyrus R. Street, California; Clarence A. Eustaphieve, New York; Joseph A. Mauborgne, New York; Joseph M. Cummins, Missouri; Thomas C. Musgrave, Texas; Converse R. Lewis, Louisiana.

Navy.—Assistant Paymasters—Howard D. Lamar, Indiana; Frederick H. Lemly, North Carolina.

Surveyor General of Nevada—Matthew Kyle, Nevada.

Secretary of Legation and Consul General at Bangkok, Siam—Paul Nash, New York.

Favorable Reports on Treaties.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations to-day authorized favorable reports on the extradition treaty with Mexico and on an agreement with France extending the provisions of the French reciprocity treaty to Porto Rico.

PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS

Warm Temper Again Shown by Members of the House.

Army Appropriation Bill Sent Back to Conference Because of the Senate Amendments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Members of the House again indulged in sharp language to-day, the occasion being the discussion of the conference report on the Army Appropriation bill. Mr. Hull (Rep., Iowa,) declared a statement by Mr. Slayden (Dem., Texas,) was untrue, and the result was an interchange of warm remarks.

Because of the amendments made by the Senate relating to the retirement of veteran officers at the grade above that which they hold, and permitting army officers to deposit their savings with the Government, the House rejected the conference report. By specific votes it insisted on the disagreement on these two items.

Much of the opposition to the retirement clause comes from those officers on the retired list who would not be included in its provisions, and their friends. As originally passed by the Senate nearly every officer on the retired list who served in the army from 1861 to 1865 could receive promotion, as well as others who entered and retired from the army following the civil war. The conferrees placed a limitation in the amendment which excluded all from the privileges of the proposed retirement who have not served for at least twenty years on the active list.

There is also opposition to the amendment because of the large increase it would make in the pay of the army. This class and those who are disappointed because the proposition is not sufficiently comprehensive combined and assisted in the adverse action of to-day.

When Mr. Hull called up the conference report Mr. Hay, (Dem., Va.,) one of the conferrees, strenuously opposed its adoption, because of the provision for retirement of army officers. He also protested against the provision to permit army officers to deposit their money with the Government. Mr. Hay expressed the opinion that the latter plan would establish a dangerous precedent; that it would lead to the granting of the same privilege to naval officers, and might be extended to civil employes of the Government. He characterized it as "paternalism run mad."

Mr. Slayden charged Mr. Hull with bad faith in not giving the House a chance for a direct vote on the deposit amendment. He said Mr. Hull had promised such a vote.

"I desire to say," interposed Mr. Hull, "that the statement is not true."

"The gentleman's courtesy," retorted Mr. Slayden, "is equal to his veracity. It is a cheap form of debate which permits the gentleman to indulge in the expression he has used, and only the fact that I am at the bar of the House restrains me from replying to his blackguardism as it deserves." There was applause on the Democratic side at this remark.

Mr. Mann (Rep., Ill.,) undertook to rebuke Mr. Slayden. He said he was surprised that the Texan should use an expression "far worse" than that employed by Mr. Hull.

"The gentleman's idea of good manners does not especially commend itself to me," replied Mr. Slayden. He said that only strong provocation had induced him to say what he had. He then quoted from The Record to show that Mr. Hull had virtually pledged the House an opportunity to vote on this proposition.

Mr. Stevens (Rep., Minn.,) also opposed the adoption of the conference report. He especially antagonized the retirement provision, which, he said, was not only retroactive but discriminated against a class of deserving officers.

Mr. Capron (Rep., R. I.,) declared that the attacks upon the conference report were unfair and unwarranted.

Mr. Cannon (Rep., Ill.,) protested against the manner in which appropriation bills were loaded down by the Senate with all sorts of legislative provisions that were not in order in the House. The practice, he declared, not only demoralized appropriation bills, but would bring scandal and deserved criticism. "In the House," said he, "we legislate under rules. In another body they legislate by unanimous consent. Gentlemen know what that means." There was general applause at this sally.

Mr. Richardson, (Dem., Tenn.,) in opposing the conference report, declared that whether he had sought to do so or not, Mr. Hull had misled the House.

Mr. Hull concluded the debate. He defended his position, calling attention to what he stated at the time the bill went to conference and to what occurred in the Committee on Military Affairs to show that he had carried out instructions. He said personally he would have preferred to have allowed the House to pass upon the antagonized amendments separately.

The conference report was then voted down 33 to 69. The House by specific votes insisted upon its disagreement to the retirement and officers' deposit amendments. The bill then was sent back to conference, and the House resumed consideration of the Naval Appropriation bill.

Slow progress was made, only twenty pages being covered. An amendment was adopted to appropriate $16,000 for a crane track around Dry Dock No. 1, New York Navy Yard.

An appropriation of $100,000 for expenses incident to the occupation of the new naval station the Government is to acquire from Cuba was placed in the bill at the request of the Navy Department.

Mr. Gaines (Dem., Tenn.,) took advantage of the item increasing the limit of cost of the new Naval Academy to $10,000,000 to comment on the fact that the increase was demanded on account of the higher cost of material and labor, and he offered an amendment to admit free of duty materials for the buildings at the Naval Academy. It was ruled out on a point of order.

HAD HER HUSBAND ENJOINED.

Pending Dissolution and Separation Suits Otto Credo Must Not Enter His Wife's Hotel.

Justice Garretson in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn issued an injunction yesterday on the application of Mrs. Otto Credo of South Beach, Staten Island, restraining her husband from entering her hotel after seven days' time, until proceedings for a copartnership dissolution and a separation suit have been decided.

Credo for years has been a hotel proprietor on Staten Island. His places have been headquarters for politicians. While few persons would recognize her under that name, Mrs. Credo is probably even better known than her husband. Like him, she has been in the hotel business for years. For twelve years she has had a hotel at South Beach. Her first husband was named Miller. The hotel always retained that name, Miller's, and most of the thousands who were acquainted with Mrs. Credo knew her only as Mrs. Miller.

In 1896 Credo owned the hotel adjoining the Miller House on the beach. In that year they were married and about the time the season closed Credo closed his place and sold it. He and his wife then ran the Miller House under the firm name of Miller & Credo, although the name Miller alone appeared on the signs.

Some months ago Mrs. Miller-Credo brought action for legal separation from Credo, alleging cruel treatment. The husband retorted with a suit for an accounting from the firm of Miller & Credo, and asked for a receiver and the dissolution of the copartnership. Both these proceedings are pending in the courts at the present time, and are not likely to be decided for some months to come.

Pending the action of the courts in these matters, the troubles of the pair do not appear to have ended, and recently William M. Mullen, counsel for Mrs. Miller-Credo, asked for an injunction restraining Credo from entering upon the hotel premises. Allaire Short, counsel for Mr. Credo, resisted, claiming that until the receivership for the copartnership was allowed, Mr. Credo, as one of the partners, had as much right in the hotel and its adjuncts as had the other partner.

Mr. Mullen contended that the business was wholly the property of Mrs. Miller-Credo in that the established name of Miller drew the trade to the hotel. Briefs were submitted, and the decision was given yesterday.

Justice Garretson orders that within two days Credo remove his personal belongings from Miller's, and further that within five days thereafter he personally leave and remain away until the cases at law be decided. During the seven days during which Credo may go to the hotel he may do so only between the hours of 9 in the morning and 5 in the afternoon.

Mr. Credo is Mrs. Miller-Credo's third husband. She was once married to a man named MacFarland. He started one afternoon to walk across the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bridge between Staten Island and New Jersey, missed his footing, and slipped to the ground, and was picked up dead.

STEEL TRUST DECISION

Justice Van Syckle Hands Down His Opinion.

The Corporation Upheld by the Court of Errors and Appeals of New Jersey in the Syllabus Filed.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 18.—Justice Van Syckle to-day filed in the Court of Errors and Appeals the opinion in the Steel Trust case, the decision of which was announced ten days ago. The opinion, which covers thirty-nine pages completely, upholds the contentions of the Steel Corporation lawyers. The suit was that brought by J. Aspinwall Hodge and others to enjoin the Steel Corporation from converting $200,000,000 of preferred stock into bonds, and also to restrain the payment of $10,000,000 to J. P. Morgan for underwriting the new bond issue.

Justice Van Syckle, in the syllabus of the opinion, lays down the laws as follows:

First—At a meeting of the stockholders of a corporation, owners of shares are under no disability to vote because they are also Directors of the corporation. They do not vote in their judiciary capacity, but like other stockholders, in the right of the shares held by them.

Second—At a duly convened meeting of stockholders they may lawfully enter into or authorize a contract between the company and a third party, in which the Directors are personally interested, if it is done with notice of such interest.

Third—The general doctrine is well established in this State that facts known, which are sufficient to put a party upon inquiry, are sufficient to charge him with all such knowledge as he would have acquired by a proper inquiry in the ordinary course of business.

Fourth—The rule that Directors cannot lawfully enter into a contract in the benefit of which every one of their number participates without the knowledge and consent of the stockholders is the settled law of the State.

Fifth—Such a contract is voidable at the option of the corporation, but is not void per se. When the facts are disclosed to the stockholders it may be subsequently ratified by them.

Sixth—When the by-laws of a corporation adopted by the stockholders in pursuance of authority given by the act of incorporation provide that by a majority vote a stockholders' meeting shall be binding on the corporation, every shareholder will be bound by all acts and proceedings within the scope of the power and authority conferred by the charter, which shall be approved or sanctioned by the vote of a majority of such shareholders duly taken and ascertained according to law.

Seventh—The act of incorporation of the United States Steel Corporation requires the corporation to pay to the preferred shareholders a yearly dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. in quarterly payments. By the terms of the act of 1902 said corporation cannot take advantage of its provisions unless it shall have continuously declared and paid dividends at the rate of 7 per cent. on the preferred stock, for a period of at least one year next preceding a meeting called to avail itself of the act.

The meeting was held May 19, 1902. A dividend of 1¾ per cent. was declared and paid for the quarter ended July 1, 1901. A like dividend for each of the quarters ended Oct. 1, 1901; Jan. 1, 1902, and April 1, 1902. Held, that this was a compliance with the act of 1902.

Justice Van Syckle said also in his opinion:

"There is an entire absence in the case of anything to show a taint of fraud, or an attempt to conceal from the shareholders any fact which should have influenced their action.

"That the entire proceeding was conducted with good faith, without concealment, and with fairness to both parties is evinced by the fact that during all the litigation which has ensued, under the promotion of a share owner, who did not attend the meeting, not one of the vast number of shareholders who were present in person or by proxy, comprising men of great business capacity, interested to the extent of millions of dollars in the conversion plan, has questioned its proprietary, or expressed a desire, so far as appears, to recede from it.

"The contract with the bankers was submitted to the stockholders without comment, and as stated in the resolutions, of which a copy was tendered to the stockholders, 'was not finally to become or to be operative until after approval thereof by the stockholders in special meeting assembled.'"

The announcement that the opinion had been filed did not create much interest in Wall Street. Representatives of the Steel Corporation declared that they had nothing to say regarding the matter. It is understood, however, that the Board of Directors will hold a meeting at an early time to put through the bond conversion plan.

In this connection it was stated yesterday that the preferred stockholders now number 32,000, while there are 24,500 common stockholders. This list will be increased by the allotment of the preferred shares to the employes.

MR. CORTELYOU SWORN IN.

Many Applicants for Appointment to the New Department—Talk of Labor Representative for Assistant Secretary.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—George B. Cortelyou was sworn in to-day as Secretary of Commerce and Labor. The oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Fuller. The Chief Justice also administered the oath to William Loeb, as Secretary to the President.

The pressure for offices in the new department continues, and is becoming so great that the President will probably soon announce his selection of an Assistant Secretary in order to stop the rush. The applicants for that office are numerous. It is understood that the President will select some one representing organized labor for the office, although organized labor has held aloof and presented no candidate.

The Republican leaders are somewhat disturbed over the evidences that labor is dissatisfied with the inclusion of the Labor Bureau in the new department. The Democrats in Congress made a fight to have it kept as a separate bureau.

There is some talk that the President will select a member of the American Federation of Labor. If so, he will probably confer with Samuel Gompers before sending the name of his choice to the Senate.

Secretary Cortelyou was kept busy to-day receiving applications for office. Several Senators and Representatives urged the claims of various candidates. Mr. Cortelyou has not come to any decision about appointments.

The question of a home for the department is occupying a good deal of attention, and Representative Mercer of Nebraska, Chairman of the House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, called upon the Secretary to-day to talk about the location. The department is to be one of the largest in the Government. Figures that have been prepared concerning floor space indicate that a building suitable for the department is not available at present in the city.

The Southern Railway Building, at Pennsylvania Avenue and Thirteenth Street, has been suggested. It is understood that officials of the company are considering an offer to remove the general offices to Atlanta, and that the idea of purchasing the building has been broached to the Government. There is doubt as to whether the building is big enough.

Mr. Mercer is an advocate of a new building, to be erected for the use of the department. He thinks that if fairly adequate plans can be presented, Congress can authorize the erection of the building at the present session. There is plenty of money available, he says, and no reason for waiting.

Bids for Public Cartage.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Bids were opened in the Treasury Department to-day for the public cartage of examination and sample packages from the piers to the United States Appraiser's Stores in New York. There were nine bids, of which that of John J. Hannon of New York was the lowest at 1 cent each for sample packages and 9¾ cents for examination packages. The matter has been referred to the Collector in New-York for report and recommendation.

Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Senate to-day confirmed the nominations of Vivian J. Fagin to be Marshal for the Southern District of Ohio and John T. McDonough of New York to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Philippine Islands.

THE BIG STORE A CITY IN ITSELF

SIEGEL COOPER CO.

SIXTH AVE. MEET ME AT THE FOUNTAIN 18TH & 19TH STS.

Women's White Petticoats.

A Remarkable Purchase—A Notable Special Sale Starts To-day.

NEARLY 7,000 muslin and cambric Petticoats go on sale this morning at prices that will create a storm of approval. At no time before have we offered such excellent bargains.

This Sale Represents the Entire Surplus Stock of a Leading Manufacturer.

Every garment is perfectly made, and of generous proportions. No skimping anywhere. The lowest priced Petticoat is proportionately as choice in the matter of worthiness as the highest priced one.

With Spring only a few weeks distant, the opportunity becomes of double interest. To expedite rapid selection, we have divided the garments into five lots, as follows:

LOT 1—WOMEN'S PETTICOATS of good muslin, deep flounce of lawn, cluster of hemstitched tucks, wide embroidery ruffle, extra dust ruffle. 50c

LOT 2—WOMEN'S PETTICOATS of cambric and muslin; several styles; some with deep lawn flounce; two insertions and edge of torchon lace; others trimmed with fine embroidery; extra dust ruffle. 75c

LOT 3—WOMEN'S PETTICOATS of cambric; several styles to choose from; some have knee flounce of lawn; three wide torchon insertions and edge; others with deep flounce of wide embroidery; extra dust ruffle. 98c

LOT 4—WOMEN'S PETTICOATS of cambric; several styles; some prettily trimmed with Point de Paris lace; others with cluster of tucks and embroidery edge; extra dust ruffle. 1.50

LOT 5—WOMEN'S PETTICOATS of cambric; circular flounce of fine lawn; elaborately trimmed with Point de Paris lace; extra dust ruffle. 2.50

(Second Floor, East of Centre.)

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

Ladies' Suit Department.

ADVANCE SALE OF LADIES' SHIRT WAIST SUITS.

A Showing of New Style "ENGLISH COAT SUITS," long skirt, coat effects, in Broadcloths, Zibeline, Cheviots, tailor-made, in exclusive styles $25.00

Foulard Silk Shirt Waist Suits $15.00

WALKING SUITS, of Fancy Mixtures, all colors, in new and exclusive styles, "Superior Manufacture," $18.00 $20.00 $25.00

Separate Skirts.

Graceful Hanging SEPARATE DRESS SKIRTS, made of Voile Mesh materials over drop skirt of superior quality silk; several styles, plain or taffeta trimmed (value $20) $11.75

RUNABOUT SKIRTS of Cheviots, Serges, Meltons, in several new styles, $5.00 $7.75 $10.00

Broadway and 21st Street.

NO DEFENSE OF SPRINGER

Counsel for Alleged Tax Conspirator Call No Witnesses.

Plea for Dismissal Denied by Justice Herrick—To Try Philip Baer at Once.

The closing arguments were made yesterday in the case of Nathan Springer, chief of the alleged tax fraud conspiracy, on trial before Justice Herrick. No defense was offered on behalf of Springer. Justice Herrick will give the case to the jury to-day.

Several witnesses were examined during the day. County Detective William K. Secord, who by direction of District Attorney Jerome placed himself in the hands of the alleged conspirators and impersonated Monroe B. Bryant, a Maiden Lane jeweler, before the Tax Commissioners in an effort to have the latter's assessment reduced from $80,000 to $10,000, completed his testimony. He identified Tax Commissioner William S. Coggswell as the man before whom he had sworn off the taxes of Mr. Bryant.

George Harcourt, the actor, by whom the information of the alleged conspiracy was taken to the District Attorney, was next called. His real name he said was George Holmes. He testified that Sawyer had first approached him with a proposition to supply a "dummy" to impersonate an old man before the Tax Commissioners. Then, Harcourt said, he went to District Attorney Jerome. His visit resulted in the introduction of Secord to Springer and Baer in the library of the City Hall.

On cross-examination, Mr. Levy brought out that the witness had been indicted for grand larceny as George R. Hartwell, on the complaint of Miriam Shelby, an actress, who accused him of stealing jewelry from her. The case was thrown out of court on the recommendation of District Attorney Jerome.

Harcourt admitted that he had been in the tax fraud scheme for some time, but that his conscience had troubled him, and that he had determined to get out long ago.

"Is it not a fact," asked Mr. Levy, "that you felt you were not getting a fair share of the proceeds, and that this led you to betray your friends?"

"I would never have gone into it if I had not expected to make a lot of money out of it," Harcourt replied.

Joel Krone, a lawyer, who at the instance of Springer took Secord before the Tax Board, testified that he had no idea he was not dealing with a bona fide Mr. Bryant or that he was abetting an infringement on the law.

The chief contention made by Mr. Unger in his argument on a motion to dismiss the case was that no conviction for subornation of perjury could be had except upon such a statement of facts as would warrant the conviction of the person suborned of perjury; that in no event could Secord be convicted of perjury because the Tax Commissioners had no legal right in the premises to administer an oath except to bona fide applicants for reduction of assessments. Justice Herrick denied the motion.

The rest of the day was taken up by the summing up of counsel for both sides. Philip Baer, the former City Hall Librarian, will be placed on trial immediately the case of Springer has gone to the jury. He was an interested listener in court yesterday.

GRIP RAGES AGAIN

Business and Professional Worlds Crippled by the Insidious Winter Visitor Born of Fogs and Changing Temperatures.

New York is undergoing a siege of the grip, more widespread than any in several years. While the doctors say that a majority of the cases are lighter than in previous years there seem to be just as many, if not more of them.

The Health Department reported twelve deaths from grip last week, 100 per cent. increase of the week before. But it is said that the proportion of deaths to the number of persons who are now afflicted and who are yet to fall to the ubiquitous bacilli will be comparatively small.

WHEN GRIP THRIVES.

"You will always find," said a leading doctor, "that when a cold wave or a term of irregular weather strikes a locality there is a great increase in pulmonary diseases. And by pulmonary diseases I mean grip, or influenza, pneumonia and broncho-pneumonia.

"The ordinary rules of health are the proper preventatives for every one to take. These do not need the supervision of a physician. Eat heartily of substantial and nutritive food, use Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey as prescribed four times a day and sleep long and soundly. That is my advice to persons fearing grip."

HOW YOU MAY KNOW IF YOU HAVE GRIP AND HOW AVOID IT

HAVE YOU—
Pains in the back?
A chill down your backbone?
Then an aching fever?
A running nose?
An intermittent headache?
Stiff and aching joints?
A lazy, sleepy feeling?
Eyes that feel swollen?
—Then you have the grip.

TO DODGE THE GRIP—
Use Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey four times a day in half glass of milk or water.
Stay out of draughts.
Keep your feet warm and dry.
Beware of unventilated rooms and cars.
Eat regularly.
Eat no fancy or fat things.
Sleep regularly.
—And you will dodge the grip.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey builds up and sustains the system, aids digestion, stimulates and enriches the blood and kills all disease germs. At all druggists' and grocers', $1.00 a bottle. Be sure you get the genuine, which is absolutely pure and contains no fusel oil.

$17,000 FOR ARM AND LEG.

Verdict for Laborer Against the New York Central Railway.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Feb. 18.—A verdict for $17,000 was to-day awarded a laborer who lost his left leg and left arm in an accident that occurred on Sept. 24 at Mahaffy, Penn.

The plaintiff was Kligio Mendovabel, a Porto Rican, twenty-three years old, who came here last Fall and secured employment as a day laborer at $1.50 a day with the New York Central Railroad Company. The man was at work on the short line operated by the New York Central at Mahaffy when the accident occurred. A construction train ran down a cow and then backing away crushed into some freight cars. The plaintiff was thrown from a car and run over, his left leg and left arm being cut off. He sued for $50,000 damages.

Judge Dickey denied a motion by counsel for the railroad to have the verdict set aside, and granted 5 per cent. extra allowance for counsel fees.

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THE PANAMA CANAL OPTION.

Attorney General KNOX's cablegram to President Bo constitutes an agreement which binds the United States Government to buy the rights and property of the New Panama Canal Company for $40,000,000, provided the pending treaty with Colombia shall be ratified. The rejection of the treaty would release us from the agreement. The Attorney General's "acceptance" of the offer binds the French company to nothing, and manifestly does not extend the life of the option beyond March 4. The option could be extended only by the giver of it. Mr. KNOX, of course, is not responsible for the press statements that his conditional acceptance "extends the life of the option."

The history of the negotiation and the documents in the case make it evident that the Attorney General's cablegram can be construed as nothing more than an assurance to the French company that we are acting in entire good faith and intend to buy the property. He says to the President of the Council of the New Panama Canal Company:

By direction of the President of the United States I have the honor to say that the offer of the New Panama Canal Company as contained in your telegrams of Jan. 9 and 11, 1902, through Admiral WALKER, to sell the property and rights of the company on the Isthmus of Panama and in Paris, to which offer M. GAUTRON, liquidator of the Universal Interoceanic Panama Canal Company, assented, with the approval of the Civil Tribunal of the Seine, is hereby accepted, subject to modifications of Articles XXI. and XXII. of the concessionary contract by the ratification by both countries and the going into effect of the pending treaty concerning the Panama Canal between the United States and Colombia, now signed and awaiting ratification.

President Bo's cablegram of Jan. 9, 1902, which contains the offer referred to in the Attorney General's cablegram, is as follows:

"The New Panama Canal Company declares that it is ready to accept for the totality, without exception, of its property and rights on the Isthmus the amount of $40,000,000; the above offer to remain in force up to March 4, 1903.

The cablegram of Jan. 11, also referred to, was to this effect: "Offer of sale of all our property applies also to maps and archives in Paris." While it is evident that the life of this offer can be extended beyond its specified date only by the French company, we do not think there is any reasonable doubt that a request to have it extended would be cheerfully granted. The New Panama Canal Company has no hope of finding a private customer, and any Government other than our own with which it might enter into negotiations would make the purchase subject to the risk that our consent to have the canal built by another nation might be withheld. It certainly would be withheld, so that the buyer would have to add to the purchase price the cost of a possible war with us before it could begin digging the canal. The reference to the articles of the concessionary contract in Mr. KNOX's cablegram refers to the original Wise concession, which prohibited cession or mortgage to any nation or foreign Government. This prohibition is removed, of course, by the pending treaty with Colombia.

The Administration evidently shares the general confidence that the Colombian treaty will be ratified. In that event, and only in that event, the President would have authority to take over the property of the French company at the stipulated price; for while the first section of the Spooner act authorises the President to acquire the canal company's rights and property for $40,000,000, the third section authorizes him to pay over the $40,000,000 only when he shall have arranged to secure satisfactory title, "and shall have obtained by treaty control of the necessary territory from the Republic of Colombia."

Senator MORGAN makes a serious mistake in actively opposing the ratification of the treaty. He is known to be an advocate first, last, and all the time of the building of a canal on the Nicaragua route, but by his present course he is pulling the chestnuts out of the fire for the Senators who are opposed to any kind of a canal anywhere. If he had kept silent during the executive sessions the secret enemies of the canal undertaking would have had to show themselves. Their coming out of cover would have given exceeding great joy to Senator MORGAN and to all friends of an interoceanic canal. Besides, he can hardly expect single-handed to defeat ratification. While he is capable of astonishing feats of prolonged oratory, and while if he were a younger man he might perhaps talk a week or two weeks on a stretch, he must remember that he is now seventy-nine years old. There can be but one result of a trial of strength between him and the other Senators whenever the doors have closed upon an executive session which they have resolved to continue without intermission until the treaty has been disposed of.

THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

The President has nominated to the head of the new Department of Commerce and Labor his secretary, Mr. CORTELYOU, and to be Commissioner of Corporations in that department Mr. GARFIELD, at present a member of the Civil Service Commission. The former appointment is significant chiefly because the new Secretary is intimately known to the President and his policy in the department will probably represent the President's views very closely. It cannot in any special sense be regarded as a political appointment. The selection of Mr. GARFIELD is also conspicuously on the merits of the appointee, who is not an active politician, is an able lawyer, has been prominent and useful in the promotion of municipal reform and of the merit system in Ohio and as a Civil Service Commissioner. He has plenty of energy, a cool head, experience in public affairs, and may be expected to do all that can be done with the powers of his new office, the value of which must depend much on the character of the Commissioner and the support and direction of the Secretary and of the President.

The new department has a wide scope, and under efficient administration may exert a good deal of influence. It takes over practically the scientific and statistical work of the Government, especially the Coast Survey, the Bureaus of Statistics from the Treasury and State Departments, and the Fish Commission, besides the Labor Bureau, the Immigration Bureau, and the enforcement of the Chinese Exclusion act, and it has a new Bureau of Manufactures, with considerable duties. But undoubtedly the most important work it can perform is in the Bureau of Corporations, at the head of which Mr. GARFIELD is placed. The powers of this bureau extend to "diligent investigation into the organization, conduct, and management of any corporation, joint stock company, or corporate combination engaged in commerce among the several States and with foreign nations excepting common carriers." For this work the Commissioner is to have the "right to subpoena and compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence and to administer oaths." One of the objects of this power is to enable the Commissioner to "gather such information and data as will enable the President of the United States to make recommendations to Congress for the regulation of" inter-State and foreign commerce.

Apart from the Elkins bill forbidding and providing for the punishment of private or secret rebates by common carriers, it will be recalled that the creation of this bureau is all that Congress has done in what is known as anti-trust legislation. It falls very far short of the policy suggested by Attorney General KNOX for preventing the inter-State transportation of trust-made goods. The most that the new Commissioner can do is to turn the light on such abuses as may exist and can be discovered in the "organization, conduct, and management of the business of" corporation or corporate combinations. How far he can or will go even in this direction will depend a good deal on how far the President wishes him to go. His career, therefore, for the next year will be watched with much interest by the managers of the trusts and by those who are interested in the thorough investigation of this important matter. He is, as we have said, an able and an honest man, but, frankly, we do not expect him to accomplish very marked results.

THE PAYMENT OF JURORS.

While the new law for the payment of $2 a day to jurors in civil cases, besides the usual fee of $1 for each case, may be abused and made unduly costly, the estimate of the Justices who favored its passage was that it ought not to cost the county more than $130,000 a year, which would not be an unreasonable amount for the improvement in the service which is expected. Under the old system Justices hesitated to enforce the service of the small tradesmen and men of that class, who, nevertheless, make excellent jurors, because of the small compensation for loss of time.

The new law applies to the County of New York the plan employed in all the other counties in the State, including those that, with New York, make up the city, and the same rule that is applied in this county to jurors in criminal cases and in the Federal courts. There does not appear to be any good reason for such a discrimination as has heretofore existed. As for extravagance, that is largely within the control of the Justices themselves, and they are not likely to permit it.

THE OVERCROWDING OF STREET CARS.

Dr. LOUIS BELL, who has had a large and instructive experience with electric transportation in large cities, in a paper contributed to The Electrical Review says of the overcrowding of the surface cars of New York: "The fundamental cause of overcrowding is the combination of a twelve-story city with a one-story street. This difficulty is inherent in large cities and represents a condition which street railways are in no way responsible for. Twelve-story cities demand two or three-story facilities for transportation, such as New York is about to acquire."

This is a perfectly intelligible statement of a fact too often lost sight of in the discussion of this subject. In view of the tides of travel which, between certain fixed hours, move down and up town, the north and south avenues of Manhattan are obviously inadequate to handle them without congesting every vehicle which can be provided for their accommodation. President VREELAND was well within the truth when he said that there are lines in New York which, with all the cars it is physically possible to operate, cannot carry without uncomfortable and objectionable overcrowding all the people who wish to ride between certain hours.

Accepting this fact, it does not follow that the public need be content at other times with the kind of accommodations the surface lines are pleased to give them. These should do the best they can not only during the rush hours, but at all other times; and until they do this it is no answer to a just popular complaint that they cannot do all that is expected of them when the twelve-story city is emptying itself into the one-story street. An ample service before and after the rush hours tends to reduce the congestion which is briefly inevitable. For example, people who learn that they can go home comfortably at, say, 5 P. M., will as far as possible get into the habit of doing so, but if it is no more comfortable to go then than half an hour or an hour later they will go when it best suits their convenience. A man has grounds for dissatisfaction when he sees the service contracted so sharply that the congestion is nearly as great after as during the rush hours. For example, the passenger at, say, Sixty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue wishing to go down town between the hours of 6 and 7 P. M. who sees three cars pass him empty, with closed gates and the "No passengers" sign displayed, and has to take a fourth car so full that he must cling to a strap, has a grievance. The management has assumed that less accommodation than is really needed is sufficient at that hour and in that direction, and so returns empty to the barns most of the cars which have carried loads up town earlier in the evening. Again, late at night, when for about an hour there is a supplementary "rush" northward, it is unsatisfactory, because wholly unnecessary, to have to ride in a car so crowded that aisle and platform are full, and yet that is a nightly experience of every one who has to use the surface cars.

When the managements of the several lines of passenger cars reform the objectionable features of their system which are not established by conditions beyond their control, the public will be much more patient than now, with the inconvenience due to irremediable causes.

THE BEDFORD REFORMATORY.

In the current number of Charities a temperate but impressive protest is offered against the passage of a couple of bills pending in the Senate for the abolition of the Reformatory for Women at Bedford, the removal of its inmates to the Houses of Refuge at Hudson and Albion, and the conversion of the property into a State hospital for the insane. On the facts presented the protest seems to us well founded.

The Reformatory is the only institution of its kind convenient to this city, the demands of which are by far larger than the demands of all the rest of the State. It is more than nine-tenths full, while the vacancies in it and in the two other similar institutions are not more than 180 in all. The Bedford Reformatory has been open for less than two years, and the number of its inmates, who may be retained for three years, will certainly increase. No considerable increase can be accommodated even in all three institutions. If Bedford is abolished the actual number can hardly be placed at all, certainly cannot be well cared for. The Reformatory has been reported by commissions from neighboring States as the best inspected, and has been recommended as a model for like work in New Jersey and in Connecticut.

On the other hand it is held by Charities that the buildings and the land at Bedford are not well adapted to an insane asylum and that the use of them for the insane should not be permitted without the investigation of a commission such as has always been appointed in like cases in the past. The Senate bills referred to are Nos. 277 and 300. They should be very carefully watched.

EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

Official figures of immigration into Canada last year show important gains for that sparsely populated country, and, what is more surprising, a considerable movement of population across the border from this country. The report of the Deputy Minister of the Interior says: "The current of immigration from the United States since 1898 has been a steady one, and it has now assumed such proportions that it is bound to increase in volume from year to year. Upward of 86,000 settlers from the United States have located in Manitoba and the Northwest since 1897, and from the present indications it is reasonable to predict that double that number will cross the border during the coming five years."

The total immigration into Canada for the fiscal years 1897 to 1900 was 141,261; that for last year was 67,379, against 49,141 for the year 1901. From this it will be seen that the greater part of the immigration into Canada comes from this country. We had not missed it; but it is quite natural that this "invasion of Americans" should fill the breasts of the Dominion statesmen with dark misgivings. Evidently they discover in it the working out of a subtle plot to Americanize Canada. To offset this a scheme to assist immigration from parts of Europe has just received the approval of the Dominion Government. An agreement has been made with a company having its headquarters at Amsterdam guaranteeing it a bonus of £1 for each agricultural immigrant or domestic servant over eighteen years of age from either Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Russia, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Northern Italy, Luxembourg, Roumania, Bulgaria, Servia, Switzerland, Norway, Sweden, and Finland. Perhaps if the inducement in the way of bounty was made large enough it would be possible to effect the return from the United States of more British and French Canadians than represent the entire gains of the Dominion from immigration during the past ten or twenty years. We have felt no nervousness concerning the Canadization of the United States, although the preponderance of French Canadian immigrants has been locally a serious problem. Should Canada offer a bounty for the purpose of recovering its wandering sheep it is not impossible that it might be substantially increased by some of the New England manufacturing towns which have more of them than is agreeable.

SKINNING GOATS ALIVE.

A curious pamphlet reaches us from the office of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals of Calcutta which, while not exactly pleasant reading, is interesting and instructive. It epitomizes the literature of a movement to discourage and suppress the practice which obtains among the herders of Mofussil and the United Provinces of removing the skins from goats before killing them. The practice seems to have originated in an impression among the natives that larger value may be realized from skins so taken than from skins removed from the carcasses of goats killed in the orderly and proper way. This does not appear to have any foundation in fact or in commercial usage, since a consensus of trade opinion shows that it is impossible to distinguish a skin taken from a living animal from one taken immediately after killing. However, it is difficult to make the natives understand that there is no advantage to them from what must be an extremely inconvenient operation, and is certainly very unpleasant for the goats. As practiced, the skinning begins at an incision extending from the base of one ear to a corresponding point at the base of the other, across the lower jaw and just in front of the masseter muscle. The theory is that it gives increased length of neck and makes the hide more valuable, but since this is not true the merciful protest of the Calcutta society against the toleration of this cruelty should be instrumental in stopping it.

It is a cause for satisfaction that we do not do such things in this enlightened country. We may boil or broil live lobsters, skin eels in spite of vigorous resistance, open oysters and clams, and scale living fish, but we draw the line at skinning live goats. What we do to hogs does not count. Perhaps in this interesting animal the squeal is purely mechanical and survives the nervous sensibility.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—That a city like Ithaca, which, besides the ordinary incentives to, and means of, protecting its citizens from preventable diseases, is the seat of a great university noted for practicality of methods and ambitions, should have allowed itself to be swept from end to end by an epidemic of typhoid fever is a fact that changes the calamity into something very much like a crime, and, if it does not repel sympathy, certainly makes a marked difference in the quality and amount of the sympathy extended. Now that the harm has been done, that many lives have been lost, and many more are threatened, Ithaca sends out a committee to examine its sources of water supply and finds them such as would be regarded as dangerous by the savage inhabitants of a village in Darkest Africa. In other words, the epidemic has long been invited, and the wonder is not that it has come at last, but that it did not come years ago. There is a heavy responsibility, moral if not pecuniary, involved in the willful and persistent neglect of precautions the necessity for which is known by everybody who can read and write, and not all of this responsibility falls upon the municipal authorities. Cornell, too, owed a duty to her thronging students, and they can fairly charge her with failure to perform it. She, at least, has not the excuse of ignorance, for dozens of men on her Faculty know all about typhoid fever, and could have prophesied the certain results of drinking water defiled as that of Ithaca has been. The lesson has been a terrible one—so terrible that perhaps it will be thoughtfully pondered in many another university town. In these days there are no excuses for epidemics of filth diseases; there are only explanations of them.

—Again an elevated train has been derailed while going around a sharp curve, and again, instead of falling to the street, with consequences which none of us who rides twice a day on the elevated road likes to think about, the cars have obligingly remained on the ties in precarious but sufficient safety. The same thing has happened scores, if not hundreds, of times before, and such persistent good luck almost inspires the conclusion that the Manhattan Company is not half so black as it has been painted. Why, otherwise, should it so long escape a disaster the single avoidance of which is a remarkable phenomenon? The trains look as if the slightest deviation from the tracks would send them to the pavement—and they never go there! It is most mysterious—this long substitution of the improbable for the very likely. The only imaginable alternative explanation of it is the extreme amiability of the passengers. They possess to such an eminent degree the virtues of patience and compressibility that perhaps it's no wonder fate is tirelessly kind to them. That theory gets one out of the necessity of crediting the company with the favor of the gods, and hence, we think, it will be generally accepted as valid.

—We are informed, on authority which cannot be questioned, that the Conkling Jury Duty Exemption bill now before the Legislature is not, as the wording of the legislative title led us to infer, designed to serve the convenience of a single man. The present law exempts, among others—far too many others—"a professor or a teacher in a college, academy, or public school not following any other calling, or an editor, editorial writer, or reporter of a daily newspaper regularly employed as such and not following any other vocation," and the Conkling bill would add the clause "or of a weekly newspaper which has existed for at least twenty-five years." We therefore must—and gladly do—revoke the more of less sarcastic praises we bestowed upon Mr. CONKLING for attaining the utmost limits of special legislation, and admit that his bill would favor a class and not an individual, and be, in consequence, no worse than others of its kind. That, however, is as far as we feel disposed to carry our humility. Even when thoroughly understood, the bill does not earn commendation. Whether the men on weekly papers have as good a right to exemption from jury duty as have their loving brothers of the daily press is a question we might argue at length if we were not afraid of arousing a discussion as to the validity of the right now conferred upon the loving brothers. So, hastily confessing that there is no reason for a distinction between the two, we fix our attention—and hope other people will do the same—on the prolonged period during which a man must weekly newspaper before he can claim the much-sought privilege of avoiding a civic duty. Why twenty-five years? Would not one year, or a week, for that matter, of service on the weekly change the man's status as much as does similar service on the daily? We can see no difference.

His Remarks Misunderstood.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your reporter, in alluding to the hearing yesterday before the Mayor relative to the proposed incineration plant in the Bronx, does me injustice.

I am not, and never have been, in favor of lynch law, either in the Northern or Southern States. And permit me to add that while I deem that the erection of a crematory for the burning of garbage anywhere within the city limits will disastrously affect the financial interests, comfort, and health of every one of my fellow-citizens, I respect and esteem our strenuous Street Cleaning Commissioner, and would be the last one to incite others to do him personal injury.

No doubt your reporter misunderstood the tenor and spirit of my remarks, which were intended to be humorous and to caricature, as it were, the misguided efforts of Dr. Woodbury. S. S. RANDALL.

New York, Feb. 17, 1903.

A Street Car Suggestion.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Watching a solitary yellow car at the Christopher Street Ferry this morning, which could not, like two or three of its more fortunate brethren, get away empty before the boat came in, the thought occurred to me, Why not adapt the European class system to our American conditions—first-class passengers to be accommodated with seats, second-class passengers to be provided with straps, and third-class passengers to be allowed to hang on in any old way? H. WHEELER.

New York, Feb. 17, 1903.

A NEAR VIEW OF CASTRO.

William Thorp in Harper's Weekly.

During many weeks spent in Venezuela recently I had unbounded opportunity to make an intimate study of Castro in his palace at Caracas and during his holiday festivities at La Victoria, when he threw off the Presidential paint and became his natural self. It is impossible to conceive a more irresponsible person. He knows nothing of the obligations of statesmanship or the power of foreign countries. When I spent Christmas with him at La Victoria he told me that he was profoundly disappointed at his inability to fight the warships of the Germans, the British, and the Italians. "If Venezuela had a navy, however feeble," he said, "we would soon settle this matter one way or the other. We would sally out and attack them. If they had the courage to land troops I would lead my brave soldiers against them and rout them with terrible slaughter." On another occasion I met him at La Victoria in the middle of an open-air fiesta. He was dancing under the trees in a very lively and graceful fashion with the peasants of the neighborhood and some ladies he had brought with him from Caracas. I had to ask him whether he would apologize to the allies if they demanded an apology. I asked his factotum, Gen. Linares Alcantara, to procure me an opportunity of speaking with the President, and showed him a cablegram which I had just received from Washington. "It is impossible," said Alcantara, with a gesture of despair; "the President dances. He does not do business. He has done no business for a week. He may do no business for another week. Perceive! I have here fifty telegrams from Mr. Bowen, from Washington, and from our Government officials in Caracas. They are unopened. The President would not thank me to show them to him while he dances, and he has danced for a week."

Presently Castro perceived me, with an open cablegram in my hand, and he walked over to me, his partner hanging on his arm, and asked what it was about. I told him that the allies were reported to have demanded an apology from him.

Immediately he struck a Napoleonic attitude, waved his arms excitedly in the air, and declaimed: "Gen. Castro never apologizes. He will not apologize. He has nothing to apologize for. He demands an apology from the allies."

The girl, still hanging on his arm, clapped him on the back, exclaiming, hysterically: "Viva Castro! Viva Venezuela! Bravissimo, Cipriano!" The crowd took up the cry, whirling around their partners in an excited fandango, and beating the empty bottles from which they had been drinking on the little iron tables which stood around.

This is the way important diplomatic questions are decided in Venezuela.

NUGGETS.

The Sultan's Will.

Says the Sultan of Morocco, in effect: "If I only had a cage now, I'd put the pretender in it, if I had the pretender."—Buffalo Express.

Man's Adaptability.

Jimble—There's something wonderful about man.

Jumble—So well adapted, for instance, to carry an umbrella.—Boston Transcript.

Had Proved It.

"A great deal may be said on the subject," said the prolix person.

"That," said the weary auditor, "is the one point on which you have convinced me."—Washington Star.

Feminine Conversation.

Blobbs—Women talk about nothing but their dress.

Slobbs—Oh, I don't know. It seems to me I've heard some of them talk about their hats.—Philadelphia Record.

The Ball Up in the Park.

"That man who has charge of the lake is very original."

"That so?"

"Yes. I told him not to allow any corpulent people to skate, so he put up a sign: 'Thin ice for thin people.'"—Chicago News.

BY THEIR DEEDS.

W. D. Nesbit in Chicago Tribune.

A tattered beggar in the street
Sang always some old crooning hymn,
And held to those whom he might meet
His hat with ragged, greasy brim.
Two men—two mighty men—came by—
Two honored leaders of the town;
Came, too, a dame of repute high—
Each passed the beggar with a frown.

But still the beggar sang away,
With awkward music in each word;
And through the balance of that day
The three that chanting echo heard
They heard, and held the fading strains
As memories of things that bless,
And added to their other gains
The golden coin of kindliness.

Now, by some careless prank of fate,
These four met on the Way of Death,
And journeyed to the Joyous Gate
Where but the perfect enter'eth.
The warder halted them, and told
How all who entered must be known
By goodly deeds—by deeds of gold—
By helpful actions all their own.

The honored men explained that they
Had given of their earthly wealth
To help their fellows on the way
To knowledge, peacefulness, and health.
The woman told of visits made,
The suffering and poor to greet—
All three told how the world had laid
Its laureled tributes at their feet.

"You may go in," the warder smiled,
"Although your fame we did not know,
A cup of water to a child
Is more than all the passing show."
The beggar turned to take his way
With humbled mien and drooping head.
The warder called to him to stay.
"Come in! We've heard you sing!" he said.

SENATOR McLAURIN IN TOWN.

The South Carolina Senator Says Most of the Race Problem Talk Is on the Surface.

Senator McLaurin of South Carolina, who is at the Waldorf-Astoria, said yesterday:

"We are not fretting over the negro question in South Carolina. I hear more talk about it in New York than in my own State, where everybody, black and white, are busy developing our natural resources. Every sensible man recognizes there is no danger of a revival of the race question for years to come to disturb existing conditions. Most of the talk is on the surface."

"How are business conditions in South Carolina?" the Senator was asked.

"Never better," he replied. "In our cotton mills we are running more spindles than any other State in the Union with the exception of Massachusetts, and we will soon outstrip the Bay State. Prices for cotton are very satisfactory, and many holders are getting from 1 to 1½ cents more per pound than they expected."

Regarding the reported pending merger of the Southern cotton mill interests the Senator said:

"While I know nothing about a merger except what I have read in the newspapers, I am satisfied it will come. It would have come sooner but for the fact that mill owners have been reaping large profits. With repetitions of what recently occurred in China, we must expect combinations. Something will then have to be done to reduce the cost of production. When profits get below a certain point a merger is the only remedy, and it would not surprise me to soon see a combination of the cotton mill interests along the lines of the United States Steel Corporation. Something like 75 of the 105 yarn mills in our State have already agreed to go into a combination.

"In my opinion, the undeveloped resources of the South are greater than those of any other section of the country, and conservative capitalists in the East are looking for investments there. The lumber business is rapidly growing in South Carolina, and at Georgetown we have the largest lumber plant in the world."

Senator McLaurin declined to discuss the Crum appointment or the shooting of Editor Gonzales by Lieut. Gov. Tillman.

PLAN FOR COADJUTOR BISHOP.

Bishop Potter Offers Use of New Episcopal Residence and a Guaranteed Salary to the Incumbent.

Bishop Potter has brought forward a plan by which he proposes to solve the question of dividing the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of New York, together with that of obtaining a Bishop Coadjutor to assist him in his labors.

The Bishop suggests that a new diocese be made by such division of the old New York Diocese as may seem wise and that to the part cut off there be added such territory as the Dioceses of Albany and Central New York wish to relinquish. He also offers to surrender during his lifetime the use of the episcopal residence soon to be built on the grounds of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine in this city to the new Bishop, and to guarantee him a salary of $7,500 a year on condition that the new Bishop during the six months from December to June take such work as Bishop Potter may assign. The other six months are to be left for Bishop Potter to perform the duties of the new jurisdiction.

Bishop Potter points out that a half-year's residence here and the salary guarantee would relieve the new diocese of the expense of maintaining its Bishop during that time, and would permit the Bishop to amass for it an endowment of $500,000—$100,000 for the permanent support of a Bishop and $100,000 for the support of church activities.

Bishop Potter asks that he be permitted to make suggestions about the dividing line, and that wherever the line be drawn the Bishop of New York be not restricted to the city only, thus to become what he terms a "cockney Bishop." He also desires that Staten Island may remain a part of the Diocese of New York.

GERMAN HOSPITAL REPORT.

Increase in Number of Cases Treated—Gift of $25,000 by a Trustee.

The annual report of the Superintendent of the German Hospital, Seventy-seventh Street and Park and Lexington Avenues, was read to the Board of Trustees last night by that officer, Louis Kortum.

On Jan. 1, 1902, there were 201 patients in the hospital; admitted during the year, 3,247; total number treated, 3,448—50 more than in 1901. The number of days of hospital care were 64,323, an increase of 2,653 over the previous year. There were 2,632 non-paying patients, with 44,700 days of hospital care; 816 paying patients, with 19,623 days of hospital care. In the dispensary 22,350 patients received treatment free of charge, 66,387 visits were made by them in the course of the year. These figures show the daily average number of patients during the year: In the hospital, 176; at the dispensary, 181; total, 357.

The total expenses of the hospital, including cost of administration and ordinary repairs, amounted to $106,142.96, an increase of $20,326.73 over 1901, against which, however, the larger income from patients, mostly private patients, should be taken into consideration. The expenses of the dispensary were $5,982.93.

The greater expenditures of the hospital were caused chiefly by the cost of electric lighting, by the increased working force, as well as by the higher prices paid for all kinds of provisions, especially meat.

The report of the Board of Trustees shows the increased utility of the hospital through the new Park Avenue wings, devoted to private patients. The old wing of the hospital, extending to Lexington Avenue, is being repaired so that another story, with a fire-proof roof, will be added, and there will be an imposing façade on Seventy-seventh Street.

The gift of $25,000 by a Trustee is noted; in addition to which bequests footing up $10,083.33 have been made. Various organizations have given nearly $10,000 more.

THE ROCKEFELLER INSTITUTE.

Will Cover Three Blocks on the Old Schermerhorn Farm.

The probating of the will of William C. Schermerhorn in Newport Tuesday has removed the obstacle which delayed the deal by which the Rockefeller Medical Institute is to acquire a portion of the old Schermerhorn farm on the East River at Sixty-fourth Street, and it was learned yesterday that papers will be passed within a few days unless some unexpected hitch occurs.

The property to be acquired will probably be somewhat more extensive than stated in the first public reports, which gave as the limits Sixty-fourth and Sixty-seventh Streets, Avenue A and the river. It was learned yesterday that the tract will extend nearly, if not quite, to Sixty-eighth Street, thus embracing the whole of three blocks and a part at least of a fourth.

The plans of John D. Rockefeller, the founder of the institute, are said to contemplate the erection of one of the most extensive medical laboratories in the world.

Founders and Patriots Meet.

The New York State Society of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America held its midwinter meeting at the Hotel Manhattan last evening. The Governor of the society, Edward Payson Cone, presided. Resolutions of respect for the memory of Gen. F. P. Earle, Secretary General, were adopted. A letter was read from Gen. Frederick D. Grant, ex-Governor General, dated from the headquarters of the Department of Texas, at San Antonio, acknowledging the action of the society on the death of his mother. The Deputy Governor, Edward Hagaman Hall, delivered an illustrated historical address on "The World's Race for a Continent," describing the events leading up to the Louisiana Purchase.

Annual Yale-Princeton Debate.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 18.—According to an announcement made by the Intercollegiate Debating Committee, the annual debate with Yale will be held at New Haven on May 4. Yale will choose the question for debate, while the choice of sides will lie with Princeton. A list of at least twenty persons will be submitted by Yale, out of which the Judges will be chosen. The annual freshman inter-hall debate will be held about the same time, the same question as in the Yale contest to be used.

MGR. FARLEY PAYS TRIBUTE TO THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY.

Bishop Conaty Tells Alumni the Present Age Will Be Known as That of Leo XIII.

The ninth annual banquet of the Catholic University of Washington, D. C., was held last evening at the Waldorf-Astoria. Father P. J. Hayes, President of the Alumni Association and secretary to Archbishop Farley, presided and made an address urging sympathy and support for the university which, he said, was the crowning glory of the system of Catholic education which has its roots in the parochial school system. He announced that the alumni yesterday voted to purchase and present to the university the library of the late Dr. Bouquillon, who was a professor at the university.

Letters of regret were read from Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop Keane of Dubuque, the first rector of the university, and a number of Bishops and professors.

Bishop Thomas J. Conaty, rector of the university, who is about to be transferred to the See of Los Angeles, responded to the toast, "The Holy Father." He pictured "the great white shepherd of Christendom from the vantage point of ninety and more years, reviewing the events of a century past and forecasting the century that is beginning," and said that when history had adjusted the perspective this age would be known as the age of Leo XIII., so deep and far-reaching had been the impress of the Pope on his age. Bishop Conaty referred knowingly to his successor, Mgr. O'Connell, who is coming over from the American College at Rome to be rector of the university.

The next toast was to Archbishop J. M. Farley, the Rev. Dr. William J. Kerby, professor of sociology at the university, responding for the alumni of the alumni toward the new Archbishop of New York in a speech setting forth the qualities of Mgr. Farley and the opportunities and demands of his work.

The Archbishop replied that the remarks of Dr. Kerby had reminded him that the enemies of a man were those of his own household, (laughter,) and he took all the generous and kind things said with a good many grains of salt.

The Archbishop said he had urged the need of a Catholic university twenty years ago, because the Church needed an institution to speak for it on the great broad social, economical, and philosophical questions of the day, and the idea was now being realized in the building of the great Institution at Washington, and in the widening influence of the University Bulletin, which was a medium in which attacks upon the Church could be met and its claims advanced. The Archbishop said he believed one day the university would surpass all the great mediaeval universities.

Assistant District Attorney Francis P. Garvan, who responded to the toast, "Our Country—An Opportunity," for the University, spoke of the opportunities of the lay graduates to carry the influence of the university into their daily lives, into their business, and into their social converse. He said it has been impressed upon him that a lawyer's first asset was honesty, and that honesty came not without religion.

"Honesty, he said, "is more than keeping one's hand out of another's pocket. It means doing the right thing and sticking to it through thick and thin. J. Pierpont Morgan, for example, was never tempted to steal a watch."

The Rev. Dr. Charles McCready, pastor of the Church of the Holy Cross, this city, and President of the alumni of Maynooth University, Ireland, responded humorously to the toast, "Our Guests," and pleaded for greater interest in the university on the part of the Bishops.

WANT A LOCAL RECEIVER.

Action by Monmouth Trust Company Creditors at Asbury Park—Officers Settle Claims.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Feb. 18.—It was given out to-day that Councilor Charles E. Cook, in behalf of himself and clients holding claims to the extent of $32,000 against the Monmouth Trust Company, will make application for a local receiver next Tuesday before Vice Chancellor Reed at Trenton upon the return of the rule to show cause why a receiver should be appointed, issued yesterday in behalf of Attorney General McCarter.

Hopes are expressed that the Fraser Mountain Copper Company, of which Albert C. Twining, the President of the Monmouth Trust Company, is the promoter, will pay its obligations in full to the Monmouth Trust Company and the First National Bank. Dr. H. S. Taylor of this place, who is the Secretary of the mining company, said that a meeting will be held in New York to-morrow to arrange for funds. Dr. Taylor says there are moneyed men in the copper company upon whom he thinks reliance can be placed. The obligations of the Fraser Company to the trust company are placed at $22,500. Exactly what the objection is to the First National Bank cannot be learned.

Some of those mentioned in the examiner's report as owing the trust company considerable sums of money on notes, &c., say the report is not exact in addition to Col. G. B. M. Harbey, who has settled all claims against him, S. A. Patterson, another of the officers, has paid in cash $10,400, and within thirty-six hours will take up paper for about $3,000, which still stands against him. Much of all this was paper on which Mr. Patterson simply appeared as indorser. Director R. A. Tusting says that practically all of the $5,000 charged against him is because of paper received by him from customers, which he discounted, and every dollar of it was good not only because of his indorsement but because of the standing of the maker.

The proposition to reorganize the First National Bank has been abandoned by the business men of this city who were contemplating such action. While this plan has failed to mature, there is a strong probability that a new bank will be organized by local capitalists.

EDUCATION BOARD COMMITTEE.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Board of Education late yesterday afternoon at the headquarters, on Fifty-ninth Street, the reports of the Committee on Building awarding contracts for repair, electric wiring, and for school furniture were approved. Like action was taken on the reports of the Committee on Elementary Schools, recommending that cooking rooms and workshops be established in certain schools in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx. The schools selected in Manhattan to be furnished with cooking rooms are Nos. 20, 30, 52, 160, and 184, and in the Bronx Nos. 7, 17, 25, and 28.

The Executive Committee had also no objection to make concerning the report of the Committee on Lectures and Libraries relative to the plan for lectures on Sundays in Yiddish, Italian, and other languages. The Committee on Finance reported that there were at present no funds available from which could be spent the sum of $60,000 in equipping certain schools in the Boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond with fire-escapes. It was stated, however, that Assembly Bill No. 72, now pending before the Legislature, when passed would make available the funds necessary.

FOUR-YEAR TERM FOR MAYOR.

Mayor Low's suggestion that the term of the Mayor of New York be made four years commencing Jan. 1, 1906, was the subject of discussion by the politicians yesterday. Mayor Low was told that two constructions had been placed on his suggestion. The first was that he had anticipated a Tammany victory next Fall or that he anticipated being renominated and re-elected, and that delicacy had caused him to refrain from advocating a four-year term beginning on Jan. 1 next.

When a bold interviewer put the two propositions to Mayor Low his face took on a very grave expression. Then the humorous side of the situation appealed to him, and he said with a smile:

"It would be very unkind of me if these conjectures have been made upon that part of my message to remove two such interesting topics from the field of speculation."

Dinner to Col. T. H. Barry.

Robert B. Roosevelt will give a dinner at the Democratic Club on Saturday evening in honor of Col. Thomas H. Barry, United States Army. When a Representative in Congress in 1873 Mr. Roosevelt appointed Senator Thomas F. Grady, who passed first in the public school examinations, to the West Point Military Academy. After consideration, Senator Grady declined, and Representative Roosevelt appointed Mr. Barry, who was next highest on the list.

DAHOMEY ON BROADWAY

Williams and Walker Make an Opening at the New York Theatre and Hold It.

All Negro Book and Music Played by an All-Negro Cast—The Negroes in the Audience Were in Heaven.

A thundercloud has been gathering of late in the faces of the established Broadway managers. Since it was announced that Williams and Walker, with their all-negro musical comedy, "In Dahomey," were booked to appear at the New York Theatre, there have been times when the trouble-breeders have foreboded a race war. But all went merrily last night.

The huge auditorium was packed to the doors with a chuckling, gurgling, and roaring multitude, and the utmost satisfaction seemed to reign behind the footlights. These able vaudevillians have seen much water go under the bridge since they were first hailed as low comedy artists of the first order. That was in the days of Koster & Bial's. Since then they have flourished in the various vaudeville houses, and have filled the Grand Opera House on Eighth Avenue with parti-colored audiences. But until last night Broadway has been a Promised Land long denied.

As usually happens in pieces of the kind, the headliners were the whole show. Williams, in particular, had electric connections with the risibilities of the audience. He is of a serious, depressed turn of countenance—dull, but possessing the deep wisdom of his kind; slow and grotesquely awkward in his movements. He holds a face for minutes at a time, seemingly, and when he alters it, bringing a laugh by the least movement. His song of the Jonah man convulsed the audience with every repeated stanza, until at last his least movement brought forth a roar.

He has the genius of the comedy in full measure. Walker is an able second, but distinctly a second. The pair are not yet a Weber and Fields, but they are often quite as funny as anything to be found lower down Broadway. Their methods, in fact, reveal a close study of the prime Yiddish comedians. They are a distinct notch above all the rest of those who have elected to trudge along behind in the Weberfieldian path.

The footlights drew a sharp color line, and will doubtless continue to do so. Mr. James Vaughn, the musical director of the show, who led the permanent orchestra of the house, and the boys who peddled water in the aisles were the only persons of color on the floor or in the barnacle-like proscenium boxes.

As the most comfortable chair in the house costs a dollar, such a result is a triumph in tact for all concerned. At intervals one heard a shrill kiyi of applause from above or a mellow bass roar that betokened the seventh heaven of delight. All parties were satisfied.

Behind the footlights was a rhapsody of color. Mr. Williams made up with burnt cork like a minstrel, and one of his fakir friends made down with a red nose of inebriety. A third party made over into a Chinaman. But none of these really added to the variety of color in the cast.

The actors were dark, medium, and light. Some of them were so light that they might have passed for white, except that the flare of a nostril, the weight of an eyelid, or the delicate fulness of a lip betrayed them to minute inspection. One of the chorus girls had blonde hair that was clearly not peroxide. She had a smile like the smile of Sarah the divine.

The play is already familiar in its main outlines to the theatregoing public. The plot combines a search by detectives for a silver box with a cat scratched on the back, and a plan for solving the negro problem by colonizing Africa.

In more senses than one local color abounded. The first act was in a public square, Boston; the second in the South, and the third in the heart of Dahomey. The book is by J. H. Shipp, the lyrics by Paul Laurence Dunbar, and the music by Will Marion Cook. The whole was well up to the not very exalted average in this kind of show.

In one way the book was well above the average, for it was, in its main outlines, an admirably conceived satire on racial foibles that gave scope to no little fun in the picturing of character types.

MME. NORDICA IN "FAUST."

An Impersonation Full of Dramatic and Poetic Touches.

The repetition of "Faust" at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening had a much greater significance than is usually attached to such a performance because of the fact that it brought Mme. Nordica back to the part of Marguerite. It is half a dozen years since she has sung in Gounod's opera here, and during that time she has traveled far afield artistically, has developed into a greater artist, and has reached dramatic ideals of a different sort from those that are related to the music of "Faust."

It is not so many years ago, and yet it needs something of an effort to remember Mme. Nordica as a singer of the Italian repertory, when "Faust" and "Gli Ugonotti" used to be given in Italian. Her Marguerite, as it was disclosed again last evening, was not quite the Marguerite of other years. Mme. Nordica has grown in physical stature as well as in artistic, and the fact cannot be disguised that her appearance was somewhat matronly, and that her action was somewhat too sedate to represent the girlish freshness of Gounod's heroine.

Her impersonation, however, was in every way extremely charming. It had the effect of being newly studied, and was full of delicate and effective artistic touches that gave it life, variety, and spontaneity. Thus upon her first entrance in the first act into the throng that surrounds the tavern, after her few words with Faust, she found a couple of friends among the young women there assembled and walked through the crowd with their arms about her waist, instead of in the solitary dignity of a prima donna.

The garden scene, too, showed several departures from the accustomed conventionalities, slight in themselves, but prompted by the intelligence and the sensibility of an artist desirous of making the scene living and real and touched with poetic spirit. The song at the spinning wheel she sang not as an operatic aria, but with the carelessness of one absorbed in reverie; and in the passage with the jewels she devoted the surprise and girlish joy in numberless pointed and effective ways.

Mme. Nordica's influence extended to the rest of the cast in this scene, and her ideas compelled some radical readjustments of the "business" usually followed in it; as in the entrance of Faust and Mephistopheles and in the duet with the former; in the latter, too, she put dramatic force into the scene by changed and heightened color of her voice. In the church scene she gained new effects, and so through the whole opera. It was an extremely interesting performance, and one that seemed to throw new light on the whole work.

The others in the cast were those who have sung in it before this season—Mr. Alvarez as Faust, who was not in his most agreeable vocal mood; Mr. Campanari as Valentin; Mr. De Reszke as Mephistopheles, and Mr. Dufriche as Wagner.

JAP JUGGLERS WHO MYSTIFY.

Ten Ichi Troupe a Strong Feature of the Vaudeville Bill at Proctor's Twenty-third Street.

"Will two gentlemen kindly oblige by coming up on the stage?"

Nobody seems to be in a hurry to do so, and then the announcer for the Ten Ichi troupe, who are appearing at Proctor's Twenty-third Street this week, adds an assurance that nothing will be done to ridicule the assistants from the audience. Finally, two men go up on the stage. Instructed by the announcer, they bind the magician's thumbs together with stout cords. Then two hoops are brought forth. The magician stands at one side of the stage—his assistants at the other. A hoop is tossed, and, lo! it dangles in one of the magician's arms, having apparently passed through the cords, for investigation shows the thumbs still bound together, the knot intact. Later the magician has the man from the audience clasp his hands together tightly with fingers interlocked. Then the magician makes a few passes, utters some unintelligible words, and, though his thumbs are still bound together, he has locked his arms through those of the assistant.

Ten-Katsu is the female member of the troupe who is featured. On the bills she is put down as the "dainty Japanese beauty," and the phrase is descriptive. Small of stature, with regular features, she is lithe and graceful, and in her richly flowered kimona suggests one of the figures with which her own people decorate their bamboo screens and fans. Her tricks are of the more conventional sort, but she creates much amusement when, having caused a number of coins to disappear, she steps from the stage, removes one from a man's coat, finds another in a woman's hair, and so on.

A curtain is raised, and Ten Ichi appears seated on a long platform, Ten-Katsu at his left, another woman at his right. The magician places a sword in a horizontal position at one of the women's feet; a vase of flowers occupies a relative position on the other side of the platform. Suddenly a jet of water springs from the heart of the flowers; it rises and falls as the magician lifts or lowers his hands. Then from the keen edge of the sword a similar jet springs. A little Japanese boy runs out and is lost in wonder at the strange sight. In an instant a miniature fountain bubbles up from the boy's head. Another boy enters and laughs at his companion's plight. He is quickly punished, for a stream of water springs from his head also. In the meantime the Japanese women have lighted a couple of torches, and water springs from the very midst of the flames. It is a mystifying illusion, and a beautiful one.

"My uncle died and left everything he had to an orphan asylum," says Wyman to his companion, Garner, a German comedian, in the Proctor bill.

"Is that so?" replied the German. "What did he have?"

"Fifteen children—that's all."

And then the Professor obliges with a little ragtime.

Sager Midgley and Gertie Carlisle have been delighting vaudeville audiences for a long time with their "Sammy and Sarah" series. Sarah is a cute little girl with a penchant for having fun at the expense of her fat-boy friend Sammy. In the present sketch, "Taking a Tonic," the pair are discovered in a doctor's office.

"Oh, Sarah," says the fat boy. "You know the ice cream we was goin' to have for dinner?"

"Of course," says Sarah.

"Well, there ain't a-goin' to be no ice cream."

"Why?" asks the girl.

"'Cause I ate it all."

Sarah thereupon decides to get even with the boy, and she persuades him that he is sick, because, as she explains, no little boy could eat that much ice cream and stay well. She doses him with hair tonic, and has no end of fun at his expense with a little electric battery. Several songs sung by the pair serve to vary the act, which proceeds with much encouragement as to laughter from orchestra and gallery.

Treloar, put down on the bills as "The Perfect Man, ex-Harvard 'Varsity Oarsman and Champion Athlete," is assisted by Mlle. Edna Tempest. The pair pose in living pictures, several classical bits of statuary being reproduced. Then Treloar in the glare of the limelight exhibits his imposing muscular development, ending his act with some difficult feats of lifting.

The Jackson family are expert cyclists, who vary their wheeling with gymnastics. John Healy, black-face monologist; the Gladstone sisters, Florence Burns, and Harry Brown are among others on the Proctor Twenty-third Street programme.

NEWS OF THE PLAYHOUSES.

Heinrich Conried, among the other matters that he is considering in connection with the Metropolitan for next year, has taken up the question of the orchestra. He has written a letter to Nahan Franko stating that he wishes to establish a permanent orchestra, which will not only be known during his management, but afterward. Mr. Franko has been requested to submit a proposition for supplying the orchestra, as he does now.

For the first time in its history, the "Standing Room Only" sign was displayed at Mrs. Osborn's Playhouse last night. This is taken by the management to indicate that the revivals of Shakespearean plays as produced during the Elizabethan era have caught the popular fancy. The play last night was "Romeo and Juliet," with Miss Eliscue as Juliet and Edmund Breese as Romeo.

E. H. Sothern and Justin Huntley McCarthy, not satisfied with collaborating on a history of François Villon, are going to work together on a sequel to "If I Were King."

May Robson, a chorus girl at Daly's, appeared yesterday at the matinée without a part of her costume made of the United States flag. The reason for discarding the costume was that a woman, signing herself as Martha Washington Alden, objected in a letter that it was an indignity to the American flag.

The performance of "Mary of Magdala" at the Manhattan Theatre yesterday afternoon attracted an audience that overflowed into the foyer spaces. The receipts, $2,000, were donated by Mr. and Mrs. Fiske to the Regina Angelorum, the home for working girls conducted by the Sisters of Mercy. The matinée was given under the auspices of Archbishop Farley, the Very Rev. Joseph F. Mooney, W. R. Grace, E. A. Philbin, Hugh J. Grant, and a hundred other citizens, many of whom attended. Mrs. Fiske received many calls before the curtain.

In celebration of the one-hundredth performance of "Mary of Magdala" at the Manhattan Theatre last night the large audience received as tokens photogravure portraits of Mrs. Fiske in the character of Mary of Magdala. Emanuel Lederer and Carl Herrmann, the American representatives of Paul Heyse, presented a laurel wreath to Mrs. Fiske at the theatre last night.

"Sultan of Sulu" at Harmonie Club.

Frank Moulan as Sultan Ki-Ram in George Ade's musical satire, "The Sultan of Sulu," with Maude Lillian Berri, Fred Frear, Gertrude Quinlan, Templer Saxe, Blanche Chapman, George H. Shields, Victory Gale, Paul Nicholson, and all the rest of Henry W. Savage's company will be the guests of the Harmonie Club in West Forty-second Street on Sunday night. Arrangements have been made for a complete performance of "The Sultan of Sulu" on the Harmonie Club stage in honor of Washington's Birthday. This will include the costumes and scenery and the entire Wallack's Theatre orchestra, under the direction of Alex Spencer.

Treasurers' Club's Benefit.

The annual benefit of the Treasurers' Club of America at Wallack's Theatre next Sunday night promises to be one of the most successful affairs ever given by this organization. These annual benefits, which are under the auspices of box office employes of the various theatres throughout this city, are for the purpose of raising funds with which to assist needy members of the club and others not on its roll.

NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS MEET.

Members Relate Their Experiences with Trades Unions.

The meeting of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday was devoted in the main to listening to addresses by members relating their experiences with trades unions.

Charles H. Taylor, Jr., of Boston and others spoke on this subject. Others who were heard were James Lynch, President of the International Typographical Union; M. P. Higgins, President of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union, and President Freel of the International Stereotypers' Union.

The association will elect officers to-day, and there will be a banquet this evening, which will close the proceedings of the body.

Advertising Agents' Meeting.

The American Advertising Agents at their annual meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday elected the following Directors: Daniel M. Lord, Charles H. Fuller, Charles E. Raymond, and John Lee Mahin of Chicago, George Batten, Frank Presbrey, Julius E. Erickson, and Paul E. Derrick of New York, Marion V. Putnam and John W. Barber of Boston, and Conrad Budke of St. Louis. Only routine business was transacted, and addresses were made by E. W. Spaulding of Philadelphia, Frank C. Hoyt, T. R. Mix, and George E. Hasin of New York.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

Not a day very lively for the carnival yesterday. The Wednesday Cotillion, a few weddings and receptions, Mrs. Frederick Bell's dinner, and that of Mr. and Mrs. Rutherfurd Stuyvesant were among the larger events. This evening there will be the last of the two dinner dances organized by Mrs. Frederick J. de Peyster and J. Montgomery Strong at Delmonico's. The sewing class will meet at the residence of Mrs. W. Eugene Parsons, and there will be a dinner at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Redmond.

Miss Beatrice Kinney of 19 West Fifty-fourth Street has cards out for a large theatre party on Monday evening next to celebrate her birthday.

Mrs. William Tillinghast Bull will give a reception this afternoon at her residence, 35 West Thirty-fifth Street, for Mme. Nordica.

Mrs. W. H. Jackson of 556 Madison Avenue will give a dinner to-morrow night at her home, and Mr. and Mrs. Peter Moller will entertain at dinner on Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Spies Kip (Miss Frances Coster Jones) have returned from Palm Beach, where they went for a couple of weeks, and are at their apartment, at East Fifty-seventh Street. Mrs. Kip has given several small dinners.

Sir Bache Cunard and Lady Cunard are booked to sail for England the latter part of next week. They have spent nearly the entire season in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lawrence Breese will go South about the middle of March. Mr. Breese will go yachting in Southern waters.

Mr. and Mrs. Rutherfurd Stuyvesant gave a large dinner last night in the banquet room at Sherry's. The room was decorated with growing palms and ferns, and the guests were seated at one oval table, the centre of which was filled with vines, ferns, and flowers. There was music during the dinner. The guests asked were:

Miss Kate Brice,	Mr. and Mrs. Beach,
Richard Peters,	Borden Harriman,
Mr. and Mrs. Russell,	Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mortimer,
Mr. and Mrs. McKim,	Mr. and Mrs. Temple Emmett,
Mrs. Wilmerding,	Mr. and Mrs. Morris,
Mr. and Mrs. F. G. d'Hauteville,	Miss Chanler,
Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler,	Eliot Gregory,
Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Harriman,	Mrs. Dodge,
Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Cotton,	Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop Chanler,
Miss Olin,	Robert Chanler,
Coleman Drayton,	Miss Frelinghuysen,
Miss Gerry,	John Rutherfurd.
Prince Jean Sapieha,	

Mrs. Frederick Bell of Morristown, who is at the Waldorf, gave a dinner of thirty covers last evening in the East Room of that hotel for the Duke of Newcastle. The Vienna Quartet played during the dinner.

Rumors are afloat anent a marriage of Mrs. Nannie Langhorne Shaw and Robert Walton Goelet. Mrs. Shaw sailed for Europe several weeks ago. Her divorce from Robert Gould Shaw, to whom she was married in October, 1897, was granted on Feb. 3, and Mr. Shaw almost immediately married Mrs. Mary Converse, the widow of C. H. Converse of Newton, Mass. Mrs. Shaw was granted the custody of her child, Robert G. Shaw third. Mr. Goelet is the son of the late Robert Goelet and a cousin of Miss May Goelet and Robert Goelet. Mrs. Shaw is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chiswell Langhorne of Virginia and a sister-in-law of Mrs. Reginald Brooks and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, and has been prominent in the smart set in Boston, Newport, and New York. Mr. Goelet and his mother are about to go abroad on the Nahma, Mrs. Goelet's famous yacht, and it is said are to join Mrs. Shaw.

Mrs. Thomas Marshall announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Sophy Griswold Marshall, to Julien Jacquelin Mason. Miss Marshall is a great granddaughter of the late Chief Justice Marshall and a granddaughter of David Parish Barhydt, and, through her mother, is related to the Walcott and Griswold families of New England. Mr. Mason, who is a Columbia College graduate and a member of the Southern Society, is of the old Mason family of Virginia, but is now residing in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt are at the Waldorf-Astoria. Mr. and Mrs. George Vanderbilt have arrived at the Holland House.

Lady Herbert has been visiting Mrs. Ogden Goelet.

Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly intend leaving New York to-day for Palm Beach. They will take a party with them in their special car, and expect to be absent about a month.

Mrs. Theron G. Strong gave a luncheon and reception yesterday at her residence, 29 East Sixty-fifth Street, for Miss Helen Talbot Olyphant, whose engagement to Mr. Prentice Strong has just been announced.

Col. John Jacob Astor left New York for Palm Beach yesterday. Mrs. Astor, who had been in Philadelphia, joined him at that city.

Gen. and Mrs. Charles Francis Roe of 35 East Thirty-seventh Street, gave a dinner last evening.

Mrs. John Blake Baker will entertain at luncheon to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Parsons will leave town to-day for Mexico. They will return to their home at Brookville, L. I., in May.

Among those receiving yesterday were Mrs. Williard S. Brown, 105 East Thirty-fifth Street; Mrs. William Boulton, 18 East Thirty-fourth Street; Mrs. Henry Bischoff, assisted by Miss Betty Collamore, at the Hotel Savoy, and Mrs. J. B. Hoyt.

The last of the Wednesday Cotillions was held last night at Delmonico's. It was a double cotillion led by Dr. George Bolling Lee, dancing with Miss Therese Mathews, and Dr. George Huston Bell, dancing with Miss Julia Calhoun. Among the patronesses who received were Mrs. Oliver Livingston Jones, Mrs. John Burling Lawrence, Mrs. Montgomery Schuyler, Mrs. Samuel Spencer, Mrs. John W. Boothby, Mrs. Edwin A. Stevens, Mrs. John C. Calhoun, and Mrs. Thomas Randolph Price. Among the members were:

Mr. and Mrs. Heth Lorton,	George Hammond Sullivan,
Miss Henrietta Weatherbee,	Richard Francis Goldsborough,
Miss Florence Kelley,	Dr. Fielding Lewis Taylor,
Miss Lucille V. Bacon,	Joseph F. Simmons,
Miss Sophy Marshall,	Dr. Carter S. Cole,
Miss Sunshine Parsons,	Sidney Leighton Smith,
Miss Grace Eaton,	Willis Browning,
Miss Mattie Bell Quarrier,	Dr. Harwood Huntington,
Miss Katherine Whiting,	F. J. Baldwin,
Miss May Simmons,	Robert L. Schuyler,
Miss Betty Collamore,	Lawrence B. Elliman,
Miss Eleanor Scott,	R. H. Gaines,
Miss Honor Barr,	Arthur S. Wily,
Miss Anna Herrick,	Buchanan Schley, Jr.,
Miss Anna Depew Paulding,	William C. Wyckoff,
Miss Wylie,	Julien J. Mason,
Miss Elizabeth Price,	Percy B. Clark.

Mrs. Hilborne Roosevelt has cards out for a reception and amateur theatricals on Monday afternoon at her residence, 301 Lexington Avenue.

Mrs. Sackett M. Barclay will give a domino party on Tuesday evening.

SOCIETY IN WASHINGTON.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The members of the Bachelors' Cotillion gave their third and last ball for the season this evening. The Marine Band furnished the music.

Among the guests were the British Ambassador and Lady Herbert, the Italian Ambassador and Mme. Mayor des Planches, the Ambassador from Austria-Hungary and Baroness Hengelmüller, the Belgian Minister, Baroness von Palm, the Minister from Peru and Mme. Calderon and Miss Calderon, the Minister from Argentina and Mme. Garcia Mérou, the Spanish Minister, and the First Secretary of the French Embassy and Mme. de Margerie.

The First Assistant Postmaster General and Mrs. Wynne were the hosts at a reception this evening at their home, in Rhode Island Avenue, where they welcomed a distinguished company representative of official and resident Washington.

Some of the guests present were the German Minister and Baroness von Sternburg, the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Shaw, Senator and Mrs. Foraker, Senator Spooner, Senator Fairbanks and Miss Fairbanks, Senator and Mrs. Kearns, the Speaker and Mrs. Henderson, the Minister from Peru and Mme. Calderon and Miss Calderon, the First Secretary of the Peruvian Legation and Mme. Pezet, the Minister from Nicaragua, and the Minister from Salvador and Mme. Lopez.

WEDDINGS OF A DAY.

Flower—Clark.

The wedding of Frederick Stanton Flower, son of the late Col. George W. Flower, and Miss Hilda Kathryn Clark, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Edward Clark, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday at the residence of the bride's parents, 353 Riverside Drive, by the Rev. Abbott E. Kittredge of the Madison Avenue Reformed Church.

The bride wore a white satin princesse gown, draped with tulle and appliqued with point lace. Her tulle veil was caught by orange blossoms and she carried a bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley. She wore the bridegroom's gift, a chain, to which were attached a heart-shaped diamond and a large square emerald. Miss Gertrude Mann of Boston, the maid of honor, was in white liberty crêpe, trimmed with lace, and wore a diamond and turquois pendant, the bride's gift. There were no bridesmaids. The bride, who was given away by her father, entered the drawing room to the strains of the Lohengrin Wedding March. Nathan Munroe Flower was his cousin's best man, and the ushers were Harry Benjamin Combs, Anson Flower Robinson, Henry O. Smith, Bertram L. Taylor, Ira A. Kip, Jr., Benjamin C. Van Dyke, Hugh A. Murray, and Charles H. George. They wore diamond horseshoe pins, the gift of the bridegroom.

Mrs. Flower, as Miss Hilda Clark, was well known as a singer in light opera. It was in the course of her stage career that she met Mr. Flower, a nephew of the late Roswell P. Flower. The engagement of the young couple was not announced for some time. After the death of his uncle, the ex-Governor, it was discovered that Frederick S. Flower was his principal heir, and the engagement was soon made public. The bride's father, Milton E. Clark, was formerly a banker at Leavenworth, Kan., but came to New York, after retiring from business, several years ago.

Frederick S. Flower is a member of the Metropolitan, Manhattan, Lotos, Racquet, Tennis, New York Yacht, Atlantic Yacht, Riding, New York Athletic, and other clubs. Mr. and Mrs. Flower have gone South on their bridal trip and after their return will live at 615 Fifth Avenue, where they will be after March 30.

Villard—Sanford.

Special to The New York Times.

ATHENS, Ga., Feb. 18.—This evening, at the Presbyterian Church in this city, Oswald Garrison Villard of the New York Evening Post was married to Miss Julia Breckenridge Sanford of Covington, Ky., the Rev. J. W. Walden officiating. The church was beautifully decorated with palms and white and pink carnations.

At 7:30 o'clock the wedding party entered the church. The ushers were W. L. Garrison of Boston, C. D. Norton of Chicago, Hall Villard of New York, and W. D. Hooper, Edward Hodgson, and Harry Hodgson of Athens. Then came the bridesmaids, the Misses May Hodgson and Amy Walden of Athens. They were daintily gowned in white organdy and carried pink carnations. Miss Jane Thompson of Covington, Ky., the maid of honor, followed, also gowned in white organdy and carrying carnations. The bride, who was gowned in white panné crepe, carried lilies of the valley.

After the ceremony there was an informal reception at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Hodgson, in Prince Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Villard will spend several weeks in Florida before returning to New York, where they will make their home.

Among the visitors from a distance were Mrs. Henry Villard of New York, mother of the bridegroom; Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Norton of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Garrison of Orange, N. J.; Mrs. Lloyd Garrison, and Mrs. Ferrand of New York, and Miss Jane Thompson and Mrs. Lyle of Kentucky.

Smith—Dinning.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 18.—Miss Winifred Dinning, daughter of Mrs. Henry Dinning of this city, was married this afternoon to Sydney Leighton Smith of New York, at Mount Calvary Episcopal Church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Harold Arrowsmith of Lenox, Mass., assisted by the Rev. Robert H. Paine.

The ushers were Alan Dinning of Philadelphia, brother of the bride; Lycurgus Winchester of Baltimore, and Morris Underhill, Edward K. Crook, Joseph F. Simmons, and Frederick S. Woodruff of New York. The bridegroom's best man was F. Raymond Lefferts of New York. The bridesmaids were Miss Laura Jane Bucknor and Miss Helen Richards of Philadelphia and Miss Helen O'Donovan of Baltimore. The bridesmaids wore gowns of pale-blue crêpe de chine, with hats of pale-blue taffeta, and carried muffs of pale-blue taffeta and chiffon.

The bride was given away by her brother. She wore a gown of tucked white crêpe de chine over white silk.

Toussaint—Gardiner.

Miss Elsie Crane Gardiner, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George N. Gardiner, was married to Alfred Emile Toussaint yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, 248 West End Avenue. The Rev. Dr. George Van De Water performed the ceremony. Miss Hilda Gardiner and Miss Edith Gardiner were the bridesmaids. Otto Toussaint was best man. A small reception followed the ceremony. The bride was in white satin and duchesse lace and carried lilies of the valley. Her attendants wore yellow crêpe, trimmed with white lace, and large yellow hats. They carried white muffs, to which were fastened bunches of daisies.

May—Uline.

Special to The New York Times.

TROY, N. Y., Feb. 18.—At the Fifth Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church this evening Miss Grace M. Uline, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Uline, was married to Jesse Van Deusen May. The Rev. P. L. Dow, the pastor of the church, officiated. Miss Agnes Mackenzie Uline attended her sister as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Lucy Rowe Leggett, Miss Irma McKay, Miss Bertha Becker, and Mrs. Donald Bane Becker. William J. Armstrong was the best man. Frederick Bowen, Donald Bane Becker, Burton May, and Alexander Mackenzie, Jr., acted as ushers.

Underhill—Baird.

Gerald Beekman Underhill yesterday was married to Miss Clara L. Baird at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Baird, 273 West Seventy-third Street. The Rev. Dr. S. De Lancey Townsend of the Church of All Angels performed the ceremony. The bride wore white satin and lace and was attended by her sister, Miss Marion Baird. Morgan Copperwaithe was best man. The ushers were Matthew Baird, Virgil C. Gates, and Frank E. Davison.

THEATRICAL COMPETITION.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Feb. 18.—It is reported here to-day that Frank Burt and Stair & Havlin have completed a circuit of high-priced theatres in competition with the syndicate theatres in eighteen of the principal theatres of the country, with the promised co-operation of Harrison Grey Fiske, James K. Hackett, and the Henrietta Crosman management, and that Stair & Havlin will continue their popular-price houses this season, but merely as managers and booking agents. The theatres mentioned are The Lyceum, Toledo, (to be remodeled;) Majestic, New York; Majestic, Boston; Auditorium, Philadelphia; Maryland Theatre, Baltimore; Lafayette Square, Washington; Empire, Pittsburg; Lyceum, Cleveland; Lyceum, Detroit; Grand Opera House, Chicago; Great Northern, Chicago; Grand Opera House, St. Louis; Walnut, Cincinnati; Grand Opera House, Kansas City; Grand Opera House, San Francisco; Grand, Toronto; Grand, Columbus; Grand, Indianapolis; Empire, Providence, and a new house in Denver.

In Buffalo, St. Paul, Milwaukee, and several other cities, according to the report, the intention is to build new theatres with the aid of local capital.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—A report that the Grand Opera House and the Great Northern Theatre had been added to a circuit of high-priced houses to compete with syndicate theatres was denied to-day by Fred Hamling, manager of the Grand Opera House, and at the Great Northern.

Concerning the report of his co-operation, James K. Hackett said: "The only man that can deny or affirm this report is Mr. Stair. I am not in a position to discuss any such proposition."

When asked about the report of the formation of a circuit E. D. Stair said last evening:

"This is one of the many rumors which are in circulation just now regarding our relations with Klaw & Erlanger. There seems to be a good deal of talk coming from them about how they are going to crush us like an eggshell, but we don't care to talk; we wish to stay in the background. It is simply a matter of business competition. We have ninety-odd popular-priced houses, and they are entering the same field. As regards Harrison Grey Fiske and the other members of the Independent Booking Agency, we have not entered into any agreement with them. Whether we will or not I cannot say. We are not yet ready to talk on that subject."

LAW SCHOOL ALUMNI DINE.

Justice Woodward, Abraham Gruber, Herbert P. Bissell of Buffalo, Municipal Justice George F. Roesch, and ex-Supreme Court Justice Ernest Hall were among those who responded to toasts at the nineteenth annual dinner of the New York University Law School Alumni in the Hotel Savoy last night. Mr. Bissell's subject was "The Legal Profession." Mr. Gruber, who was announced on the menu cards as "Hon. Abe Gruber," did not have a regular toast. He just talked.

"Lawyers," said he, had to attach themselves to various interests in order to succeed, inasmuch as few of them could attach themselves to trust magnates' daughters. Some attended upon the City Club, some upon Platt, and some upon Tammany Hall. It was all right that they should attend; how could they get along otherwise? There were many things they had to do to achieve their ambitions; chase ambulances, for instance.

"And could there be any more chaste way to practice the law?" inquired the speaker.

Apropos of contingent fees, Mr. Gruber said:

"In our office we thus define the contingent fee when we mention it to a client: 'If you lose this case we don't get anything; if you win you don't get anything.'"

He commented upon the different kinds of Judges, to the apparent amusement of the jurists who were present. Some Judges, he said, were only human, like other people. Some were otherwise than human, and he would show that some were even above the Lord. He told of a proclamation the New York County Surrogates once issued for the benefit of guardians. "The proclamation," said Mr. Gruber, "closed in this wise:

"'Do ye unto others as ye would have others do unto you. Approved. (Signed) Frank T. Fitzgerald and Abner C. Thomas, Surrogates.'"

In relating some experiences of the days when "Jerry" Sullivan and Otto Kempner contested an election, Mr. Gruber recalled that he was counsel for Sullivan. Asa Bird Gardiner was Kempner's lawyer.

"Which fact," said the speaker, "was bad for me, and for Kempner, too."

Despite the fact that Judges and practitioners ought always to pay each other the proper respect, said Mr. Gruber, there were some Judges who would "slide down on the edge of their chairs, poke their long legs under the desks in front of them, and scowl in a way in which no gentlemen ought to to regard others." Yet these Judges were rare. As a man who had lived in the city all his life, he added, he wanted to say that all citizens respected the men now occupying the bench here, regardless of the source of their nominations.

The dinner was a lawyers' feast from start to finish, and of the many women present most were law school graduates. Besides the speakers those at the guests' table included Dean Ashley, Prof. I. F. Russell, and Justice James A. O'Gorman. Justice Woodward, who acted as toastmaster, confessed that he thought he had gotten the date of the dinner mixed when he invited Oscar S. Straus and John B. Stanchfield to make speeches. Neither of them came. Among the guests were the following:

Sylvan Bier,	M. Warley Platzek,
M. Linn Bruce,	Dr. H. W. Skerry,
Smith Ely,	James Stokes,
Charles A. Hess,	Arthur W. Tams,
Justice Martin J. Keogh,	Postmaster Van Cott,
M. Nussbaum,	George White.
John J. O'Leary,	

Before the dinner the regular annual meeting of the alumni was held, and these officers were re-elected: President—Justice Woodward; Vice Presidents—Justice Keogh, Justice Bartlett, Smith Ely, M. Warley Platzek, and William Purrington; Treasurer—Benjamin F. Feiner; Secretary—John M. Quinn.

IN THE SHOPS.

Very pretty and smart is a plain, rather low, starched turnover linen collar, which has two buttonholes worked in either side of the turnover at the opening in front, and joined by two small jeweled linked buttons. With this collar are shown, in the shop, a couple of fine hand-embroidered ends of linen, regular tie ends, about four inches long, falling from below the buttons.

Embroidered handkerchief stocks are exceedingly pretty. One of these, in a fancy-work shop, has a short turnover formed of the embroidered sides of the stock, one corner forming a point in the front. From the base of the stock fall three ends, one over another, each a little shorter than the one below, made of the other three corners of the handkerchief. From the broadest point of the embroidered ends the strips taper to the top. The under piece, which is the longest, is between four and five inches in length.

Another handkerchief stock has the stock proper made of handkerchief linen in narrow tucks or folds, with a turnover of the embroidered edges. A point is formed of one corner in front. From the base of the stock two narrow embroidered sides of the handkerchief are carried down for five or six inches, with the embroidered points out and set a little apart. Three embroidered corners of the handkerchief bridge across these two strips and are held in place with Renaissance rings. The first corner or point is set on at the end of the narrow strips and the other two are set at intervals above. The effect is good.

Heavy linen and lawn are combined in an embroidered stock which opens in the back. The linen is brought down in the front in two short curved ends, separating below the base of the stock. These are embroidered around the edges. Tacked to the top of the linen stock is another the same size and shape, of fine lawn, embroidered around the edges, covering the linen, only the ends showing as the lawn rises by chance.

In the unmade pattern gowns, hand embroidered, the breadths of the skirt are sewed together and the embroidery worked over the seams, making a running design, nearly covering the skirts in some cases. One design, which is effective, is in natural-size woodbine leaves, the leaves joined with a vine of graceful scrolls and tendrils. This, in white on a linen of a dull tone, is charming.

For the Summer home there are tall, many-shelved music stands in bamboo.

A new use of bamboo is in combination with oak. Made up with the ordinary golden brown oak, the mottled brown bamboo is very pretty. There are not many pieces—no bedsteads or bureaus—but there are dressing tables, desks, and a variety of chairs. The dressing table is in simple design, with a plain top and one drawer. The leg trimmings and support for the mirror at the back are of the bamboo. The desk is also simple, with one drawer, and desk top with leaf, which lets down for writing. It is similarly made with bamboo legs and trimmings.

There are many pretty and fanciful designs in chairs, costing from $3 up. These are good pieces for bedrooms in Summer homes. There are Japanese matting-covered couches, with the mottled bamboo frames, which can be used with the other furniture.

An effective veranda swinging couch has a mottled bamboo frame and is covered with the prairie grass matting. There are flowers of the bamboo used in ornamenting the couch.

Dark blue Japanese cotton kimonos, with white figures, and lighter blue and white cotton crêpe kimonos are selling for $1.75, a special sale at which the convenient garments can be had for about half price.

Big scarfs of a sort of sheer liberty silk cost $1.25 and can be had in all colors. They are called scarfs, but they are really large squares. They will wash.

Beautiful things which were new at the holidays are jardinieres and stands of German copper. They are made in large and heavy designs, supported by comparatively slender stands, and are most artistic. A beautiful and simple jardiniere without a stand, which was reduced the other day from $50 to $25, is in the shape of a low, squat, covered urn. This is simple in design but good. There is a large bowl of glass inside for flowers.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Clinton Adams.

Clinton Adams, Secretary of the Calumet Club, died suddenly yesterday morning in his residence, 10 West Thirty-fourth Street, aged thirty-five years. About a week ago he contracted a cold, which developed into pneumonia. His illness, however, had not generally been considered serious, and the news of his death, which was posted in the clubhouse about noon, was the first intimation that many of his friends had that he had even been ill. Mr. Adams leaves a sister, Mrs. Waterbury, well known in artistic and literary circles, who lives at the St. Margaret, in Brooklyn, and a young son, who is now at school. Mr. Adams was married some years ago, but had been divorced from his wife, who subsequently became the wife of Mr. Depew, a nephew of Chauncey M. Depew. The funeral services will be held to-morrow morning in the Church of the Transfiguration, and the interment will be in Greenwood.

Obituary Notes.

Capt. HENRY E. HUNTTING of Bridgehampton, L. I., died at his residence on Tuesday night after an illness of two weeks of pneumonia. He was seventy-four years old, and was elected to the Assembly twice on the Republican ticket. In his youth he was a whaler, and rose to be master.

PATTERSON G. SNEDEKER of 42 South Walnut Street, East Orange, died Tuesday after a short illness. He was sixty-nine years old, and was born in New Brunswick. He went to East Orange two years ago from Matawan. Mr. Snedeker is survived by a widow, two sons, and two daughters. He was formerly Beach Superintendent at Asbury Park.

WILLIAM J. TAYLOR of the Taylor Iron and Steel Company of High Bridge, N. J., died on Tuesday night at his home, in Bound Brook, N. J., from pneumonia. He was sixty-seven years old. He had been ill only a short time. Mr. Taylor was well known in the iron trade, and was a member of the Engineers' Club and other organizations.

JOHN AIRD DEMPSEY, a member of the Assembly in 1897 from the Seventeenth District, died on Tuesday. He was a grandson of Peter Dempsey, once Clerk of this county, and a member of a family of famous Harlem River oarsmen. He was graduated from the College of the City of New York and from the Columbia College Law School.

JOHN T. MORRIS, a prominent Mason, and a member of the firm of Lockwood Brothers & Co., furniture dealers, of Paterson, N. J., died on Tuesday night from kidney disease. He was born in Lochee, Scotland, May 24, 1851, and came to this country thirty years ago, obtaining a position with William Lockwood, in whose business he was to become a partner. Five children survive him.

LEWIS SYLVESTER HOUGH, author, lawyer, and a veteran of the civil war, is dead in his home in Media, Penn. He was eighty-two years of age and was born in Martinsburg, N. Y. He was educated in Hudson and Amherst Colleges and was admitted to the bar in Columbus, Ohio. He was an authority on American and English history. His best-known works are "America and Her Tariffs" and "The Principles of Coinage and Currency."

JOHN YOUNG died at his home, 51 Wayne Street, Jersey City, on Tuesday from heart disease. He was born in Scotland in 1824 and came to this country in 1849. He entered the employ of the Singer Sewing Machine Company, and investing his savings in coal lands in Pennsylvania became wealthy. He retired eight years ago. He was one of the founders of the Hudson County Caledonian Club. His wife died five years ago. He leaves no children.

WARREN SCOTT SILLCOCKS died at his home, 23 South Portland Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday, aged sixty-nine years. He was born in New Brunswick, N. J., and came to New York when he was sixteen years old and entered the jewelry business. In 1862 he established the firm of Sillcocks & Cooley, which continued until 1874, when Mr. Sillcocks established the Celluloid Novelty Company. He was a member of the Oxford Club of Brooklyn, the Sons of the Revolution, and was at one time a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

GEORGE LAWRENCE MYERS, a member of the New York Cotton Exchange, died at Aiken, S. C., on Monday, aged thirty-one years. He was the son of ex-Controller Theodore W. Myers, and leaves a widow and one child. He was graduated from Columbia University, class of '93, and later was identified prominently with the Twelfth Regiment, being Captain of Company K. Mr. Myers was a member of the Manhattan Club, the Democratic Club, the Army and Navy Club, the Devon Club of Philadelphia, the Military Society of the War of 1812, the New York Athletic, and the Rockaway Hunt Club.

NORMAN S. ADAMS died yesterday morning at his home, 498 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn. He was chief clerk of the Auditor's department in the Custom House. He was born in Ludlow, Vt., July 7, 1839, and was originally appointed to the customs service in 1861. He served for twenty years as head of the impost room, six years in the cashier's office, and on April 4, 1894, was made chief clerk in the Auditor's office. Mr. Adams's death was caused by gas asphyxiation and paralysis. Last Saturday afternoon he was found in his bathroom in a tub of hot water, with the gas escaping from a partially opened jet. He did not again recover full consciousness.

Business Notices.

Otranta E & W Otranta
A new collar

MARRIED.

TOUSSAINT—GARDINER.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Dr. Van De Water, Elsie Crane, daughter of George N. Gardiner, to Alfred Emile Toussaint.

VILLARD—SANDFORD.—At Athens, Ga., on Feb. 18, by the Rev. Dr. J. W. Waldon, Julia Breckinridge Sandford, to Oswald Garrison Villard.

DIED.

ADAMS.—At his residence, 10 West 34th St., Clinton Adams, in his thirty-sixth year, only brother of Jennie Bullard Waterbury and son of the late Coe Adams.
Funeral from the Little Church Around the Corner, Friday, 10 A. M. Interment Greenwood.

HASTINGS.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, Fanny De Groot, wife of the Rev. Dr. Thomas S. Hastings, daughter of the late Henry and Mary De Groot.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

KEACH.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, Anna C., widow of the late John Ross Keach, and daughter of the late William H. and Jane M. Coffin.
Funeral services from the residence of her sister, Mrs. F. C. Reed, 41 East 65th St., at convenience of family.

LEONARD.—At Tarrytown, N. Y., R. Jackson Leonard, in the 88th year of his age.
Funeral service from First Baptist Church on Thursday, Feb. 19, at 2 P. M.

MANHEIM.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, Rebecca Salvene Manheim, beloved wife of Hyman Manheim, at her late residence, 426 West 124th St.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

MYERS.—On Monday, Feb. 8, 1903, at Aiken, S. C., George L. Myers, aged 31 years, only son of ex-Controller Theodore W. Myers.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

NICHOLS.—At her home, 103 East 35th St., on Wednesday, Feb. 18, Emmeline S. Nichols, eldest daughter of the late Sillick and Euphene Nichols, aged 93.
Funeral ceremonies on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

PARMELEE.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1903, Mary E., wife of William S. Parmelee and daughter of the late John F. Butterworth.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral service at her late residence, 450 Westminster Av., Elizabeth, N. J., on Saturday, Feb. 21, at 11 o'clock A. M.

PIKE.—On Tuesday, Feb. 17, of pneumonia, George Nichols Pike, in his 49th year.
Funeral services from his late residence, 733 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, Feb. 19, at 8 P. M.

PUMFREY.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, suddenly, at her late residence, Mary E. Evans, daughter of the late Lemuel G. Evans, and wife of George Pumfrey.
Funeral private.

PURDY.—On Feb. 18, 1903, Harriet Fowler, widow of the late Cornelius L. Purdy.
Funeral services at her late residence, 163 West 128th St., Friday, at 3 P. M.
Funeral private.

ROBINSON.—On Monday, Feb. 16, at Paulist Fathers' House, the Rev. Thomas Verney Robinson, C. S. P., died fortified by the rites of Holy Church.
Funeral services will be held on Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, in the Church of St. Paul the Apostle. Vespers for the dead Wednesday evening at 8.

SHINN.—Entered into rest, at her late residence, 107 East 16th St., Feb. 18, 1903, Henrietta Maria Calhoun, widow of William M. Shinn.
Interment Pittsburg.
Brooklyn papers please copy.

SILLCOCKS.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, Warren S. Sillcocks.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Friday, Feb. 20, at 2 P. M., at 23 South Portland Av., Brooklyn.

TAYLOR.—On Tuesday, Feb. 17, 1903, of pneumonia, at Bound Brook, N. J., William Johnston Taylor, aged 67.
Funeral services at his late residence, Bound Brook, N. J., on Friday, Feb. 20, 1903, at 1 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers. Train leaves foot of Liberty St., New York, 11 A. M.

WILKIN.—At his residence, 232 Carlton Av., Brooklyn, Lefferts G. Wilkin.
Funeral services Thursday evening, Feb. 19, at 7 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

THEODORE B. STARR
Diamond Merchant,
Jeweler and Silversmith,
MADISON SQUARE WEST
Between 25th and 26th Streets.
Established 1862.
15 years on John St. as Starr & Marcus.
25 years as above.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
No connection with any other house in this line of business.

FOR CHAPPED HANDS AND FACE
You'll never suffer with chapped or irritated skin if you use
Velcrema
It keeps the skin as soft as velvet—most delicate skin preparation made—try it after shaving—25c.

DEATH OF PRINCE KOMATSU.

Royal Japanese Reformer Favored Western Ideas from an Early Age.

YOKOHAMA, Feb. 18.—Prince Komatsu, who was the envoy of Japan at the coronation of King Edward, died to-day of an affection of the brain.

Prince Komatsu took a very prominent part in the introduction of Occidental ideas and methods in his country. He was born in 1846, when custom indicated the priesthood as the only legitimate career for younger scions of the imperial family, but, owing apparently to premonition of what was in store for Japan, he became a strong advocate of the restoration of power to the Mikado and the abolition of the Shogunate.

From the first, also, he was pro-foreign, in the sense of favoring Western ideas. After repeatedly petitioning the Throne, he was at last, in 1871, allowed to go abroad to study, and he was the first Japanese Prince received by Queen Victoria. Later he became Minister of War. In 1886 he visited this country and Europe, and the following year represented the Mikado at Queen Victoria's first jubilee, her Majesty giving him the Grand Cross of the Bath.

The Prince took an active part in various military campaigns, including the Chinese-Japanese war.

Funds Needed to Relieve Distress.

The New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor appeals for $18,343 (in addition to the $41,657 which it has received since Oct. 1) with which to continue its work of relieving distress during the present season. Donations should be sent to Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

DEATHS REPORTED FEB. 18.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Feb.
AUDETAL, Henry, 442 W. 39th St.	36	16
BLAKE, Mary, 127 8th Av.	57	17
BERINS, Florence, 2,156 2d Av.	1	16
BRODERICK, Ann, 218 W. 17th St.	75	18
BARMANN, Bertha, 1,146 2d Av.	51	16
BUDDENHAGEN, Max, 797 1st Av.	30	16
CRANDELL, Charles F., 102 E. 107th	1	16
COHEN, Isabella, 76 St. Mark's Pl.	46	17
CARROLL, Richard, 338 E. 49th St.	25	18
COVERT, Rupert, 8 E. 109th St.	38	16
CROSBY, Sarah M., 101 E. 50th St.	52	17
DIONISKY, Max, 135 E. Broadway	56	16
DALEY, Marcella, 523 2d Av.	64	16
DAVIS, Benjamin, 533 W. 26th St.	54	17
EISNER, Hester, 112 W. 101st St.	60	16
EISSLER, Gottlieb, 51 1st Av.	51	17
ENNIS, Catherine, 300 W. 49th St.	31	17
FIMIAN, John M., 639 W. 187th St.	6	17
FOLEY, John J., 52 Bedford St.	56	17
GEBHARDT, Johanna, 1,489 1st Av.	81	16
GOLDBERG, Gertrude, 56 Cannon St.	3	16
HOUSEN, John, Tombs	45	12
HELLER, Rosie, 21 Avenue C	1	16
HUEHLER, Philip, 297 Liberty St., Brooklyn	16	17
HENDRICKSON, Glorianna, 326 E. 39th St.	76	16
HOLGEN, August, 300 E. 126th St.	46	15
HEFLIN, Pearl, Ward's Island	33	16
HALLING, William, 51 Columbus Av.	31	16
HANNA, Isabella, 280 Bleecker St.	76	17
HACHTMAN, Frederic, 1,467 1st Av.	1	16
ISKEEJAN, Jacob, 436 W. 29th St.	56	16
JONES, John, 162 E. 100th St.	29	17
JONES, Helen M., 275 W. 127th St.	69	17
JOHNSON, Edith, Perth Amboy	8	13
KUHN, Jacob, 1 Minetta Lane	45	16
KIRWIN, Bridget, 101 Greenwich St.	60	15
KOZEL, Annie, 116 2d St.	19	16
KESSLER, Annie, 215 Avenue A	29	16
KEENAN, John, 521 W. 43d St.	30	17
KOECHLING, Andrew A., 2,005 1st Av.	1	17
LEONHARDT, Adolph, 321 E. 58th St.	53	17
LOCHSTEIN, Frederick, 215 E. 98th	40	15
LAPHAM, F. A., 15 Gramercy Park	52	17
MARSH, Clara, 1,460 2d Av.	23	16
MILLER, Mary C., 334 W. 49th St.	28	16
MATIBETT, John, Almshouse Hosp.	80	15
MIELE, Rose, 437 E. 13th St.	34	14
MORRIS, Mary C., 10 Gansevoort St.	1	16
MEENAGH, Mary A., 103 Avenue D	47	16
McNAMARA, Mary, 105 E. 118th St.	43	16
McELROY, Rosanna, 342 E. 36th St.	15	16
McKENNA, Patrick, 532 W. 29th St.	75	18
McKEE, Catherine, 2,000 Madison Av.	31	16
NUSSBAUM, Fanny J., 335 E. 88th St.	44	15
O'DONNELL, James, 69 Oliver St.	62	17
PIRKER, Rosa, 334 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn	28	16
PEEBLES, Alfred, 231 W. 69th St.	29	17
QUIRK, Delia, 238 W. 38th St.	26	17
RASER, Mary, 429 E. 19th St.	75	16
RIGNEY, Ellen, 157th St. & Linwood	53	16
RAYMENT, Elizabeth, 225 W. 10th St.	40	17
SMITH, Robert A., 340 E. 35th St.	22	16
SHEEHAN, John, Almshouse Hospital	68	15
SULLIVAN, Annie, 453 10th Av.	35	14
SHEEHAN, Eliza, 309 E. 25th St.	60	14
SULLIVAN, Daniel, 307 E. 45th St.	54	16
SIMONS, Sophia, 202 E. 44th St.	44	16
SCHERHEY, Max J., 780 Park Av.	42	15
SMITH, Lillian, 405 E. 16th St.	1	16
SAUDRAY, Pierre, 348 W. 18th St.	60	16
SUMMERS, Tessie, 142 W. 10th St.	28	16
SCHLETZ, Henry, 416 W. 29th St.	54	18
SHINN, Henrietta M., 107 E. 16th St.	88	16
THOMPSON, N., 240 E. 106th St.	64	17
TAGGERT, James L., 144 Grand St.	49	16
VAN MARTIR, Edith, 204 W. 114th	25	17
WERNER, Henry, 316 Bowery	27	16
WEIR, Thomas, 370 8th Av.	40	14
WOODS, Margaret, 155 Worth St.	5	16
WALTER, Gelerich, 296 Broome St.	62	17

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Feb.
CROSS, Ruby, 896 E. 170th St.	35	12
JOHNSON, C. J., St. Joseph's Hosp.	25	18
JAHNKE, A. L., 115 St. Ann's Av.	1	17
KENDALL, Matilda J., 161 St. Ann's Av.	52	16
LANZER, Ella F., 961 E. 133d St.	41	16
NEUENDORFF, Mary C., 919 Trinity Av.	68	16
RUPP, Maria, 843 E. 135th St.	27	16
ROTTGER, Mary, 1,158 Wash. Av.	75	17
SCHAEFER, Peter, 711 E. 171st St.	30	15
WEBER, Albert G., 641 E. 154th St.	58	15

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Feb.
ADAMS, John, K. Co. Hospital	24	13
BUSCH, Helena M., 163 Ellery St.	62	15
BIRDSALL, Hannah, 212 N. Henry	85	16
BYRNE, Michael, 190 Nelson St.	55	16
COOPER, Sarah A., 1,525 50th St.	50	17
DONAHUE, James, 362 Hicks St.	34	16
DRESSEL, Susanna, 143 Stagg St.	42	17
DUNLAP, Margaret G., 592 3d Av.	50	17
FOLEY, Elizabeth, Home for Aged	60	17
FERNBACH, G., 122 Stockton St.	77	16
GEISS, Edwin F., Ger. Evang. Home	26	17
GRIFFITH, John, N. Y. City Home	73	15
JOHNSON, Hanna, 249 Columbia St.	33	18
KLINCK, Anton, K. Co. Hospital	38	17
KOLLER, Andreas, 1,255 Myrtle Av.	54	17
KURTZ, Rebecca, 86 Wyckoff St.	50	16
KENNSKE, P., Consumptives' Home	20	16
KLEIN, Elizabeth, 207 Nassau Av.	65	17
MORROW, Ida M., 119 St. James Pl.	30	16
MILLS, Elizabeth, 1,012 40th St.	53	17
MAHIKEN, John, 298 Van Brunt St.	33	17
MAHAR, Frances, 112 12th St.	55	17
MARTIN, Elizabeth, 509 Court St.	1	15
MacDONALD, Marcia A., 180 New York Av.	73	17
McDADY, Annie, 248 Chester St.	1	13
RATHBUN, E. J., 1,338 Broadway	73	17
SCHELLENBERG, Bertha, 320 Duffield St.	67	17
SHAROT, Ethel L., 294 9th St.	2	17
SCHULZ, F. W. A., 130 Harrison Av.	73	15
SCHWANZER, H., 206 Throop Av.	40	16
STANTON, Catherine, K. Co. Hosp.	26	16
TIERNEY, John, 2,074 Atlantic Av.	75	16
TENNEY, Mary J., 69 Clermont Av.	72	16
VOGEL, Edward, 7 Walton St.	53	15
WENDEMANN, Caroline, 359 Bushwick Av.	76	16
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Amusements.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
Grand Opera Season 1902-1903.
Under the direction of Mr. Maurice Grau.
To-night, Feb. 19, at 8:30—Der Ring des Nibelungen. Special Prices. DAS RHEINGOLD. Ruess-Belce, Schumann-Heink, Marilly, Scheff, Bridewell; Anthes, Van Rooy, Bispham, Elmblad. Fri. Evg., Feb. 20, at 7:45—DIE MEISTERSINGER. Gadski, Maurer; Anthes, Van Rooy, Bispham, Blass, Muhlmann, Reiss. Conductor, Hertz.
Sat. Aft., Feb. 21, at 2—ERNANI. Sembrich; De Marchi, Scotti, Ed. de Reszke. Conductor, Mancinelli.
Sat. Evg., Feb. 21, at 7:30—Der Ring des Nibelungen. Special Prices. DIE WALKUERE. Gadski, Schumann-Heink, Homer, Scheff, Marilly, Seygard, Bridewell, and Nordica; Burgstaller, Bispham, Elmblad. Conductor Hertz.
Sun. Evg., Feb. 22, at 8:30—GRAND POPULAR CONCERT. Seygard, Marilly, Bridewell; Salignac, Bispham, Blass. Entire Opera Orchestra. Conductor, Mancinelli.
Mon. Evg., Feb. 23, at 8 (Revival)—UN BALLO IN MASCHERA. Gadski, Homer, Scheff; De Marchi, Campanari, Ed. de Reszke, Journet. Conductor, Mancinelli.
Tues. Evg., Feb. 24, at 7:30—DER RING DES NIBELUNGEN. Special Prices. SIEGFRIED. Nordica, Seygard; Burgstaller, Van Rooy, Bispham, Reiss, Elmblad. Conductor, Hertz.
Wed. Evg., Feb. 25, at 8—IL FLAUTO MAGICO. (The Magic Flute.) Sembrich, Homer, Seygard, Scheff, Bridewell, Marilly, and Gadski; Salignac, Ed. de Reszke, Campanari, Reiss, Muhlmann. Conductor, Mancinelli.
Fri. Evg., Feb. 27, at 8—LA TRAVIATA. Sembrich; Dani, Scotti, Gilibert. Conductor, Mancinelli.
Sat. Evg., Feb. 28, at 7:30—GOETTERDAEMMERUNG. (Completing the "Ring" Cycle at Special Prices; $1 to $3 for seats. General admission, $1.50 and $1.)
WEBER PIANOS USED.

CARNEGIE HALL.
TO-NIGHT at 8:15.
Boston Symphony Orchestra
Programme:
CHERUBINI, Overture, "The Water-Carrier"; SCHUMANN, Concerto for Pianoforte, in A minor, Op. 54; R. STRAUSS, Tone Poem, "Death and Transfiguration"; BEETHOVEN, Symphony No. 5, in C minor, Op. 67.
Soloist, Mme. Bloomfield-Zeisler.
Saturday Aft., Feb'y 21, at 2:30.
Programme:
TANEIEW, Overture, "L'Orestie"; MOZART, Aria from "Titus"; WAGNER, "A Siegfried Idyl"; MENDELSSOHN, Aria, "But the Lord Is Mindful," from the Oratorio "St. Paul"; TSCHAIKOWSKY, Suite No. 3, in G major, Op. 55. Soloist
Mr. Gericke, Conductor.
Mme. Schumann-Heink.
Seats $1.50 to 75c.; at Box Office, Tyson's (5th Ave. Hotel) and Ditson's, at regular prices.

HERALD SQUARE THEATRE. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. Sat., 2:15. Tel. 703-38.
DE WOLF HOPPER in "MR. PICKWICK"
Next Mon., Washington's Birthday, Mat.
Grand Vaudeville CONCERT 12 Big Acts Next Sunday. FEB. 22ND

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Telephone 6,020-38. Mats. Wed. & Sat., at 2:15. Evgs., 8:15.
A CHINESE HONEYMOON.
Next Mon., Washington's Birthday, Mat.

CARNEGIE HALL.
Wetzler Symphony Concerts
Last Concert Tues. Evg., Feb. 24, at 8:30.
Conductor, H. H. WETZLER
SOLOIST, MME. NORDICA
Seats now on sale at Ditson's and Box Office.

BROADWAY Theatre, 41st St. & B'way. Ev. 8. Mat. Wed. & Sat., 2.
SPECIAL MAT. WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY, MOND., FEB. 23.
John C. Fisher's Gorgeous Production, THE
SILVER SLIPPER
Monday, March 2, 150th Performance, Souvenirs.

WALLACK'S Broadway & 30th St. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Wednesday and Saturday.
Henry W. Savage presents
GEORGE ADE'S Witty Musical Success,
SULTAN OF SULU
"DO YOU FEEL A DRAFT."
Extra Mat. Washington's Birthday, Mon., Feb. 23d.

MANHATTAN THEATRE, 33d and Broadway.
TUESDAY, February 24, at 3 P. M.,
Farewell Piano Recital.
MARK
HAMBOURG.
Reserved Seats, 75c. to $1.50 at box office and Wm. Knabe & Co., 20th and Broadway.
Knabe Piano Used.

ST. NICHOLAS
SKATING RINK
Championship Hockey Match, New York A. C. vs. St. Nicholas S. C.
To-night, 8:15 o'clock.
Admission, 50 cts. Reserved seats, 50 cts. extra.

SPORTSMEN'S SHOW Madison Sq. Garden Feb. 21 to March 7. Opens Sat. 10 A. M. Ad. 50c.

Manhattan Broadway & 33d Street. Ev. 8. Matinée Sat. at 2.
LAST 2 WEEKS MRS. FISKE
in MARY OF MAGDALA.
Xtra Matinee Washington's Birthday.

MENDELSSOHN HALL, Tues. Aft., Feb. 24, at 3
Fannie Bloomfield-Zeisler
PIANO RECITAL
Management.............HENRY WOLFSOHN
Seats, $1 and $1.50, at Ditson's, 867 B'way.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th St. & Irving Pl.
John C. Fisher & Thos. W. Ryley's great revival
MAT. WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY. (Monday.)
FLORODORA.
Prices 25,50,75,$1. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Ev. 8:15.

MENDELSSOHN HALL, THIS (Thurs.) Aft. at 3.
MISS
KATHRIN HILKE
SONG RECITAL.
Tickets $1 and $1.50, at Ditson's, 867 B'way.

WEBER & FIELDS' MUSIC HALL. B'way and 30th. Mat. Tues. & Sat.
Extra Mat. Mon., (Washington's Birthday.)
THE MUSICAL ABSURDITY, TWIRLY-WHIRLY
& Burlesque, THE STICKINESS OF GELATINE

MAJESTIC, GRAND CIRCLE, B'way & 59 St. Evs. 8. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2.
WIZARD OF OZ Extra Matinée Washington's Birthday.

14th St. Theatre, near 6th av. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
ANDREW MACK LAST WEEK.
In His Best Play, THE BOLD SOGER BOY.
Wk. Com. Monday Mat., Feb. 23, THE SMART SET.

CIRCLE 60th & B'way DAILY MATS. 2:15 Evgs. 8:15.
All Star Vaudeville Chas. J. Ross & Mabel Fenton, & 10 other acts.

BIJOU B'way 30th St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. & Washington Day.
MARIE CAHILL in NANCY BROWN.
"Joy and rapture centres in Miss Cahill."—Times.

THE DEWEY E. 14TH ST. MATINEE TO-DAY. SAM DEVERE'S OWN CO
SUNDAY NIGHT—GRAND CONCERT, 25c., 50c.

AMERICAN 42D ST. AND 8TH AV.
Mat. Daily (exc'pt Mon.) 25c. The Sporting Duchess
Ted Marks' Big Concert Sunday Night.

Victoria, 42d St. B'y. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. & Wash'n B'dy
BLANCHE WALSH in RESURRECTION.

BELASCO THEATRE Ev. 8. Mats. Sat. & Washington D'y.
DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in THE DARLING OF THE GODS.

PROCTOR'S 125th St., 23d St., 5th Av. & 58th St. 25c., 50c. Res. 75c.
BIG COMEDY & VAUDEVILLE SHOWS.
Reserved Every Aft. & Eve.—Full Orch.

EDEN WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH.
MUSEE DE KOLTA, the Wizard to-night at 9

KEITH'S B'way and 14th. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 30—GREAT ACTS—30. PRICES 25c. and 50c.

MURRAY HILL THEA. Lex. Av. & 42d St. MATINEES EVERY DAY, 25c. MAGDA.

H&S Hurtig & Seamon, W. 125th. Robert Hilliard & Co., Gardner & Madders; others. Mat. Sat.

CHAMPIONSHIPS IN TENNIS

First Matches in Tournament at Seventh Regiment Armory.

New York and Philadelphia Players Contest in the Singles—Drawing for the Doubles Made.

The first games of the indoor tennis championships held under the auspices of the Seventh Regiment Lawn Tennis Association were played yesterday afternoon in the regiment's armory, at Sixty-sixth Street and Park Avenue. The entire floor space of the big drill hall was laid out in courts, and nearly every court was occupied by the various players who are entered in the tournament, though only two of the courts were used yesterday for the championship contests, these being in the portion of the building where the best light was to be had.

There were only five matches started, one of these being left unfinished on account of the failing light. Calhoun Cragin, President of the Seventh Regiment Lawn Tennis Association and also a member of the West Side Tennis Club, and T. R. Pell of this city contested in this match, and each had a victory to his credit when play ceased for the day. Instead of deciding to play the match all over again to-day, Cragin and Pell agreed to play one set early to-day to decide the match. This contest was the feature of the day, though it would not be said that Cragin displayed the form of his outdoor game. Pell, however, was hampered by the strangeness of the court. He is an outdoor player, too, and has done little on the closed courts. His showing was excellent and a surprise to the small gallery, which was composed of close students of tennis, who expected to see Cragin easily defeat his opponent. Time and again the games went to deuce, and the stubbornness of the contest prolonged the play until darkness put a stop to it, much to the disappointment of the onlookers.

Wylie C. Grant's easy victory over A. L. Haskins of Philadelphia was another surprise, as Haskins is considered a good one in the Quaker City, but he was completely outplayed by the ex-scholastic champion, and seemed to give up trying early in the match. His defeat caused some misgiving among the Philadelphia contingent, which is well represented in the tournament, for they all see trouble ahead in the conditions which combined to defeat Haskins. The slant of the light rays and the floor surface bother them, but they hope to overcome these difficulties by a little more practice.

The Philadelphians did not end the day empty handed, for H. Jennings of the Germantown Cricket Club had a comparatively easy victory over P. Foerster of the Seventh Regiment, and won the only love set of the day.

Calhoun Cragin beat Robert Leroy, the Columbia University champion, in the first match of the day. It was also the only preliminary contest decided.

W. B. Cragin, Jr., of the Seventh Regiment defeated Louis J. Grant of the New York Lawn Tennis Club in a rather interesting game.

The committee in charge of the tournament manifested great satisfaction because of a telegram received during the afternoon announcing that E. W. Leonard and W. J. Clothier of Harvard, and the intercollegiate champion doubles team, would compete in the indoor doubles championship, which will be started to-day. The drawings in the doubles were made last evening. The scores of yesterday's matches:

Championship Singles.—Preliminary Round—Calhoun Cragin, West Side Tennis Club, beat Robert Leroy, Columbia University, 6—3, 6—1.
First Round—Wylie C. Grant, New York Tennis Club, beat A. L. Haskins, Belmont Cricket Club, Philadelphia, 6—1, 6—4; W. B. Cragin, Jr., Seventh Regiment, beat L. J. Grant, New York Tennis Club, 6—2, 6—3; H. Jennings, Germantown Cricket Club, Philadelphia, beat Paul Foerster, Seventh Regiment, 6—3, 6—0; Calhoun Cragin and T. R. Pell, New York, 5—7, 6—4, (unfinished.)

The drawings for the doubles, play in which is expected to start to-day, are as follows:

A. L. Haskins and partner, Philadelphia, (bye.)
L. J. Grant and partner, New York Tennis Club, vs. L. E. Mahan and W. J. McLaughlin, Columbia University.
Wylie C. Grant and Robert Leroy, New York Tennis Club, vs. Shepard Homans and T. C. Trask, West Side Tennis Club.
G. Burns and H. A. Thomas, Columbia University, vs. E. W. Leonard and W. J. Clothier, Harvard University.
Paul Foerster and partner, Wednesday Indoor Tennis Club, vs. W. Fowler and G. A. Adee, Crescent Athletic Club.
J. P. Paret and T. R. Pell, New York, vs. H. F. Allen and T. Wickham, Philadelphia.
J. L. Robertson and D. R. Todd, Parkhill Country Club, Yonkers, vs. Calhoun Cragin and partner, West Side Tennis Club.
H. Jennings and partner, Philadelphia, vs. R. D. Little and J. O. Forbes, West Side Tennis Club.

Amusements.

EMPIRE THEATRE, Broadway & 40th St. Evenings, 8:20. Matinees, 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN...............Manager
XTRA MATINEE NEXT MONDAY.
CHARLES FROHMAN'S
EMPIRE THEATRE COMPANY,
which includes
Charles Richman & Margaret Anglin,
IN ITS GREATEST TRIUMPH,
Robert Marshall's Greatest Play,
THE UNFORESEEN
"A great success."—Herald.
"Success beyond all doubt."—Tribune.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SAT.

GARRICK THEATRE, 35th St., near B'way. Evenings, 8:15. Matinées, 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN...............Manager
XTRA MATINEE NEXT MONDAY.
"Success for star and author."—Herald.
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
ANNIE RUSSELL
In Madeleine Lucette Ryley's Play,
MICE AND MEN.
"Annie Russell and 'Mice and Men' made an undeniable hit."—Sun.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SAT.

NEW SAVOY THEATRE, 34th St. & B'way. Evenings, 8:25. Mats., 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN...............Manager
WEDNESDAY MATINEES OMITTED THIS AND NEXT WEEK.
75th Time Wednesday HANDSOME SOUVENIRS.
XTRA MATINEE NEXT MONDAY.
Charles Frohman Presents
CLYDE FITCH'S GREATEST PLAY,
THE GIRL WITH THE GREEN EYES
With CLARA BLOODGOOD.
"A Popular Success."—Sun.
NEXT MATINEE SATURDAY.
LAST 2 WEEKS.

SPECIAL MATINEES DAILY AT 3 O'CLOCK
Except Sat. and Monday, Feb. 23, at 10:30 A. M.
Charles B. Dillingham's Production of
Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's Great Success,
THE LITTLE PRINCESS
With MILLIE JAMES—"The Pocket Duse."
Last Matinée Saturday, Feb. 28.

CHARLES FROHMAN'S
CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. Ev'gs, 8:15. Mats., 2:15.
Wednesday Matinée Omitted Next Week.
A RADIANT SUCCESS
"IT SPARKLES."—HERALD.
"Well staged, acted, and sung, and pleased its audience immensely."—Sun.
"Mr. Powers was at his best. He pleased me."—Alan Dale.
JAMES T. POWERS
IN GEO. W. LEDERER'S New Musical Comedy Production,
THE
JEWEL OF ASIA
"The settings are attractive, and the costumes gorgeous and beautiful."—World.
"It is a bright Jewel, and has been well set by Ludwig Englander."—Evg. Journal.
MATINEES SATURDAY AND MONDAY.

GARDEN THEATRE, Madison Av. and 27th St.
CHARLES FROHMAN...............Manager
Annual engagement of Mr. E. H.
SOTHERN
Management Daniel Frohman.
EVERY EVENING, 8. Mats. Saturdays, 2.
XTRA MATINEE MONDAY.
If I Were King.
Next HAMLET Matinée Tuesday, Mar. 3d.

MADISON SQUARE THEATRE, 24th St. nr. B'way, at 8:15
CHARLES FROHMAN...............Manager
Eve., 8:15. Mats. TO-DAY and Sat., 2:15.
"A roar of laughter."—Herald.
"Only big comedy hit of the season."—Sun.
Kirke La Shelle's production of the
Earl of Pawtucket
By Augustus Thomas.
With Elizabeth Tyree and Lawrence D'Orsay.
XTRA MATINEE NEXT MONDAY.

KNICKERBOCKER THEA. B'way & 38th. 8 P. M. sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
Klaw & Erlanger's Colossal Production
Xtra Mat Monday. MR. BLUE BEARD. 5th Week.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. At 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Feb. 23, 2:15.
The Merry Musical Play, THE BILLIONAIRE WITH JEROME SYKES

DALY'S Thursdays and Fridays at 3
DANIEL FROHMAN ANNOUNCES THE ANNUAL SERIES OF ILLUSTRATED LECTURES BY
BURTON HOLMES
PORTUGAL..........March 5 and 6
DENMARK..........March 12 and 13
SWEDEN..........March 19 and 20
NORWAY (the Fjords).March 26 and 27
NORWAY (Midnight Sun).April 2 and 3
Sale of seats begins Monday, Feb. 23.

PRINCESS THEATRE, B'way & 29th St. Ev. 8:30. Mats. T'dy, Sat. & Mon. 2:30.
AMELIA BINGHAM COMPANY
THE FRISKY MRS. JOHNSON.

GRAND—A Desperate Chance
Nxt wk—Fiddle-Dee-Dee.

NEW YORK, B'way, 45 St. Ev. 8:15. Wed. & Sat. Mats., 2:15.
Extra Mat. Washington's Birthday, (Monday.)
WILLIAMS & WALKER "IN DAHOMEY"

HARLEM Op. House. MABELLE GILMAN, "The Mocking Bird." Evgs., 8:15. Mat. Sat., 2:15.
Next Week, EXTRA MATINEE MONDAY. Julia Marlowe in "The Cavalier." Seats now on sale.

WEST END—The Village Postmaster.
—Beginning Next Monday Matinee—
A MODERN MAGDALEN. Seats now on sale.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Evgs. at 8:30. Sonn's Farewell Week To-night and Fri. Shakespeare's "Koenig Richard III."

N. Y. STAR Lex. Av. & 107th St. Matinée Sat. IN OLD KENTUCKY. Next week—Night Before Christmas.

Mrs. Osborn's PLAYHOUSE. To ROMEO & Elizabethan Stage. JULIET.

3RD AVE. Mat. To-day. EAST LYNN. Next Week—"Suwanee River."

HARNESS RACING CHANGES.

Empire City Trotting Club Announces Conditions for Grand Circuit Meeting.

Radical changes in the plan of conducting trotting races have been made by the Empire City Trotting Club of New York, according to its announcement yesterday of conditions governing the stakes to be contested at the grand circuit meeting on the Empire City track, Yonkers, during the week beginning August 10.

Although increasing the value of its stakes, making them $25,000 in all, the Empire Club announces that all races shall be best two in three heats; all horses that do not stand for money after two heats to be ruled out.

In the past the stake races have been best three heats in five, sometimes with a proviso that horses not winning a heat in three be sent to the barn. Not infrequently this resulted in an uninteresting final heat between two horses. Under the Empire conditions the races are two in three heats, but after the second heat all horses are barred that do not stand for the money. This makes it certain that four horses will contest the deciding heat. The plan insures the short, snappy racing that New Yorkers have always demanded, and modifies the strain on the horses.

Following are the stakes:

		Purse.
1—The New York....	2:09 Class, trotting...	$5,000
2—The Mount Vernon	2:12 Class, trotting...	5,000
3—The Empire......	2:20 Class, trotting...	5,000
4—The Bronx.......	2:10 Class, pacing....	5,000
5—The Yonkers......	2:20 Class, pacing....	3,000
6—The Westchester..	2:25 Class, trotting...	2,000

It will be seen that the classes for three-year-olds are about the same as last year, with the addition of a 2:09 trot and a stake for three-year-old trotters. The entrance fee is 5 per cent. to enter and 5 per cent. additional from money winners, and the payments are so graded as to satisfy the most exacting horseman. The stakes close on March 18, when the first payment must be made and all horses named. Three horses may be named from one stable. Additional payments are due April 18, May 18, June 18, July 27, as follows:

Stakes 1, 2, 3, and 4—$15, $25, $40, $70, $100; Stake 5—$10, $20, $30, $40, $50; Stake 6—$10, $15, $20, $25, $30.

DOG SHOW AT ORANGE.

Large Entry List in Annual Exhibition of New Jersey Kennel Association.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 18.—The annual bench show of the New Jersey Kennel Association was opened in the Armory Building to-day, and will continue during the remainder of the week. The entry list is unusually large, 935 dogs being on exhibition.

There are 201 classes, and in addition to the awards in each class special prizes are offered as follows:

Judging in the various classes was begun yesterday afternoon. The pointers were first judged, and first prize in the winners' class was won by the Brookdale Kennels' Duke of York, with Mark's Rush, owned by H. T. Kirby of Woodbury, second. Other winners in the pointer class were Pride of Gloucester, owned by J. McQuaid of Gloucester City; Westlake Trouble, and Westlake Chancellor, owned by M. Westlake of Mills City; Prospect, owned by A. W. and C. R. Swain of Newark; Young Lynn, owned by Dr. J. S. Howe of Boston, Mass., and Lord Jingo, owned by H. W. Ogden of Newark.

NEW BERTH FOR SHAMROCK III.

Work on the new yacht basin at Gravesend Bay, where Shamrock III. will make her headquarters during the races for the America's Cup, is going ahead rapidly, and it is expected that the new docks will be ready for the finishing touches by the middle of next month. Last year the challenger anchored in the Horseshoe, at Sandy Hook, between races, where she was more or less inaccessible, and the repairs and alterations that were necessary to keep her in racing trim were necessarily slow.

The new basin has a water frontage of 500 feet at the foot of Hubbard Street, Brooklyn, and is 1,500 feet long. When completed it will be one of the largest basins in the world, and will be able to accommodate 1,500 yachts of any length up to 300 feet. The dredging now going on will be continued until a uniform depth of 21 feet is obtained. At present there are 100 yachts laid up there. The company owns in all ninety city lots, and two three-story buildings for storing purposes will be erected, as well as marine railroads and three dry docks.

Wrestling Officials Chosen.

The local Wrestling Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, consisting of J. E. Sullivan, Chairman; F. W. Rubien, John Steil, A. J. Murburg, M. J. Flynn, Thomas Nevin, H. Obertubessing, and Thomas F. O'Brien, met at the office of J. E. Sullivan last evening and selected the following officials to serve at the championships, which are to be held at the New Polo Athletic Club, One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street and Park Avenue, on the evenings of March 6 and 7:

Referee—John Steil, New York Turn Verein. Timers—Julius Hoffman, Charles J. Dieges, and Mortimer Bishop. Clerks of Course—R. W. Kennedy, Star A. C.; John G. McHugh, Pastime A. C., and J. F. Joyce, St. George's A. C. Weighers—F. X. V. Delaney, Xavier A. A.; E. J. Rohner, Mohawk A. C.; Philip Hilder, German-American A. A.; J. W. Stumpf, Grace A. C.; Mr. Volkes, St. Bartholomew A. C., and John McGrann, New West Side A. C.

De La Salle Won at Basket Ball.

At the De La Salle Institute gymnasium last night the second basket ball team of that institution defeated the second team of the Pratt Institute High School by the score of 28 to 3.

SLEIGHING ON SPEEDWAY

Several Fast Brushes Add to the Excitement of the Day.

Snowballing Nuisance Annoys Drivers Along Seventh Avenue—Nathan Straus Out Behind Cobwebs.

Ideal sleighing weather and a snow path that has been unequaled this Winter drew a great throng of road drivers to the Central Park drives, Seventh Avenue, and the Speedway yesterday afternoon. In the Park there were sleighs of every kind and description from the home-made box sleigh to the handsome park rig, resplendent in silver trimmings and drawn by prize-winning high-steppers. The Russian sledges seem to be very popular judging by the number of them on the road yesterday, but the rigs that predominated and attracted most attention were the dainty one-horse speed sleighs drawn by thoroughbreds. Seventh Avenue and the Speedway was the rendezvous of the latter class of drivers, and for a couple of hours before sunset they made the snow fly on the lower stretch of the Speedway.

Among the first to reach the Drive was Nathan Straus, driving his famous trotting gelding, Cobwebs, 2:12, who was in prime condition and stepped over the snow at a clip that distanced several strangers. Two fleet pacers that attracted much attention were the black whirlwind Tony M., 2:14½, driven by Mellville C. Boynton, and the bay champion Charles Sumner, 2:10¼, driven by Elmer Stevens. For a quarter of a mile the pair moved like a team in double harness, and it was either horse's race until Charles Sumner made a spurt that carried him a length in front of his opponent. W. A. Northrup's green trotter Kallassa, who fell a victim to the speed of the pacing mare Redinda, 2:07¼, driven by J. L. Dodge, Monday, turned the tables on the mare yesterday and won two heats.

Bonnie Kirkland, Louis Kahn's handsome bay pacer, with a mark of 2:23¾, was very much at home on the snowpath, and proved his ability by winning almost every brush in which he was started. The roan pacer Bellford, 2:18¼, driven by Charles Hardenberg, gave him the best race of the afternoon, but lacked speed at the finish. A. B. Gwathmey, behind his bay trotter Senator Mills, covered the lower stretch of the Speedway several times at a fast clip. Rudinda won a pretty brush from the trotter Ed Gay, driven by George Grote, and the trotter Freeland, 2:17¾, romped home an open length in front of the pacer Miss Ennis, 2:19¾. Arthur Lape warmed up his brown trotter Cuprum, 2:09, with several fast half miles, and waited in vain for George Coleman with his trotter Volo, 2:12¼, with whom he had arranged a match race. It was impossible for Mr. Coleman to be out, and he asked for a postponement until this afternoon, which was granted.

Among the others who participated in the sport was A. B. Hamilton, driving the roan trotting team composed of Daisy Bell and mate; J. E. Finck, behind the pacing pair Sir Roderick and Sophronia; W. P. Mangam, with the bay gelding Brandy; D. O. Wright, driving the brown trotter Brockport; L. A. Burke, driving a bay filly; W. F. Steele, driving the trotter All Right, 2:09¼; George T. Putney, driving Paul Jones and Quarterview to the pole; George Huber, driving the trotter Oakland Pilot; Samuel McMillan, with the trotter Belmont Prince, 2:17¼; David McNeice, with the gray pacer Tom Reed; A. C. Maynard, driving the trotter Gazeaway, 2:22¼; E. E. Smathers, behind the Speedway champion Queen Wilkes; Nathan Ely, with the brown trotter Fred Proctor; Hugh Reilly, driving the bay trotter Wilkes, and Andrew Crawford, with the chestnut trotter Angelus.

Many complaints were made to the police by drivers about a gang of boys who make a practice of standing along the curb of Seventh Avenue and snowballing the occupants of sleighs who refuse to give them a "hitch." One well-known Speedway patron was struck in the eye by a snowball. A mounted policeman said that it was impossible for him to stop the snowballing, as he had about fifteen blocks to cover. The drivers who made the complaint then threatened to sue Police Inspector Kane.

RUSH WORK ON CUP YACHT.

Hull of the Defender to be Completed by April 15—Will Have Nickeled Steel Top Sides.

BRISTOL, R. I., Feb. 18.—Orders were issued at the Herreshoff shops to-day to have work rushed on the new yacht for the America's Cup syndicate so that the hull may be completed by April 15.

The boat is a trifle more than half built, and from now on work will continue both night and day. Extra riveters arrived from New York to-day. A quantity of plates, which, from their appearance, are believed to be of nickeled steel, also arrived. These plates will be used for the top sides. With nickel steel top sides and a bronze underbody, the new yacht will be the first composition cup defender since the Defender. The latter had aluminium top sides.

Work on the sails for the new boat still continues, although one mainsail is already completed and rolled up in one of the lofts, as are two suits of light sails.

CHICAGO BILLIARDIST LOST.

Hanover Club Champion's Victory Yesterday Gave Him the 1,000-Point Match.

Arthur Townsend, amateur billiard champion of the Hanover Club, Brooklyn, scored a decisive victory over Charles F. Conklin, champion player of the Chicago Athletic Club, in a match of 1,000 points at 14-2 billiards, by a margin of 82 points. This match was the outcome of the National amateur billiard championship tournament, which was decided at the Hanover Club recently. It was played in four blocks of 250 points each, at the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy, Brooklyn. In all of the four games, the last of which was decided yesterday, Townsend led his opponent by a fairly safe margin, but not enough to insure the Chicago man's defeat until the winning carrom was made.

When the final block of billiards was begun yesterday afternoon, Conklin was 95 points behind his opponent's total of 750, so that in order to win the Western player would have had to make 345 points while Townsend only needed 250. Townsend failed to score on his first attempt, and Conklin only made one point. In his third inning Townsend gathered a nice bunch of 27, and in the eighth, ninth, tenth, and twelfth innings he forged ahead with respective runs of 16, 14, 15, and 26. Again in the sixteenth inning he ran 27, but he had seven ciphers on his card between the thirteenth and twenty-fourth innings, which spoiled his average to a great extent. He just managed to reach double figures twice before putting 27 buttons to his string in the thirty-fifth inning, and ran out the game in the thirty-eighth with an unfinished 10.

The score:

Townsend—0 5 27 9 2 1 2 16 14 15 2 26 2 0 0 27 0 6 2 1 0 0 0 0 5 6 11 1 0 5 8 0 1 10 26 9 1 10. Total, 250. High runs, 27, 27, 26, 26. Average, 6 22-28. Grand total, 1,000. Grand average 7.14.

Conklin—1 0 1 2 3 3 7 1 15 6 1 18 1 37 6 11 2 1 8 20 0 0 8 1 0 6 18 4 6 0 13 0 2 26 38 1 3. Total, 263. High runs, 38, 37, 26. Average, 7 4-37. Grand total, 918. Grand average, 6.60.

PRINCETON BEAT COLUMBIA.

Close Basket Ball Game Which Was Won by the Home Team by a Goal.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 18.—The Princeton University basket ball five defeated Columbia here this afternoon in the "gym" by a score of 28 to 27. The game was well played and exciting throughout, and with a few minutes more of play the remarkable brace which the visitors took might have secured the victory for them. The tigers' excellent team work gave them a lead in the opening half by a score of 19 to 9, but the fast play seemed to tire them, and Columbia shot goals in quick succession. The play was rough toward the close and many fouls were called.

The line-up was as follows:

Princeton, 28.	Position.	Columbia, 27.
Carter and Seeley	Forwards	Ellas, Earle, Von Sholly
Wrightson	Centre	O'Connell
McCoy, Vanderbilt	Guards	Townsend, Allen

Goals from field—Carter, 4; McCoy, 3; Wrightson, 3; Seeley, 2; Townsend, 1; Allen, 3; Earle, 3; O'Connell, 4; Von Sholly, 1. Goals from offense—Wrightson, 4; Allen, 2; O'Connell, 1; Townsend, 2. Referee—Mr. Riley of Trenton League team. Umpire—F. J. Quigg, New York A. C. Timer—Mr. Goldie of Princeton.

BASEBALL MEETINGS CALLED.

Minor League Presidents Here for Purpose of Discussing a New National Agreement.

Important meetings of major and minor baseball league interests which will have some bearing on the National game during the coming season are scheduled to take place here during the latter part of this month and the beginning of March. The first of these was begun at the Victoria Hotel yesterday, when the National Board of the National Association of Minor Baseball Leagues assembled at the call of President P. T. Powers.

Only three members of the board were present, namely: M. H. Sexton of Rock Island, President of the Western and "Three I" Leagues; T. H. Murnane of Boston, President of the New England League, and J. H. O'Rourke of Bridgeport, President of the Connecticut State League; W. H. Lucas of Portland, Oregon, President of the Pacific Northwest League, and William M. Kavanagh of Little Rock, President of the Southern League, were absent. The former was unavoidably detained West, while the latter is on his way to New Orleans, where the annual meeting of the Southern League will take place on Saturday. T. J. Hickey of Chicago, representing the American Association, attended the meeting on the invitation of the National Association, as several matters of interest to his organization are to be discussed during this session, which may last several days.

The most important matter, and really the one which the board convened to pass upon, to be discussed, will be the lines on which a new National agreement is to be constructed. Under the terms of the National agreement, which was abrogated nearly two years ago, the minor leagues were not entitled to representation on the National Board, but they will insist on an equal representation with the National and American Leagues in future, through members of the National Association, so that they will be thoroughly protected against any encroachment on their rights to the services of players who are their most valuable assets.

President Pulliam signed a new umpire for the National League yesterday. He is J. E. Johnstone of Newark, who acted in a similar capacity for the American League last year, and for the Southern League in 1901. For two years prior to that Johnstone umpired in the Interstate League, and he has a record of efficiency and ability of the highest order. The National League now has Emslie, O'Day, Moran, and Johnstone, and President Pulliam says that he needs another to complete his force of umpires, and he expects to fill the vacancy very shortly.

JOCKEY REIFF SAILS.

American Believes That He Will Be Allowed to Ride in France.

In the expectation of getting his license from the French Jockey Club Johnnie Reiff sailed for Cherbourg yesterday morning on the American Line steamship Philadelphia. Reiff declared that he had no trouble with the jockey club, and now that he has recovered damages from a French newspaper that charged him with unfair riding he believes that he will be allowed to ride during the coming season. The racing season in France begins March 15, and licenses are granted on March 1. Reiff wants to be on the ground when the licenses are granted. If he is allowed to ride Reiff will take up his contract with Edmond Blanc. He has been visiting his parents at San Jose, California.

Henry Shields, who will ride in Austria, and Harry Richards, who will ride in France, also sailed.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Calendars for Thursday, Feb. 19.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Platt, J.—Opens in Room 70, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Day jury calendar. Preferred causes.
179—Egan vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co.
549—Migatz vs. Penn. R. R. Co.
General calendar.
178—Fiske vs. Graham.
175—Hilkofsky vs. Hillyer.
552—Birckhead vs. De Forest.

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Court of Appeals calendar for Thursday: 131, 136, 113, 87, 108, 134, 135, 142.

New York Calendars—Thursday, Feb. 19

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Van Brunt, P. J.; Ingraham, McLaughlin, Hatch, and Laughlin, JJ.—Opens at 1 P. M. Enumerated motions.
71—Smith vs. Schile.
13—Schmidt vs. Brennan.
49—Kene vs. Newark Watch Case Material Co.
63—Mitchell vs. Williams.
60—In re Maitland.
17—Hagan vs. Ward.
75—Meinrenken vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
48—Mahon vs. Miller.
55—Jackson vs. Volkening.
78—Fallon vs. Wright.
81—Thourot vs. Holub.
82—Thileman vs. City of New York.
83—Harms vs. Horgan.
84—In re Rice, deceased.
85—Riker vs. Clopton.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
1—Star Co. vs. Powers.
2—Geoghegan vs. Luchow.
3—Gadd vs. Gadd.
4—Bernheimer vs. Schmid.
5—Am. Mortgage Co. vs. Bergen.
6—Latil vs. Denslow.
7—Lucas vs. Lucas.
8—Ondrinolo vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
9—De Rosa vs. same.
10—Prendergast vs. same.
11—Hart vs. same.
12—Eagle Fire Co. vs. Fidelity & Deposit Co.
13—Spofford vs. Pearsall.
14—Morrison vs. Wright.
15—McCormick vs. Furniss.
16—Rollins vs. Washburn.
17—Weber vs. Schnugg.
18—Hull vs. Butler.
19—Predmore vs. same.
20—Kirkman vs. same.
21—Edw. Thompson Co. vs. Rosenthal.
22—Nelson vs. Crossman.
23—O'Brien vs. O'Brien.
24—Silverstein vs. Ascher.
25—Reed vs. Livingston Glass Jar Co.
26—Excelsior Sav. B'k vs. Kelly.
27—Anton Du Four & Co. vs. Wells.
28—Dempsey vs. City of New York.
29—Ellis vs. McFadden.
30—Goodman vs. Maze.
31—Conselyea vs. Gould.
32—Taylor vs. Dunn.
33—Bergman vs. Kronenberger.
34—Moore vs. Monumental Mut. Life Ins. Co.
35—Same vs. same.
36—Am. Surety Co. vs. Cosgrove.
37—Edw. Thompson Co. vs. O'Connell.
38—Meagis vs. Hatch.
39—Nugent vs. Corcoran.
40—In re Parmly.
41—Nat. Fireproofing Co. vs. Nat. Fireproofing Co.
42—Lotz vs. Lotz.
43—Staubsandt vs. Byrnes.
44—Rossiter-MacGovern Co. vs. N. Y. & Stamford Ry. Co.
45—Schereth vs. Schereth.
46—General Electric Co. vs. Sire.
47—Leach vs. Martin.
48—De Kraft vs. De Kraft.
49—Stump vs. Butterfield.
50—People, &c., vs. Lapp.
51—Same vs. Lawrence.
52—Boslan vs. Smith.
53—Polack vs. O'Brien.
54—Snow vs. Monk.
55—Man. Mortgage Co. vs. Costello.
56—Schwartz vs. Wallach.
57—Schumann vs. Lingeret.
58—Feeley vs. Elias Paper Co.
59—Am. Mortgage Co. vs. Flanagan.
60—In re Hassler.
61—In re O'Connor.
62—Braun vs. Braun.
63—Levin vs. Herter.
64—Cuzzoni vs. Penney.
65—Same vs. same.
66—Wagner vs. Wagner.
67—Sinderband vs. Murtagh.
68—Goetschius vs. Harlem.
69—Balheimer vs. Cohen.
70—Traficanti vs. Kaufeld.
71—Duff vs. Blair.
72—Siegel vs. Siegel.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—MacLean, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Case on. Motions. Demurrers.
165—Holmes vs. Seaman.
166—Same vs. same.
173—Salesby vs. Central R. R. Co. of N. J.
Preferred causes.
2257—Green vs. Sutherland.
2283—Arch. Terra Cotta Co. vs. Feltner.
2508—Man. vs. McCarthy.
General calendar.
1550—Camden Iron Wks. vs. City of N. Y.
1577—Smith vs. Secov.
1141—Penner vs. Penner.
929—Ruth vs. Ernhout.
1064—McDonald vs. Mayor, &c.
1203—Loader vs. Hulse.
1206—Budd vs. Blessing.
158—Reilly vs. Zubrisky.
1102—Boynton vs. Bonbotros.
2148—Bolles vs. Bolles.
1460—Mulligan's Son & Co. vs. Henderson.
532—Fischel vs. Ackerman.
1063—Schacher vs. Smith.
1608—Morrison vs. French.
837—Leary vs. Corwin.
1435—Paillard vs. E. R. Nat. Bank.
1530—Pollak vs. Supreme Council, R. A.
1443—Reddy vs. Baker.
1805—Slayback vs. Raymond.
1806—Same vs. same.
1145—Fernschild vs. Fernschild.
1198—Murphy vs. Reilly.
710—Poershke vs. Baldwin.
821—Ihlenburg vs. Hawke.
881—Sabersal vs. Man. Sausage Co.
1451—Killough vs. Sullivan.
820—Wernicke vs. Clifford.
1089—Quincey vs. Lawson.
1080—Farmers' L. & T. Co. vs. Bernheimer.
1356—Schmittluts vs. Schmittluts.
1300—Travers vs. Travers.
Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 1914.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Clarke, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Elevated railroad cases. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Herrick, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Schurman, Sanford, Garvan, and O'Connor for the People.
1—Philip Baer, Nathan Springer.
2—Nathan Springer.
3—Benjamin Goeren.
4—Julius Puschkin.
5—William McKnight.
6—Mike Billas.
7—Thomas Rooney.
8—Isaac Schumsky.
9—Joseph Bell.
10—Giuseppe Chester, alias Kid Chester.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on.
9016—Eickelberg vs. Everall.
9629—Strauss vs. Teller.
9025—Pancoast vs. Stephens.
8634—Hartman vs. Dorsey.
8794—Hirshback vs. Ketchum.
9061—Heywood vs. Central Lard Co.
8312—Blair vs. Chamberlain.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part III. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts III., IV., V., VI., and VII., for trial.
2410—Gallagher vs. Hirsch.
7203—Chaffee vs. Saul.
1565—Ruch vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2143—Zinefski vs. same.
2210—Simms vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2211—Same vs. same.
1951½—Treanor vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2233—Kushes vs. Ginsberg.
1937—O'Keefe vs. Pullman Co.
6359—Klim vs. Albert.
1944—Fisher vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2012—Cleary vs. same.
1950—Edel vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1032½—Matthews vs. Wellborn.
1297½—Walleman vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
715—Coverly vs. Terminal Warehouse Co.
2240—Dose vs. Naughton.
2242—Schroeder vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2251—Schiff vs. Rockwell.
2256—Cummings vs. same.
2257—O'Brien vs. Saxton.
1836—Haas vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2267—Duff vs. same.
2268—Duff vs. same.
2281—Reid vs. same.
2298—Hopkins vs. same.
2300—Schwartz vs. same.
2303—Truley vs. same.
2301—Prince vs. Hypolyte Brothers.
2306—Maguire vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2290—Hogan vs. same.
2309—Adler vs. same.
2310—Olson vs. same.
2311—Silano vs. same.
2314—Ford vs. same.
2335—Speier vs. same.
2336—Same vs. same.
2337—Bulck vs. same.
2339—Porter vs. same.
2340—Meeks vs. same.
2342—McIlveen vs. same.
2344—Krukin vs. same.
2346—Braun vs. same.
2349—Heborn vs. same.
2351—Goggin vs. same.
2352—Rehfield vs. same.
2354—Pottberg vs. same.
2356—Cronin vs. same.
Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 3793.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Rich, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part VIII. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts VIII., X., XI., and XII., for trial.
Inquest—2285—Van Pelt vs. Hinman.
Inquest, 2292—Hankinson vs. Parker.
Inquest, 2346—Wright vs. Woods.
8526—Lipps vs. City of New York.
820—Leopold vs. Stein.
8695—Bamiester vs. City of New York.
2237—Germann vs. same.
2372—Bennett vs. Horre.
1206—Weinhill vs. Consolidated Gas Co.
1943—Stokes vs. Leary.
1095—Onderdonk vs. Brandt.
2537—Burt vs. Chrystie.
2563—Laing vs. Rigney.
2704—Quinn vs. N. Y. Bread Co.
1215—Thalman vs. Imp. & Traders' National Bank.
2347—Hunter vs. Anglo-Swiss Cond. Milk Co.
2271—Harris vs. Kneeland.
2275—H. Koehler & Co. vs. Malcolm.
485—Mulligan vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
2200—Fox vs. Malloy.
2297—Tynan vs. City of New York.
2306—Stenson vs. same.
2312—Horr vs. Pucci.
2315—Trenholm vs. Probyn.
2310—Hill vs. Standard Marine Ins. Co.
2322—Fox vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
2327—Landewitz vs. Mosler Safe Co.
2328—Thompson vs. Union Ry. Co.
2350—Ryan vs. Schmalholtz.
2358—Cummings vs. Braxton.
2105—Happel vs. Bachrach.
2225—Butler vs. Grant.
2369—Harley vs. Hogan.
2370—McLellan vs. Siegel-Cooper Co.
2371—Twelfth Ward Bank vs. Cohen.
2373—Diamond vs. Am. Surety Co.
2377—Phillip vs. Cohen.
2379—Curnen vs. Reilly.
2382—Reidy vs. Smith.
2384—Bressler vs. Arnholz.
2385—Bressler vs. same.
2389—J. L. Mott Iron Works vs. Wolff.
2392—St. John vs. Sonbirons.
2400—Voight vs. Bostwick.
2411—Hildebrand vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
2412—Mahler vs. 2d Av. R. R. Co.
2426—Strassberger vs. Caesar.
2432—Arnow vs. McSorley.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Houghton, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Held on ground floor in County Court House. Wills for Probate at 10:30 A. M.
John Hinde, James McKernan, Maria M. Williamson, Patrick J. Keary, Isaac Levy, Bertha Amend.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fitzgerald, S.—Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, second floor, in County Court House.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—General Term—Adjourned until Feb. 24.

CITY COURT—Special Term—O'Dwyer, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Hascall, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.
2224—Schelfsky vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2263—Clurin vs. same.
2277—Shenten vs. same.
541½—Scarry vs. same.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Delehanty, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.
333—Weinberg vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1803—Reiche vs. New Amsterdam Casualty Co.
1212—Jakes vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
927—McDonough vs. Naughton.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Fitzsimons, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Open at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
2510—Bourne vs. Page.
1965—Melchner vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2074—Griffin vs. same.
1896—Cohen vs. same.
1898—Donovan vs. same.
780—Aronson vs. Third Ave. R. R. Co.
1807—Gralow vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2512—Lawrence vs. Union Ry. Co.
2514—Morrison vs. Third Ave. R. R. Co.
1338—Weyl vs. Bloomingdale.
1036—Webb vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2010—North Am. Life Ins. Co. vs. Abrams.
2080—Kubitzky vs. Wolfer.
2060—Acker, Merrall & Condit vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1958—Murphy vs. same.
1950—Fischer vs. same.
2061—Heman vs. Forrest.
2390—Kantrowitz vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1835—Ideal Cash Register Co. vs. Zunino.
892—Rothenberg vs. Third Av. R. R. Co.
833—Hathaugh vs. Hayward.
2022—Borger vs. Union Ry. Co.
2023—Reilly vs. same.
2024—Brennan vs. same.
1628½—Zion vs. De Jonge.
2068—Cohn vs. Ornstein.
2043—Botwinick vs. Textile Pub. Co.
2046—Same vs. same.
2071—Myers vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1499—Mendelson vs. same.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—McCarthy, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes.
5457—Cartledge vs. Hughes.
5244—Fish vs. Goodman.
5364—Garten vs. Oppenheimer.
4875—Love vs. Schreiber.
5105—Proctor vs. Bidwell.
5352—Goldberg vs. Staraca.
5679—McHugh vs. Bell.
3464—Seed vs. McCall.
4302—Akst vs. Shalachetski.
5708—United Nat. Bank vs. Reinhardt.
5687—Bohlringer vs. Hirsch.
5702—J. F. Tarpley & Co. vs. Reiser.
5704—Roth vs. Tekulsky.
5123—McKelvey vs. Stein Casket Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Seabury, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
5369½—Ennis vs. Frank.
2341—Lahiff vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2341—Lahiff vs. same.
2345—Greenberg vs. same.
2350—Winkler vs. Borden's Cond. Milk Co.
2355—McCormack vs. Met. St. Ry.
5065½—Amdur vs. Todes.
5548½—Curry vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
1328—Zabkowitch vs. same.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2518.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Foster, J., presiding.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Smyth for the People. Pleadings at 10:30 A. M. Motions will be heard immediately thereafter. The calendar for the day will be called at 11 A. M.
1—Samuel J. Kennedy.
2—John H. Downes.
3—Henry T. Holmes.
4—Max Bernstein.
5—Max Seigle.
6—Julia Large.
7—Thomas Cain.
8—Frank Lints, Jacob Raffler, Stephen Gurnee, David Faughner.
9—John P. Reilly.
10—Jacob Kaufman, alias Abraham Schultz.
11—Dennie Snider.
To fix a day for trial:
1—Henry Hochapfel, Theodore Westfall.
2—Michell Maccarone.
3—Daniel O'Neill.
4—James Slattery, John Wallace.
5—John Cosgrove, David Sheehan.
6—Matthew Drennan.
7—Max Berman.
8—Edwar Michael.
Pleadings:
1—Paul Miller, John McNally.
2—Henry Young.
3—Van Durensbourg.
4—Patrick Tully.
5—Warren Phelan.
6—Mary Burke.
7—John Mitchell.
8—Joseph Herman.
9—Albert Neppach.
10—James Sykes.
11—Patrick J. Russell.
12—John Struck.
13—Henry Miller, alias George Engle.
14—Abraham Solomon.
15—James Ryan.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Goff, R., presiding—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Rand and Garvan for the People.
1—William H. Ryndera.
2—Harry Greenwald.
3—Henry Williams.
4—Julius Schoenberg.
5—Solomon Newmann.
6—Guiseppi Napoli.
7—Vito Tatalo, George Nicholas.
8—John Philipp.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—Newburger, J., presiding—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Nott and Train for the People.
1—John W. Eisenhuth.
2—Moris Taxter.
3—Anthony Molinearo, Kid Crosby.
4—Emma Randall.
5—Carmelo De Laurl.
6—Arthur Rogers.
7—Charles O'Connor.
8—Fred Palm.
9—Marie Richter, Leo Bratfort.
10—Joseph A. Higgins.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—McMahon, J., presiding—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Sterne for the People.
1—William E. Fleklen.
2—James Williams.
3—John Bradley.
4—Henry King.
5—Joseph Hogan.
6—Karl Diehl.
7—Joseph Siry.
8—Adolph Schneider.
9—Charles Sumpel.
10—Joseph Cutner.
11—Michael Stein.
12—John J. Dawson.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Fitzgerald, J.—George W. Dease vs. Thomas J. Riese—Rufus E. Cowing, Jr.
SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Frederick Heyman vs. Julius H. Hayman—Julius H. Hayman.
CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, J.—Nathan Stern et al. vs. William D. Brooke—Frank McCoy, Jr.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—MacLean, J.—Ferguson vs. Michaels—Edward Browne. Equitable Life Assurance Society vs. Oliver—Charles J. Hardy. In re De Brot—John Burt. Berzon vs. Kopelowitz—George E. Plunkitt.
SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Drake vs. Ferrin—Cephas Brainerd.
SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Kimball vs. Kimball—Richard M. Henry.
CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, J.—Kirchner vs. Horenberger—Isaac Bell Brennan.

Brooklyn Court Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Gaynor, J.; Part II., Marean, J.; Part III., Stover, J.; Part IV., Wright, J.; Part V., Howard, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
6005—Doyle vs. B. H. R. R.
5427—Abruzzo vs. City of New York.
6087—Arnold vs. B. H. R. R.
5030—Lynch vs. Bush Co.
5611—Fitzgerald vs. King.
6096—Helmke vs. City of New York & B. H. R. R.
6115—Nizon vs. Warhenes.
6262—Andrews vs. Brockway.
6143, 6144, 6145—Bogdan vs. B. H. R. R.
6146—Di Bello vs. Langley.
6147—Lintz vs. B. H. R. R.
6159—Doyle vs. American Wringer Co.
6163—Fein vs. B.H.R.R.
6184—Fallon vs. Howard.
6194—Zagoren vs. B. H. R. R.
6195—Burchard vs. Burchard.
6200—Industrial Savings Co. vs. Hill.
6204—Moylan vs. City of New York.
6207—Hoffman vs. B. H. R. R.
6209—Kirchenman vs. De Dion Bouton Co.
6210—Hudson vs. Moran Iron & Dry Dock Co.
6212—Chauncey Real Estate Co. vs. City of New York.
6214—Boston vs. Abraham.
6217—McNichols vs. B. H. R. R.
6218—Smith vs. same.
6225—Costigan vs. same.
6229—Stellagi vs. Dagnon & McLean Co.
6231—Aller vs. B. H. R. R.
6232—Pritchard vs. same.
6273—Johnson vs. same.
6237—Raymore vs. Met. St. R. R.
6238—Muhrs vs. Fire Ins. Salvage Corps.
6239—Lisbowitz vs. Ross.
6242—Darling vs. B. H. R. R.
6244—Wohltman vs. City of New York.
6245—Freitag vs. same.
6246—Conroy vs. B. Q. Co. & Sub. R. R.
6247, 6248—Graham vs. B. H. R. R.
6256—Allison vs. B. Q. Co. & Sub. R. R.
6257—Hewson vs. Higgins.
6258—Lux vs. Mihn.
6259—Levin vs. Dodd.
6263—Fitzgibbons vs. B. H. R. R.
6267—Schmaars vs. Moore.
6270—Hoyt vs. B.H.R.R.
6271—Pieper vs. Miller.
6273—Robinson vs. City of New York.
6274—Bernux vs. same.
6275—Gedney vs. B. H. R. R.
6278—Dubrac vs. same.
6279—White vs. City of New York.
6281—Wood vs. B. H. R. R.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. Causes will not be set down for days upon the call:
6286—Mattern vs. B. H. R. R.
6287—Steffens vs. City of New York.
6288—Paulsen vs. same.
6289—Kadet vs. same.
6290—O'Rourke vs. Edison Elec. Ill. Co.
6291—Petersen vs. Henchel.
6292—Neal vs. B.H.R.R.
6293—Converse vs. same.
6298—Lane vs. same.
6300—Coleman vs. same.
6303—Abel vs. Met. St. R. R.
6306—Fein vs. B.H.R.R.
6307—Phelan vs. same.
6308—Tate vs. Arbuckle.
6311—Schlingo vs. Lyona.
6313—Rich vs. City of New York.
6316—Pokorny vs. Poth.
6317—Pettit vs. Cent. R. R. of N. J.
6319—Feinberg vs. Jacoby.
6320—Haack vs. City of New York.
6321—Widdemer vs. B. H. R. R.
6322, 6323—Felber vs. Union Railway Co.
6324—White vs. B. H. R. R.
6327—Colyer vs. B. H. R. R.
6328—McVeigh vs. Gentry.
6332—Scheid vs. B. H. R. R.
6333, 6334—Daly vs. Met. St. R. R.
6336—Haack vs. City of New York.
6337—Best vs. B. H. R. R.
6338—Coffin vs. City of New York.
6341—Dunn vs. same.
6342—Lour vs. Fass.
6343—Flannery vs. Met. St. R. R.
6346—Brodersen vs. B. H. R. R.
6347—Dowd vs. McGeaigle.
6349—Squillace vs. Met. St. R. R.
6350—Bloom vs. B. H. R. R.
6351—Hyams vs. same.
6352—Beauchamp vs. same.
6353—Willard vs. City of New York.
6354—Espalatta vs. B. H. R. R.
6355—Britton vs. same.
6356—Leeper vs. same.
6357—Yahgan vs. same.
6358—Rosen vs. same.
6359—Pesce vs. Titone.
6360—Haring vs. B. H. R. R.
6361—Currey vs. same.
6362—Kramer vs. B. Q. Co. & Sub. R. R.
6364—Casper vs. B. H. R. R.
6365—Brown vs. same.
6367—Liebmann's Brew. Co.
6369, 6370—Wall vs. W. Brighton Amuse. Co.
6371—Hoffman vs. Hamburg-Am. SS. Co.
6373—Cohen vs. 3d Av. R. R.
6374—Polsley vs. B. H. R. R.
6375—Fisher vs. N. Y. Dock Co.
6376—Darby vs. Kenny.
6377—Edelstein vs. B. H. R. R.
6379—Law vs. Volkmann.
Highest number reached on regular call, 6379.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Trials—Maddox, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
1012—Ward vs. Supreme Council, A. L. of H.
2048—Rathbon vs. Carley.
1015—Leahy vs. Clark.
1250—Mangiaracino vs. Mangiaracino.
1107—Mintzer vs. Sup. Council, A. L. of H.
1191—Papio vs. Flora.
2038—Gorman vs. Shine.
2075—Eckerson vs. Archer.
2022—Maasch vs. Grauer.
1045—Lashinsky vs. Linder.
1818—Appel vs. Appel.
1909—Nenning vs. Nenning.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Garretson, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Criminal Calendar—Aspinall, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. The People vs. Bornhoff. Same vs. Sullivan.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Civil Calendar—Crane, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.
In re Leddin.
675—Turner vs. Rauba.
702—Corey vs. Ruland.
880—Downey vs. Granaldo.
419—McCorisken vs. Finnan.
420—McGuire vs. B. H. R. R. Co.

Westchester County Court Calendar.

Day calendar for Feb. 19.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Dickey, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.
112—Brown vs. Central Crosstown Ry. Co.
133—Young vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
137—Foster vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
165—Oakley vs. Earl.
175—Wadley vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
176—Hill vs. Union Ry. Co.
180—Quick vs. Yonkers R. R. Co.
193—Reynolds vs. N. Y. & Stamford Ry. Co.
194—Same vs. Quinlan.
265—Brown vs. Beveridge.
193—Slevin vs. N. Y. & Stamford Ry. Co.
228—Gillespie vs. Yonkers R. R. Co.
229—Same vs. same.
The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
251—Noonan vs. Interurban St. Ry. Co.
246—Brooks vs. Trus.
255—Bradley vs. Interurban St. Ry. Co.
8—Arthur, by guardian, vs. Yonkers R. R. Co.
9—Same vs. same.
10—Same vs. same.
14—Russo vs. same.
19—O'Brien vs. Westchester Lighting Co.
21—Fittanti vs. Union Ry. Co.
25—Ernst vs. Town of Pelham.
32—New Rochelle Coal & Lumber Co. vs. Talcott.
33—Torma vs. Heidenbach.
35—Lapeczka vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co.
45—Haulenbeck vs. Curtis.
60—Fox vs. Cowperthwaite.

Queens County Court Calendar.

Thursday, Feb. 19.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Keogh, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.
415—Kantaraki vs. Musiatowicz.
417—Callingford vs. Stuart.
379—Donovan vs. Wilkinson et al.
381—Goff vs. Moyles et al.
384—Strauss vs. Stein et al.
396—Finley vs. Tousalat.
399—Kannegeiser vs. Seckler.
406—Miller vs. N. Y. & North Shore Traction Co.
422—Breed et al. vs. Rueff et al.
——Molloy vs. Molloy.

Horses, Carriages, &c.

(Established 1867.)
VAN TASSELL & KEARNEY'S
Auction Sales
OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES
ARE HELD REGULARLY EVERY
TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
(Commencing at 10 o'clock)
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Between Third and Fourth Aves., New York.
Catalogues ready morning of each sale. Purchasers will always find a large and interesting list to select from.
Those desiring to sell can make entries at any time up to 5 P. M. the day before the sale.

Wagons, open and top, new, second-hand; suitable for any business; windlass, furniture, and rack trucks at low prices. 204 East 24th St.

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The Warwick runabouts, surreys, and tonneaus, with the De Dion 6-horse power motor, now on exhibition. Long Acre Automobile Depot, 232 West 48th St.

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CLOSE RACQUET SCORES

Paton Barely Defeats Miller in Five Grand Sets.

Quincy Shaw, Whitney, and Waterbury Among the Survivors for the National Championship.

Three New Yorkers and one Bostonian are now left in the amateur racquet championship tournament of the United States. They are Morton S. Paton, Payne Whitney, Lawrence Waterbury, and Quincy A. Shaw, Jr. The latter is the Boston representative. He was runner-up for the championship last year to Clarence Mackay, and is regarded as one of the most likely winners of the honor this year.

The third day's tournament play yesterday in the New York Racquet and Tennis Club was productive of the most exciting and interesting games that have been seen since the start of the contest on Monday. Paton and W. R. Miller of Montreal had to play the entire five games before the New Yorker could win, and the defeat of Miller removed the last Canadian from the competition. The easiest match was between Payne Whitney and George C. Clark, Jr., of Boston. Whitney won three straight sets, Clark only getting 4 in the first set and 1 in the second. He did better in the third set, but never was the equal of Whitney, and was practically unable to return the latter's swift service. Clark made some clever returns from difficult positions, and scored 9 in the last set to Whitney's 15. The scores:

Payne Whitney	15	15	15
George C. Clark, Jr.	4	1	9

Quincy A. Shaw, Jr., and R. K. Cassatt of Philadelphia opened the day's play. Cassatt opened the match in brilliant fashion, serving accurately and with great force, and he was wonderfully successful in returning some of Shaw's well-placed balls. Shaw kept honors nearly even, but toward the finish of the set Cassatt fairly startled the gallery by his dashing play and won in good style by 18 to 13. Shaw, however, had been making a careful study of Cassatt's game, and he showed that he had evidently mastered its strong and weak points, for, with the exception of the fourth set, the Philadelphian was never really dangerous at any future period of the match. Shaw won the second set by 15 to 9 and the third by 15 to 4. Cassatt made a strong rally in the fourth set, and ran a nip-and-tuck game with the Bostonian, but a series of brilliant serves toward the finish gave the latter the set and the match by 15 to 12. The scores:

Quincy A. Shaw, Jr.	13	15	15	15
R. K. Cassatt	18	9	4	12

Erskine Hewitt and Lawrence Waterbury, both of the home club, were the next to meet. The play was practically a repetition of the preceding game, Hewitt taking the first set and Waterbury winning the next three in brilliant form. Hewitt won the first set by 15 to 9. His play, while erratic at times, showed some strong points, and his skill in putting the balls in situations difficult to get at gave him many points. In the following games Waterbury was handier in returning them, and the latter's powerful service was seen to better effect. Waterbury won the second set by 15 to 7, and the third by 15 to 12. This was an interesting match, but Hewitt lacked the staying powers at the critical points of the game, when a little more steadiness was necessary to win. Waterbury literally had everything his own way in the fourth and final set. He won on his service, sending the balls with terrific strokes and admirable accuracy every time. Hewitt only made one point. The scores:

L. Waterbury	9	15	15	15
Erskine Hewitt	15	7	12	1

After this came the game between Clark and Whitney, already described, and then followed the closing and best match of the day between Morton S. Paton and W. R. Miller. From start to finish, through the entire five sets, the spectators were in a continual state of doubt as to the ultimate victor. Every set, except one, had a remarkably close finish, and for this feature as well as for the nerve, judgment, and skill displayed by both players the match was called one of the finest exhibitions of good, all-round racquets that has been seen in the club for a long time.

The opponents began spiritedly, and kept even until the game was tied at 15 all. There were several long rallies, but few aces in either's service. By a supreme effort Miller just managed to forge ahead and won amid general applause by 18 to 16. The exertion seemed to have tired him, for he was not at all up to his form in the next set, and fell an easy victim by 15 to 4. The third set was virtually a repetition of the first, with the best of work by each, but again the Canadian gained the narrow advantage to win, and took the set by 18 to 17. Another set, fought in the same hard, skillful and brilliant manner, followed, but this time the New Yorker just got the winning point, and Paton triumphed by 17 to 16.

Honors were now even, and every play in the fifth and deciding set was watched with the keenest interest. Paton forged rapidly ahead, serving with rare judgment, and soon had the score 13 to 3 in his favor. Miller, however, did not lose heart, and by one of the grandest up-hill rallies that the members ever saw in a tournament, the Canadian brought the score up to 14 to 12 in Paton's favor. A grand fight for the victory then ensued, but Paton was equal to the task, and finally won by 15 to 12. The scores:

M. S. Paton	16	15	17	17	15
W. R. Miller	18	4	18	16	12

The players in the semi-final round to-day will be Quincy A. Shaw vs. Lawrence Waterbury, Payne Whitney vs. Morton S. Paton.

Results of New Orleans Races.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 18.—Manshak, who landed the Carnival Stakes, worth $1,045 to the winner, by a neck, was the only winning favorite to-day. Backed from 6 to 5 to 9 to 10, and the favorite in the betting, the colt outbroke his field, showing all the early speed, and though tiring at the end had enough left to land the prize. After the race the colt was run up to $2,000 and sold to Durnell & Herz. Capt. Burnbury, trainer for O. G. Parker, the owner of Manshak, claimed Dick Bernard, the Durnell & Herz entry, for $4,085, but the Stewards denied the claim on the ground that Burnbury was not the duly authorized agent of Parker. Bud Embry was run up to $1,505 by James Robertson, and bought in. Summary:

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs. Par Excellence, 114 pounds, (Gannon,) 8 to 5, won; Nyx, 117, (Robertson,) 15 to 1, second; Mollie T., 114, (W. Hicks,) 15 to 1, third. Time—1:16 1-5. Mynheer, Red Hook, N. N. Kaufman, Sir Vere de Vere, King B., Sir Gatian, Bill Logan, and Antagone also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Selling; one mile. Denny Duffy, 128 pounds, (Fuller,) 8 to 1, won; Ruby Ray, 128, (Philips,) 10 to 1, second; Prince Webb, 130, (Pollock,) 100 to 1, third. Time—1:45. Wissendone, Limelight, Swordsman, Gautama, Masterful, Miss Shanley, Maple, and Bluff also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Handicap; mile and an eighth. Adelante, 90 pounds, (Davisson,) 9 to 2, won; Cogswell, 97, (W. Hicks,) 7 to 5, second; Major Mansir, 106, (Gannon,) 2 to 1, third. Time—1:57 4-5. Hussah also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—The Carnival Stakes; four furlongs. Manshak, 110 pounds, (D. Hall,) 9 to 10, won; Dick Bernard, 111, (Haack,) 8 to 1, second; E. C. Runte, 94, (Philips,) 60 to 1, third. Time—0:49 1-5. Happy Hooligan, Alcom R., The Bronze Monarch, and Arnold K. also ran. J. Reiff bolted.

FIFTH RACE.—Owners' Handicap; six furlongs. Scorpio, 92 pounds, (Scully,) 5 to 1, won; I'Etrenne, 90, (Stille,) 4 to 1, second; Carl Kahler, 90, (Davisson,) 9 to 2, third. Time—1:13 4-5. St. Cuthbert, Boaster, Bummer, Witful, and Celebration also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; mile and three-sixteenths. Bud Embry, 91 pounds, (Stille,) 4 to 1, won; Leflare, 94, (Davisson,) 13 to 1, second; Benson Caldwell, 113, (Lindsey,) 7 to 5, third. Time—2:04. The Way, Erne, Charles D., Leenja, Tammany Chief, Ceylon, and Money Back also ran.

New Orleans Entries for To-day.

FIRST RACE.—Purse; six furlongs. Double O., 100 pounds; Ornature and Barkelmore, 106 each; Doc Wood, 108; Kiwasa and Carpet Knight, 109; Orpheum, Jove, Watkins Overton, Duke Dashaway, Flamboyant, and War Cry, 112 each.

SECOND RACE.—Selling; mile and a sixteenth. Floyd K., 88 pounds; Hedge, 92; Moran, 93; Chickadee, Russellton, and Siphon, 98 each; Ernest Parham, 99; Nettie Regent, 100; Stratton II. and Hercules, 103 each; Sarilla, 104; Prince Richard, 106.

THIRD RACE.—Selling; six furlongs. Ran After and Preterious, 94 pounds each; Clara David and False, 95 each; Cinch and Little Chico, 97 each; W. L. George and Ray Oman, 99 each; Loka, 100; Ben Hullum, 102; The Bronze Demon, 108.

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap; mile. Carat, 86 pounds; Major Tenny and Fronte, 95; Hargis, 102; The Conqueror II., 107; Old Hutch, 111; Ben Chance, 112.

FIFTH RACE.—Purse; five and a half furlongs. Lady Mistake and Fast Mail, 98 pounds

each; Agnes Mack, Musical Slipper, Lexington Bess, and Sue Vius, 100 each; Medina, 105; Sweet Alice, Birch Broom, and Josette, 110 each.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; six furlongs. The Stewardess, 92 pounds; Asheela, 96; The Caxton, 97; The Maister and Burgoyne, 102 each; Kalima, 106; Miss Hume, 109; Ed L., 110.

ON LOCAL BOWLING ALLEYS.

Mutual Benefict Bowlers Win Three Games in Life Insurance League Tournament.

In the tournament of the Life Insurance Bowling League last night, the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company bowlers won three straight games from the second team of the Prudential Life Insurance Company. The scores follow:

LIFE INSURANCE LEAGUE.
Thum's White Elephant Alleys.

MUTUAL BENEFIT. Name.	1st.	2d.	3d.	PRUDENTIAL NO. 2. Name.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Baldwin	203	206	157	Crum	177	157	138
Gibson	200	174	153	Halsey	150	200	169
Mowell	129	184	247	Clark	191	181	183
Cadis	263	192	205	Bonn	182	216	157
Thompson	182	171	173	Lewis	147	157	180
Total	947	927	935	Total	847	911	877

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Starr's National Alleys.

CIRCLE B. C. Name.	1st.	2d.	3d.	UNION B. C. Name.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Mosher	193	184	165	Thurber	153	159	177
White	187	181	183	Lodge	171	164	152
Anderson	190	134	151	Clark	256	183	168
McAdam	237	222	226	Stendel	156	197	190
Le B'rbeau	169	168	203	Sch'maker	179	191	142
Total	976	889	928	Total	915	894	829

METAL DISTRICT LEAGUE.
Reid's Church Street Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Lalance & Grosjean Manufacturing Company—Stevenson, 173; Chaumont, 181; Rohlps, 205; Parsons, 182; Freeman, 159. Total, 900.

Raynor & Perkins Company—Schuyler, 73; Newman, 121; Randall, 110; Simes, 60; Rule, 153. Total, 517.

SECOND GAME.—Raynor & Perkins Company—Schuyler, 78; Newman, 126; Randall, 112; Simes, 87; Rule, 141. Total, 544.

McMann & Taylor—Green, 153; Bathelle, 148; Stock, 125; Squires, 148; McMann, 118. Total, 692.

THIRD GAME.—McMann & Taylor—Green, 187; Bathelle, 154; Stock, 128; Squires, 114; McMann, 152. Total, 685.

Lalance & Grosjean Manufacturing Company—Stevenson, 132; Chaumont, 146; Rohlps, 138; Pearson, 113; Freeman, 161. Total, 690.

COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.
Schwartje & Arps's Broadway Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—American Woolen Company—Frankle, 206; Torbet, 139; Lansing, 127; Cantwell, 152; Warmuth, 170. Total, 792.

William Iselin & Co.—Visser, 24; Wunderlich, 135; Betsch, 123; Greiner, 167; Fabry, 109; Wellington, 200. Total, 758.

SECOND GAME.—William Iselin & Co.—Wunderlich, 157; Betsch, 136; Greiner, 172; Fabry, 129; Wellington, 153. Total, 747.

George Borgefeldt & Co.—Wallach, 147; Pflum, 157; Wambach, 170; McKean, 140; Hoering, 129. Total, 743.

THIRD GAME.—George Borgefeldt & Co.—Wallach, 154; Pflum, 136; Wambach, 136; McKean, 167; Hoering, 174. Total, 767.

American Woolen Company—Frankle, 204; Torbert, 111; Lansing, 162; Cantrell, 138; Warmuth, 177. Total, 792.

BANK CLERKS' LEAGUE.
Schwartze & Arp's Broadway Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—National Bank of Commerce—Durand, 185; Blizard, 147; Strong, 142; Roche, 107; Greer, 173. Total, 794.

Corn Exchange Bank—Gerdts, 113; Odell, 164; Robson, 103; Davidson, 178; Mitchell, 150. Total, 708.

SECOND GAME.—Corn Exchange Bank—Gerdts, 137; Odell, 143; Robson, 122; Davidson, 149; Mitchell, 114. Total, 665.

Goldman, Sachs & Co.—Huber, 134; Farrell, 130; Hanna, 154; Odz, 163; Morrissey, 154. Total, 735.

THIRD GAME.—Goldman, Sachs & Co.—Huber, 162; Farrell, 167; Hanna, 123; Odz, 137; Morrissey, 168. Total, 757.

National Bank of Commerce—Durand, 146; Blizard, 127; Strong, 157; Roche, 130; Greer, 179. Total, 737.

HARLEM NAVY LEAGUE.
Thum & Kahlsdorf's Harlem Palace Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Harlem Yacht Club—Jones, 178; Christie, 136; Bates, 136; Hyde, 172; G. Jarchow, 197. Total, 819.

Hudson Boat Club—Tilly, 182; Weismann, 197; Miller, 163; Coles, 197; Smith, 177. Total, 916.

SECOND GAME.—Harlem Yacht Club—Jones, 183; Christie, 191; Bates, 157; Hyde, 170; G. Jarchow, 199. Total, 858.

Union Boat Club—Monahan, 155; McCoy, 216; Wise, 136; Welcke, 144; Hunt, 181. Total, 832.

THIRD GAME.—Union Boat Club—Monahan, 180; McCoy, 157; Wise, 169; Welcke, 155; Hunt, 222. Total, 883.

Hudson Boat Club—Tilly, 190; Weismann, 185; Miller, 198; Coles, 208; Smith, 191. Total, 972.

MORNING NEWSPAPER LEAGUE.
McLoughlin's Alleys, Brooklyn.

FIRST GAME.—New York Press—Hoffman, 182; Green, 169; Friend, 205; Juppe, 142; Wiesert, 179. Total, 877.

New York Tribune—Flanagan, 186; Roll, 211; Keohan, 177; Vanderveer, 189; Eastmead, 104. Total, 867.

SECOND GAME.—New York Press—Hoffman, 147; Green, 107; Friend, 166; Juppe, 157; Wiesert, 172. Total, 749.

NEW YORK TIMES—Kennedy, 179; White, 183; Blaisdell, 144; Boyle, 187; Burr, 179. Total, 818.

THIRD GAME.—NEW YORK TIMES—Kennedy, 148; White, 142; Blaisdell, 156; Boyle, 168; Burr, 177. Total, 791.

New York Tribune—Flanagan, 200; Roll, 168; Keohan, 159; Vanderveer, 237; Eastmead, 145. Total, 909.

PLUMBING AND STEAM SUPPLY LEAGUE.
Cadieu's Monarch Palace Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Dimock & Fink Company—Welling, 128; Weber, 132; Burt, 158; Hamilton, 117; Verth, 117. Total, 652.

Ronalds & Johnson Company, New York—Malcolm, 121; Mahnken, 99; Cosgrove, 156; Kavanagh, 125; Elder, 89. Total, 590.

SECOND GAME.—Ronalds & Johnson Company, New York—Malcolm, 101; Mahnken, 99; Cosgrove, 116; Kavanagh, 165; Elder, 158. Total, 639.

Manufacturers—Walsh, 172; Morgan, 176; Bolles, 151; Emory, 191; Cook, 130. Total, 820.

THIRD GAME.—Manufacturers—Walsh, 176; Morgan, 125; Bolles, 162; Emory, 168; Cook, 173. Total, 804.

John Simmons Company, Team No. 2—Brennan, 166; Chatwin, 159; Keenan, 129; Winters, 125; Barenklau, 124. Total, 703.

BEN FRANKLIN LEAGUE.
Cadieu's Monarch Palace Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Evening Journal, Team No. 1—Signor, 149; Moon, 128; Wood, 123; Robertson, 148; Perkins, 163. Total, 711.

Commercial Advertiser—Junker, 111; Neninger, 141; Thedford, 170; Durkin, 72; Taylor, 96. Total, 590.

SECOND GAME.—Commercial Advertiser—Junker, 155; Neninger, 114; Thedford, 143; Durkin, 96; Taylor, 115. Total, 623.

The Mail and Express—Wallace, 124; Sellers, 136; Smith, 134; Snyder, 128; Butts, 119. Total, 641.

THIRD GAME.—The Mail and Express—Wallace, 123; Sellers, 156; Smith, 148; Snyder, 184; Butts, 144. Total, 755.

Evening Journal, Team No. 1—Signor, 161; Moon, 105; Wood, 163; Robertson, 139; Perkins, 154. Total, 722.

GOLF DATES FIXED.

The new Executive Committee of the United States Golf Association, elected at the annual meeting on Tuesday night, got right down to business yesterday and held its first meeting at the office of Daniel Chauncey, 20 Broad Street. The chief item of business was the selection of the dates for the women's and open championships. It was decided to hold the women's National tournament in the week beginning Sept. 28. It will be played on the links of the Chicago Golf Club. The open championship will be played on June 26 and 27 on the Baltusrol Club links, near Short Hills, N. J. The rule requiring an intermission of three months between the amateur and open tournaments was rescinded at the annual meeting. The dates for the amateur championship at the Nassau Country Club's links were fixed at the meeting for the week beginning Aug. 31.

A draft of the new rules was ordered printed, and the Secretary was requested to send them, with the recommendations and interpretations of the Rules Committee, to the Royal and Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrew's, Scotland. The code of rules as recently amended in some particulars was adopted by the delegates at the annual meeting.

This is the first time in the history of the United States Golf Association that the Executive Committee has met so promptly after the annual meeting, and never before have the dates of the three National championships been known so early in the year.

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Leave New York, W. 23d St., 9:55 A. M., 2:55 P. M. week days; 7:55 A. M. Sundays.
Arrive Atlantic City, 1:13 P. M., 6:15 P. M. week days; 11:(0 A. M. Sundays.
Leave Atlantic City 9:05 A. M., 2:20 P. M. week days; 5:30 P. M. Sundays.
Arrive New York, W. 23d St., 12:30 P. M., 5:45 P. M. week days; 8:45 P. M. Sundays.

Via CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY. Two three-hour vestibule trains, with Pullman cars and coaches, every week day, from New York, leaving Liberty St. 9:40 A. M. and 3:40 P. M. South Ferry 9:35 A. M. and 3:35 P. M. Passing Lakewood.

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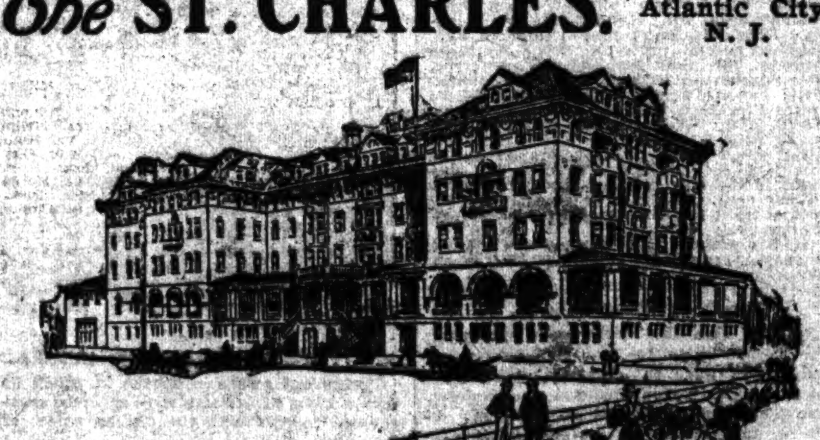

For convenience of prospective visitors from New York and vicinity we will have a personal representative at the Hotel Imperial, New York, daily from 11 to 5, with room plans and all information. NEWLIN HAINES, formerly of The Chalfonte.

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COLONIAL, Nassau, N. P. H. E. BEMIS, Manager.	Now Open.
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MINNETONKA	Feb. 28, 9 A. M.
MINNEAPOLIS	Mar. 7, Noon
MINNEHAHA	Mar. 14, 9 A. M.
MESABA	Mar. 21, 9 A. M.

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Statendam......Mar. 18	Rotterdam......Apr. 8

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Lucania..Feb. 21, noon	Umbria..Mar. 14, 8 A.M.
Etruria..Feb. 28, 6 A.M.	Ivernia..Mar. 21, 11 AM
Campania.Mar. 7, 11 AM	Etruria..Mar. 28, 3 P.M.

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NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.

Cedric....Feb. 25, 4 PM	Germanic..Mar. 18, Noon
Celtic....Mar. 4, 8:30 AM	Cedric..Mar. 25, 2 PM
Oceanic..Mar. 11, 4 PM	Celtic...April 1, 7 AM

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Kronprinz, Feb. 24, 2 PM	Kaiser....Apr. 7, 10 A.M.
Kaiser, March 10, 10 AM	Kronprinz, Apr. 18, 9 AM
Kronprinz, Mar. 24, 1 PM	KaiserWm.II.Ap28, 4 PM

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MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
From Pier 24, Amity St., Brooklyn.

†Neckar, Feb. 21, Noon	K. Albert, Mar 28, 3:30 PM
*Lahn, Mar. 14, 9 AM	*Trave...Apr. 4, 10 AM
†Weimar, Mar. 21, 11 AM	P. Irene..Apr. 11, 4 PM

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Louis H. Myer, 45 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.
FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service.

Waldersee, Feb. 21, 1 PM	Pretoria, Mar. 28, 4 PM
Penna, Mar. 7, 11 AM	Wald'see, Apr. 4, 10 AM
Patricia, Mar. 14, 6 AM	Deutschland Apr. 9, 11 AM
Bluecher, Mar. 21, 11 AM	Moltke, Apr. 16, 8 AM

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.

Palatia, Mar. 3, 2 PM	Phoenicia, Mar. 19, 2 PM
†F.V. Luise Mar. 12, 11 AM	*Ravenna, Mar. 28, 2 PM

*Ravenna belongs to Nav. Co. "Italia."
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NORWICH LINE, via New London. Lve. Pier 40 N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days only, at 5:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and RHODE ISLAND.
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JOY LINE $1.25 to Providence
First Class Service
Fast and elegant Steamers leave New York daily excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
STATIONS FOOT OF WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.
☞ **The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.**
7:55 A. M.—FAST MAIL.—Limited to two Parlor Cars and Dining Car New York to Pittsburg. Sleeping Car Pittsburg to Chicago. No coaches to Pittsburg.
8:55 A. M.—FAST LINE.—Pittsburg and Cleveland.
9:55 A. M.—PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Compartment Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis.
1:55 P. M.—CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville (via Cincinnati and Louisville,) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.
5:55 P. M.—ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Welch, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)
5:55 P. M.—WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.
7:55 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.
8:25 P. M.—CLEVELAND AN CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Cincinnati.
WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.
7:55, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car,) 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20,) (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sunday, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily. "The Southern's Palm Limited," 12:40 P. M. (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets 12:40 P. M.) week days.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 8:55 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily. "Florida Special," 2:10 P. M. (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20 P. M.) week days.
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express 2:10 P. M. week days. Mail, 12:10 night daily. "Seaboard Florida Limited," 12:55 P. M. daily.
NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 3:25 P. M. daily.
CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 4:55 P. M. daily.
FOR OLD POINT COMFORT AND NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 8:55 P. M. daily.
ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains, Buffet Parlor Cars, and Standard Coaches on week-days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.
CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week-days.
For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station,) 8:55 A. M., 12:10, 3:25, 4:55 and 11:25 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,) 9:00 A. M., 12:20, 3:40, 5:10, and 11:30 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:15 P. M.
FOR PHILADELPHIA.
6:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 6:20,) 7:25, 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25, (9:55, Penna. Limited,) 10:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car,) 11:55 A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55 (Dining Car,) 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20,) 2:55, 3:25 (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 5:55 (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sundays, 6:10, 7:55 (Dining Car, no coaches,) 8:25, 8:55, 9:55 (Limited,) 9:55, 10:55 (Dining Car,) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55 (Dining Car,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 5:55 (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.
Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1,354, 111, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue (below 23d St.;) 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.;) 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 98 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.
Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.
W. W. ATTERBURY, J. R. WOOD,
General Manager. Gen'l Passenger Agent.
2-8-1903.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

NEW YORK CENTRAL
& HUDSON RIVER R. R.
THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.
Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below:
North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 2:45, 3:30, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.
All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 36 and 60, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—†MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 3:55 A. M., Troy 4:50 A. M.
7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.
8:30 A. M.—*EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:45 P. M.
8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:07.
10:30 A. M.—†DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 1:15 A. M.
11:30 A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:55 P. M.
12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.
1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:00, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.
1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED. 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore, 26½ via M. C.
2:45 P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.
3:30 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7 P. M.
3:35 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.
4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED. 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:25 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:10, Chicago 4:30, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. 28 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.
6:35 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.
7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO AND TORONTO SPECIAL. Due Buffalo 7:25 A. M., Niagara Falls 8:48, Toronto 10:50 A. M.
9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.
9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL. Due Cincinnati 7:50, Indianapolis 10:10 P. M., St. Louis 7:30 second morning.
9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS. Chicago, 34 hours by Michigan Central, 36 hours by Lake Shore.
11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, and Chicago.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.
HARLEM DIVISION.
9:08 A. M. and 3:36 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sundays at 9:20 A. M.
Pullman cars on all through trains.
Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.
Ticket offices at 113, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 153 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St., and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.
Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE
BETWEEN
NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND NEW ENGLAND
Via Springfield and the
BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD,
(N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)
Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.
Leave Boston †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:14 A. M.
Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.
A. H. SMITH, GEORGE H. DANIELS,
General Superintendent. General Passenger Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.
(New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)
Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.:
*7:10 AM—For interm. points to Albany.
†11:20 AM—(1) Saratoga & Mohawk Exp.
*1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:25 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
†3:45 PM—(2) For Hudson River points & Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Clev'd & Chicago.
†7:45 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & St. Louis.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Det. & Chi.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leaves Brooklyn Annex (1) at †10:45 A. M., (2) at 2:45 P. M.; leaves Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at †11:2[illegible] A. M.; (2) at †3:35 P. M. Time tables at principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.
A. H. SMITH, C. E. LAMBERT,
Gen'l Superintendent. Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM.
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.
Liberty Street and South Ferry. (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier.)
EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN AND MAUCH CHUNK—x4:00, (7:15 Easton only,) 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:40, 5:00 (5:45 Easton only) P. M. Sundays, x4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:3[illegible] P. M.
WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—x4:00, 9:10 A. M., 5:00 P. M. Sundays, x4:25 A. M., 1 P. M.
LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—x4:00, 9:40 A. M., 1:30 (3:40, 4:10 Lakewood and Lakehurst only), 5:00, (x5:30, Lakewood only) P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M.
ATLANTIC CITY—†9:40 A. M., †3:40 P. M.
VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—†x4:00 A. M., †1:30 P. M.
LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT, AND SEASHORE POINTS—x4:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 4:45, 5:30, 6:30 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:00 A. M., 4:00 P. M.
PHILADELPHIA (READING TERMINAL)—x*4:25, †7:00, †8:00, *9:00, †10:00, †11:00 A. M., †12:00, *1:00, §1:30, †2:00, †3:00, *4:00, *5:00, †6:00, †7:30, ‖9:00 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
24TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—x4:25, †8:30, *10:30, *11:30 A. M., *1:00, ‡*3:40, *5:00, *7:00, †9:25 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—‖4:00, x4:25, †8:00, ‖†9:10, (10:00, 11:00 A. M., Reading only,) ‖§1:00, 1:20, †2:00 P. M. Reading, Pottsville and Harrisburg only, †4:00, †6:00 P. M.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.
FOR BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON—†8:30, *10:30, *11:30 A. M., *1:00, ‡*3:40, *5:00, *7:00 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
xFrom Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sundays only. ‡Parlor cars only. ‖Via Tamaqua. xSaturdays.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 113, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 98 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.
W. G. BESLER, C. M. BURT,
Vice President and General Manager. General Pass'r Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD
Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

Chicago, Pittsburg...	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Chicago, Columbus..	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
Pittsburg, Cleve.....	*3:35pm.	*3:40pm.	Limtd.
"Pittsburg Limited"	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Norfolk..............	†12:55pm.	†1:00pm.	Diner.

ROYAL BLUE TRAINS.

Washington, Balto...	†8:25am.	†8:30am.	Buffet.
Washington, Balto...	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Washington, Balto...	*11:25am.	*11:30am.	Diner.
Washington, Balto...	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
"Royal Limited".....	*3:35pm.	*3:40pm.	Diner.
Washington, Balto...	*4:55pm.	*5:00pm.	Diner.
Washington, Balto...	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Washington, Balto...	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleepers

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sundays only.
Offices: 113, 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand Street, N. Y.; 343 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.
Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. R. R.
*Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: [illegible]

	Lv. N. Y.	Ar. N. Y.
Buffalo Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mauch Chunk Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mauch Chunk and Hazleton Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wyoming Valley Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Easton Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago & Toronto Vestibule Exp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	[illegible]	[illegible]

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 113, 261, [illegible], 1234 and 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 245 Columbus Ave., N. Y., 4 Court St., 34 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn.
N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

Surrogate Notices.

WILEY, GEORGE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE WILEY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Robert E. Deyo, attorney, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the fifteenth day of May, 1903.—Dated New York, the 28th day of October, 1902. ANN WILEY, MARY WILEY, CHARLES F. BAUERDORF, CHARLES ROHE, Executors. ROBERT E. DEYO, Attorney for Executors, No. 115 Broadway, N. Y. City, Borough of Manhattan.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Money easy at 2¾@3 per cent. on call.

Stocks dull and heavy.

Between dullness due to holidays past and approaching and stagnation upon general principles, yesterday's transactions in stocks are not an enlivening subject of remark. Amalgamated and Anaconda were again exceptions to the rule of dullness and weakness. They failed to retain all their gain upon the day's business, but closed the market's leaders in both activity and improvement. Numerous but fractional declines among the railways seemed without special significance. Perhaps especial weakness among those announcing, or expected to announce, fresh capital issues may be thought to have had a sympathetic general depressing effect, for this is an exception to the rule of "the more the merrier." London sent similar reports of strength among copper stocks, and otherwise reactionary prices. With both markets in this condition there is scant cause for regret that Saturday and Monday will be actual as well as nominal holidays.

There was some discussion, under reserve regarding the facts, of the announced purchase by the Steel Trust of one million tons of Bessemer pig iron from Ohio furnaces at $18, the selling furnaces to be supplied with coke by the trust through the Frick Coke Company at $5. Since both prices are shaved down, the net profit may be the same to both parties as though the prices were nominally higher. This community of interest in economy of production makes a hard problem for those unable to arrange similar combinations, and keeps prices both profitable and conservatively low. It is a marked contrast to the high and higher way of doing business in former good times in the iron trade, when control of events was more diffused.

Once more sterling rose in New York and Paris together. When Paris is extending its London credits there is no reason or motive to send gold hence to a centre which already has a superfluity. And if London can supply itself from Paris, there is no reason or profit in coming so far as here for it. Altogether too much is made of this factor. In the holiday season remittances are made larger than there is any likelihood of being made now, without attracting any attention, or deserving to. But now the general statement that some gold might be spared without inconvenience is almost always accompanied by the addition that somebody else might be alarmed by it. If the firmness of tone in the local time money market should pass into a sufficient advance in rates to make it desirable to renew foreign obligations rather than to liquidate them at maturity, there might arise a demand for sterling for this purpose. The scarcely adequate basis for this hypothesis is that the Southern planting season is now, and rather early, making its usual demands for currency from New York, and that the banks are simultaneously losing money to the Sub-Treasury. This week $600,000 has gone to New Orleans, and since Friday the Sub-Treasury has gained from the banks $954,000. This year the Spring movement of currency from New York will coincide with the trust companies' accumulation of reserve under the Clearing House order, if it shall be complied with. Possibly there may be a more general and less theoretical interest in the rule as its effect works out.

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Allis-Chalmers	1	Pacific Mail	¾
Amal. Copper	1¼	Pere Marquette	1
Am. Cotton Oil	¾	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	½
Am. Steel Fds. pf.	1½	Sloss-Sheff. pf.	1⅝
Am. Tel. & Tel.	5¾	So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	¾
Anaconda Copper	2¼	Va.-Car. Chem.	1½
Consol. Gas	½	Va.-Car. Ch. pf.	½
Ft. W. & D. C.	2		
Int. Pump	½		

Stocks Declined.

Am. Grass Twine	1¾	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	⅛
Am. Dist. Tel.	2	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	3
Am. Locomotive	¾	Mo., Kan. & T.	½
Am. Smelting	¾	Missouri Pacific	½
Am. Sugar	¾	N. Y. Central	1⅞
B'klyn R. T.	¾	N. Y., Ont. & W.	½
Canada South	1⅝	Norf. & West	½
Cent. of N. J.	4	Penn. R. R.	½
Ches. & Ohio	½	Reading	½
Chi. G. W. pf. B.	1¾	Rock Island	½
Chi. Term. Tr. pf.	1	Rubber Goods	½
Chi. Un. Tract.	¾	Rubber Goods pf.	½
C., C., C. & St. L.	½	St. L. S. W.	½
Col. Fuel & I.	1	St. L. S. W. pf.	1
Del., L. & W.	5	Southern Pacific	½
Dul., S. S. & A.	¾	Tenn. Coal & I.	1½
Dul., S. S. & A. pf.	1¾	Tol., St. L. & W.	½
Erie 1st pf.	¾	Union Pacific	¾
General Electric	¾	U. S. Leather pf.	1½
Illinois Central	¾	U. S. Steel	½
Louis. & Nash.	1	U. S. Steel pf.	½
Manhattan	¾	Wabash pf.	½
Met. Securities	1¾	Wis. Cent. pf.	¾
Met. Street Ry.	½		

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

Det., M. & M. l. g. 3½s	1½	Syracuse, B. & N. Y. 1st	1⅞
Int. & G. N. 1st	1½	West Shore 4s, reg.	1⅞

Bonds Declined.

Den. & S. W. gen.	2	St. J. & G. I. 1st	2
Dist. Sec. Corp. 5s	1½	San A. & A. P. 4s	1
Hock. Valley 4½s	1	Stand. R. & T. inc.	1⅞
Mex. Cent. 2d inc.	1	Va.-Mid. Series D, 4-5s	1½
Mob. & O. gen. 4s	1		

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
Feb. 18	301,161
To date this year	23,447,050
Corresponding date last year	23,532,862

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

Feb. 18	$2,015,000
To date this year	$113,530,700
Corresponding date last year	$150,591,300

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
American Coal Company.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railroad, on common and preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.
Alliance Realty Company.
National Lead Company.

SPECIAL MEETINGS.
National Lead Company.
Riverdale Park Company.

SOME GENERAL ISSUES.

Amalgamated Copper, with Anaconda rising in sympathy, was practically the only active stock on the list to advance during the day, such other advances as were scored being for the most part by inactive or little heard of issues. The rise in the copper stock was on dealings involving 80,000 shares—more than one-fifth of the entire market transactions—and was merely on a continuation of buying by the same interests who have been active in the stock for some time. Sales of the metal were reported during the day at 13 cents a pound, and in trade circles the talk is confident that 14-cent copper will shortly be seen. The gossips in the Street say that their information is that if the stock crosses 85 a general bull campaign will then be commenced.

Such recently manipulated pool stocks as Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic, Wisconsin Central, Rock Island, and United States Leather preferred were heavy under liquidation by the pools, while there was good selling also, though more cleverly disguised, in Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Sugar.

Coincident with the advance in Virginia Chemical, the old story was revived of an alliance with the American Cotton Oil Company, but there is said to be no foundation for the report.

Apropos of the heaviness of Pennsylvania, a report by way of Philadelphia was to the effect that there were suggestions there that the company is selling stock in the open market against the proposed new issue.

MONEY MARKET DEVELOPMENTS.

Contrary to some predictions and to the expectations of many people, no gold export engagements were made yesterday—and this notwithstanding a further rise in sterling here. The failure of gold to go out was due largely to the rise of 1 centime in Paris sterling, carrying New York 10 points further away from the gold exporting point.

Beyond this the most interesting development in the money market was the transfer of $400,000 to New Orleans through the Sub-Treasury, making total shipments to that centre for the week of $600,000. The heavy shipment yesterday was set out as a "special transaction."

Time money yesterday was a trifle firmer, but it is pointed out that this is always the case in the latter part of February and for a time in March. Around April rates are expected to work easier.

ERIE'S EARNINGS.

A statement put out by one of the Wall Street news agencies during the day and subsequently learned to have been semi-officially inspired, was to the effect that in the months of January and December the net increase in Erie's profits from operation and from coal companies was nearly sufficient to pay the full dividend on the first and second preferred stock for the year. In December the railroad reported a net increase of some $600,000, but did not report the increase in the coal company's profits. This, it is understood, was in excess of $400,000. The total gain for the month was over $1,000,000. In January a similar result was obtained.

In spite of this statement the Erie shares declined yesterday with the rest of the market, though there evidently was support in the common stock around 39.

A FIFTEEN-POINT DROP.

The greatest drop in the market, though little noticed because in an inactive stock, was in Northwest preferred, 100 shares of which were offered down to 235 before a buyer could be found. The last sale of the stock was at 250, on Jan. 7.

During the day the "rights" came off the common stock of Northwest, and were variously quoted at from 14⅝ to 15¼. No transactions were reported in the stock itself, but at one time it was offered at 202, with 198 the best and closing bid. It had closed on Tuesday at 219¾, so that even at the offered price, and adding the value of the rights, there was a loss of about three points.

PRESSED STEEL CAR REPORT.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pressed Steel Car Company, held in Jersey City yesterday, the following Directors were elected: James A. Blair, A. S. Matheson, F. G. Ely, James H. Reed, T. H. Given, G. E. Macklin, F. N. Hoffstot, J. W. Friend, and Adrian H. Larkin.

Some statistics regarding the company's business were given by the President of the company in his annual report. Gross sales for the year increased 47.1 per cent. over 1901. The number of cars built increased 11.7 per cent., while the output of truck frames was practically doubled. The number of steel cars built in 1901 showed an increase of 28 per cent. over the previous year. In 1902 the company was able to build its steel cars with 31 per cent. fewer men than in 1900, and with 23 per cent. fewer than in 1901. While the business of the company increased 47.1 per cent. during 1902, this increase was secured without any substantial increase in the company's plants.

During the last six months of 1902 the volume of business done was at the rate of $38,000,000 per annum. The large profits had been secured only by reason of the great volume of business and the close economy practiced in every department. Although the business of the company last year increased 47.1 per cent., general expenses increased only 10.6 per cent., and general operating expenses only 20.6 per cent. over the preceding year.

Regarding the outlook for the present year the report said that there was sufficient business booked and in sight to insure the full operation of the company's plants.

NEW YORK CENTRAL.

The feature of the decline in New York Central, which sold down to the lowest price recorded for nearly two years, was the steady dribbling out of long stock. There was an absence of any professional pressure, the stock coming out in small volume—much of this apparently representing sales by investment or speculative holders who do not like the prospect of a new stock or bond issue to finance the company's expenditures for extensions and improvements.

It is pointed out that under these circumstances there is no possibility of an increase in the dividend rate, and that as a 5 per cent. stock the issue is selling comparatively high as compared with other standard shares. St. Paul, paying 7 per cent., sells at 178, while Illinois Central and Pennsylvania, paying 6 each, sell at 145½ and 149¾, respectively.

There was a suggestion that some of yesterday's selling of Central may have been of treasury stock against a new issue, but there did not seem to be enough stock coming out to warrant this theory.

ONE MARKET VIEW.

According to the opinion of a leading commission house with extensive wire connections, "one of the worst features of the market in the last few days has been the effort to get up a bull movement by manipulating the industrial specialties, while the best stocks of the railroad list have continued dull, with a sagging tendency." This is merely putting in another way what many close market observers declare to be a fact, namely, that no advancing market is possible where leadership is not assumed by the standard stocks.

LONDON'S OPERATIONS.

London, which on Monday and Tuesday had been a buyer of stocks in this market, turned seller yesterday and disposed of probably 10,000 shares out of a total of about 14,000 dealt in.

Foreign houses reported that they saw no reason for the heaviness of Americans early reported in that market or for any selling of them. It was generally suspected that the selling in the London market was for New York account and that the selling orders later coming from that source originated at this centre.

ANTICIPATING THE HOLDINGS.

Not a little of the selling in yesterday's market was said to be by traders and others who, long of stocks, were disposed to "hedge" against or lighten their holdings in anticipation of the long holiday from Friday night to Tuesday morning. In addition there was some selling for the short account by professionals on the chance that during the holiday unfavorable developments may come to pass.

It is a fact that over any holiday the chances favor the shorts, for the reason that there are few developments that might come unexpectedly that would have decidedly helpful market effect, while on the other hand there are many unexpected developments of an unfavorable nature that could appear to break the market sharply.

HELPING WINTER WHEAT.

A leading banking interest, commenting upon the many lamentations heard because of the general storm throughout the country, said yesterday:

"Instead of lamenting, I am rejoicing because of the heavy snowfall, which seems to have been general. And why? Simply because it assures to the Winter wheat crop ample and needed protection, and will do more to give us a good yield than anything I know of. And a good yield this Winter will mean much for the United States, because crops abroad do not promise any too well.

"Stockmarketwise, the snowstorm ought to be worth 10 points to the market."

BASIS FOR COPPER RUMORS.

Wall Street has recently been flooded with various reports of a big combination of copper properties in which the Amalgamated Copper Company was interested. Capitalization in hundreds of millions of dollars was talked of, and all the big copper companies were said to be interested. It now appears that the only grain of truth in these reports is that negotiations were undertaken some time ago for the combination of two comparatively unimportant copper companies, the Consolidated Copper Range Company and the Tri-Mountain Copper Company. These negotiations have, however, not advanced beyond the preliminary stage.

Stock Exchange Triple Holiday.

The Governors of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday granted the petition of 450 members to close the Exchange on Saturday next, thus enabling brokers to get a three days' holiday, as the Exchange will be also closed on Monday, the official holiday of Washington's Birthday.

IRON AND METAL TRADES.

Discussing the condition of the iron and metal trades The Iron Age will say to-day:

The weather is watched with unusual anxiety by iron makers, since it may at any time cause further serious troubles in the delivery of supplies of raw material. With everything so delicately poised as it is now disturbances are disconcerting and costly. Developments during the past week have been rather in sellers' favor, in pig iron, although the volume of business has been moderate. One lot of 10,000 tons of gray forge was taken in Birmingham, but was followed by the withdrawal of the buyer. Those Southern furnace interests which showed a disposition to court business by slight concessions have now stiffened up again. Consumers generally seem to feel confident that the second half will not bring higher prices, but may witness some reaction, and there are indications that they are abstaining from covering the pig iron required for contracts for castings closed.

Meetings of outside Lake Superior ore interests have taken place during the last week, but no final action has been taken in the matter of prices.

The steel trade is quiet. There are a number of inquiries for foreign billets and slabs in the market, but buyers and sellers are about $1 per ton apart. Importers state that for the second quarter the foreign steel works show little desire for additional business, so that $28 is as low as they can sell. Some business was put through in the Chicago district on the basis of $30.75, delivered, for foreign billets. A report is current, which it has been impossible to confirm, that a European maker has sold 10,000 tons of 4-inch billets for delivery at the Atlantic seaboard.

In bars the volume of business continues at a satisfactory rate. Chicago notes the sale of 3,000 tons of foreign 3¼ by 7 inch bars at 1.90c. flat, delivered. There is also a more confident tone in sheets.

The plate trade shows continued activity. Apparently the Central Western mills are now the chief sellers, since both in the East and in the Chicago district local mills are securing comparatively little of the business offered. The quantities purchased are fair, and some pretty good further orders are in the market.

Some good contracts have been placed for structural material. The observation is being made that the feeling is developing in the building trades that it is futile to delay work in the hope of a decline in the price of structural material, which continues moderate.

A contractor has secured the work for the water service of Philadelphia, and it is understood that the United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Company will receive the contract for furnishing the 25,000 tons of 60-inch cast-iron pipe and the 12,500 tons of 48-inch pipe.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Adrian H. Muller & Son sold these securities at auction yesterday at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway:

10 shares Utica, Chenango & Susquehanna Valley Railroad guaranteed, 100 each, 161¼.
4 shares Union Trust Company, $100 each, 1,450.
$13,500 Newburg, Dutchess and Connecticut Railroad income bonds, eleven of $1,000 each and five of $500 each, 11⅛.
15 shares Brooklyn Trust Company, $100 each, 480.
1,400 shares Hackensack Meadows Company, $100 each, 17.
100 shares North American Lumber and Pulp Company, $100 each, 7¾.
330 shares North American Lumber and Pulp Company, $100 each, 7.
108 shares North American Lumber and Pulp Company, $100 each, 6¾.
50 shares North American Lumber and Pulp Company, $100 each, 6¼.
50 shares New Jersey Steamboat Company, $50 each, 36.
100 shares Herring-Hall-Marvin Company first preferred, $100 each, 35.
37 shares American Type Founders' Company common, $100 each, 42½.
1 share Clinton Hall Association, $100, 60.
70 shares Journeay & Burnham, $10 each, 74.
$15,000 Judge Company 4 per cent. purchase money mortgage gold bonds, Class A, due 1909, coupons June and December, 38.
$200 New York Athletic Club second mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1910, interest April and October, 90.
10 shares National Bank of Commerce, $100 each, 319¼.
10 shares National City Bank, $100 each, 299¾.
24 shares Phenix National Bank, $20 each, 130.
1 share Norfolk and New Brunswick Hosiery Company of New Jersey, $100, 12.
2 shares New York Mutual Gas Light Company, $100 each, 321.
16 shares American Banknote Company, $58.25 per share.
10 shares General Electric Company, (reduced stock,) $100 each, 200⅝.
10 shares Co-operative Building Bank, Class A, (on which ten installments have been paid,) $80 lot.
25 shares Central Realty Bond and Trust Company, $100 each, 600⅝.
40 shares Western National Bank of the United States, $100 each, 390.
9 shares Hanover National Bank, $100 each, 636.
$40,000 United Railroads of San Francisco 4 per cent. bonds, due 1927, 82⅝.
5 shares Title Guarantee and Trust Company, $100 each, 525.
40 shares Chatham National Bank, $25 each, 361.
$25,000 Tacoma Railway and Power Company first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, 85.
10 shares Market and Fulton National Bank, $100 each, 265¼.
10 shares National Bank of Commerce, $100 each, 317½.
$1,000 St. Paul and Sioux City Railroad Company first mortgage 6 per cent. gold bond, due 1919, interest April and October, 126¾.
$2,000 Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western Railway Company 6 per cent. consolidated first mortgage gold bonds, due 1921, interest May and November, 132⅞.
$3,000 Brooklyn Union Gas Company first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. fifty-year gold bonds, due 1945, interest May and November, 116¼.
25 shares United States Mortgage and Trust Company, $100 each, 485.
30 shares Central Realty Bond and Trust Company, $100 each, 610.
100 shares Central Realty Bond and Trust Company, $100 each, 600.
10 shares Broadway Safe Deposit Company, $100 each, 55.
7 shares Rio Grande Junction Railroad Company, $100 each, 35.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

Boston United Gas Company bonds stricken from the list of the Boston Stock Exchange by order of Committee on Stock List.

Statement that Brown Brothers & Co. have made a further listing of their Virginia deferred 6 per cent. certificates, amounting to $750,000, bringing the total thus far listed to $8,716,565.

Shenango Furnace Company of Pittsburg said to have secured another large block of valuable Mesaba ore property.

Prominent stockholders of the German-American Insurance Company of New York said to be in favor of increasing its capital from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000.

According to San Francisco dispatches the Utah Beet Sugar Company has been organized with an authorized capital of $6,000,000 to merge the Utah Sugar Company and the Bear River Water Company of Utah.

Advices from Cleveland that the stockholders of the Lake Shore Electric Railway have ratified the refinancing plan of the Directors.

Incorporation in Arkansas of the Arkansas Traction Company, capital $500,000, to build an electric road connecting Harrison with an extension of the Missouri Pacific.

Boston Stock Exchange to remain closed next Saturday as well as Monday.

Dispatches from Columbus, Ohio, stating that the Columbus Chain Company has effected a reorganization and increased its capital to $400,000.

St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad's application to the New York Stock Exchange to list $5,149,000 additional 4 per cent. refunding mortgage coupon bonds of 1951.

Pittsburg dispatches stating that the stockholders of the National Glass Company have approved the plan to create an issue of $1,550,000 of preferred stock and retire $775,000 of the present capital, which consists of one class of stock, making the total capital of the company $3,100,000, divided equally between preferred and common.

Officers and Directors of the Deposit National Bank of Pittsburg said to have made application at Harrisburg for a charter for a new savings institution to be known as the Farmers' Deposit Savings Bank, the capital of which will be $100,000.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money, 4¾@5 per cent. for sixty days to six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5@5¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $199,587,003; balances, $11,004,449; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $289,552.

Money on call in London, 3½@4 per cent. Rate of discount in the open market, 3 7-16 per cent. for short and 3⅜@3½ per cent. for three months' bills.

Foreign exchange was strong. Posted rates were $4.85 for sixty days and $4.88 for demand. Rates for actual business were: Sixty days, $4.84⅝; demand, $4.87⅝; cables, $4.88¼; commercial bills, $4.83¾@$4.84½.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¾ and 5.15⅝; reichsmarks, 94 13-16 and 95 3-16 less 1-32; guilders, 40 and 40 3-16.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Chicago—10c discount. Boston—10c discount @ par. New Orleans—Commercial, 75c discount; bank, $1 premium. Charleston—Buying, 25c premium; selling, ⅛ discount. Savannah—Buying, ⅛ discount; selling, par. San Francisco—Sight, 15c; telegraphic, 17½c premium.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—In its City article to-day The Times says money was again in demand yesterday, and a fair amount was added to the market's indebtedness to the Bank of England. Discount rates were steady. French and Austrian exchanges moved in favor of London.

The demand for bar gold in the bullion market was distinctly slacker.

The Stock Exchange was quieter than for several days, and the tone was mostly dull. Speculators in recently active securities realized and increased the pressure to sell, causing a moderate all-round fall, especially in home rails and Grand Trunks.

Consols fell 1-16, to 92⅝ for cash, and ⅛, to 92 11-16 for the account. Their weakness was due chiefly to the scarcity of money.

American rails opened generally lower, owing to sales caused by the fear of early gold shipments. In the afternoon arbitrage sales helped the fall.

The general mining market was quiet. Most coppers were in demand.

South Africans were weak and there was a general decline in prices.

In the week ended last evening £183,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England for export.

The spot price of silver bars fell yesterday ⅛, to 22 1-16d. per ounce.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The stringency in the money market increased to-day owing to revenue collections and preparations for the payment of large railroad dividends. Discounts sympathized with the money market. Opinions regarding the possibility of a reduction of the Bank of England's rate of discount to-morrow were divided.

Business on the Stock Exchange was fairly active, and prices were mostly firm. Consols were dull, colonials were weak, and home rails were cheerful and hardened.

Americans opened weak and below parity, notably Southern Pacific, in expectation of New York exporting gold and causing a depression in the American market. Later Americans were steadier but inactive. They afterward reacted slightly and closed with a better tone. Grand Trunk was strong in spite of profit-taking, on the traffic returns exceeding expectations. Kafirs were irregular.

Closing prices: Consols for money, 92⅝; consols for account, 92¾; Anaconda, 6¼; Atchison, 89¾; Atchison preferred, 102¾; Baltimore and Ohio, 102; Canadian Pacific, 141¼; Chesapeake and Ohio, 53; Chicago Great Western, 28¾; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 182⅝; De Beers, 21⅝; Denver and Rio Grande, 41½; Denver and Rio Grande preferred, 92; Erie, 40; Erie first preferred, 72¼; Erie second preferred, 61½; Illinois Central, 149¼; Louisville and Nashville, 129¾; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 29¾; New York Central, 152¼; Norfolk and Western, 77; Norfolk and Western preferred, 93; Ontario and Western, 34¾; Pennsylvania, 76⅝; Rand Mines, 11; Reading, 32⅜; Reading first preferred, 45; Reading second preferred, 38⅜; Southern Railway, 36¼; Southern Railway preferred, 97¼; Southern Pacific, 65⅝; Union Pacific, 104¼; Union Pacific preferred, 97; United States Steel, 40¼; United States Steel preferred, 90⅜; Wabash, 32; Wabash preferred, 53½.

Bar silver quiet at 22 1-16d per ounce.

Money, 3¼@4 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3¾ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3⅝@3¾ per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Buenos Ayres, 127.30; Madrid, 33.50; Lisbon, 25.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—Prices were strong on the Bourse early to-day. Rio Tintos and industrials were in demand and Kafirs were heavy. Later business was quieter. Rio Tintos were offered for London account, and there were realizations in several departments. The closing was calm. Foreigners were firm, especially Argentines and Spanish fours. Industrials were irregular. De Beers were firm at first, but closed heavy.

The private rate of discount was 2 13-16 per cent.

Three per cent. rentes, 100f 12½c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 16½c for checks.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—Business was dull on the Boerse to-day, owing to the absence of encouraging factors. Realizations in industrials prevailed. Foreigners generally were firm. Canadian Pacific eased on New York advices.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 50 pfennigs for checks.

Discount rates: Short bills, 1½ per cent.; three months' bills, 1⅞ per cent.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—There was not much disposition to trade in this market to-day, the sales aggregating only 20,958 shares and $170,200 bonds. The only active issues were the arbitrage stocks—Reading, Erie, and United States Steel. The asphalts were more liberally dealt in than at any previous time since their collapse, but prices made little change. The Consolidated Lake Superior issues were better, the preferred moving up a point. The Smokeless Powder stocks were also a trifle higher. Lehigh Navigation was down 1, Pennsylvania Steel 1, Electric Storage Battery preferred 3, and United Companies of New Jersey 2. None of these changes, however, was significant, as the stocks belong to a class where prices vary greatly between sales. Trading throughout was wholly professional. Range of prices:

45	Am. Rys. Co.	52	52	52
500	American Cement	8	8	8
50	Bell Telephone	76½	76½	76½
5	Cambria Iron	49	49	49
116	Cambria Steel	25¼	25	25¼
837	Consolidated Lake Sup.	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝
712	Consol. Lake Sup. pf.	32½	31½	32½
50	Diamond Steel	⅝	⅝	⅝
200	Diamond Steel pf.	2½	2½	2½
25	Electric Co. of Am.	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
100	Elec. Storage Bat. pf.	80	80	80
1,100	Erie	39⅝	39	39
50	Inter. Smokeless Pow.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
200	Int. Smokeless Pow. pf.	37½	37	37½
24	Ins. Co. of N. A.	24¼	24¼	24¼
63	Keystone Watch Case pf.	90	90	90
1,630	Lehigh Valley R. R.	44½	44¼	44¼
190	Lehigh Nav.	76	76	76
1	Little Schuylkill R. R.	62½	62½	62½
210	Marsden Co.	3½	3½	3½
2,040	National Asphalt Co.	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,737	Nat. Asphalt Co. pf.	1⅛	1	1
8	North Penna.	106¼	106¼	106¼
117	Pennsylvania	75 1-16	74¾	74⅞
1	Penn. Traffic	3½	3½	3½
15	Penn. Steel Co.	50	50	50
5	Penn. Steel Co. pf.	92½	92½	92½
150	Phila. Traction	99	98¾	98¾
50	Phila. Electric	8 1-16	8 1-16	8 1-16
900	Phila. Co.	47¼	46¾	47
225	Phila. Co. pf.	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞
200	Railways Co. Gen.	4½	4½	4½
5,412	Reading	31¾	31½	31 9-16
20	Reading 1st pf.	44¼	44¼	44¼
99	Un. Cos. of N. J.	280½	280	280
567	Un. Gas Imp. Co.	113	112½	112½
858	Union Traction	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝
2,005	United States Steel	39⅝	38⅝	38⅞
25	United States Steel pf.	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
25	Un. Trac. Pittsb. pf.	51	51	51
300	Warwick Steel	5¼	5¼	5¼

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Much less activity was displayed in the outside market yesterday than on Tuesday, when so many of the copper stocks were heavily traded in. Of this group yesterday the only issue that was very active was Greene Consolidated, which showed a total of over 14,000 shares. Here and there in the list the day's transactions brought about further advances, but the market generally was irregular and such gains as were recorded were to a large extent offset by the net losses. Recent developments in the market have shown that prices can be easily advanced, but the reactions which have occurred in many cases suggest that even the rise in prices which recently has occurred has not brought about any large public following.

The efforts to establish here a market for a number of Boston copper stocks continues, but apparently without very satisfactory results. Brokers with stocks of this class to sell report much difficulty in executing their orders, intimating that such sales as are made are in few cases actual transactions. The Boston market has for so long been recognized as the home of securities of this kind that it is difficult to establish anything like a broad market for them elsewhere.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE attracted attention by a drop of 1⅛ points in the common stock and of about 1 point in the preferred. It required very little stock to force the price of the common from 15⅛ down to 14⅛, and there was practically no recovery from the lowest price of the day. At 14 there appeared to be a fairly large demand for the stock, which resulted in some buying by traders at a small fraction above that price. The common belief seems to be that when the plans of the shipping combination are fully worked out its securities will command much higher prices than those now quoted, and on every decline there has been some buying of the stocks on this theory. Thus far these purchases have not shown any considerable profit, but it is contended that in the not distant future the recognized importance of the properties represented in the International Mercantile Marine Company will cause substantial improvement in these stocks.

GREENE CONSOLIDATED was the most prominent of the copper shares, its activity being considerably in excess of that shown by any other stock of this group. Early in the day it was strong and sold as high as 25, but subsequent selling of the stock brought about a reaction of three-quarters of a point. Tennessee Copper was firm, but relatively dull, while United Copper showed the same irregularity which characterized the trading in it on Tuesday. White Knob Copper stock was extremely dull, but some interest was taken in the first trade in the bonds of the company, the issue of which was announced recently. They sold at 108.

MANHATTAN TRANSIT, for the first time in many weeks, showed considerable life. It sold up to 4⅜, but very quickly dropped back to 3⅜, and closed at this price.

The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
520	Am. Barrel & Pack.	53	52½	52½
100	American Can	9½	9½	9½
600	American Can pf.	47	45½	45½
3,200	Am. De F. Wireless	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝
110	Am. Light & Traction	60	*58	60
2,150	Am. Writing Paper	5⅝	5¼	5⅜
2,050	Am. Writing Paper pf.	25½	24½	25½
200	Arizona Commercial	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
325	Bamberger De Lamar	10⅝	10½	10⅝
1,900	Bay State Gas	⅝	9-16	9-16
700	British Columbia Cop.	7⅛	7	7⅛
100	Buffalo Gas	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
500	Con. Refrigerating	5½	5⅜	5⅜
200	Central Foundry	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
300	Compressed Air	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
100	Elec. Lead Reduc. pf.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
100	Electric Vehicle	*7½	*6½	*7
200	Gold Hill Copper	⅞	⅞	⅞
14,800	Greene Con. Copper	25	24½	24¾
500	Hackensack Meadows	18¼	17½	18¼
75	Havana Tobacco	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝
868	Inter. Merch. Marine	*15⅛	14⅛	14⅛
125	Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	41	41	41
800	Kitchener Mining	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,800	Marconi Wireless of C.	7⅞	7⅜	7⅞
4,325	Manhattan Transit	4⅜	3⅜	3⅜
920	Mon. & Boston Copper	2	2	2
50	National Enameling pf.	92	92	92
400	N. Am. Lumber & P.	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞
1,700	Northern Securities	113	112½	112⅝
200	New Orleans Rys. pf.	42½	42	42½
200	Osceola	78	78	78
300	Otis Elevator	45½	45⅛	45½
25	Otis Elevator pf.	98	98	98
800	Pac. Pack. & Nav.	2	2	2
100	Pac. Pack. & Nav. pf.	10	10	10
100	Peo. Dec. & Evans.	⅝	⅝	⅝
100	St. Louis Transit	30	29¾	29¾
100	Seaboard Air Line pf.	43	43	43
4,300	Tennessee Copper	31	30	30
50	Trenton Potteries	24	24	24
900	Union Copper	3⅛	3	3
3,700	United Copper	30⅝	29½	29½
500	Utah Consolidated	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
155	White Knob Copper	*13½	12⅞	12⅞

*Less than 100 shares.

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$40,000	†Am. Writ. Paper 5s	77½	77⅛	77⅛
10,000	†Brook. R. T. new 4s	86	86	86
20,000	Erie new 4s, w. i.	90⅝	90½	90⅝
1,000	†Nassau Electric 4s	83½	83½	83½
10,000	New Orl. Rys. 4½s	78½	78½	78½
70,000	San Francisco 4s	81⅝	81	81⅝
5,000	Un. Rys. of St. L. 4s	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
16,000	†U. S. Steel 5s, Ser. A	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
5,000	†Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s	80	80	80
10,000	†White Knob 6s	108	108	108

†Sell flat.

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks in which no transactions in full lots were reported compare as follows with the closing prices of Tuesday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	Feb. 18. Bid.	Feb. 18. Asked.	Feb. 17. Bid.	Feb. 17. Asked.
American Banknote	58	60	58	60
American Chicle	117½	120	117½	120
American Chicle pf.	89	92	89	92
American Elevated	½	¾	½	¾
Amer. Malting 6s	99¾	100¼	99¾	100½
American Type Founders	42	45	42	45
Amer. Type Founders pf.	98	102	98	102
Auto. Heating pf.	92	93	92	93
Borden's Cond. Milk	120	125	120	125
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	110	112	110	112
California Copper	⅜	½	⅜	½
Camden Land	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Casein Co. of America	14	17	14	17
Casein Co. of America pf.	88	92	88	92
Central Fireworks	20	23	20	23
Central Fireworks pf.	63	67	63	67
Central Foundry pf.	16½	17¼	16½	17¼
Central Foundry 6s	65½	68	65½	68
Con. Pine Fibre combined stocks	5	8	5	8
Con. Rubber Tire	⅝	1½	⅝	1½
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	..	7½	..	7½
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	9½	11	9½	11
Dominion Securities	17	25	17	25
Electric Boat	19	21⅝	19	21⅝
Electric Boat pf.	30	40	30	40
Electric Lead Reduc.	2⅝	3¼	2⅝	3¼
Electric Vehicle	6½	7½	6½	7½
Electric Vehicle pf.	11½	12½	11½	12½
Empire Steel	16½	17	16½	17
Empire Steel pf.	46½	47½	46½	47½
Erie rights, w. i.	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
Electric Pneumatic	½	⅝	½	⅝
Hall Signal	110	120	110	120
Havana Tobacco	55½	56½	55½	56
Havana Tobacco pf.	64½	66	64½	66
Houston Oil	7	9½	7	9½
Houston Oil pf.	40	65	40	65
Hudson Bay	235	250	235	250
Inter. R. Tr. 60% paid	111	112	111	112
Inter R. Tr. full paid	110	112	110	113
Inter. Mer. Mar. 4½s	85	90	85	90
International Salt	10	11	10	11
International Sil. 1st 6s	99	100¼	99	101
Maine Steamship	17	24	17	24
Maine Steamship 5s	76	82	76	82
Mexican Nat. Construction pf., $17 paid off	6¼	7	6¼	7
National Enameling	36½	37	36½	37¼
New Eng. Trans.	¼	⅝	¼	⅝
N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	164	168	164	166
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	40	44	40	44
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf	77	80	77	80
N. Y. Trans	10	10½	10	10½
Otis Elevator pf.	97½	98½	97½	98
Royal Baking Powder pf.	104	104⅝	103¾	104⅝
Safety Car Heating	167	170	167	170
Seaboard Air Line	25¾	26½	25½	26
Simpson-Crawford	26	31	26	31
Simpson-Crawford 6s	81	..	81	..
Standard Coupler	32½	34	32½	34
Standard Coupler pf.	127	135	127	135
Standard Milling	7½	8½	7½	8½
Standard Milling pf.	30	32	30	32
Standard Milling 5s	76½	79	76½	79
Standard Oil	736	740	740	742
Storage Power	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
Tonopah Mining	8½	9	8½	9
Trenton Potteries pf.	94	97	94	97
Trenton Potteries deb.	74	76	74	76
Union Typewriter	127	129	127	129
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	122	125	122	125
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	123	128	123	128
United Box Board	8	9	8	9
United Box Board pf.	48	49	48	49
U. S. Cotton Duck	6	11	6	11
U. S. Steel new 5s	95¼	95½	95	96½
Universal Tobacco	1½	2½	1½	2½
Universal Tobacco pf.	8	15	8	15
Virginia & Southwestern	27	34	27	34

Street Railways.

	Feb. 18. Bid.	Feb. 18. Asked.	Feb. 17. Bid.	Feb. 17. Asked.
Broadway & 7th Av.	247	251	247	251
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	100	101	100	101
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	106	108	106	108
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	111	114	111	114
Broadway Surface 2d	100	102	100	102
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	101	104	101	104
Brooklyn City Railroad	245	246	245	246
Central Park, N. & E. R.	210	220	210	220
Cent. P. N. & E. R. bds.	100	101	100	101
Con. Traction of N. J.	64½	65½	64½	65½
Con. Traction 5s	107	108	107	108
Eighth Av. Railroad	395	410	395	410
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	110	113	110	113
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	99	101	99	101
Grand Rapids Street Ry.	56	60	56	60
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf.	86	87½	86	87½
Jersey City H. & P.	19	19½	19	19½
Jersey City H. & P. 4s	76	76⅝	76	76⅝
Nassau Electric 4s	83½	83⅝	83	84
New Orleans Rys	14¼	14⅝	14½	15⅛
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey Street Ry.	26	27	26	27
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	80½	81¼	80½	81¼
St. Louis Tran. 5% notes	95½	96	95½	96
Second Av. R. R. consols	116	118	116	118
Sixth Avenue R. R.	178	185	178	185
Steinway R. R. Co. 1st 6s	116	118	116	118
Syracuse Rapid Transit	29	31½	29	31½
Syracuse Rapid Tran. pf.	77	79	77	79
28th & 29th St. 5s, 1906	111½	113½	111½	113½
Union Railway 1st 5s	116¼	118	116¼	118
United Rys. of St. L. pf.	83	84	85	86
United Traction, Prov.	104	107	104	107
United Traction bonds	113½	115	113½	115
Wash. Ry. & Electric	11½	14	11½	14
Wash. Ry. & Electric pf.	46	48	46	48

Gas Companies.

	Feb. 18. Bid.	Feb. 18. Asked.	Feb. 17. Bid.	Feb. 17. Asked.
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	97½	99	95	..
Buffalo Gas 5s	82	83	82	83
Cent. Union Gas gtd. 5s	109	111	109	111
Columbus Gas 5s	107	109	107	109
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	85	88	85	88
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds	100	101	100	101
Denver Gas	20	25	20	25
Denver Gas 5s	68	71	68	71
Indianapolis Gas	80	90	80	90
Indianapolis Gas 6s	103¾	104⅝	103¾	104⅝
Mutual Gas	310	325	310	325
N.Y. & E.R. Gas Co. 1st 5s	112	114	112	114
N.Y. & E.R. Gas Co. Con. 5s	108	111	108	111
Northern Union 5s	106	107	106	107
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	95	97	95	97
St. Paul Gas 5s	91⅝	92½	91⅝	92½
Standard Gas, N. Y.	131	..	131	..
Standard Gas, N. Y., pf.	152½	..	152⅝	..
Standard Gas 1st 5s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Gas 5s	99	100	99	100
Syracuse Lighting	42	45	42	45
Syracuse Lighting pf.	88	91	88	91

Ferry Companies.

	Feb. 18. Bid.	Feb. 18. Asked.	Feb. 17. Bid.	Feb. 17. Asked.
Brooklyn Ferry	10	13	10	12½
East River Ferry	82	85	82	85
East River Ferry 5s	90	95	90	95
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	108	110	108	110
N. Y. & Hoboken	99	..	99	..
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	104½	105	104½	105
Union Ferry	41⅝	42	41⅝	42
Union Ferry 5s	95	97	95	97

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—The local monetary situation is quite a little firmer. Call loans, 4@5 per cent.; time loans on collateral, 4½@5 per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 4¾@5 per cent.; Clearing House loans, 4@4½ per cent.; New York funds, from par to 5@10 cents discount. Clearings, $30,179,363; balances, $2,551,484. The foreign exchange market holds strong.

Tri-Mountain advanced to 105½ to-day, with nearly 2,000 shares traded in during the morning—unusual activity for this specialty. Later it receded to 102. Meanwhile Copper Range figured for 3,500 shares, and again reached 75, later falling back to 73½. Osceola touched 76⅛, later 75. Arcadian sold at 6; Centennial at 31⅜, later 31. Other copper shares hardened fractionally in the morning, with general neglect in the afternoon.

American Telephone rose on the report that ex-Gov. Crane will be elected a Director, though the action was not taken to-day, as expected, through lack of a quorum. The price of the stock advanced 3⅝, to 168⅞, with 2,000 shares bought in the morning. Later it fell back to 167⅝. Massachusetts Gas remained active and firm, common touching 48 and preferred 88⅝, later 47⅝ and 87⅝ respectively. Massachusetts Electric rose 1, to 37⅝, later 37⅛. Edison Electric settled 9, to 301.

Complete transactions were as follows:

RAILROADS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
106	Atchison	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
100	Atchison pf.	100	100	100
109	Boston Elevated	151	150⅞	151
45	Boston & Albany	261	260	260
106	Boston & Maine	190	189½	190
30	C. J. R. & S. Y.	152½	152½	152½
10	Erie	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛
18	Fitchburg pf.	143½	143½	143½
3,685	Massachusetts Electric	37⅝	36⅞	37⅛
160	Massachusetts Elec. pf.	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛
40	N. Y., N. H. & H.	218	218	218
2	Nor. & Worcester pf.	231	231	231
30	Old Colony	211½	211½	211½
100	Pere Marquette	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
10	Rutland pf.	68	68	68
470	Union Pacific	102½	101⅝	101⅝
10	Union Pacific pf.	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛
84	West End	97	97	97
33	West End pf.	115½	115	115

TELEPHONES.

		High.	Low.	Last.
2,612	American	169½	166	167⅝
10	Cumberland	124½	124½	124½
75	New England	137	136½	137
118	Western	25½	25⅛	25½
367	Western pf.	100½	99	100

MISCELLANEOUS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
53	Am. Pneu. Service	6	5½	5½
50	Am. Pneu. Service pf.	21	21	21
1,051	American Sugar	131⅝	131	131⅝
148	American Sugar pf.	122½	122	122
400	American Woolen	14½	14¼	14¼
117	American Woolen pf.	79	79	79
300	Dom. Iron & Steel	116½	116⅛	116⅛
83	Edison	302	300	300
85	General Electric	203	201	201½
5,682	Massachusetts Gas	48	47	47⅝
2,329	Massachusetts Gas pf.	88⅝	87⅝	87⅝
5	N. E. Cotton Yarn pf.	84	84	84
10	Planters' Compress	15	15	15
5	Seattle Electric	80	80	80
35	Seattle Electric pf.	102⅝	102½	102½
60	Swift P. & P.	126	123⅝	126
200	Union Land & Copper	3¼	3	3¼
137	United Fruit	110	109½	109¾
213	United Shoe Machine pf.	31½	31	31
25	U. S. Leather	14	14	14
5	U. S. Leather pf.	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜
730	U. S. Steel	39⅛	38⅞	39⅛
168	U. S. Steel pf.	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞

MINING.

		High.	Low.	Last.
745	Allouez	6½	6¼	6¼
8,832	Amalgamated	74⅜	72⅞	73⅛
4,515	Arcadian	6	5¼	6⅛
500	Atlantic	13	13	13
525	Bingham	38⅛	37½	37⅛
119	Calumet & Hecla	540	537½	540
3,522	Centennial	31⅜	31	31⅜
3,958	Copper Range	75	73½	74
270	Daly-West	39	39	39
100	Dominion Coal	129½	129½	129½
5	Dominion Coal pf.	116½	116½	116½
20	Isle Royale	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
50	Mass	16	16	16
110	Michigan	11	11	11
950	Mohawk	57¼	55⅝	55⅝
10	Montana Coal & Coke	6	6	6
1,200	Montreal & Boston	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
50	Old Colony	2	2	2
250	Old Dominion	22½	22¼	22¼
1,002	Osceola	76⅛	74½	75
210	Parrot	33	32⅝	33
220	Phoenix	7½	7¼	7¼
30	Quincy	123	121	123
50	Rhode Island	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
125	Santa Fé	3	2⅞	2⅞
360	Shannon	13⅛	13	13
11	Tamarack	184½	184	184
1,689	Tri-Mountain	105½	100	102⅝
870	Trinity	13⅛	13	13
100	United Copper	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝
280	U. S. Coal & Oil	15	15	15
1,800	United States	26⅝	25⅞	25⅞
1,080	Utah	32¼	31⅞	32
540	Victoria	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
831	Winona	9⅛	9	9
110	Wolverine	70	70	70
150	Wyandotte	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛

British Columbia, 7¼ bid, 7⅝ asked.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—There was no market for New York exchange to-day. The nominal money rate was 5 per cent., with concessions as low as 4½ by a number of institutions. Country banks are about holding their own. Their deposits as well as their accounts with local banks have been increased.

A lower trend developed again on the Stock Exchange. Once more Title and Trust was pressed down, this time falling below par, although regaining some of the early loss. Can preferred fell off to 46, and National Carbon lost a point. Other issues were dull. Union Traction lost fractionally on a drop below 10 in New York. City Railway was affected by strike talk and lost 4 points, to 221. The court decision against the packers took Swifts to near 124. Diamond Match was firm.

Complete transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
290	American Can	9½	9⅛	9⅛
480	American Can pf.	47	46	46
50	American Radiator com.	52	52	52
50	Am. Shipbuilding com.	53	53	53
595	Chicago Title & Trust	101	99	100
35	Chicago Union Traction	10	10	10
25	Chicago City Railway	221	221	221
60	Diamond Match	139	138½	139
50	Lake Street Elevated	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
120	Metropolitan Elev. pf.	85½	85½	85½
140	Mil. & Chi. Brew. com.	2	2	2
365	National Biscuit	47⅝	47½	47½
8	National Biscuit pf.	106	106	106
375	National Carbon common	25⅛	25	25
200	Northwestern Elev. com.	31	31	31
85	Swift & Co.	125	124¼	124½
120	United Box Board	7	7	7
247	United Box Board pf.	47½	46½	47¼

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in the London market at 22 1-16d. per ounce and in New York at 47⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 37⅝@39⅝c.

On the Consolidated Exchange, 200 shares of Alice sold at .35, 500 Caledonia at 2.10, 200 Catalpa at .06@.07, 2,700 Comstock at .10@.11, 11,000 Comstock bonds at .08@.08½, 400 Consolidated California and Virginia at 2.30, 100 Daly at 5.00, 500 Isabella at .24, 400 Ophir at 2.30@2.25, 1,000 Pharmacist at .05½, 100 Portland at 1.50, 300 Potosi at .60, and 50 Quicksilver at 3.00.

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1903.

U S Con 2s, coupon	
2,500	107½
Adams Express 4s	
1,000	105¼
500	105
3,000	105¼
Am Hide & Leather 6s	
5,000	98
1,000	97⅞
At, Top & S F gen 4s	
6,000	102½
4,000	102⅝
500	102⅞
500	102⅞
1,000	102⅝
1,000	102½
2,000	102⅝
Adjustment 4s	
500	91⅝
Stamped	
8,000	92⅛
B & O pr lien 3½s	
2,000	94
B & O gold 4s	
12,000	103⅝
3,000	103
500	103½
8,000	102⅝
500	102⅝
1,000	102⅝
S W div 3½s	
500	90
Bklyn Rap Tr 5s	
4,000	107
Bklyn Un Elv 1sts	
9,000	102
1,000	102½
B R & P gen 5s	
2,000	118½
Canada So 1st	
5,000	104½
5,000	104⅝
Cen Branch Ry 4s	
14,000	92
Cen of Ga con 5s	
15,000	108½
1,000	108⅛
2,000	108⅛
2d inc 5s	
20,000	39½
3d inc 5s	
6,000	26
C of N J gen 5s	
7,000	132½
5,000	132⅝
Cen Pac gtd 4s	
7,000	99½
C & O R & A div 1st con 4s	
2,000	102
C & O gen 4½s	
1,000	106¼
Chic & Alt 3½s	
1,000	78
C, B & Q con 7s	
4,000	101⅛
C, B & Q 4s joint bds	
50,000	94⅝
10,000	94½
13,000	94⅝
4,000	94½
C, R I & P 4s	
7,000	87⅜
25,000	87½
5,000	87⅝
C & W in gen 6s	
10,000	110⅝
C, C, C & St L gen 4s	
1,000	100⅛
10,000	100
Col F & I con 5s	
5,000	91½
5,000	91½
20,000	91½
44,000	91
18,000	91½
4,000	91½
5,000	91½
3,000	91½
22,000	91½
3,000	91½
Col & So 1st 4s	
6,000	91
Consol Tob 4s	
6,000	64⅜
1,000	64½
3,000	64⅜
14,000	64½
Denver & Southwest gen 5s	
2,000	78
Det City Gas 5s	
1,000	98
1,000	97½
Det & Mac g 4s	
1,000	93½
Det, Mac & Mar land grant 3½s	
2,000	90
2,000	89½
19,000	90
5,000	90½
Dist Sec Cor 5s	
10,000	75½
10,000	75½
1,000	75⅛
5,000	75½
East Tenn, Va & G con 1st 5s	
2,000	118½
Erie 1st con 4s	
1,000	98⅝
Erie Penn coll tr 4s	
1,000	92½
Ft Wth & D C 1st	
10,000	112
Ga, Car & N 1st	
1,000	110
Gulf & Ship 1st 5s	
50,000	104
Hock Val 4½s	
4,000	109
1,000	108
Int & Gt N 1st 6s	
500	121⅝
11,000	121½
34,000	121½
Int & Gt N 3d 4s	
5,000	74⅜
2,000	74½
15,000	74¼
3,000	74⅜
K C, Ft S & M 4s	
15,000	87⅛
10,000	87¼
Kans City So 3s	
33,000	70⅛
Knox & Ohio 1st	
1,000	124½
Laclede Gas L of St L 1st 5s	
1,000	107½
1,000	107
L E & W 2d 5s	
5,000	113⅝
L & N coll tr 5s	
1,000	112
Unified 4s	
3,000	100⅝
Manhat con 4s	
5,000	103⅞
3,000	103½
Met St gen 5s	
5,000	118⅝
Mex Cen 1st inc	
10,000	32½
Mex Cen 2d inc	
1,000	17
Mo Pac trust 5s	
5,000	106⅝
5,000	106½
1,000	106⅝
2,000	106⅝
Mob & O gen 4s	
1,000	96½
Nat Starch 6s	
3,000	94
N Y C & St L 4s	
1,000	106⅝
N Y Gas, E L, H & P pur money 4s	
1,000	93⅛
1,000	93⅛
2,000	93⅛
N Y Gas, E L, H & P coll tr 5s	
1,000	112
N Y, O & W ref 4s	
1,000	105
Nor & W con 4s	
2,000	101⅜
5,000	101⅜
1,000	101⅜
Nor & West, Pocah C & C 4s	
5,000	92½
North Pac 4s	
71,000	103⅞
10,000	103⅞
Registered	
9,000	103¾
Nor Pac gen 3s	
4,000	73⅜
Ore S L 1st 6s	
1,000	124
Ore Short Line 4s and par bds	
10,000	95½
5,000	95½
111,000	95½
1,000	95½
1st con 5s	
1,000	118⅝
Penn conv 3½s	
4,000	100
2,000	100⅛
Peo & E 1st 4s	
1,000	100
Reading gen 4s	
10,000	97⅝
10,000	97⅝
2,000	97⅝
Read, Jersey Cent coll 4s	
6,000	95¼
St J & G I 1st 4s	
1,000	92
St L, Iron Mt & South gen 5s	
5,000	115
10,000	114½
1,000	115
Unify & ref 4s	
5,000	90½
St L & San Fr R R refundg 4s	
22,000	88½
25,000	88⅝
8,000	88¾
10,000	88⅝
100,000 s60f	88
50,000	88½
St L Southw'n 2d inc 4s	
2,000	88½
St P, Minn & M Mont ext 4s	
5,000	102½
San An & A P 4s	
1,000	86
1,000	86
Seaboard A L Ry refunding 5s	
1,000	103½
Gold 4s	
1,000	84
1,000	84⅛
So Car & Ga 1st	
1,000	107½
Southern Pac 4s	
4,000	91⅝
500	91⅝
1,000	91⅝
10,000	92
Southern Ry 1st 5s	
1,000	117⅛
So Ry M & O col 4s	
5,000 s20f	97
Stand R & T inc	
10,000	11½
Syr, B & N Y 1st	
2,000	113⅝
5,000	113⅝
Third Av con 4s	
4,000	98⅛
2,000	98⅜
8,000	98⅛
Tol, St L & W 4s	
5,000	78½
11,000	78½
Union Pac 1st 4s	
2,000	103⅝
32,000	103⅝
Un Pac conv 4s	
1,000	104½
90,000	105
10,000	105⅛
Va I, C & C 5s	
42,000	80
Va Midland serial, ser D, 4-5s	
1,000	112
Va Mid gen 5s	
4,000	115⅝
Wabash deb B	
5,000	82¼
20,000	82⅛
12,000	82¼
50,000	82¼
10,000	82⅛
25,000	82⅛
5,000	82¼
10,000	82⅛
35,000	82¼
10,000	82⅛
10,000	82⅛
65,000	82⅛
2,000	82⅛
5,000	82½
Wabash 1st 5s	
1,000	117½
Wabash 2d 5s	
29,000	108¾
West Shore 4s, registered	
2,000	111¼
West Union fund'g & real est 4½s	
6,000	104¾
3,000	104½
Wheel & L E 1st con 4s	
1,000	93⅛
Wis Cent gen 4s	
2,000	92½
Total sales	$2,015,000.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 18.—The market was inactive, but the feeling and buying were sufficiently good to make possible a preponderance of advances over declines. The advance of 2½ points in Norfolk Railway 5s was hardly a noteworthy feature because of the time elapsing between the last recorded sale and the one of to-day. It is known that the value of these bonds has been advancing during the interim. There was good selling of Continental; but the price picked up in the final hour, making the closing without a loss. Seaboards were fractionally higher, due to a rumored deal and to the encouraging annual report.

Money on call was at 4@5 per cent.

Complete transactions for the day, amounting to 1,730 shares of stock and $59,000 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
631	Seaboard Ry. common	26½	25⅝	26⅝
420	Seaboard Ry. pf.	43	42⅝	43
9	Northern Central	115¼	115¼	115¼
105	Consolidated Gas	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝
300	United Rys. & El. com.	13½	13¼	13⅜
26	U. S. Fidelity	146⅝	146⅝	146⅝
235	Continental	202	201	202

BONDS.

$2,000	Seaboard Ry. 4s	84	84	84
1,000	Seaboard & R. 5s	112¾	112⅝	112⅝
12,000	U. Rys. & Elec. inc.	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
15,000	United Ry. & El. 4s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
2,000	Charleston Ry. 5s	106	106	106
1,000	Anacostia & P. Ry. 5s	100	100	100
3,000	Cotton Duck incomes	34	34	34
1,000	Georgia, Car. & N. 5s	110¼	110¼	110¼
3,000	Vir. Midland 2d 6s	114½	114½	114½
12,000	City Pass. 5s	108	108	108
4,000	Cons. Gas 4½s	101¼	101¼	101¼
2,000	Newport News 5s	108½	108½	108½
1,000	Norfolk Ry. 5s	113	113	113

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 18.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Birmingham Traction	49	49	49
50	Brewing	31	31	31
2,015	Crucible Steel	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝
164	Crucible Steel pf.	86	85½	86
320	Fireproofing	32½	31⅝	31⅝
898	Fireproofing pf	39½	38⅝	38⅝
135	H. W. Ref.	18	18	18
20	H. W. Ref. pf.	72⅜	72⅜	72⅜
793	M. L. & H.	89	86½	86½
100	Philadelphia pf	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝
80	Marsden	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1,625	Pittsburg Coal	29⅞	29½	29⅝
310	Pittsburg Coal pf.	91⅝	91½	91½
130	River Coal	11⅝	11½	11½
75	River Coal pf.	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
157	S. & Range	3⅝	3½	3½
60	S. & Range pf.	18	17½	17½
25	S. U. Cable	200	200	200
25	Union Switch	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
55	Union Switch pf.	98	98	98
215	U. S. Steel	39⅛	39	39
255	U. S. Steel pf.	88½	88⅜	88½
14	West. Air Brake	174	174	174
100	W. Electric 2d	108¼	108	108
6,050	Window Glass	51½	49½	51½
20	Window Glass pf.	90	90	90
10	Allyn Bank	161	161	161
632	C. R. E. & T.	160¼	158	[illegible]
90	D. A. S. & T.	166¾	165	[illegible]
60	Mer. S. & T.	96⅝	96	[illegible]
30	N. A. Savings	120	127	[illegible]
3	People's N. B.	420	420	[illegible]
60	R. E. Trust	306	306	[illegible]
821	Safe. H. & T.	173	161	[illegible]
80	South Side Trust	101	101	[illegible]

Bicycle Trust Payment.

The Reorganization Committee of the American Bicycle Company, William A. Read, Chairman, has given notice that the third and final instalment of $3 a share has been called for payment by the depositors of preferred and common stock, required by the plan and agreement of the committee, the payment to be made to Central Trust Company on or before March 2.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1903.

Opening Bid.	Opening Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
21½	..	300	Allis-Chalmers Co.	20	21	20	21	+1
73¾	73¾	76,180	*Amal. Copper Co.	72¾	74	72¾	73¾	+1¼
¾	¾	200	Am. Bicycle Co.	¾	¾	¾	¾	-⅛
40⅞	41	800	Am. Car & F. Co.	41¼	41¼	40⅞	40⅞	+⅝
69	92½	200	Am. Car & F. Co. pf.	92½	92½	92½	92½	+⅝
44¼	45¾	900	Am. Cotton Oil	45¾	46	45¾	46	+¾
39	46	100	Am. District Tel.	37	37	37	37	-2
23	22½	2,900	*Am. Grass Twine	22¼	22¼	20⅞	22	-1½
9¾	9⅞	300	Am. Hide & Leather	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	...
38	37	100	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	+¼
10¼	10¾	200	*Am. Ice Co.	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	-⅝
39⅞	39⅞	200	*Am. Ice Co. pf.	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	+⅝
30⅞	31	3,800	*Am. Locomo. Co.	31⅛	31⅛	30⅞	30⅞	-⅛
51	51¼	3,900	*Am. S. & R. Co.	51⅛	52⅛	51	51⅛	-⅛
98½	98⅞	1,500	*Am. S. & R. Co. pf.	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	+⅛
96	97	100	*Am. Snuff Co. pf.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	-⅛
17¼	18	100	Am. Steel Found.	18	18	18	18	+1½
35	35¼	700	Am. Steel Found. pf.	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	+⅛
131¼	131¼	6,400	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co.	131⅛	131⅝	130⅞	131⅛	-⅛
121⅞	122	100	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co. pf.	121⅞	121⅞	121⅞	121⅞	+⅛
167	168	100	Am. Tel. & Tel. Co.	169	169	169	169	+5⅞
122⅞	122⅞	5,100	*Anaconda Cop. Mi. Co.	121⅞	123⅛	121⅞	122⅞	+2⅞
87⅞	87⅞	16,900	Atch., Top. & S. F.	87⅛	87⅞	87⅛	87⅞	+⅞
100⅛	100⅞	1,200	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	100⅛	100⅞	100⅛	100⅞	+⅞
90½	90½	7,600	Baltimore & Ohio	90⅛	90⅞	90⅛	90⅞	+⅞
69⅞	70	12,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	69⅞	71	69⅞	69⅞	+⅞
224	230	336	Brooklyn Union Gas	223	223	223	223	-1⅞
77½	80	400	Canada Southern	77	77	75	75¼	-1⅞
137⅞	137⅞	3,550	Canadian Pacific	138	138¼	137⅞	137⅞	-⅛
179	181	100	Central R. R. of N. J.	180	180	180	180	-1
51⅛	51⅞	2,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	51⅛	51⅞	51⅛	51⅞	+⅛
35	36	100	Chicago & Alton	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	-⅛
27⅞	27¼	1,300	Chicago Great West.	27⅞	27⅞	27½	27½	-⅛
44½	44⅞	900	Chi. Gt. West. pf., B.	43	43	44⅞	44⅞	+1⅞
177⅞	178	4,300	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	178⅛	178⅛	177⅞	177⅞	-⅛
101	103	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	...
195	..	20	Chi. & Northw., ex r.	205	205	205	205	...
..	..	1,900	Chi. & Northw., rts.	15	15¼	14⅞	14⅞	...
..	..	100	Chi. & Northw. pf.	235	235	235	235	-1
32⅞	33	1,100	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	33⅛	33⅛	33	33	...
9½	10	800	Chicago Union Trac.	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	-⅛
95½	95¼	1,100	C., C., C. & St. L.	95	95⅛	95	95⅛	-⅛
75½	75	1,150	Colorado Fuel & Iron	76	76	74¼	74¼	-1
71½	72	100	Col. & Southern 1st pf.	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞	-⅛
22	22	2,500	Col. & H. C. & I.	22	22⅛	21⅞	21⅞	-⅛
218⅞	219	5,800	Consolidated Gas	217⅞	219⅞	217⅞	218⅞	+⅞
84½	85	62	Corn Products Co. pf.	84½	84½	84½	84½	...
179	180	500	Delaware & Hudson	180	180⅛	180	180	-1
200	205	125	Del., Lack. & West.	200	200	200	200	...
89	89½	200	Denver & R. G. pf.	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	-⅛
35	35½	100	Detroit Southern pf.	35	35	35	35	...
31⅞	32	7,450	*Distillers Securities	32	32	32	32	+⅛
18¼	18⅞	200	*Dul., S. S. & At.	18¼	18¼	18	18	-⅛
28⅞	28¼	400	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	28¼	28¼	27⅞	27⅞	-1⅛
38⅞	39	23,000	Erie	38⅞	39⅞	39	39	-⅛
70	70¼	5,300	Erie 1st pf.	70⅛	70⅞	70⅛	70⅛	-⅛
50⅞	50⅞	3,000	Erie 2d pf.	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞	-⅛
68¼	68⅞	100	Evans. & T. H.	68⅞	68⅞	68⅞	68⅞	-1
74	74	900	*Ft. Worth & D. C.	72½	74	72½	74	+2
100	101½	23	General Chemical pf.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	...
200	200⅞	700	General Electric	201	201⅞	200	200	-½
200	205	200	Great Northern pf.	203	203	203	203	...
104⅞	105	1,000	Hocking Valley	105¼	105⅞	105⅛	105⅛	-⅛
143⅞	145⅞	800	Illinois Central	145¼	145⅞	145¼	145¼	-⅛
17⅞	18¼	100	Internat. Paper	18½	18½	17⅞	17⅞	-⅛
55	55½	200	*Internat. Power Co.	55⅛	55⅞	55⅛	55⅛	+⅛
44	45½	100	Inter. Steam Pump.	45	45	45	45	+⅛
33¼	33⅞	600	Kansas City South.	33⅞	33⅞	33¼	33⅞	+⅛
36	37	100	Keokuk & D. M.	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	+⅛
90½	96	800	Laclede Gas	95	95	95	95	...
80	80	500	Long Island	80	80	80	80	...
126	129⅞	1,600	Louisville & Nashville	127	127½	125⅞	126	-1
143¼	143½	1,100	Manhattan Elevated	144	144	143¼	143¼	-⅛
121	121½	700	*Met. Securities	123	123	121½	121½	-1⅞
139	139¼	2,738	*Met. Street Railway	140	140⅞	139⅞	139⅞	-⅛
26⅞	26¼	1,100	Mexican Central	26¼	26⅞	26⅛	26⅛	-⅛
77½	78	625	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	77⅞	78⅞	77	77⅞	-⅛
130	130	500	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	130	130	127½	127½	-3
28⅞	28¼	800	Mo., Kan. & Texas	28⅛	28⅞	28¼	28⅞	-⅛
62	62½	500	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	62⅞	62⅞	62	62	-⅛
113⅞	113⅞	7,850	Missouri Pacific	114	114½	113⅞	113⅞	-⅛
47½	47½	200	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	47½	47½	47⅛	47⅛	-⅛
27⅞	28	600	*Nat. Lead Co.	28	28	28	28	-⅛
94¼	94¼	200	*Nat. Lead Co. pf.	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	+⅛
19⅞	19½	800	Nat. R. R. of Mex.	19⅞	19½	19½	19½	...
146⅞	146⅞	10,000	New York Central	148	148⅞	146½	146⅞	-1⅛
33⅞	33½	2,800	N. Y., Ont. & West.	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	-⅛
74¼	74⅞	1,000	Norfolk & Western	75	75	74½	74½	-⅛
90	92	50	Norfolk & Western pf.	92	92	92	92	...
114	115	400	North American	114	115	114	115	...
41	41	200	Pacific Mail	41	41	41	41	+½
149⅞	149⅞	15,500	Pennsylvania R. R.	150	150	149½	149½	-⅛
104⅞	105⅛	1,450	People's Gas, Chicago	105¼	105⅞	104⅞	104⅞	-⅛
83	85	700	Pere Marquette	82⅞	83	82⅞	83	+1
63	63½	1,000	Pressed Steel Car	63	63⅛	63	63⅛	-⅛
35½	36	200	*Railway Steel Spring	36	36	35¼	35¼	-⅛
39	39½	100	*Ry. Steel Spring pf.	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼	+⅛
63	63½	16,900	Reading	63⅛	63⅞	63	63	-⅛
88¼	88½	200	Reading 1st pf.	88⅛	88⅞	88¼	88¼	-⅛
21⅞	22	3,600	*Rep. Iron & Steel	22	22⅞	21⅞	21⅞	-⅛
79⅞	80	1,600	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	80	80⅞	79⅞	79⅞	-⅛
49⅞	49⅞	10,900	Rock Island Co.	49⅞	49⅞	44⅞	44⅞	-⅛
80⅞	81	215	Rock Island Co. pf.	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	-⅛
28⅞	29	1,500	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co.	28⅞	29⅞	28½	29	-⅛
82½	84	310	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co. pf.	84	84	83½	83½	-⅛
67¼	67¼	100	Rutland pf.	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	...
81⅞	81⅞	300	St. L. & San Fran.	82⅞	82⅞	81⅞	81⅞	-⅛
82	83½	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞	+½
72¼	72½	900	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	...
27½	28	100	St. Louis Southw.	28	28	28	28	-⅛
61¼	62¼	300	St. Louis Southw. pf.	61⅞	61⅞	61½	61½	-1
70	71	400	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co.	71	71	70	70⅞	-⅛
95	96	300	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co. pf.	97⅛	97⅛	95¼	95¼	+1⅛
64	64⅞	10,800	Southern Pacific	64⅞	64⅞	64	64	-⅛
35½	35⅞	2,000	Southern Ry., ext.	35⅞	35⅞	35¼	35¼	-⅛
94½	94⅞	500	Southern Ry. pf., ext.	95¼	95½	94⅞	94⅞	-⅛
96	98	100	So. Ry. M. & O. st. ctfs.	96	96	96	96	+⅞
5¼	6	100	Stand. Rope & Twine	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	-⅛
65½	65⅞	9,600	Tennessee Coal & Iron	67	67½	65⅞	65⅞	-1⅛
41⅞	41⅞	400	Texas & Pacific	42	42⅞	42	42⅞	+1⅛
125	127	200	Third Avenue	126¼	126¼	126¼	126¼	...
29¼	30	100	Tol., St. L. & West.	29½	29½	29½	29½	-⅞
14¼	14⅞	100	*Union Bag & P. Co.	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	+⅞
		100	*Union Bag & P. Co. pf.	78	78	78	78	+1⅞
101¼	101⅞	11,000	Union Pacific	101⅞	102¼	101¼	101¼	-⅞
94½	95	300	Union Pacific pf.	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	+⅛
109¼	110¼	100	United Fruit Co.	110	110	110	110	...
19	20	100	United Rys. Invest.	20	20	20	20	...
..	..	100	*U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	-⅛
14	14¼	1,410	*U. S. Leather	14¼	14⅞	14	14	-1⅛
94	94⅞	1,200	*U. S. Leather pf.	94½	94½	94	94	-1½
25¼	25⅞	5,100	U. S. Realty & Con.	25¼	25⅞	25¼	25⅞	...
70	70½	1,300	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	70¼	70⅞	69⅞	70¼	-⅛
34	36	200	*U. S. Red. & Ref.	35	35	33	33	-1
17⅞	18	900	U. S. Rubber	18	18	18	18	-⅛
54	55	400	U. S. Rubber pf.	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼	-⅛
38⅞	38⅞	9,010	U. S. Steel	39⅞	39⅞	38⅞	38⅞	-⅛
88	88⅞	5,256	U. S. Steel pf.	88⅞	88⅞	88	88	-⅛
66⅞	66½	2,600	Va.-Caro. Chemical	65¼	66⅞	65¼	66⅞	+1⅞
127⅞	128	200	Va.-Caro. Chemical pf.	128¼	128¼	128¼	128¼	+⅞
31⅞	31⅞	300	Wabash	31⅞	31⅞	31¼	31¼	-⅛
51⅞	51⅞	10,100	Wabash pf.	51⅞	52¼	51¼	51¼	-⅛
90	90	200	Western Union Tel.	90	90	90	90	-⅛
28	28¼	550	Wisconsin Central	28¼	28⅞	28	28	-⅛
52⅞	53¼	2,400	Wisconsin Central pf.	53¼	54	53	53	-⅛
Sales.....		801,161						

*Unlisted. †From last previous sale.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for

In which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	107¼	108¼	L. E. & W.		
2s, c., 1930	107¼	108¼	pf., ser. B	116	120
5s, r., 1918	107	107⅞	Man. Beach	12¼	14
5s, c., 1918	107	108	M. C. pf.	106⅞	110
4s, 1925	100⅞		M. W. S. El.		
4s, r., 1907	100½	110¼	Chi. pf.	34	38½
4s, c., 1907	100½	110¼	M. W. S. El.		
4s, r., 1925	134½	135⅞	Chi., pf.	54	57
4s, c., 1925	134½	137	Mich. Cent.	125	140
4s, r., 1904	102⅞	103⅞	Mil. El. R.		
4s, c., 1904	102⅞	103⅞	& L. pf.	120	
2s, c., 2-6s	121		M. St. L.	106¼	107¼
			M. & St. L.		
Adams Exp.	220	240	pf.	116	121
Alb. & Sus.	235		N. C. & St. L.	110¼	114
Alb. & W.	145		Nat. Bis. pf.		
Allis-C. pf.	67		ex div.	103	105
Am. Ag. Ch.	22	26	N. R. of		
Am. C. pf.	32		Mex. pf.	37¼	38¼
Am. Bicy.	27	35	N. Cent.	45	50
Am. Bis. pf.	⅝	⅞	N. Y. A. B.	165	170
Am. Coal	205	225	N. Y. &		
Al. C. O. pf.	97¼	98⅞	New Haven	110	
Am. Exp.	225	230	N. H. & H.	85	110
Am. Hide	7⅞	8⅞	N. Y. & N.		
L. Co. pf.	44½	47	H.	216	220
Am. Lox. pf.	65	68⅞	N. Y. C. &		
Am. M. Co.	4⅞	5	St. L.	42¼	43¼
M. Co. pf.	23⅞	24½	N. Y. C. &		
Am. Snuff	137	137⅞	St. L. 1st pf.	115	117
Am. T. C.	84	86	N. Y. C. &		
Am. Tob. pf.	140	146	St. L. 2d pf.	65	65
Am. W. W.	14¼	14½	N. Y. & Harl.	225	228
Am. W. Co. pf.	73½	75	N. Y. D. Co.		
Ann Arbor	38½	41	pf.	53	58
Atlantic C. L.	90	100	North. Pac.	200	
B. & O. pf.	93½	95	Ont. Mining	5½	7½
Balt. L. pf.	100		Peo. Coast	27½	29
Brun. City	12	14	P. C. 1st pf.	99	105
B. R. & P.	145¼	150	P. C. 2d pf.	73	77
B. R. & P. pf.	85		Pere Marq.	55	58
B. & S. W.	158	180	pf.		85
Can. So.	52½	53	Pullman Co.	230	
C. A. pf.	71½	72	Quicksilver	2	2½
C. & A. pf.	40	50	Quicksilver pf.	6	8½
C. & E. I.	110		R. & G. pf.	60	
C. & E. I. pf.	110		Read. 1st pf.	21	22
Ches. & O.	46	46½	Read. 2d pf.	19½	20
Chic. Cit.	112	119	Rens. & Sar.	210	
C. & A.	110		R. W. & O.	110	112
C. I. & L.	12	15	R. F. & G.	125	
C. I. & L. pf.	45	55	R. F. & G. 1st pf.	95	98
C. C. C. & I.	60	61	R. F. & G. 2d pf.	90	
Colo. Sou.	19¼	21	St. J. & G. I.	25½	26½
Colo. Sou. 1st pf.	39	40	St. L. & S. F.		
Colo. Sou. 2d pf.	29	30	1st pf.	90	95
Con. Coal	160	165	St. L. & S. F.		
Consol. Gas	216½	217½	2d pf.	94	99
Cor. Cred.	1½	2	St. L. S. W.		
Cuban T.	5½	6½	pf.	101	110
Del. & H.	170	172	Seaboard Air		
D. L. & W.	340	345	L. pf.	34	38
Den. & R. G.	34	36	Seaboard Air		
D. & R. G. pf.	76	80	L. Ship.	8	10
Dist. Sec.	70	75	Southern Ship.		
Dom. Iron	30	32	pf.	15	20
Dom. Iron pf.	117	120	Tenn. Coal	32	33
Dom. Coal	150		Texas Pac.	38	39½
E. T. V. & G.	81	83	Tol. & O. C.		
E. T. V. & G. pf.	87	89	pf.	34	36
Erie	38	39	Tri-City Ship.		
Erie 1st pf.	69	70	pf.	30	40
Erie 2d pf.	50	50½	Union Ship.		
Fed. Min.	12½	15	Union Bag	15	20
Fed. Min. pf.	70	80	U. P. Coal	80	
Fort Wayne	145	150	U. S. Ex.	34	38½
G. & H.	40	50	U. S. Ship.		
Gen. Chem.	84	86	pf.	88	92
Gen. Chem. pf.	97	98	Virginia-Caro.		
Gen. Ship.	18	20	Chem.	215	217
Gen. Ship. pf.	50	61	Westinghouse		
Guggenheim			Ex. pf.	211	220
Exp.	146	150	Wheeling		
H. & T. C.	34	36	& L. E.	14	15
Hocking			Wheeling		
Coal	18	20	& L. E. pf.	87	90
Hocking			Wis. Central		
Val.	84	86	pf.	87	87½
Home Rub.	70	75	Woolworth		
Ill. Cent.	149	150	L. Co.	34	36
Ind. & E.	30	40	Va.-Caro.		
Int. Paper	17	18	Chem. pf.	107	110
Int. Pump	43	45	Va.-Caro.		
Iowa Cent.	18	19	Chem. 2d pf.	107	110
Iowa Cent. pf.	35	36	Adams Express	220	240
Jackson &			Alb. & Sus.	235	
M. pf.	150		Am. Ag. Ch.	22	26
K. C. F. S.			Am. Coal	205	225
& M. pf.	65	70	Am. Exp.	225	230
K. C. S.	18	19	Am. Hide	7½	8½
K. C. S. pf.	35	40	Am. Lox. pf.	65	68½
Keokuk &			Am. M. Co.	4½	5
Des M.	70	80	M. Co. pf.	23½	24½
Lake Erie			Am. Snuff	137	137½
& W.	18	20	Am. T. C.	84	86
L. E. & W.			Am. Tob. pf.	140	146
pf.	116	120	Am. W. W.	14¼	14½
L. Shore	194	196	Ann Arbor	38½	41
Long Dock	65	70	Atlantic C. L.	90	100
Long Island	80	85	B. & O. pf.	93½	95
Louisville			Brun. City	12	14
& Nash.	125	126	Can. So.	52½	53
Manhattan			C. A. pf.	71½	72
Elevated	143½	144	C. & A. pf.	40	50
Mex. Central	26	26½	C. & E. I.	110	
Mex. Nat.	19	19½	C. & E. I. pf.	110	
Minneapolis			Ches. & O.	46	46½
& St. L.	75	80	Chic. Cit.	112	119
M., St. P. &			C. & A.	110	
S. S. M.	177½	180	C. I. & L.	12	15
M., S. P. &			C. I. & L. pf.	45	55
S. S. M. pf.	128	130	C. C. C. & I.	60	61
Minn. & St.			Colo. Sou.	19¼	21
L. pf.	87	88	Colo. Sou. 1st pf.	39	40
Mo. Pac.	112½	113	Colo. Sou. 2d pf.	29	30
Nat. Biscuit	47	48	Con. Coal	160	165
N. Y. Air B.	87½	90	Consol. Gas	216½	217½
N. Y. C.	147½	148	Cor. Cred.	1½	2
N. Y. Chic.			Cuban T.	5½	6½
& St. L.	90	95	Del. & H.	170	172
N. Y. &			D. L. & W.	340	345
Harlem	250		Den. & R. G.	34	36
N. Y. L. E.			D. & R. G. pf.	76	80
& W. pf.	45	49	Dist. Sec.	70	75
N. Y. &			Dom. Iron	30	32
Northern	127½	140	Dom. Iron pf.	117	120
N. Y. O. &			Dom. Coal	150	
W. ctfs.	37	38	E. T. V. & G.	81	83
Norfolk			E. T. V. & G. pf.	87	89
& W. pf.	145	150	Erie	38	39
Ontario			Erie 1st pf.	69	70
& W.	34	36	Erie 2d pf.	50	50½
Pacific Coast			Fed. Min.	12½	15
1st pf.	85	90	Fed. Min. pf.	70	80
Pacific Coast			Fort Wayne	145	150
2d pf.	85	90	G. & H.	40	50
Pacific Mail	40	41	Gen. Chem.	84	86
Pullman Co.	230	240	Gen. Chem. pf.	97	98
Quicksilver	2	2½	Gen. Ship.	18	20
Quicksilver pf.	6	8½	Gen. Ship. pf.	50	61
R. & G. pf.	60		Guggenheim		
Read. 1st pf.	21	22	Exp.	146	150
Read. 2d pf.	19½	20	H. & T. C.	34	36
Rens. & Sar.	210		Hocking		
R. W. & O.	110	112	Coal	18	20
R. F. & G.	125		Hocking		
R. F. & G. pf.	95	98	Val.	84	86
St. J. & G. I.	25½	26½	Home Rub.	70	75
St. L. & S. F.			Ill. Cent.	149	150
1st pf.	90	95	Ind. & E.	30	40
St. L. & S. F.			Int. Paper	17	18
2d pf.	94	99	Int. Pump	43	45
St. L. S. W.			Iowa Cent.	18	19
pf.	101	110	Iowa Cent. pf.	35	36
Seaboard Air			Jackson &		
L. pf.	34	38	M. pf.	150	
Seaboard Air			K. C. F. S.		
L. Ship.	8	10	& M. pf.	65	70
Southern Ship.			K. C. S.	18	19
pf.	15	20	K. C. S. pf.	35	40
Tenn. Coal	32	33	Keokuk &		
Texas Pac.	38	39½	Des M.	70	80
Tol. & O. C.			Lake Erie		
pf.	34	36	& W.	18	20
Tri-City Ship.			L. E. & W.		
pf.	30	40	pf.	116	120
Union Ship.			L. Shore	194	196
Union Bag	15	20	Long Dock	65	70
U. P. Coal	80		Long Island	80	85
U. S. Ex.	34	38½	Louisville		
U. S. Ship.			& Nash.	125	126
pf.	88	92	Manhattan		
Virginia-Caro.			Elevated	143½	144
Chem.	215	217	Mex. Central	26	26½
Westinghouse			Mex. Nat.	19	19½
Ex. pf.	211	220	Minneapolis		
Wheeling			& St. L.	75	80
& L. E.	14	15	M., St. P. &		
Wheeling			S. S. M.	177½	180
& L. E. pf.	87	90	M., S. P. &		
Wis. Central			S. S. M. pf.	128	130
pf.	87	87½	Minn. & St.		
Woolworth			L. pf.	87	88
L. Co.	34	36	Mo. Pac.	112½	113
Va.-Caro.			Nat. Biscuit	47	48
Chem. pf.	107	110	N. Y. Air B.	87½	90
Va.-Caro.			N. Y. C.	147½	148
Chem. 2d pf.	107	110	N. Y. Chic.		
			& St. L.	90	95
			N. Y. &		
			Harlem	250	
			N. Y. L. E.		
			& W. pf.	45	49
			N. Y. &		
			Northern	127½	140
			N. Y. O. &		
			W. ctfs.	37	38
			Norfolk		
			& W. pf.	145	150
			Ontario		
			& W.	34	36
			Pacific Coast		
			1st pf.	85	90
			Pacific Coast		
			2d pf.	85	90
			Pacific Mail	40	41
			Pullman Co.	230	240
			Quicksilver	2	2½
			Quicksilver pf.	6	8½
			R. & G. pf.	60	
			Read. 1st pf.	21	22
			Read. 2d pf.	19½	20
			Rens. & Sar.	210	
			R. W. & O.	110	112
			R. F. & G.	125	
			R. F. & G. pf.	95	98
			St. J. & G. I.	25½	26½
			St. L. & S. F.		
			1st pf.	90	95
			St. L. & S. F.		
			2d pf.	94	99
			St. L. S. W.		
			pf.	101	110
			Seaboard Air		
			L. pf.	34	38
			Seaboard Air		
			L. Ship.	8	10
			Southern Ship.		
			pf.	15	20
			Tenn. Coal	32	33
			Texas Pac.	38	39½
			Tol. & O. C.		
			pf.	34	36
			Tri-City Ship.		
			pf.	30	40
			Union Ship.		
			Union Bag	15	20
			U. P. Coal	80	
			U. S. Ex.	34	38½
			U. S. Ship.		
			pf.	88	92
			Virginia-Caro.		
			Chem.	215	217
			Westinghouse		
			Ex. pf.	211	220
			Wheeling		
			& L. E.	14	15
			Wheeling		
			& L. E. pf.	87	90
			Wis. Central		
			pf.	87	87½

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Lexington Avenue Corner Sold—Lorillard Estate Sells on East 24th Street—Lively Day at Auction.

Albert B. Ashforth has sold for Dr. Edward M. Kellogg 132 and 134 East Thirty-sixth Street, southwest corner of Lexington Avenue, two dwellings, on plot 33.8 by 74, which will be converted into an American basement house by their new owner. Mr. Ashforth has also bought for a client from A. K. and R. T. Mackay the four-story brownstone-front dwelling 130 East Thirty-sixth Street, 16.8 by 74.

The Lorillard estate has sold a plot having frontages of 44 feet on the north side of Twenty-fourth Street and 66 feet on the south side of Twenty-fifth Street, between Third and Lexington Avenues, to the Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Company.

Moritz Bauer authorized a denial of a report published yesterday afternoon to the effect that he had resold the Baptist Church of the Epiphany property at the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street.

E. A. Cruikshank & Co. and Bryan L. Kennelly & Co. have sold for the Henry McArdle estate to the Merchants' Refrigerating Company 27 and 29 North Moore Street, four and five story buildings on plot 54 by 91.6 and irregular, between Varick and Hudson Streets. These properties were to have been sold at auction yesterday.

Nichols & Lummis have sold for Edward Foulion to a client of John P. Kirwan the three-story brick dwelling 156 West Forty-eighth Street, 17 by 100.

It is reported that Marianna B. Lewis has sold the four-story dwelling 13 East Forty-third Street, 22 by 100.5.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for James Culgin the four-story dwelling 38 West Eighty-third Street, 19 by 100.

W. L. Sutphin has bought 261 West Fifty-fourth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 18.9 by 62.11.

Gen. Frederick C. McLewee is the buyer of 10 West Seventy-first Street and Ludwig Baumann of 306 West Ninety-second Street, two dwellings recently reported sold.

Folsom Brothers have sold for the Dankel estate to a client the four-story double tenement 335 East Twenty-fifth Street, 25 by 100.

C. M. Levy has bought from Julius Bachrach the property 10 Monroe Street.

Barnett & Co. have sold for Nellie G. Byrnes the southwest corner of One Hundred and Sixtieth Street and Courtlandt Avenue, a three-story brick building, 25 by 90 by 100.

Edward Polak has sold for Joseph Schneider the vacant plot on the north side of Fifteenth Street, 105 feet west of Fourth Avenue, Bronx.

The plot at the northeast corner of Columbus Avenue and Eighty-first Street, 102.2 by 100, was transferred yesterday to the Colonial Bank for an expressed consideration of $220,000.

The seventh annual dinner of the Real Estate Board of Brokers will be held Saturday, March 7, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Among those who have accepted invitations are Mayor Low, Commissioner Greene, William Barclay Parsons, Thomas L. Feitner, John P. Leo, Lawson Purdy, Charles O. Maas, and Robert E. Dowling.

Matt. J. Ward & Co. have leased the Normandie Hotel, at Normandie-by-the-Sea, N. J., for the owner to E. R. Champion. Mr. Champion will spend considerable money on improvements, putting the property in fine condition.

Max Marx has resold to Mrs. Lina Strauss the five-story triple tenement, with stores, 160 West One Hundredth Street.

The Prospect Realty Company has sold the five-story and basement apartment 235-237 East Fifty-first Street, 33.4 by 85 by 98.9, to Fannie Silverman, for $40,000; also, to Joseph J. Meaney, the six-story and basement, new modern apartment, 145-147 West Twenty-seventh Street, 42 by 85 by 98.9, for $75,000.

Montgomery & Seitz have sold for Henry Dale 103 East Sixtieth Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 18.6 by 100. They were also the brokers in the sale of 127-129-131 East Sixty-third Street, for the estate of Elizabeth Vondersmith, and of 133 East Sixty-third Street, for A. Schwoerer, and of 135 East Sixty-third Street for Augusta Filer.

The Auction Room.

Operators showed a lively interest in yesterday's sale of the holdings of the Henry McArdle estate, conducted by Bryan L. Kennelly. The offering included about 15 parcels on Varick, North Moore, and Beach Streets and neighboring thoroughfares. The total amount realized, exclusive of the two properties sold under private contract as reported above, was $204,725. Complete detailed results of yesterday's auction dealings follow:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.
Executors' Sale.

24 Varick Street and 12 and 14 Beach Street, being the southeast corner, 25 by about 102 and irregular, leasehold, two six-story brick tenements, with stores together with 22 Varick Street, east side, adjoining the foregoing, 25 by 75, leasehold, four-story brick dwelling; to Leopold Hutter ... $8,100

20 Varick Street, east side, adjoining the foregoing, 25 by 100, four-story brick building, with stores; to Patrick H. Daly ... 18,000

13 Barrow Street, southeast side, 86.9 feet southwest of Fourth Street, 25 by 80.11 by 25 by 81, two-and-a-half-story brick dwelling; to Michael Hollahan ... 10,200

84 Leight Street, north side, 177.6 feet east of Hudson Street, running through to Vestry Street, 28.9 by 175, six-story brick tenement, with stores, covering the lot; to Mandelbaum & Lewine ... 33,800

14 to 20 Beach Street, southwest corner of Varick Street, 28.6, 26.6, 26.6, and 26.8, respectively, by 100, three-and-a-half-story brick buildings; to Thomas Lenane ... 101,750

17 North Moore Street, northwest corner of Varick Street, 21.7 by 75, four-story brick tenement, with stores; to C. A. King ... 24,750

23 North Moore Street, north side, 84.9 feet west of Varick Street, 21.7 by 75, four-story brick tenement; to William Wilson ... 17,500

26 Varick Street, northeast corner of Beach Street, 25 by 95, five and six story brick tenements, with stores; together with 28 Varick Street, adjoining the foregoing, 25 by 95, six-story brick tenement, with two stores; to A. P. Horton ... 79,750

Montgomery Street, Brooklyn, north side, 58.4 feet east of Nostrand Avenue, 23.6 by 90.11 by 100 and irregular, vacant; to Samuel N. Garrison ... 875

By Peter F. Meyer & Co.

644 East Thirteenth Street, south side, 100 feet west of Avenue A, 24.3 by 103.3, four-story brick tenement, with two-story brick building at the rear; foreclosure sale, to Mandelbaum & Lewine ... 14,300

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

246 East One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, south side, 80 feet west of Second Avenue, 20 by 75, four-story stone-front tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, A. M. Bogert, as executrix ... 10,000

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 111 Broadway:

By Philip A. Smyth, executors' sale, 414 First Avenue, east side, 24.9 feet north of Twenty-fourth Street, 24.8 by 100, four-story front and rear brick tenements; 337 East Twenty-first Street, north side, 150 feet west of First Avenue, 25 by 98.9, leasehold, four-story brick tenement, with stores; 473 Manhattan Avenue, west side, 50.11 feet south of One Hundred and Twentieth Street, 16.8 by 82, three-story brownstone-front dwelling.

By Philip A. Smyth, public auction sale, 260 East Tenth Street, south side, 225 feet east of First Avenue, 25 by 92.3, five-story brick tenement, with stores.

By D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co., partition sale, William J. A. McKim, referee, 140 Lincoln Avenue, northeast corner of One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street, 20 by 80, two-story stone-front building, with store.

By Herbert A. Sherman, foreclosure sale, S. Morrill Banner, referee, 167 West Ninety-first Street, north side, 100 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue, 18 by 100.8, three-story stone-front dwelling. Due on judgment, $15,130.

On the premises, at noon, by James L. Wells, partition sale, 141 West Ninety-fourth Street, north side, 272 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue, 20 by 100.8, three-story stone-front dwelling.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

No. 11 East Seventeenth Street, for seven-story brick factory, with store, 25 by 98.6; Campbell & Clement of 38 Park Avenue, owners; Israels & Harde of 31 West Thirty-first Street, architect; cost, $50,000.

One Hundred and Twelfth Street, south side, 175 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, for eight-story brick tenement, 50 by 86.11; F. Woytisek of 1,311 Third Avenue, owner; Neville & Bagge of 217 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, architects; cost, $175,000.

Clay Avenue, east side, 1,620 feet north of One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Street, for two two-story and attic frame dwellings, 20 by 37; C. H. & C. A. Thornton of 900 Sixth Avenue, owners; W. C. Dickerson of One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and Third Avenue, architect; cost, $5,000.

Teller Avenue, east side, 588 feet north of One Hundred and Sixty-ninth Street, for three two-story and attic frame dwellings, 16.8 by 48; C. H. & C. A. Thornton of 900 Sixth Avenue, owners; W. C. Dickerson, architect; cost, $7,500.

Teller Avenue, east side, 570 feet east of One Hundred and Sixty-ninth Street, for a two-story frame dwelling, 22 by 48; C. H. & C. A. Thornton of 900 Sixth Avenue, owners; W. C. Dickerson, architect; cost, $4,500.

Forest Avenue, west side, 270 feet south of Home Street, for four three-story brick dwellings, 20 by 64; Crockett & Hamilton of 2 East Fifty-eighth Street, owners; W. C. Dickerson, architect; cost, $32,000.

Alterations.

No. 67 East Sixty-sixth Street, to four-and-one-half story brick dwelling; S. B. Robinson, premises, owner; W. S. Boyd of 361 Hudson Street, architect; cost, $700.

Nos. 30 to 34 Irving Place, to four-story brick dwelling; A. Elmer of 205 Third Avenue, owner; De Lemos & Cordes of 130 Fulton Street, architects; cost, $12,000.

No. 341 East Sixth Street, to five-story brick tenement; Gordon, Levy & Co. of 230 Grand Avenue, owners; C. Dumm of 603 Water Street, architect; cost, $1,000.

No. 58 Gouverneur Street, to two three and five-story brick tenements, with stores; M. Weinstein of 119 East One Hundred and Twenty-third Street, owner; Gass & Smallheiser of 23 Park Row, architects; cost, $2,000.

No. 20 West Forty-third Street, to three-story brick studio; G. Atterbury of 20 West Thirty-fourth Street, owner and architect; cost, $1,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Wednesday, Feb. 18.

AVENUE C, 149, w s, 23x98; David Hirsch to Abraham Nevins and another ... $1
AVENUE D, 56, n e corner of 5th St, 19.5x83; John F. Schuchardt's widow to Bertha Wolkenberg ... 1
AVENUE D, 58, e s, 19.5x83; Adolph E. Lux to Bertha Wolkenberg, (mtg $7,000) ... 13,000
AVENUE D, 56, n e corner of 5th St, 19.5x83; Avenue D, 58, e s, 19.5 ft n of 5th St, 19.5x83; Bertha Wolkenberg to Abraham Nevins and another ... 1
AVENUE D, 56; Joseph Wolkenberg to Abraham Nevins and another ... 1
BRACKEN AV, e s, 175 ft n of Jefferson Av, 25x100; Edenwald Land Company A of Edenwald to Margaret Reynolds ... 1
BROAD ST, 82 and 84, w s, 51.4x98.10x irregular; George S. Morison to Margaret Henahan, B. and S., Ca. G. ... 1
BURKE AV, w s, 100 ft s of Jefferson Av, 25x100, Edenwald; Anton Klunder to Joseph Boemmels ... 1,700
CLAY AV, w s, 75 ft n of 165th St, 25x100; Ernest Wenigmann to Henry Stiehl, (mtg $7,500) ... 100
COLUMBUS AV, n e corner of 81st St, 102.2x100; Wesley Thorn to the Colonial Bank, B. & S., Ca. G., all liens ... 220,000
COURTLANDT AV, s w corner of 160th St, 23.6x97.7, with all title to north one-half of Lot 144, map of village of Melrose; Minnie Powers to Chessie E. Zeller, (mtg $9,000) ... 4,500
FOREST AV, w s, 217.1 ft n of Home St, 20x87.7; Benjamin Barker, trustee, to William Hartfield, quitclaim, all title ... 1
LOCUST AV, s e corner of 140th St, 100x100; Robert Davidson to Edward B. Tompkins and another, B. & S., Ca. G. ... 1
LORILLARD ST, e s, rear part of Lots 160 and 161, map of heirs of William Powell, 50x106; Washington Av, n w corner of 185th St, runs s 50.2x w 92x n 50 to 185th St x e 96.6; John Dennerlein to Annie A. M. Dennerlein and others ... 100
MARION ST, 19, e s, 27x99.3x26.2x99.3; Henry Moll to Vincenzo Carrano, (mtg $10,000) ... 1
MARION ST, 19, e s, 27x99.3x26.2x99.3; Vincenzo Carrano to Michele Brigante, (mtg $25,000) ... 1
MUSCOOTA ST, or King's Bridge Road, s w corner of Exterior St, 125.1x1,110x irregular; 192d St, s s, at w s of exterior line of Spuyten Duyvil and Port Morris Railroad Company's land, 85x333 to 191st St x25x325, contains 100¼ city lots; John O. Baker to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, B. & S. ... 174,800
PARK AV, n w corner of 65th St, 100.5x56, with right of way over strip ten feet wide; Daniel Robert to the Lahey Company, (mtg $122,500) ... 100
VYSE AV, s w corner of Charlotte Place or Jennings St, 75x100; Helen J. Tansley to Frank D. Tansley ... 100
VYSE AV, s w corner of Charlotte Place or Jennings St, 75x100; Frank D. Tansley to Albert Zanmatti ... 100
WEST END AV, e s, 138.8 ft s of 95th St, 20.6x—x21.3x100; S. Morrill Banner, referee, to Alfred M. Rau ... 24,500
WEST END AV, s e corner of 97th St, 60x100; Julius Braun to Jonas Weil and others, (mtg $100,000) ... 1
1ST AV, e s, 50.11 ft s of 106th St, 25x84; Simon Epstein to Frank De Rosa, (mtg $15,000) ... 22,000
1ST AV, 2,349, w s, 25.2x100; Chessie E. Zeller to John E. Harrison, (mtg $20,000) ... 1
2D AV, 1,746, s e corner of 91st St, 25.7x80; Charles F. Wigand to Richard Dudensing, Jr., (mtg $32,000) ... 1
2D AV, s e corner of 12th St, 20.7x100; Johanna H. Weight to Marie W. Hahn, quitclaim ... 1
2D AV, s e corner of 12th St, 20.7x100; Marie W. Hahn, widow, to Pincus Lowenfeld and another ... 100
12TH AV, n e corner of 133d St, 99.11x125; John H. Hewson and another to Vermont Marble Company ... 31,000
13TH ST, 509 East, 25x103.3; M. H. Smith to N. M. Daly, (mtg $6,000) ... 14,000
21ST ST, 204 West, 22.6x60x20.4x60; Elizabeth L. Boggs to Kate B. Happel and another, (mtg $11,500) ... 100
36TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Edward F. Murray to Thomas B. Murray, ½ part, (mtg —) ... 1
40TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of 10th Av, 25x98.9; Thomas Costello to Margareth Costello, (mtg $7,000) ... 1
42D ST, n s, 132 ft e of 2d Av, 17x100.5; Margaret Delaney to William Delaney, (mtg $4,000) ... 8,050
50TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of 9th Av, 25x100.5; Amie E. Lamb to Ellen Donovan, (mtg $8,500) ... 1
52D ST, 322 East, 19x100.5; Sophia Becker, widow, to Yetta Berkowitz, (mtg $7,000) ... 1
55TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of Lexington Av, 20x100.5; Eugene H. Pomeroy, referee, to Equitable Life Assurance Society ... 17,000
56TH ST, s s, 174 ft e of Park Av, 21x100.5; Cecilia H. Pohle, widow, to Mary P. Hoadly ... 1
73D ST, s s, 123 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2; James P. Clarendon, executor and trustee, to Godfrey Knoche ... 3,000
75TH ST, 329 West, 20x102.2; Robert W. Paterson and another, executors and trustees, to Andrew H. Kellogg and wife, (mtg $25,000) ... 37,750
81ST ST, 313 East, 25x102.2; Yetta Berkowitz to Sophia Becker, (mtg $3,600) ... 1
94TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Columbus Av, 51.9x100.8; David P. Canavan and others to Patrick Canavan, (mtg $28,000) ... 100
98TH ST, 204 East, 25x100.5; Levy Rothstein to Ida Rothstein, ½ part, (mtg $8,000) ... 1
98TH ST, s s, 110 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.5; Henry Hollman to Levy Rothstein, (mtg $8,000) ... 1
110TH ST, s s, 95 ft e of Madison Av, 25x100.11; Julius Lochman to Mark Blumenthal and another, (mtg $21,000) ... 1
118TH ST, s s, 229 ft e of 7th Av, 27x100.11; Aaron Hailparn to Israel Lebowitz, (mtg $30,000) ... 100
115TH ST, 79 West, 16.8x100.11; Israel Lebowitz to Aaron Hailparn, (mtg $8,000) ... 100
121ST ST, 334 and 336 East, 50x100.11; Jacob A. Ranth to Louis Goldsmith, (mtg $22,000) ... 100
135TH ST, n s, 110 ft w of 5th Av, 18.4x99.11; Lilly R. Stern to Marie L. Lichtschein, ½ part, (mtg $11,000) ... 1
141ST ST, s s, 100 ft e of Willis Av, 25x100; William O'Gorman to the Gaines Roberts Company ... 1
143D ST, 686 East, 22x100; Maggie U. Collins to Mary A. Martin, quitclaim ... 1
148TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 100x99.11; the Lahey Company to Daniel Robert, (mtg $15,522) ... 100
161ST ST, 536 West, 32x99.11; 161st St, 560 to 564 West, 48x99.11; Howell A. Webster to Rufus B. Cowing, (mtg $47,500) ... 1
181ST ST, n s, 50 ft w of 11th Av, 25x100; Joseph M. Turl to Frederick Britsch, (mtg $2,500) ... 1
182D ST, s s, 500 ft e of Orchard Terrace, 35x100; Richard Roesler to Amanda Roesler, (mtg $2,200) ... 1

Recorded Leases.

ALLEN ST, n w corner of Rivington St; Max Dick to Kalman Eisenbud, 3 years ... $1,800
BAYARD ST, 70; Louis Gordon and others to Joseph Rosenberg, 3½ years ... $1,080 ... 1,200
CHRYSTIE ST, 191 and 193; executors of estate of Jonas Stoltz to J. L. Weller & Co., 10 years from May 1, 1903 ... 4,000
COURTLANDT AV, 466, e s; John R. Perlhefter to Joseph A. Strasser, from Feb. 16, 1903, to May 1, 1913 ... 240
DELANCEY ST, 202; A. B. Keve to Morris Fisher, 5 years ... 660
GRAND ST, 315 and 317; Harris Goldman and another to Alfred Benjamin & Co., 2 years 3 months ... 2,400
JOHN ST, 69; Carsten D. Borgen to Stephen J. Mitchell, 3 1-6 years ... 750
MADISON AV, 1,412; Emilie Mehlich to N. Di Marco, 3 years, $420 to ... 480
3D AV, 2,785; John R. Perlhefter to Joseph A. Strasser ... 2,280
6TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 25x97; United States Trust Company, trustee, to Henry Diefenthaler, 5 years ... 650
8TH AV, 790, n e corner of 48th St; Julien T. Davies and another, trustees, to James J. Macauley, 2 years ... 3,500
8TH AV, 2,375; Catherine Hattemer and others, executors, to Mary Mayer, 5 years ... 1,740
11TH AV, 390; Cornelius Daly to William H. Hickey, 10 years ... 700
12TH ST, 169 West; Alletta L. Clarke, as attorney, to John W. Grindle, 3 years ... 1,200
12TH ST, 171 West; Alletta L. Clarke, attorney, to John W. Grindle, 3 years ... 1,200
43D ST, 200 West; Langdon Greenwood and another, by guardian, to Michael Dowling, 21 years, $6,000 to ... 10,000
43D ST, s s, 60 ft w of 7th Av, 20x60.5; Langdon Greenwood to Michael Dowling, 21 years, $3,000 to ... 5,000

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ADAMS, Percy, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 113th St, 239 West, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 8,000
ATTERBURY, Grosvenor, to Linda L. McElroy; 43d St, 20 West, leasehold, installments, 4½ per cent ... 18,000
BECK, Robert W., and wife to Maximilian Fraade; 97th St, 151 West, due April 17, 1903, collateral ... 1,250
BECK, Robert W., to Margaret A. Weiher; 97th St, 151 West, 3 years ... 11,500
BOEMMELS, Joseph, to Anton Klunder; Burke Av, w s, 100 ft s of Jefferson Av, 3 years ... 1,600
CALLAHAN, John, to Lillian B. Friedlander; Park Row, w s, 169.1 ft s of Pearl St, due June 16, 1903, 6 per cent., notes ... 1,300
CARRANO, Vincenzo, to Italian Savings Bank; Marion St, 19, 1 year, gold ... 22,000
CARRANO, Vincenzo, to Henry Moll; Marion Street, 19, prior mtg $22,000, 4 years ... 3,000
CASE, David K., to Etta Forgotston, doing business under name of Forgotston & Co.; Morton St, s s, 100 ft e of Hudson St; also 4th Av, e s, 25.9 ft s of 51st St; also property in Kings County, given as security for indorsements of notes, &c. ... 1
DALY, Nicholas M., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 13th St, 509 East, 1 year, 4 per cent ... 2,000
DE ROSA, Frank, to Simon Epstein; 1st Av, e s, 50.11 ft s of 106th St, 3 years, 6 per cent ... 2,500
DOLFINI, Philip, to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 8th Av, w s, 25 ft n of 153d St, 5 years, 4½ per cent ... 14,000
EISENBUD, Kalman, to Henry J. Kopf; Rivington St, 68, n w corner of Allen St, leasehold, installments, notes ... 1,640
FALK, Hannah L., to Matilde Rothschild; 58th St, n s, 311 ft e of 9th Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 5,000
FRANKENTHALER, Louis, to Mary McMahon and others, trustees; 61st St, 326 East, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 14,000
LOWENFELD, Pincus, and another to Marie W. Hahn; 2d Av, s e corner of 12th St, 3 years ... 30,000
GAINES-ROBERTS COMPANY to Michael Coleman, as trustee; 141st St, s s, 100 ft e of Willis Av, 1 year, gold ... 22,500
GAINES-ROBERTS COMPANY to William O'Gorman; 141st St, s s, 100 ft e of Willis Av, prior mtg $22,500, 1 year ... 16,750
GEERY, David R., to Annie M. Ackerman; Canal St, 207 to 211, 1-5 part and all title to any and all property devised by Isaac Geary to party of first part, prior mortgage $20,000, 6 months, 6 per cent ... 250
HAILPARN, Aaron, to Israel Lebowitz; 115th St, 79 West, 3 years, 6 per cent ... 2,000
JARMULOWSKY, Meyer, and another to the Brooklyn Savings Bank; East Broadway, 165, 1 year, 4½ per cent ... 70,000
KNOCHE, Godfrey, to James P. Clarendon, executor and trustee; 73d St, s s, 123 ft e of Avenue A, 2 years ... 1,500
KOODINOFSKY, Samuel, to Cassel Cohen; Forsyth St, 33, installments, 6 per cent ... 11,500
KRASS, Conrad, to Charles F. Kelly; Tinton Av, e s, 50 ft s of Cedar Place, 2 years, 6 per cent ... 1,000
LEVY, Abraham H., to the Seamen's Bank for Savings; Columbus Av, s w corner of 86th St, 3 years, 4 per cent ... 55,000
LEVY, Abraham H., to Hyman Sonn and another; Columbus Av, s w corner of 86th St, prior mtg $55,000, 3 years ... 5,000
McCAFFREY, Margaret C., to Eliza N. Hall; 134th St, 664 East, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 5,000
MIDDLEBROOK, Frederic J., to American Mortgage Company; Intervale Av, n w s, 655.6 ft n s of 167th St, 1 year ... 3,000
MULHARE, Ellen, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Brook Av, n w corner of 144th St, 1 year, 4 per cent ... 17,000
MULLER, Karoline, and others to Franklin Savings Bank; 44th St, 356 West, 1 year, 4 per cent ... 7,500
NELSON, Andrew, to Mary J. Hopper; Bradhurst Av, w s, 215.9 ft s of 145th St, due March 1, 1908, 4½ per cent ... 6,500
NEVINS, Abraham, and another to American Mortgage Company; Avenue D, 56 and 58, n e corner of 5th St, 1 year ... 27,000
NEVINS, Abraham, and another to American Mortgage Company; Avenue D, 56 and 58, n e corner of 5th St, prior mortgage $27,000, 1 year, 6 per cent ... 5,000
NEVINS, Abraham, and another to David Hirsch; Avenue C, 149, 5 years, 4½ per cent ... 10,000
NOLAN, Michael, to Anna Jaeger; 3d Av, n w s, 96.11 ft n of 169th St, 5 years, 5½ per cent ... 8,000
NOLAN, Michael, to Louise Jaeger, individually and as executrix; 3d Av, w s, 121.7 ft n of 169th St, 5 years ... 6,500
POLSTEIN, Joseph, and another to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 13th St, 329 and 331 East, 5 years, 4½ per cent ... 50,000
RAU, Alfred M., to Joseph L. Stix; West End Av, e s, 138.8 ft s of 95th St, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 20,000
SAMMET, Joel, to Mary McMahon and others, trustees; Allen St, 124, 3 years, 4½ per cent ... 28,000
VERMONT MARBLE COMPANY to John H. Hewson and another; 12th Av, n e corner of 133d St, 5 years, 4½ per cent., notes ... 20,000

Assignments of Mortgages.

AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY to Lincoln Trust Company, re-recorded ... 21,500
AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY to Catharine Ridley, re-recorded ... 7,000
BRADY, Daniel, to Mary A. Brady ... 1,500
CONWAY, Mary A., to Ellen R. Conway ... 1
ENGLANDER, Beethoven, to Annie Rosenblum ... 1
FAHS, Adam, to Emilie Fahs, 5 assignments ... 1
HEDGES, George B., to Louis Schaefer and others, executors ... 1
KECK, Henry, to Benjamin E. Weeks ... 1,514
KECK, Lena, to Adam Rice ... 500
LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY to Central Realty Bond and Trust Company ... 190,000
PFIZENMAYER, Charles F., to Emma Pfizenmayer ... 6,000
POLLARD, F. Ellery, to Vahan Z. M. Boyajian ... 1
REIS, Karoline, to Peter Otten ... 2,500
SMITH, Catharine T., to Provident Savings Life Assurance Society ... 26,000
THE LAHEY COMPANY to Daniel Robert ... 30,000
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY to National Savings Bank of Albany, 3 assignments ... Various Amts.

Mechanics' Liens.

MAPLE AV, e s, 200 ft s of Randall St, 25x100; Vincenzo Di Miscia against Matteo De Vitto, owner; Angelo Di Miscia, contractor ... 250
28TH ST, 219 to 225 East; Manhattan Tin Roofing Company against Max Rosenthal, owner and contractor ... 90
118TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 112x100; Thomas C. Edmonds & Co. against John Acker, owner and contractor ... 1,840
118TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 112x100; Adam Happel against John Acker, owner and contractor ... 5,375

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, 915; Ralph L. Anderton against Schieffelin estate and another, Feb. 16, 1903 ... 31
BROADWAY, 682; Norcross-West Marble Company against John W. Stevens Building Company and another, Feb. 10, 1903, by bond ... 1,542
BROOME ST, 376; William Klein against estate of Peter Lorillard and another, Sept. 22, 1902 ... 781

Lis Pendens.

NORFOLK ST, 149 and 151, two actions; Louis Lese against Jacob H. Westheimer and another, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, F. Lese.
WEBSTER AV, e s, 50 ft s of 183d St, 25x83.11x25x83.2; Cipriani Orlando against Joseph A. Fischer and another, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, B. J. Kelly.
121ST ST, n s, 83.11 ft w of 2d Av, 31x65.11; Sadie C. Mainthow against John Haltzer and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. Cohen.
126TH ST, n s, 103 ft w of Lenox Av, 22x99.11; Louis A. Koelsch and another against John H. Scully and another, (specific performance;) attorneys, Otis & Pressinger.

$5,000 FOR INJURY ON A LINER.

Widow of Dr. Abel M. Phelps Wins Suit Against a Steamship Company.

A jury in the United States Circuit Court yesterday awarded Mrs. Cornelia B. Phelps, the widow of Dr. Abel M. Phelps, the $5,000 damages for injuries received on the Netherlands-American Steam Navigation Company's steamship Statendam, in July, 1900.

On the date mentioned Mrs. Phelps, in company with her husband, was en route for the Continent, where the doctor was to deliver some lectures on orthopedic surgery. They had a stateroom on the Statendam, and one morning, while arising, Mrs. Phelps, owing to the sagging of a defective wire mattress, struck her knee against the horizontal iron flange of the bed.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

Capt. George A. Zinn and First Lieut. William J. Barden, Corps of Engineers, will report to Col. Charles R. Suter, President of the examining board at New York City, for examination to determine their fitness for promotion.

The retirement of Col. Richard H. Pratt, Thirteenth Cavalry, is announced.

Capt. Alexander M. Davis is relieved from duty in the Division of the Philippines, and will proceed to San Francisco.

Capt. Thomas Franklin will proceed to Chicago on business pertaining to the Subsistence Department.

Lieut. Col. William H. Comegys, Deputy Paymaster General, will report to the Paymaster General of the Army for temporary duty.

Navy.

Lieut. O. D. Duncan is ordered to the Naval Hospital at New York for treatment.

Lieut. A. H. Davis is detached from command of the torpedo boats at the Norfolk yard; he will continue in command of the Truxton.

Lieut. G. C. Davison is ordered to command the torpedo boats in reserve at the Norfolk yard.

Midshipmen M. K. Metcalf and J. D. Willson are ordered to the Wisconsin; H. McL. Walker and L. R. Leahy, to the Iowa.

Paymaster J. Q. Lovell is detached from the Portsmouth yard and has three months' sick leave.

Midshipmen F. J. Cleary, H. R. Stark, R. S. Thompson, E. Freidrick, C. A. Brillhart, D. R. Battles, B. Y. Rhodes, and A. S. Kibbee are ordered to the South Atlantic Station.

Pay Inspector H. E. Drury is ordered to Portsmouth, N. H.

Chaplain E. E. McDonald is ordered to the Franklin.

Assistant Paymaster S. Rhodes is detached from the Yokohama Hospital and ordered home to wait orders.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Arrivals—Puritan and Peoria, at Yorktown; Marietta, at La Guayra.

Sailings—Atlanta, for Natchez; Yankton, for Santa Cruz del Sur; Oregon, for Woo-Sung; Ajax, for Boston.

The gunboat Bennington will be placed in commission at the Mare Island Yard about the 1st of March.

DURANT-ROSE MOTION ARGUED.

Mrs. Rose's Lawyer Says Durant Wants to Stay in Hamilton County.

Arguments were heard before Justice Bischoff yesterday in the Supreme Court, on the motion to vacate an order compelling William West Durant to appear and be examined in supplementary proceedings on a judgment for $760,000 secured by his sister, Mrs. Charles H. M. Rose.

John F. McIntyre, for Durant, argued the order should be vacated because Durant is not a resident of New York, but lives in Hamilton County, on his Adirondack estate. He said that to compel Durant to appear in New York for examination would be unjust, cause unnecessary inconvenience and expense, and therefore should be vacated. The motion was opposed by Henry W. Hardon for Mrs. Rose, who says the efforts of Durant to vacate the order are due to fear of a body execution being issued here, which would mean his incarceration in Ludlow Street Jail for six months. Durant, he says, wants to be jailed in Hamilton County, if anywhere, because there the county limits are the jail limits, and he could live at home while serving the time. The jail sentence would be the alternative for not furnishing bonds for $1,500,000 or twice the amount of the judgment.

Justice Bischoff reserved his decision.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

New York City.

D. S. LABORATORY.—Justice Truax of the Supreme Court has appointed Miles M. O'Brien, Jr., receiver of the assets of the partnership between Eugene W. Schneider and Clatonia J. Dorticus, doing business as the D. S. Laboratory, manufacturers of machines for photographic work at 79 East One Hundred and Thirtieth Street, in a suit brought by Mr. Schneider against Mr. Dorticus for a dissolution of the partnership. Mr. Schneider stated that he contributed $4,000 cash and Mr. Dorticus $1,000, which was invested in machinery and tools. Mr. Dorticus denied that Mr. Schneider contributed $4,000 cash, or any cash at all. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against them on the 4th inst.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

ALBERT EDWARDS.—Albert Edwards, residing at 420 West Thirty-fourth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $19,078 and nominal assets $3,002 in worthless notes, $2,500 of which he has either mislaid or lost. Of the liabilities, $10,000 is a suit for damages brought by John Ryan for personal injuries asserted to have been caused by a servant of Mr. Edwards, but Mr. Edwards denies all liability. Mr. Edwards was formerly in the trucking and stable business.

MRS. ZERLINA HELD.—Mrs. Zerlina Held, residing at the Hotel Lafayette-Brevoort, corner of Fifth Avenue and Eighth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $42,969 and no assets. The debts were contracted between 1895 and 1899, largely as indorser of notes of the S. J. Held Company, importers of flowers and feathers, formerly at 602 Broadway, and for rent. Among the creditors are the estate of Hugh O'Neill, $13,566; Chemical National Bank, $8,063, and Elizabeth W. Aldrich, $8,218.

JEFFREYS & SON.—A meeting of the creditors of Arthur Jeffreys, doing business as Jeffreys & Son, wholesale and retail dealers in tobacco and cigars at 35 Fulton Street, was held yesterday before N. S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, at 68 William Street. Seventeen claims, aggregating $15,700, were filed. A. A. Tausky, representing about $8,000 of claims, nominated Marshall S. Hagar for Trustee, and he was unanimously elected. Mr. Hagar has been the receiver, and the creditors voted to continue the business for the present, and it is expected that a composition will be effected.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

AUTOMOBILE COMPANY OF AMERICA—S. Schwartzman ... 518
ABRAMOVITZ, Morris—A. M. Bank ... 83
ANGIER, Edward—E. Meyer ... 140
ATWELL, Edwin and Marion G.—M. J. Kappler ... 4,261
BURTON, Thomas—A. Light ... 97
BOTTHOF, Henry J.—Wanaque River Paper Company ... 435
BENSINGER, Louis—Kinsey, Rainier & Thomson, possession of property or ... 29
BURFEINDT, Joachim and John—A. J. Herriott, $119 and possession of property, or ... 600
BROWN, Edward P.—J. C. Glaud ... 135
BERNDT, Theodore—J. Doelger and another ... 132
BUNKER, John—M. Burne ... 91
BISCHOFF, John R.—A. Bergida ... 415
CARROLL, John—Tiffany & Co., costs ... 82
CREGO, Oscar M.—F. J. Hoerr ... 417
CAPPELL, Charles—T. E. O'Keefe ... 302
CONIGLIO, Rosario—G. Zibelli ... 128
CARMEL, Joseph—City of New York ... 543
CONRIED, Alexander—M. Hyams ... 168
DOWNIE, Charles H.—M. Zeitung, costs ... 113
DURANDO, Magdalene—H. B. Lighte ... 1,216
DEBENHAM, Andrew J.—H. A. Abrahams ... 524
DEE, John M.—M. Groh's Sons ... 1,123
ELLSWORTH, Joseph W., Jr.—H. Ingersoll and another ... 49
EASTON COMPANY—City of New York ... 607
EGNER, Frederick G.—New Netherland Realty Company ... 79
FULLER, Valency E. and Jersey Advocate Company—G. M. Hausauer and another ... 440
FRIED, Louis—C. Hartman ... 49
FRIEDMAN, Moses—C. Jacoby ... 123
FREEMAN, Albert—H. F. Taylor ... 333
FROEHLICH, Charles H.—Ficken Paint and Oil Company ... 32
GRIFFIN, Michael J., Ellen, Kate, and Anna M., and Thomas G. Linehan—P. J. Johnson ... 1,114
GOODALL, John, and John Anderson—American Exchange Cigar Company ... 103
GWYER, Christopher—S. Hatch ... 2,346
HAY, Franklin W.—City of New York ... 71
HERR, Franklin H.—S. Uhlmann ... 284
HALL, Nancy and William H.—Lockwood Trade Journal Company ... 262
HOFFMAN, Joseph A.—P. J. Cody ... 65
HEINK, Mary M.—People of the State of New York ... 79
ISAAC, George, and Samuel L. Weissman—City of New York ... 1,500
JACKSON, Frederick, and Leo Ludzinsky—H. Rubin ... 225
LAWRENCE, Robert S.—W. H. Woodruff ... 269
LUCKETT, Gus F.—A. J. Barnes ... 138
LAWSON, John S.—H. W. Spang ... 82
LYONS, James W.—M. Groh's Sons ... 138
LAZARUS, Bernard—J. Adelson and another ... 42
LEVIN, Nathan B.—S. Pope and another ... 267
MARTENS, Louis F., Albert E. Smith, and Annie Smith—F. Huellen and another ... 29
MACAULEY, Frederick W., and another—T. Speck ... 29
MARTINSON, Henry—Weideman Company ... 131
MANNION, Thomas J.—United States Motor Supply Company ... 490
MEHRTENS, Edward—F. F. Lowenfels ... 19
MOORE, Elizabeth and Charles E.—J. P. Schulze and another ... 267
NOOT, Simon C.—A. Frank ... 40
O'CALLAGHAN, Thomas—M. J. Dickinson ... 60
ORCUTT, Caretia V., administratrix—Mayor, &c., costs ... 106
PAINE, J. Overton and Arthur B.—J. B. C. Tuell ... 2,296
PELTON, Franklin D.—E. Moore, administratrix ... 374
ROSENHEIM, William—J. Friedlander and another ... 79
RAVONESE, Biaggio—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs ... 118
SHAFFER, Nathan—D. B. Levy ... 204
SCANLON, James J.—H. Koehler & Co. ... 104
STROMBERG, Philip—G. Gotti ... 250
SMITH, Warren D. W.—H. Basti ... 140
SCHNUGG, Francis J.—L. P. Mahler ... 2,474
WRIGHT, Louis B.—H. B. Shepard, executor ... 20,025
WAGER, Sherman—H. P. Ross ... 690
WRIGHT, Louis B.—E. M. Marcoso ... 1,816
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—M. Kochanowsky ... 673
THOMAS J. POPE'S SONS—J. B. Shaw ... 612
TAUBER, Joseph—J. A. Muriha, Jr. ... 61
THOMPSON, Bridget—City of New York ... 113
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW York—H. M. Ward and another, costs ... 107
THE BALLSTON TERMINAL RAILroad Company—Cooke Banknote Engraving Company ... 260
THE A. D. BLAUCHET COMPANY—G. Lueders and another ... 1,236
THE CHRISTIAN ASSEMBLY COMPANY—W. B. Redman ... 469
THE ART INTERCHANGE COMPANY—Michael Printing Company ... 121
TUCKER, Preble—H. H. Spies and another ... 63
TALIAFERRO, Edwin T.—M. Arnstein and another ... 180
TRACEY, James H.—G. B. Leonard ... 73
TALIAFERRO, Edwin T.—Banks & Co. ... 566
TURKEL, Samuel and Adolph; Jacob, Benjamin, and Max Tepper—I. Kreitman ... 212
VAUGHAN, John C.—J. P. Devine ... 368
WEERS, William—W. G. Brown and another ... 612
WILSON, James—S. Fortine ... 212
WILLIAM DAVIDSON, Inc.—Central Stamping Company ... 360

New England Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

Water front to let for season; one of the most attractive places on the Sound; furnished house; all improvements; stable, garden, fruit, lawn; fine shade. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

Yachtsmen!—Island about four acres; 300 feet causeway would connect with mainland; deep water; restricted neighborhood; trees. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

Wilton, Conn.—Furnished house, stable; three acres; 70 minutes out; price, $1,500. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

For Sale—1,100-acre farm, near Marlborough, Mass.; large, good buildings. W. H. Nichols, Bridgeport, Conn.

Sound Beach, Conn.—New house; stable; near station; $6,500. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Country estates and farms for sale and lease. Sanborn G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

The New York Times is one of the best circulated newspapers in the United States.

Long Island Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

BAYSHORE

24 Trains Daily. **LONG ISLAND.** *24 Trains Daily.*

THE IDEAL SUMMER RESORT. ONLY 40 MILES FROM NEW YORK CITY. ONE HOUR AND TEN MINUTES BY RAIL.

Located directly on the Great South Bay. It enjoys both by day and night the cool and invigorating Breezes which come directly from the Atlantic Ocean. Bay Shore bears upon its face so unmistakably the stamp of social approval that the most hurried glance shows that its claim to be one of the most popular, and at the same time delightful, Resorts upon Long Island is well founded. Handsome Villas and Charming Cottages owned by people prominent in the social and business world, give to Bay Shore a perpetual charm. The Architectural Beauty of these Homes of Wealth and Culture compare most favorably with those at any Resort in America. Bay Shore is a suitable all-the-year-round town. It has fine Churches of every denomination. The best of schools, broad, well-kept roadways and drives, which always make a most favorable impression. There are good stores of all descriptions, which have a prosperous, up-to-date appearance.

Some of the Handsomest Houses on Long Island are located at Bay Shore.

Here, also, are the Grounds of the Bay Shore Driving Park Association and the attractive property of the Olympic Club. Driving and wheeling are popular pastimes, for the roads are excellent. Directly across the Great South Bay and reached from Bay Shore, is the far-famed Fire Island, whose lighthouse is known the maritime world over. The great lighthouse, whose electric beacon of twenty-three million candle power, is the most powerful in the country, is a never-ending source of interest to visitors. Another advantage of this beautiful Resort is the pine forests, which give the air a double charm, combining the odor of the Balsam with the tonic of the sea.

Bay Shore has the finest Opera House on Long Island. The town also has Gas and Electric Light plant, water works, social clubs, etc.

Bay Shore has fine Golf Links. The Leading Hotels are the Prospect, the Linwood Cortlant House, and Dominy House. Bureau of Information and Distribution, open daily, at Room 59, New York Times Building, and 120 West 125th St., from 9 A. M. until 10 P. M., where Photographs of Cottages, Locations, Prices, Full Descriptions, and all other information can be had. The following are the most Desirable Cottages for rent. They are first class in all appointments, fully furnished, best locations, latest sanitary improvements, and can be rented very reasonably for the Summer season:

LINDEN COTTAGE, Ocean Ave., J. B. PULLIS.
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RUSHMORE COTTAGE, Clinton Ave., C. T. RUSHMORE.
SCOFIELD COTTAGE, Clinton Ave., F. E. SCOFIELD, D. D. S.
NESTLE DOWN, Main St., E. J. REDINGTON.
PHELPS COTTAGE, Main St., CHAS. PHELPS.
GIBSON COTTAGE, Park Ave., JESSE GIBSON.
KNAPP'S COTTAGE, Saxons Ave., M. I. KNAPP.
EAST LAKE, First Ave., SELAH T. CLOCK.
SCHENCK COTTAGE, Maple Ave., JOHN SCHENCK.
OAK LAWN, Main St., E. J. REDINGTON.
GOODRIDGE COTTAGE, Maple Ave., M. E. GOODRIDGE.
BREWSTER COTTAGE, Ocean Ave., H. M. BREWSTER.
JEFFERY COTTAGE, Ocean Ave., L. A. JEFFERY.
ELYSIAN VIEWS, Clinton Ave., W. W. HULSE.
AVALON VILLA, Clinton Ave., C. H. COVELL.
EVERGREEN COTTAGE, Awixa Ave., Mrs. W. A. Skidmore.
CHAPINHURST, Bayshore Ave., J. R. HOWELL.
BISHOP COTTAGE, Park Ave., W. H. BISHOP.
DE NYSE COTTAGE, Ocean Ave., H. V. DE NYSE.
JONES COTTAGE, Clinton Ave., I. P. JONES.
SWAN COTTAGE, First Ave., W. W. HULSE.
NORTH COTTAGE, Clinton Ave., W. W. HULSE.
THE HOMESTEAD, Main St., E. E. WILDERMING.
RHODES COTTAGE, 3d Ave., URIAH RHODES.
McCOUN COTTAGE, Clinton Ave., HARRY McCOUN.
WICK'S COTTAGE, Ocean Ave., NORMAN WICKS.
WHITE COTTAGE, Maple Ave., GEO. WHITE.
HULSE COTTAGE, Awixa Ave., W. W. HULSE.
CATHUS LODGE, Bayshore Ave., J. R. HOWELL.
STRONG COTTAGE, Main St., E. P. STRONG.
WHITMAN COTTAGE, Main St., J. S. WHITMAN.
SILVER GRAY, Main St., WM. G. DOXSEE.
GROVE VIEW, Clinton Ave., W. W. HULSE.
HOWELL COTTAGE, Bayshore Ave., J. R. HOWELL.
AVON DALE, Awixa Ave., H. C. COE.
THE COTTAGE, Main St., E. E. WILDERMING.
PENNY COTTAGES, Main St., H. W. PENNY.

Time Table from N. Y. to Bayshore, L. I.: Foot East 34th St., 7:00, 8:35, 10:50 A. M., and 1:50, 3:20, 4:20, 4:50, 5:20, 6:20 P. M.
Time Table from Bayshore, L. I., to N. Y. City: 6:14, 7:09, 7:48, 9:14, 11:46 A. M., and 2:17, 4:18, 5:44 P. M.

Modern houses, finely situated, in Riverhead village, L. I.; one of 12 rooms, heated by hot water; large lot; fine fruits; price, $5,800; also houses of 8 rooms; price, $1,600; easy terms. BARGAIN to quick buyer. A. Bradley, Riverhead, L. I.

Nearly three acres in village, house, 10 rooms; steam heat, sanitary plumbing; shade, fruit; barn, poultry house; $4,900. Box 239 Rockville Centre, L. I.

Hundreds choice L. I. properties; supply almost anything; honest values; sell only; purchaser's terms; brokers invited; Pennsylvania Road booming island. Codling, Northport, L. I.

City Real Estate for Sale.

FRANK L. FISHER CO.
OFFER
FOR SALE
SUPERIOR INVESTMENTS.

Property		Rent	Price
48th St., tenement	rent	$2,460	$21,500
48th St., tenement	rent	$2,436	22,500
89th St., private house	rent	1,600	23,000
80th St., double flat	rent	3,600	33,000
74th St., private house	rent	2,200	33,500
79th St., double flat	rent	4,000	38,000
Elevator flat	rent	6,600	65,000
Columbus Ave. corner	rent	6,000	68,000
50 feet, Columbus Ave.	rent	6,000	85,000
Elevator flat	rent	11,000	100,000
Apartment hotel	rent	13,500	125,000
7-story apartment	rent	16,000	150,000
Business and apartments	rent	21,500	200,000
100 foot corner apartment	rent	25,000	225,000
100 foot corner apartment	rent	32,000	320,000
10-story apartment	rent	35,000	350,000
Broadway corner	rent	35,000	375,000
Broadway corner, 100 feet	rent	35,000	380,000
Hotel, leased	NET rent	38,600	535,000

A LIBERAL EXCHANGE CAN BE MADE FOR SOME OF ABOVE PROPERTIES.

FRANK L. FISHER CO., 440 Columbus Ave., Corner 81st.

BUILDERS, ATTENTION!
NEVER BEFORE OFFERED.
Block from subway station, Broadway and 110th St., choice plot, 125x100.11; will divide; reasonable price, with liberal building loan for six-story apartment.
BERT G. FULHABER, 7 East 42d St.

Large Hudson Street Corner, near Fourteenth, for sale; important public present and prospective improvements give speculative as well as rental value; average depth about 115 feet, average width over 56 feet. Apply personally to Robert T. B. Easton, Attorney, 120 Broadway.

21ST ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Choice Property for Improvement.
JOHN KENSETT KELLOGG, 80 William St.

$3,000 cash buys five-story double flat, 305 West 127th; five-year mortgage; pays over 20 per cent. net over all expenses; sacrifice price; title guaranteed. Baker, 115 Broadway. Telephone 7,268 Cortlandt.

4-story and basement dwelling. $17,500; 46th St., near Lexington Av., 16.8x100; rent, $1,200; possession can be had. William J. Roome, 11 West 34th St.

To Brokers.—40-foot hotel site and 25-foot plot for loft building, with builder's loan; no money required to good party; also east side dwellings. Sterling Realty Co., 203 Broadway, Owner.

A.—71st St., Near Lexington Av.—4-story and basement brown-stone dwelling; $15,000; mtg., $10,000; snap for quick buyer. Bellamy, shirt store, 3d Av. and 61st St. Telephone 1026—79th.

5-story flat, with large shop, which covers entire lot 25x100; 2 families on floor; 6 rooms and bath; price, $26,000. John J. Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

$250 cash, $950 mortgage, lots, near Broadway and rapid transit station. Owner, 1,364 Broadway.

Desirable plots, east side, below 23d St., and Ninth Ward; tempting prices. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Must sell large four-story house, 24th St., near 5th Av.; asking $42,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

East side corner below 10th St., 61x93; all built six-story store property, renting for $15,000. GUERINEAU & DRAKE, 122 East 23d St.

Modern three-story box-stoop residence, 136th St., near St. Nicholas Av.; $18,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Snap—Modern double tenement, East 17th St., near 1st; $19,000; rents $2,250. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

West 69th.—Private house, 19x100; immediate possession; $12,000; mortgage, $5,500. John J. Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

Desirable Houses.—8th to 12th Sts., inclusive; near 5th Av.; $22,500 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

$16,500 will purchase 455 West 22d St., four-story dwelling, 21x100; elegant location. Apply premises.

47th St.—Choicely located dwelling, between 5th, 6th Avs., for sale. Owner, P. O. Box 1,497.

85th St., West—Flat, 25x85x100, $38,000; rentals, $3,550; mortgage, $23,000. U., Box 108 Times.

Bronx.

If you are looking for a home in The Bronx examine the Johnson houses; houses for one, two, and three families, of brick and stone; take 3d Av. "L" to 149th St., transfer to Westchester Av. trolley, ride to 156th St., and walk to the Johnson houses; write for descriptive booklet. Geo. F. Johnson & Sons, owners and builders, P. O. address East 156th St., Bronx Borough, N. Y.

Crotona Av., 25x100, next to corner 179th St. Title guaranteed; near "L" and rapid transit stations; $200 down, balance easy terms. Eugene A. Bofinger, owner, 148 East 42d St.

$5.00 Monthly.—Choice lots; price, $425; near 3d Av. and Bronx Park. Polak, 3d Av., cor. 174th St.

The most elegant two-family brick and stone houses ever built in New York; Clay Av., near 165th St., three blocks west of 3d Av.

John R. Doughty, City and Country Real Estate Appraiser, twenty years' experience, nominal fee, 150 Broadway.

Bronx—Sacrifice; 1, 2, and 3 family houses; must sell; near elevated station, trolleys, schools. Stricker, 3,050 3d Av., 156th St.

Real Estate.

Present Day Methods.

When the army of men employed in the construction of a building are controlled by a dozen different contractors, there is a chain that is liable to snap and retard subsequent proceedings.

By its present day method of making many "allied trades" a component part of its own organization, this Company has eliminated many weak links, and its building contracts go forward with Rapidity and Economy never before attained.

Comparative records are always accessible.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY, Building Construction, 51 Wall St., N. Y.

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For sale to investors at all times on New York City Real Estate, in amounts to suit. Every mortgage made doubly safe by a policy of title insurance issued by this company.

CAPITAL and SURPLUS $8,000,000
The Lawyers' Title Insurance Company of New York
37 Liberty St., Manhattan.
38 Court St., Brooklyn.

MONEY FOR BUILDING LOANS, MANHATTAN AND BRONX. JOHN SIMPSON, 249 BROADWAY.

Brooklyn Real Estate for Sale.

SNAP NO. 4, FLATBUSH, SACRIFICED AT COST TO BUILDER. PRICE, $9,000. It should bring $10,500. Terms, $1,000 Cash, Rest Mortgage. GREAT WIDE HALL IN CENTRE. BEAUTIFUL STAIR LANDING. A Perfect Colonial House, on Large Grounds. Every Room Large. Fine Living Room, with Open Fire Place; Parlor, Library, with Open Fire Place. 7 Bedchambers. Elegant Tiled Bath. The Grandeur of this House in Architecture, Interior arrangements, and Decorations will please the most fastidious. FINEST LOCATION HERE. Near 3 lines of Trolleys and "L" Station. 29 Minutes to Manhattan. STEAM HEATED, DETACHED. CAN BE SEEN Sunday or any day. W. H. GOLDEY, 791 FLATBUSH AVE.

FLATBUSH, $8,900. EASY TERMS IF DESIRED. Duplicate of this HOUSE SOLD FOR $10,000 last Fall; west of Ocean Av., CONVENIENT TO ELEVATED R. R., grounds 50x100, very HANDSOME NEW HOUSE, 11 rooms and TWO TILED BATHS; hardwood cabinet trim, parquet floors, lighted by electricity and gas, HEATED BY HOT WATER; superbly decorated. If you are looking for a fine house, INSPECT THIS. PHOTOGRAPH of house MAILED on request. Keys with C. S. OSBORN, 1,087 FLATBUSH AVENUE.

IDEAL DWELLING FOR SALE. Beautifully situated new cottage on 72d St., between Fort Hamilton Av. and 10th Av., Bay Ridge Park. All latest improvements; newly decorated; 10 rooms and bath; overlooking Manhattan Beach. Take 5th Av. "L" and Bay Ridge Av. car at 36th St. Apply Stewart, on premises.

Before buying or making loan on real estate have it appraised by expert appraiser; twenty years' experience; Bronx and Brooklyn a specialty; nominal fee. John R. Doughty, 150 Broadway, Manhattan.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Wanted tenement houses on lease or exchange; 2 apartments, 5-story, in any property. G Box 170 Times Office.

58th St., 46 West.—Fine large four-story dwelling; immediate possession; sale or exchange. Apply premises.

Free and clear, Long Island lots; fine location; equity, $3,000. What's offered? Polak, 4,030 3d Av.

80 choice lots near 165th St. and Jerome Av. for sale or exchange. Stone, 114 Liberty.

Real Estate Wanted.

ROOFS
Repaired, painted, and guaranteed three years. GRAFTON & SON, Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

Lot or lots in Bronx wanted in exchange for a $1,000 electric automobile. Gagnon, 230 Grand St., Room 45.

4-story cold water flats; 65th to 80th St. Arthur G. Muhlker, 83d St., Lexington Av.

Real Estate for Sale.

MORSEMERE
Presents more attractions than ever to those in quest of a suburban home. Fine houses, with plots 100x125 feet, for $6,500 upwards. Liberal terms and liberal treatment; every metropolitan improvement.
35 minutes from Chambers or 23d Street via Erie Railroad.
Send postal for full particulars.
Columbia Investment & Real Estate Co., No. 1,135 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Westchester Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

AT OSSINING, Westchester County.—A fine residence with one acre of land; all improvements; fine river view; terms liberal. Apply to THOS. LEARY, Ossining, N. Y.

White Plains.

PROSPECT HILL, White Plains.
Artistic house, 11 rooms, all improvements, open plumbing, steam heat, gas and electric fixtures, in one of the choicest locations of White Plains.
PLOT, 175x250 FEET.
NEW NETHERLAND REALTY CO., 503 Fifth Av., N. E. Cor. 42d St., New York City.

Yonkers.

Yonkers.—New 12-room house, all improvements; handsome interior; rent $800. Sell $12,500. Glenwood, Box 101 Times.

To Let for Business Purposes.

BUILDING TO LET.
25 East 15th St., opposite Tiffany's; store and basement of extra depth, 25x100; suitable for restaurant or mercantile business; rent reasonable.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

110 WALL ST.
Entire third floor to let for office purposes; spacious and bright room; rent, $650; immediate possession.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

LOFTS TO LET.
25 Union Square; third loft, 32.6x95; excellent light and air; possession March 1; rent reasonable.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

DESIRABLE OFFICES TO LET.
Rogers Building, 106 Wall St., corner of Front; light rooms, modern building; immediate possession; moderate rents.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

LOFTS TO LET.
161 Pearl St., 25x80; immediate possession; rent reasonable.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

FIRST LOFT TO LET.
66 Grand St., 25x90; excellent light; immediate possession.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

DESIRABLE OFFICES TO LET.
Hoyt Building, 44 Pine St.; suitable for bankers, brokers, and lawyers; rent reasonable.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

LOFTS TO LET.
37 Warren St., 25x85; immediate possession; reasonable rent.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

BUILDING TO LET.
113 Wall St.; immediate possession; rent reasonable.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

LOFTS TO LET.
37 Dey St.; immediate possession; rent reasonable. JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

BUILDING TO LET.
70 Pine St., excellent location; rent reasonable.
JOHN F. DOYLE & SONS, 45 William St.

125TH ST., NEAR LENOX.
4 story Building, two stores, from May 1, $2,000.
PORTER & CO., 150 West 125th St.

WINDSOR ARCADE,
5TH AV., 46TH TO 47TH STREETS.
A few choice offices to let on the second and third floors; elevator, steam heat, and electric lights.
E. A. CRUIKSHANK & CO., 141 Broadway.

PROMINENT CORNER, NO. 180 GRAND ST., CORNER MULBERRY.—TO RENT, LARGE STORE, ALL LIGHT, WITH OR WITHOUT POWER; STEAM HEATED; SIZE, 25X100. TUOTI & CO., NO. 264 BROADWAY. TEL. 060 CORT.

315 Greenwich St., Corner Reade St. Entire 5-story building to let; possession May 1st; rent reasonable. E. A. CRUIKSHANK & CO., 141 Broadway.

Largest, finest factory loft, west side; 15,000 feet; one floor; every modern improvement; 2 elevators, steam heat, power; immediate possession. Kleeman & Co., 139 Avenue D.

Corner loft, excellent north light, 22x100, 835 Broadway, corner 13th, $1,150; also attractive offices, north light, elevator, $12 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

WATER FRONT AND CORNER LOTS East 30th St.; also large lofts South St. Brookman estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Attractive offices, studios, 131 East 34th St.; elevator and heat; $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Offices and studios, 105 East 17th St.; steam heat; attendance; $15 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO. FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS. TEL. 6430—38 116 WEST 42D STREET.

To Let.—Offices in Leslie Building; best location in Harlem, 141 West 125th St. Apply Horton's, opposite.

A six-story and cellar fire-proof building about 25x116, 10 Gold St., to let. RULAND & WHITING CO., 5 Beekman St.

Building to suit tenant will be erected on Washington St. corner, in 9th Ward, on lot 65x71. RULAND & WHITING CO., 5 Beekman St.

Bulkhead and lots, 20th St. and East River, to lease. James Adam, 334 West 18th St.

Building, Fifth Av., west side, between 33d and 34th; alter to suit. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Real Estate for Sale—Queens.

BROADWAY STATION FLUSHING! 27 Minutes to Manhattan.

ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SECTIONS IN GREATER NEW YORK. MODERN ARTISTIC HOUSES, EIGHT TO ELEVEN ROOMS, NEAR STATION, ON BROAD MACADAMIZED AVENUES, SHADED BY BEAUTIFUL OLD TREES.

$3,800 to $5,500,

$500 CASH, $12.50 MONTHLY. (LESS THAN $30 MONTHLY COVERS EVERYTHING;) COMFORTABLE CARS; TRAINS EVERY HALF HOUR MORNING AND EVENING; COMMUTATION, $5.50 MONTHLY; TROLLEYS; CHURCHES, (ALL DENOMINATIONS,) SCHOOLS, STORES. INVESTIGATE.

Falkinburg Realty Co.,
BROADWAY STATION, FLUSHING.
Convenient trains leave E. 34th Street, Manhattan, Sundays—1, 2, 3, 4 P. M. Week days—11:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:50, 3:20 P. M.

Murray Hill Station, Flushing, L. I.—Greater New York's best residential section; modern detached houses; all improvements; 10 now ready; $4,000 to $7,500; easy terms. John Dayton & Co., Broadway and 14th St., Flushing L. I.

COTTAGES.
For sale; cash or easy terms; also for rent. PHILLIPS & TAYLOR, Myrtle and Jamaica Avs., Richmond Hill, L. I.

New Jersey Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

Corner of Avenue E and 31st St., Bayonne, N. J., 3 minutes' walk from 33d St. Station. Time by slow trains to New York 30 minutes. Size of property, 100x100; house modern frame, 14 rooms, all improvements; fine lawn, carriage house. Will sell or exchange on basis of $10,000, free and clear. Will pay brokerage of 2½%. Address Chas. M. Allen, P. O. Box 1,842, N. Y. City.

"MARLBORO PARK," MONTCLAIR, N. J. Several first-class, brand new, modern houses. Refined, healthful neighborhood, near "Park Street" (Erie) Station, school, etc. Prices, $7,500 to $10,000. Rents, $600 to $840. Illustrated booklet free. MONTCLAIR REALTY CO., 156 Watchung Av., Montclair.

RED BANK, FRONTING 1,200 FEET ON PROSPECT AV.
About 40 acres suitable for sub-division will be sold cheap at reasonable terms.
E. M. MICHAELIS, 203 Broadway.

ELBERON, N. J.—SITE FOR HOTEL and cottages. Eight acres. Norwood and Park Avenues. The main thoroughfares. Locality particularly desirable for first-class hotel. Beals, 134 Leonard St., New York.

Madison.—New, artistic modern residence; best location; 12 rooms; 2 bathrooms; hardwood finished; electric lights; city water; large plot; for sale, favorable terms. J. D. Condict, 34 Pine St.

To close estate, will sell 5 acres fine soil with water front, part timber, for $40, (only $8 per acre;) terms, $2 down, balance $1 weekly. Administrator, Box 168 Times Office.

Ridgewood.—Health resort of Northern New Jersey; farms, cottages, building sites; send for catalogue. Frank Stevens.

Atlantic Highlands to Long Branch.—Furnished cottages for rent. F. A. Morehouse, 128 Liberty St., New York.

Apartment Hotels.

THE ANSONIA
73d Street and Broadway.
THE PUBLIC RESTAURANT
NOW OPEN.
Special attention given to
THEATRE PARTIES
Meals served a la carte.
A special Table D'Hote dinner will be served every Sunday evening from 6 to 8:30 P. M., at $1.50.
G. E. WEBB, Manager.

HOTEL BELMONT.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
NEW APARTMENT HOTEL
NOW OPEN.
116-118 West 45th St.,
Between Broadway and 6th Av.
1, 2, 3 AND 5 ROOMS AND BATH.
All modern conveniences and appliances for comfort. Long distance telephone in every apartment. Mail chute each floor.
NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.
SPECIAL RATES TO OCT. 1ST.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

FERNLEIGH HALL
51 to 55 East 129th St.
Near Madison Avenue.
NEW MODERN APARTMENTS,
Consisting of 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath. Every Room Perfectly Lighted and Ventilated.
The most accessible apartment house in the city. Hardwood finish throughout. Electric light, telephone, all-night elevator and hall service. Rich decoration. Rents $35 to $47.50 per month. Booklet on application. Apply on premises.

HOMES ON MORNINGSIDE PARK
118-119th St., on Morningside Ave.
Convenient to "L" and Surface Road.
One 5-room apartment, $55; one six-room, $75, and one seven-room, $85. 40 and 50 Morningside Av.; all modern improvements; all-night elevator service. Well-furnished rooms for transient use by guests of tenants; restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte, in building. Agent on premises.

ENGLANDER COURT,
1,465-1,467-1,469 LEXINGTON AV.,
S. E. COR. 95TH STREET.
6 and 7 rooms and bath, with bay windows; elevator running day and night, uniform service, &c. The finest apartment house in New York City, with all the latest improvements; moderate rents. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

LA PARIS APARTMENT HOUSE,
290, 294 W. 12TH ST., NEAR 8TH AV.
New building; steam-heated apartments of 6 rooms and bath, with all the latest improvements; cabinet trim; telephone; office waiting room; janitor service. Rent very low, $35 to $45 per month. Apply on premises.
H. M. GREENBERG, OWNER.

93d St., 102 West.—All 7 rooms overlooking the Park; hallboys; marble hall staircases; steam heat; hot water, &c.; rent, $840. A. K. & R. T. Mackay, 6 Wall St.

Bachelor Apartments.—The Westerly, 101-107 West 54th St. exposed plumbing, electric light, steam; breakfast; valet; moderate rent. Wm. Henry Folsom, 24 East 23d St.

Attractive Apartment, 59 5th Av., 5th floor; 6 rooms, bath; rent, $60. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Elegant floor for business or private, from May 1; $70 per month. 20 East 33d St.

65th St., 8 West.—Six rooms, bath; steam, hot water; $25-$30; second and top flats.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

THE HANOVER,
2 East 15th St., corner 5th Av.
Furnished apartments to rent, consisting of parlor, bedroom, alcove, and bath; table, American plan; private service if desired; telephone service in apartments. D. P. HATHAWAY.

Handsomely furnished room and alcove, with bath, to sublet. Apply at office Hotel Arlington, 18 and 20 West 25th St., or by letter to D. S., same address.

109th St., 30 West.—Desirable outside flat, 4 rooms, with all improvements; nicely furnished; very reasonable. Reilly.

229 West 116th St.—Cozy five-room flat, bath, complete housekeeping; linen, silver; elevator "L." Baird.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

To rent in the Schermerhorn Block, 2[illegible] East 69th St. and 212 East 69th St., both 3-story modern high-stoop dwellings. Rents, $900 and $1,100. Firm L. J. Carpenter, 1,181 3d Av., nr. 68th St.

Modern three-story box-stoop residence, 307 West 108th St.; rent, $900. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

A.—Houses, furnished and unfurnished, in desirable locations; rents, $1,200 to $5,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

To Let—3-story house, 134 West 128th St.; good private neighborhood. Apply Morton's, 142 West 125th St.

Houses and Flats Wanted.

A physician, responsible tenant, desires to rent four-story house with extension, between 50th and 59th Sts., between Central Park West and Amsterdam Av.; state rent and particulars. Doctor, B Box 189 Times.

Country Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

For 30 years we have sold
COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY
Buyers get our free catalogue.
Owners, send us details of your property.
Phillips & Wells, 98K Tribune Building, N.Y.

For Sale.—An attractive country home at a great sacrifice; beautifully situated on shore of Wadsworth Lake; 5 acres pine grove, best of hunting and fishing; 10-room house; good stable and outbuildings. Address W. J. Boneham, Gilmour, Hastings Co., Ontario.

Berkshires.—Large brick mansion; modern improvements; cottage, farm house, ice house, barns, stock, tools; 600 acres; orchards; 1,000 feet elevation; magnificent views; cheap for cash. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

Hotel in Catskills.—1,500 feet elevation; 70 fully furnished rooms; modern improvements; spring water; 70 acres; fishing; for sale at ½ cost; suitable for sanitarium. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

Handsome country seat, hour out, worth $8,000, for $3,500; 12 rooms; furnace heat; terraced lawns, nice barn, orchard, garden, acre land; convenient trolley and station. Dacne & Richards, 45 East 42d St.

Southern California.—100-acre fruit ranch near Pasadena; orange and walnut trees in full bearing; complete artesian irrigating system; packing house; near three railroad stations. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

Country Seat.—Stone and brick mansion; elegantly decorated; conservatory; greenhouse; grapery; extensive grounds; large shade trees; fruit; garden; cottages; stable; sell for fraction of cost. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

We offer for sale farm and country residences in northern Westchester and Putnam Counties from the Hudson River to the Connecticut State line. Send for booklet. Strang & Wood, Savings Bank Building, Peekskill, N. Y.

Farm, 98 acres; 5 miles from station; 500 full-bearing pear and apple; mild climate; healthy; old age my reason for selling. J. D. Spring, Perrineville, Monmouth Co., N. J.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Corner property on square, near business centre; might exchange for property near this city. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

Pasadena, California.—House; 9 rooms and bath; all improvements; electric light; lot 60x235; fruit; flowers. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

For Sale—20 acres of finest fruit land in Northern California at a bargain. For particulars address C. G. David, 7 and 9 Waverley Place.

John R. Doughty, City and Country Real Estate Appraiser, twenty years' experience, nominal fee, 150 Broadway.

A farm catalogue, 1903, free; stock farms, dairy; fruit and poultry farms. F. Rowland, 171 Broadway.

For Sale.—In the Sullivan Mountains, houses and land. Mrs. William McLaughlin, Bridgetown, Nova Scotia.

Surrogate Notices.

BIDDLE, HARRIET S.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Mary A. Powell, Caroline A. Powell, Maria L. Denniston, Alexander F. Denniston, Robert F. Denniston, Oscar B. Denniston, Harriet A. Bowen, George Denniston, John A. Denniston, Mary L. Wardell, Mary D. Rogers, Catharine D. Hatcher, Harold F. Powell, Marion V. D. Powell, Elizabeth I. G. Powell, George E. Powell, Jr., William N. Raynor, Kate W. Snedecor, Napoleon Raynor, Maria L. Raynor, Harriet E. Raynor, Maria Denniston, Robert E. Denniston, (a nephew of Harriet S. Biddle, below named, deceased, whose residence is unknown;) Hans R. Denniston, (a nephew of Harriet S. Biddle, below named, deceased, whose residence is unknown,) and "Jane" Denniston, (a niece of Harriet S. Biddle, below named, deceased, the daughter of Richard T. Denniston, a deceased brother of Harriet Biddle, below named, deceased, whose name and residence are both unknown,) the name "Jane" being fictitious, her first name being unknown, the heirs and next of kin of Harriet S. Biddle, deceased, and to the unknown heirs at law and next of kin of the said HARRIET S. BIDDLE, deceased, if any there be whose names and places of residence are unknown, send greeting:

Therefore you and each of you are cited to ap- has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have two certain instruments in writing, one bearing date the 12th day of October, 1892, and one bearing date the 14th day of November, 1900, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament and codicil thereto of Harriet S. Biddle, late of the County of New York, deceased.

Therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office, in the County of New York, on the 24th day of March, one thousand nine hundred and three, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto [Seal.] affixed. Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 23d day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.
J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
PUTNEY, TWOMBLY & PUTNEY, Attorneys for petitioner, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
f5-1aw6wTh&m19.

HOEY, JOHN.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Mary Hoey, Dromas, County Monaghan, Ireland; Thomas Hoey, Dromas, County Monaghan, Ireland; Bridget Duffy, Ballyrush, County Monaghan, Ireland; Jane Murphy, Haggardstown, County Louth, Ireland; Mary McKevitt, Carrickrobin, County Louth, Ireland; Anne McKenna, Watertown, County Louth, Ireland; Thomas Gilmor, 17 East 27th St., New York; Frank Gilmor, 59th Street & Eighth Ave., New York; Jane Woods, 310 West 118th St., New York; Kate Byrnes, 1,308 Clark Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri; Hugh Gilmor, residence unknown; John Joseph Gilmor, Mullacrew, County Louth, Ireland; James Gilmor, Mullacrew, County Louth, Ireland; Mary Gilmor, Mullacrew, County Louth, Ireland; Peter Gilmor, Mullacrew, County Louth, Ireland, and to all persons interested in the estate of JOHN HOEY, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 17th day of March, 1903, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Ellen Herlihy Hoey, as administratrix of the goods, chattels, and credits, which were of John Hoey, deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceedings.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto af- [Seal.] fixed. Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 20th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.
J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
ja29-1aw6wTh

RICE, WILLIAM MARSH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, Surrogate of the County of New York, made on the 10th day of November, 1902, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM MARSH RICE, late of the City, County, and State of New York, deceased, to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the undersigned executors of the last will and testament of said William Marsh Rice, deceased, at 30 Broad Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, at the office of Messrs. Hornblower, Byrne, Miller & Potter, their attorneys, on or before the 1st day of June, 1903.—Dated New York, N. Y., the 13th day of November, 1902. WILLIAM MARSH RICE, Jr., JAMES A. BAKER, Jr., and JOHN D. BARTINE, Executors. HORNBLOWER, BYRNE, MILLER & POTTER, Office and Post Office Address, 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.
n13-1aw6mTh

Summonses.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff, against NATHAN C. BACKER, as Executor of the last will and testament of Jane Backer, deceased; Nathan C. Backer, Fannie B. Herman, Belle B. Schneider, Minnie L. Backer, Florence J. Backer, Addie L. Backer, Leon Backer and Edith S. Backer, his wife; Jonathan Backer, Samuel Eiseman, John Wanamaker, Louis V. Holzmaister, James G. Johnson, Thomas J. Colton and James M. Bingham, composing the firm of James G. Johnson and Company; William H. Claflin, Henry Woods, Samuel Johnson, William Endicott, Jr., Thomas Mack, Edward C. Johnson, Samuel P. Mandell, and George L. Lovett, composing the firm of C. F. Hovey and Company; James H. Dunham and Company, Robert A. Chesebrough, and Marcus Kronfeld, defendants.—The trial of this action desired in the County of New York.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, October 7th, 1902.
ANDREW HAMILTON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office address, No. 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the above-named defendant, Jonathan Backer:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Vernon M. Davis, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated and filed February 4th, 1903, with a copy of the complaint in this action in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York.

Dated New York, February 4th, 1903.
ANDREW HAMILTON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
f5-law6wTh

Legal Notices.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court of the State of New York, held in Part II. thereof, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 18th day of November, 1902.—Present, Hon. James Fitzgerald, Justice.—In the matter of the application for a voluntary dissolution of the THURINGIA AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

On reading and filing the affidavit of Henry G. Wiley, sworn to the 18th day of November, 1902, and the consent of Clarence W. Francis, Deputy Assistant Attorney General of the State of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, and on reading the order to show cause heretofore made, dated, entered, and filed in this proceeding in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 16th day of August, 1902, and the petition, affidavits, and schedules on file with said order, and

On motion of Underwood, Van Vorst & Hoyt, attorneys for the petitioners herein, it is

Ordered that the hearing before the referee designated in said order and directed to be held on the 18th day of November, 1902, at 2 o'clock P. M., be and the same is hereby adjourned to the 19th day of February, 1903, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the same place; and it is

Further ordered that the said order to show cause, entered and filed as aforesaid in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 16th day of August, 1902, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"At a Special Term, Part I., of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 16th day of August, 1902.—Present, Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, Justice.—In the matter of the application for a voluntary dissolution of the Thuringia American Fire Insurance Company.

On reading and filing the petition of Frederick G. Voss, Richard Delafield, Alexander H. Stephens, Norman Henderson, Philip Lehman, Carl Schefer, William J. Schieffelin, and William Lanman Bull, a majority of the Directors of the Thuringia American Fire Insurance Company, a corporation created under the laws of the State of New York, having its principal office located at No. 11 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and the schedules thereto annexed, duly verified by petitioners on July 2, July 3, and July 31, 1902, and the affidavit of Edwin C. Hoyt, sworn to August 7, 1902, and the affidavits of the petitioners thereto annexed;

On motion of Underwood, Van Vorst & Hoyt of counsel for the petitioners it is

Ordered that all persons interested in the said corporation show cause before Daniel O'Connell, Esq., who is hereby appointed referee for that purpose, at his office, No. 220 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 19th day of February, 1903, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day, why the said corporation should not be dissolved; and it is

Further ordered that a copy of this order be published at least once in each of the three weeks immediately preceding the said 19th day of February, 1903, in The Law Journal and The New York Times, newspapers published in the City of New York and County of New York, wherein this order is entered, and The Albany Evening Journal, a newspaper published in Albany; and it is

Further ordered that service of a copy of this order be made upon such persons holding policies of the Thuringia American Fire Insurance Company whose residences are unknown, as appears from the petition presented in support of this order, by depositing a copy of the order at least forty days before the time so appointed in the General Post Office of the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, inclosed in a post-paid wrapper, addressed to the persons to be served at the address or addresses of the property insured by the policy or policies held by him or her or them, as appears and stated in the schedules annexed to the petition presented in behalf of the application for this order.

Enter, J. F., J. S. C.
(A copy.)
[Seal.] THOS. L. HAMILTON, Clerk.
ja 21, 28, fe 4, 11, 18, 19

TO ALL CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS of THE SARGENT GRANITE COMPANY, the Attorney General of the State of New York, and whom it may concern.—New York Supreme Court, New York County.—PERCY RICH AND OTHERS against THE SARGENT GRANITE COMPANY.

In the matter of the final accounting of Peter B. Olney as receiver of the Sargent Granite Company.

Please take notice, that I have this day filed my final account as receiver of the Sargent Granite Company, with the vouchers therefor, and of all my proceedings as such receiver, under oath, and at the same time filed therewith my petition, praying that my said account be finally stated, and that I be discharged as such receiver; all in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in and for the County of New York, and that I shall present the same to the said court at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 16th day of March, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., or so soon thereafter as I may be heard, and thereupon move the court for an order, referring the matter to such person as may then be appointed by the court, to take and state my said account, and thereupon report to the court for its further order in the premises, and that a hearing may be had before the referee so appointed, at the time and place to be specified in such order.

Dated February 18, 1903.
Yours, &c.,
PETER B. OLNEY, Receiver.
GEORGE CARLTON COMSTOCK, Attorney for Receiver, No. 68 William Street, New York.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—LEWIS W. WRIGHT vs. CHARLES C. MEIGS. You will please take notice that pursuant to the terms of an order of the Supreme Court, held in and for the County of New York, on the 4th day of February, 1903, made in the above-entitled action, you and each of you who are creditors of the copartnership of "Wright & Meigs," formerly doing business at No. 148 Beekman Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, State of New York, are required to present your respective claims, accounts, and demands, duly proven by affidavit in the usual form, to the undersigned referee, at his office, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 5th day of August, 1903, otherwise you may be excluded from any dividend which may be paid by the receivers of said firm out of the assets in their hands.—Dated New York, Feby. 4th, 1903. W. BENTON CRISP, Referee, 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
f5-1aw6mTh&aub

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of the LITHOGRAPHERS' ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES to change the name to "Lithographers' Association (East.)"

Notice.—The petition of the Lithographers' Association of the United States, a domestic corporation organized under the membership corporations law, to change its name to "Lithographers' Association (East.)" and for such other relief as may be proper, will be presented to the Supreme Court at Special Term, Part One, to be held in the County Court House, in New York County, on April 2, 1903, at the opening of court on that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.—Dated New York, February 16, 1903.
SMITH & MARTIN,
Attorneys for the Petitioner,
25 Broad St., New York, N. Y.

Bankruptcy Notices.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of BAILEY RESTAURANT COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of this court, the property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of four quick-lunch restaurants, with complete restaurant equipments, tables, chairs, crockery, glassware, and kitchen utensils, together with the good-will of each of the said restaurants heretofore conducted by said bankrupt, at Nos. 194, 480, and 542 Broadway, and No. 5 Hanover Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and the right, title, and interest of said bankrupt in the lease of each of the premises aforesaid, will be sold as follows:

Sealed bids may be submitted for said property to Edward G. Benedict, Receiver, at his office, No. 68 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 21st day of February, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon, at which time and place they will be opened by the said receiver.

Said property may be inspected at any time. Said business is now being conducted by the receiver, and will be sold as going concerns. The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Bids for each restaurant or for all four together will be considered.

If the receiver shall reject all bids, then said property will be sold at public auction on February 24th, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, by Charles Shongood, Esq., United States Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, and that publication of such sale will be made two days prior in "The New York Times."

By order of
EDWARD G. BENEDICT, Esq., Receiver.
STERN, SINGER & BARR, Attorneys for the Receiver, 309 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM GAMS, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an order of this court, the property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of groceries and fixtures, is offered for sale. Sealed bids for said property may be submitted to Robert C. Ten Eyck, receiver, at his office, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before Feb. 21st, 1903, at 12 M., at which time they will be opened by him. All bids shall be accompanied by a certified check or cash for 10 per cent. of the amount bid. The property may be inspected on the premises, 2,300 Second Av., on Feb. 19 and 20, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. Should the receiver reject all bids the entire assets will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, on Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 2,300 Second Av.
ROBT. C. TEN EYCK, Receiver.
HENRY LESSER, Atty. for Receiver, 320 B'way.

Surrogate Notices.

BOOTH, JOSEPH A.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated December 3d, 1902, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH A. BOOTH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Lockwood & Hill, No. 115 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of June next. Dated New York, the 10th day of December, 1902. ROBERT S. MITCHELL, Executor. LOCKWOOD & HILL, Attorneys for Executor, 115 Broadway, New York City.
d11-law6mTh

Referees' Notices.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EDWARD A. PRICE, as executor, and CAROLINE M. BUTTERFIELD, as executrix, &c., plaintiffs, against ROBERT L. GILBERT, FRANK W. GILBERT, HENRIETTA GEISSMAN, and others, defendants.

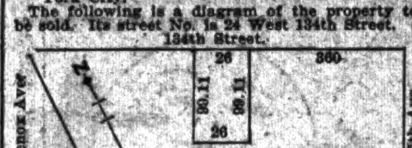
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 9th day of February, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of March, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by James L. Wells, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street, distant three hundred and sixty feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street with the westerly side of Fifth Avenue; running thence southerly and parallel with Fifth Avenue, and part of the distance through the centre of a party wall standing partly on the lot hereby conveyed and partly on the lot adjoining on the easterly side thereof, ninety-nine feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block between One Hundred and Thirty-third and One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Streets; running thence westerly along said centre line twenty-six feet; thence northerly and parallel with Fifth Avenue, and part of the way through the centre of a party wall standing partly on the land hereby conveyed and partly on that adjoining on the west, ninety-nine feet eleven inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street twenty-six feet to the point or place of beginning, said property being now known as No. 24 West 134th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, February 14th, 1903.
MATT H. ELLIS, Referee.
JAS. W. & CHAS. J. McDERMOTT, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 155 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street No. is 24 West 134th Street.

134th Street.



133d Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $20,838.88, with interest thereon from the 9th day of February, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $428.36, with interest thereon from the 9th day of February, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $457.48 and interest.

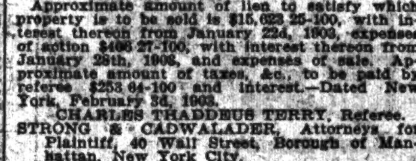
Dated New York, 14th day of February, 1903.
MATT H. ELLIS, Referee.
f16-2aw3wM&Th&m10

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JANE B. OOTHOUT, plaintiff, against LENA HOGENCAMP and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 28th day of January, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of February, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John N. Golding, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street and the easterly side of Brook Avenue; running thence easterly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street, sixty-five (65) feet and thirty-one hundredths of a foot to the westerly line of lot No. 18 on map entitled "Map of the Village of Morrisania," &c., made by Andrew Findlay August 10th, 1848; thence northerly on a line drawn at right angles to One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street and along the westerly line of Lot Number Eighteen aforesaid twenty-seven (27) feet and fifty hundredths of a foot to a point opposite the centre of a party wall; thence westerly parallel with said One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street, and part of the distance through said party wall seventy-five (75) feet and seven hundredths of a foot, to the easterly side of Brook Avenue aforesaid, and thence southerly along the easterly side or line of Brook Avenue twenty-nine (29) feet and eighteen hundredths of a foot to the point or place of beginning. Being a portion of the same premises which were conveyed to the party of the first part by Matthew Coogan and wife by deed dated February 2, 1897, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, February 3, 1897, in Block Series (Conveyances) Section 9, Liber 21, Page 465, and indexed under Block Number 2,386 on the Land Map of the City of New York.

Diagram of said property. Street No. 986 Brook Avenue.



164th Street.

Approximate amount of lien to satisfy which property is to be sold is $15,023 25-100, with interest thereon from January 22d, 1903, expenses of action $405 27-100, with interest thereon from January 28th, 1903, and expenses of sale. Approximate amount of taxes, &c., to be paid by referee $253 64-100 and interest.—Dated New York, February 3d, 1903.
CHARLES THADDEUS TERRY, Referee.
STRONG & CADWALADER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
fe5-2aw3wTh&M&fe26

NO. 42 WEST 133RD STREET, BOROUGH OF Manhattan.—New York Supreme Court, County of New York.—MARY A. CHISOLM, plaintiff, against JOHN E. O'BRIEN, et al., defendants.—In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 9th day of February, 1903, I, the undersigned referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, the 9th day of March, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by L. J. Phillips & Co., auctioneers, the premises described in said judgment as follows:

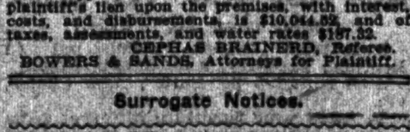
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, and which is bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-third Street, distant five hundred and three (503) feet nine (9) inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Fifth Avenue with the southerly line of One Hundred and Thirty-third Street; running thence easterly and along said southerly line of One Hundred and Thirty-third Street eighteen (18) feet nine (9) inches; thence southerly and parallel with Fifth Avenue ninety-nine (99) feet eleven (11) inches, to the centre line of the block between One Hundred and Thirty-second and One Hundred and Thirty-third Streets; thence westerly and parallel with One Hundred and Thirty-third Street eighteen (18) feet nine (9) inches; thence northerly and again parallel with Fifth Avenue ninety-nine (99) feet eleven (11) inches, to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, February 11th, 1903.
CEPHAS BRAINERD, Referee.
BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property referred to in the foregoing notice of sale:

133rd St.



The approximate aggregate amount of the plaintiff's lien upon the premises, with interest, costs, and disbursements, is $10,044.82, and of taxes, assessments, and water rates $187.32.
CEPHAS BRAINERD, Referee.
BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Surrogate Notices.

BUNZL, REGINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against REGINE BUNZL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 128 Water Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the sixth day of March, 1903, next.—Dated New York, the 4th day of September, 1902.
GUSTAV BUNZL, ERNEST BUNZL, Executors.
JOHN C. COLEMAN, Attorney for Executors, 160 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y.

REMINGTON, ROBERT R.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Robert R. Remington, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, No. 346 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of April, 1903.
MARIA H. REMINGTON, Executrix.
HARMON & MATHEWSON, Attorneys for Executrix, 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
Dated New York, Sept. 22, 1902.

SWARTZ, LAWRENCE.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LAWRENCE SWARTZ, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, viz., the office of Philbin, Beekman & Menken, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of June next.—Dated New York, the 4th day of December, 1902.
LESTER J. SAUL, Executor.
PHILBIN, BEEKMAN & MENKEN, Attorneys for the Executor, 111 Broadway, New York City.

Pianos and Organs.

WATERS PIANOS

To our complete stock of WATERS PIANOS we have added the beautiful new CHESTER PIANO, the "best low-priced piano in the world," and FULLY WARRANTED FOR SIX YEARS. Price

$170

Cash, or $190 on instalments; only

$5 PER MONTH.
No Extra Charge for Interest.
Stool, cover, tuning and delivery free.
HORACE WATERS & CO.,
134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St.
Harlem Branch (Open Evenings),
254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

PEASE PIANOS
are built for PARTICULAR people. For 58 years an instrument of the highest class; 68,600 in use. Write for 1903 catalogue and special payment plan. Bargains in used pianos, $100 up. Renting, exchanging.
128 WEST 42D ST., {bet. Broadway and 6th Av.} New York.

JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
23 EAST 14TH ST.
Beautiful, dainty Baby Grands of highest merit. Colonial, Renaissance, and Baby Uprights, with or without our wonderful transposing key-board. Several Steinway and Chickering pianos at bargain prices.

STURZ PIANOS.
Sold on easy terms direct from
FACTORY WAREROOMS
AT 142 LINCOLN AVE.
134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS.
A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free.
HATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO.
EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1045—38th.
1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 103 East 14th St.

Used Uprights, $45, $85, $95; Chickering, Weber, other great bargains. Biddle's, 8 West 125th.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 487 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

Auction Sales.

PEREMPTORY SALE
at
287 Columbus Avenue,
Beginning Saturday evening, February 21st, 8:15 o'clock, continuing Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday evenings same hour,
The Entire Stock
of
Mr. Fontaine, Established 15 Years,
consisting of valuable framed and unframed
Oil Paintings, Water Colors, &c.
Exhibition Friday, February 20th.
C. W. TOBOLDT, Auctioneer.
33 and 35 Liberty Street.

Purchase and Exchange.

THE ANTIQUE FURNITURE EXCHANGE, 158 West 34th, near 7th Av.—The ideal shop for lovers of antiques and seekers after bargains in odd pieces less than 1-3 value. We buy, sell, exchange.

Century Dictionary Sets and other Books bought for cash; call free at your residence. Malkan, 1 William St., City.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 207 8th Av.

Don't sell your household effects, antiques, pianos, &c., before you see me. Nathan, 209 East 125th St.

Furniture and contents of flats and houses, merchandise, fixtures, and stocks bought for cash. 302 West 21st St.

Contents of houses, flats, and hotels; full value paid. Warwick, 408 8th Av. Tel. 3567 38th.

Bankruptcy Notices.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MOSES EIRON and MORRIS COHEN, composing the firm of EIRON & COHEN, bankrupts.—No. 5,391.—Notice of sale at auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts will be sold under the direction of Jesse Watson, Esq., the Trustee, at public auction by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at No. 113 Leonard Street, in the City of New York, on the 26th day of February, 1903, at 12 o'clock M. of said day; a general description of said property is as follows: A lot of underwear, hosiery, linen shirts, collars, cuffs, &c.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of appraised value.

Dated February 11th, 1903.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
No. 71 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
ALEXANDER A. TAUSKY, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM C. ROOT, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Root, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 16th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George B. Adams, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 2d, 1903, at 9:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, February 18th, 1903.

NO. 5,625.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL SCHENKEIN, Bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Samuel Schenkein of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of January, A. D. 1903, the said Samuel Schenkein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 63 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1903, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE,
Feb. 17th, 1903. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL A. ROBINSON, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel A. Robinson, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 21st, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George B. Adams, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 2d, 1903, at 9:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, February 18th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—JACOB GOLDGRABER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Goldgraber, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 5th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George B. Adams, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 2d, 1903, at 9:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, February 18th, 1903.

Hotels and Restaurants.

Hotel Somerset,
150 West 47th St.
NEW. FIREPROOF.
Exclusive and Quiet.
Apartments furnished or unfurnished by the year or for short term. References required. Book and plans mailed. Restaurant a la carte and table d'hote. Inspection invited.

UNFURNISHED.	Per Month.
1 Room and Bath	$37.50 up.
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M. FRANK MEEHAN, Manager.
Telephone 4,006—38th.

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102 East 15th. Family House; reopens March 1st. Suites, $40-$200 monthly; transients, $1 daily upward.

Boarders Wanted.

1—Attractive suites, single rooms, with or without board; references. Leland Board Directory, 2 West 33d St.

17th St., 116 East.—Second-story hall room; comfortably furnished; heated; exceptionally clean house; good table.

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115, 117, 119 EAST 34TH, THE NAYLOR.
Newly furnished double and single rooms; two-room suite; private bath; parlor dining room; telephone; table boarders.

At 465 Lexington Av., 45th St., large rooms; separate tables; excellent cuisine; telephone.

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Wanted—Two rooms and board on upper west side, eighties or nineties, in private family, by mother and bachelor son; highest references. Address Permanent, Box O 198 N. Y. Times.

Country Board.

East Orange.—With refined private family; house all modern improvements; fine grounds and trees; telephone; close to Erie station; REFERENCES REQUIRED. Call, by appointment only, 28 Brighton Av.

A select home boarding-house; 30 minutes from New York; newly decorated and furnished throughout. 58 Lamartine Av., Yonkers, N. Y. Tel. 1,141o.

Furnished rooms and board in select private family, 16 Halsted St., East Orange, near Brick Church Station, D., L. & W. R. R.

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32d St., 220 East.—Cheerful, homelike, furnished room; all conveniences; private family; references.

48th St., 134 West.—Nicely furnished large, warm room for gentlemen or refined couple; references.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites call on Earle A. Kaake, 1,183 Broadway.

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Loans.

CASH
IN ANY AMOUNT
advanced without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character.
Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c.
Business Confidential.
Lowest Possible Rate.
John Mulholland,
FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK.
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5 & 7 EAST 42D ST.,
125TH ST. & PARK AV., } NEW YORK.
44 COURT ST.,
84 BROADWAY, } BROOKLYN.
APPLY MOST CONVENIENT OFFICE.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $500,000.
MONEY loaned in any amount to business and high-class private people.
Largest Concern of Its Kind in the U. S.
HIGHEST BANK REFERENCES.
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LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE on their plain note; no mortgage; no indorser; no one need know; much easier terms; lower rates. WOODWORTH, Room 1,119, Park Row Building.

SALARIES
Liberal Advances on Salary, Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 704.

For Sale.

YOKOHAMA LETTER COPYING BOOKS.
Genuine hand-made Japanese Silk Fibre Paper. Perfect copy of typewritten letters guaranteed. 500 pages, $1.25; 700 pa., $1.75; 1,000 pa., $2.35.
RYON STATIONERY CO.
New York Agents, 55 Walker Street.

DESKS, PARTITIONS, RAILINGS.
LOWEST PRICES. PAYMENTS TO SUIT.
Full line office and store fixtures; fixtures bought and sold. EMPIRE FIXTURE CO., 454 Broadway.

DESKS new and second hand; all styles; office and store fixtures; bought, sold, exchanged, repaired. Glen & O'Connor, 47-49 Centre St.

SAFES —New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged, and repaired.
J. M. HOSSMAN,
72 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1423 John.

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238 Broadway, Park Place. Tel. 1,573 Cort.
Machines RENTED by day, week or month.

DON'T RENT A TYPEWRITER! BUY A LAMBERT, **$20.00**
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TYPEWRITERS SOLD $1 WEEKLY.
All makes at 56 Warren St., NY; 360 Fulton St., B'klyn.

Typewriters rented, $3 up; ribbons free; expert repairing. Tel. 5906 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 203 Broadway.

Typewriter Headquarters, 332 Broadway.—Call up 3195 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Dogs and Birds.

Bird Headquarters.—Canaries, Belgians, green Belgians, Manchester coppies, lizard, Scotch fancy, selected goldfinches, greenfinches, bullfinches, linnet, yellow hammer, for breeding purposes. 224 8th Av.

Angora cats, all colors; several fine stud cats; a King Charles in stud; fancy finches; Albino paraquets. Schrader, 98 4th Av.

Canine Department, New York Veterinary Hospital, 117 W. 25th St. 'Phone, 1825—Madison Sq.

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Billiard and Pool Tables, solidly made; high-grade goods. Lightning, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1860, 105 East 9th St.

Machinery.

Backus gas engines if you want best and easiest to operate. Warren H. Jeffers, 373 Canal St.

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Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 3 Maiden Lane.

Last year The New York Times carried 5,000,000 lines of advertising.

Instruction.

For Boys and Young Men—City and Country.

WEST SIDE SCHOOL.
(FORMERLY RUGBY MILITARY ACADEMY.)
New management, increased facilities. Second half year opens Feby. 1.
Gives Attention to the Individual Boy.
Primary to College, Gymnasium. Excursions a feature.
Address LITTLE and BEEMAN.
Tel., 1260—Riverside. 2221 Broadway, 79th St.

BOYS! No More Broken Voices! Voice Culture for Speech and Song. John J. Dawson, Pd.D., 124 Lexington Av., N. Y.

Musical.

HENRY LOREN CLEMENTS,
VOICE CULTURE, 3 East 14th Street, New York. Would be pleased to meet by appointment, free of charge, any one wishing to learn his system.

Piano instruction! Get the best! Trial free. 69 West 22d St., Room 7. Gentleman teacher.

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"Half-Time" Waltz and Two-Step our Specialties; 3,000 Pupils taught to Dance last season at REMEY'S DANCING ACADEMY, 915-917-919 EIGHTH AV., (54th.)—Class and private instruction, afternoon and evening; also Sundays; 4 class lessons, $1; 2, $5, (first lessons private) FREE, individual instruction. Classes now forming. Beginners at any time.

All the following dances guaranteed for $5, viz: Waltz, Two-Step, Schottische, Polka, Lancers, and Waltz-Quadrille, in 5 strictly private and 5 class lessons. Private lessons given any hour of day or evening, without appointment, in a separate hall. Lady and gentleman assistants. Receptions Saturday and Sunday evenings. Send for circulars.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—If you wish to learn to waltz and two-step gracefully and quickly attend
HOWE'S PRIVATE DANCING SCHOOL.
WALTZ. WALTZ.
Harvard Building, 729 6th Av., between 41st and 42d Sts. We positively guarantee to teach adults the perfect glide waltz, "half-time," and two-step in six private lessons, with music, for $5. You can take one, two, or more lessons per week any day at any hour, morning, afternoon, or evening, without an appointment. We teach each pupil personally and individually in separate rooms, and promise no one will see you practice. Private lessons evenings. Mr. and Mrs. Howe.

HARVARD ACADEMY,
136 and 138 West 23d St.
Ed J. Finnegan, Director.
The leading dancing academy of all New York. Accessible, attractive, spacious, popular, and always the best patronized. Extensive alterations and improvements have just been completed, greatly enlarging the floor space and increasing the comfort and convenience of our pupils. Glide and half-time waltzes taught.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—To all persons who have failed to learn the waltz by teachers who guarantee in 6 private lessons, should they call at my Academy any hour after 10 A. M., will show cause of their failure free of charge; circulars. Forst, 1,536 3d Av., near 87th St.

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An established successful retail business for sale, consisting of picture frames and fixtures, stationery, toys, and artists' materials; ill health cause of selling; net profits about $5,000 yearly; price, $5,000. SLOANE & CO., 309 Columbus Av., near 72d St.

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS WILL EARN YOU $360.00 Cash dividends in one year. You can borrow on the stock, if necessary. It has merits superior to ordinary investments. For full particulars address: Trevor Lewis, Box 709, (Post Office,) New York.

An old established business desires the services of a gentleman of character and financial standing to take an active part in its management. Address Manufacturing, U. Box 142 New York Times.

SPLENDID opening for energetic, intelligent man having ability to interest investors in a high class investment security; dividend for 1903 guaranteed; liberal commission paid; references required. Room 65, 6 Wall Street.

ESTABLISHED DRUG BUSINESS, village of 3,200; will go at a bargain; also GENERAL COUNTRY STORE, with good buildings; fine opening. Address W. Parker Smith, Spring Valley, N. Y.

INFORMATION ABOUT CORPORATIONS. Business Corporations, their organization, incorporation, and procedure. Send for our new list of corporation books, blanks, and material. The Ronald Press, 170 Broadway.

About ¼ stock of a prosperous manufacturing corporation, paying 25%, permanent position, with good salary, for purchaser; $10,000 required; investigate. De Groot & Kenyon, 745 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

$5,000—Attention, hotel keepers, one of the best prominent corner cafes, quick lunch room, down town; long lease; cheap rent; cash; no agents. After 1, Schneider, 234 East 21st St.

AUTOMOBILE Leather and Silk Coats made to any design; capital wanted. AUTOMOBILE COATS, D Box 189 Times Office.

Help Wanted—Females.

Stenographers.—Competent ones, who have passed our examination, can be sent you on application; no expense to either party.
Remington Typewriter Co.,
327 Broadway. Telephone, 4,444—Franklin.

Help Wanted—Males.

A concern doing $15,000,000 business annually desires four active intelligent young men as representatives in Greater New York; rapid promotion and increased salary upon proof of merit. Address D., Box 200 Times Office.

Experienced installment canvassers of neat appearance for new proposition; Catholics preferred. O. Hammer, 36 and 38 Barclay St.

Manager and buyer wanted for men's clothing; thoroughly experienced man required; good salary; location, California. Address Buyer, Box 275 530 6th Av.

Salesman wanted with established coffee trade between Albany and Buffalo; good opening for right man. Address Syracuse, Box 275, 530 6th Av.

Stenographers.—Competent ones, who have passed our examination, can be sent you on application; no expense to either party.
Remington Typewriter Co.,
327 Broadway. Telephone, 4,444—Franklin.

Wanted—Experienced compiler on bankers' directory; must write a good hand, be quick, accurate, and know how to prepare clear copy for the printer; state where last employed and give references. Address Publisher, Post Office Box 557, New York City.

Wanted—Boy, about 15 years, in office of diamond importer; must be bright, good penman, and accurate at figures; none but those able to furnish unexceptional references as to character need apply. Address Importers, Box 132 Downtown Times.

Wanted—Boy in office of manufacturing firm. Address in own handwriting, stating experience, age, and residence, "Manufacturer," Box 141 Times Office.

Wanted—Competent railroad machinists and boilermakers for out of town; good wages. Apply between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. to Geo. H. Thomas, 31 Coenties Slip, one flight up.

Wanted—Men to England, $7; Germany, $10; also free transportation, return passage. Main office, 115 1st St.

Wanted—Intelligent office boy. Box K 141 Times Office.

Professional Situations Wanted—Females.

Companion, &c.—By highly recommended companion, governess; most successful French teacher, perfect German; excellent traveler, packer, sewer, desires position requiring faithfulness and ability. Mademoiselle, 100 West 64th St.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Cooks.

Cook.—By a first-class cook in all branches; private family; city or country; city references. 100 West 51st St., top floor.

Dressmakers.

Dressmaker desires engagements out by day; stylish work; good fitter. Mrs. Holmes, 159 West 130th St.

Housekeepers.

A refined woman, (30,) with boy, (8,) seeks position, housekeeper; willing to work or take charge of house or apartments; can furnish very best New York City references. Address Mrs. Frye, Ossining, N. Y.

Miscellaneous.

All kinds fine lace mending; curtains a specialty; home or out. Mme. Beddeau, 45 West 19th St.

Basketry—coiled and woven—taught; home or out; parlor talks, demonstrations. Mme. Handee, 40 West 19th St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Bookkeepers.

Bookkeeper and Cashier.—Thoroughly experienced with large corporations; competent, reliable, and accurate. Mack, Room 66, 80 Broadway.

Butlers.

Butler—Second Man.—Together; Swiss; age 40; wages, $35; Englishman, age, 18; wages, $25; good references. Warmald, 247 East 57th St.

DOG BITES NINE PERSONS

Big Newfoundland Spreads Terror Down Town.

Killed with Revolvers After Exciting Chase—Some of the Wounded Treated at Pasteur Institute.

A mongrel, dirty, black-and-white Newfoundland dog, weighing 90 pounds and presenting none of the acute symptoms of rabies, as it was sleek and fat, ran amuck in the dry goods district just before 8 A. M. yesterday, went down town to Cortlandt Street, pursued by a shouting, excited mob, then took Broadway, and before it was killed in Spring Street, near Mulberry Street, it had bitten six persons, who are made subject to police record, and if police records are accurate, three more, whose names were not obtained.

Prompt action was taken at the Pasteur Institute, in West Twenty-third Street, to determine if the dog had rabies. An autopsy was performed, and rabbits were inoculated with spinal marrow taken from the base of the animal's brain. Definite results cannot be expected from this test until early next month. The official record of those bitten by the dog follows:

CLARK, A. D., 35 years old, 1,144 Fortieth Street, Brooklyn; right arm slightly bitten below elbow; treated at the Hudson Street Hospital and at the Pasteur Institute.

DURANDO, FRANK, 47 years old, a butcher of 42 Baxter Street; severely bitten on the right hand; cared for by a private physician.

IDENHOFER, CHRISTIAN, 32 years old, of 423 East Twenty-sixth Street; bitten on the right forearm, not severe; treated at the Hudson Street Hospital and at the Pasteur Institute.

McGUIRE, ROBERT J., policeman attached to the Leonard Street squad; severely bitten on the face, left of the nose; treated at the Hudson Street Hospital and at the Pasteur Institute and placed on the sick list.

PIZARELLI, ALPHONSE, 42 years old, of 401 Canal Street; slight abrasion of the right forearm; treated by a Hudson Street Hospital ambulance surgeon and at the Pasteur Institute.

TREFFZ, CHARLES, 67 years old, of 303 Fifth Street; left hand severely bitten; treated at the Hudson Street Hospital and at the Pasteur Institute.

Three Italians, names not obtained by the police, said to have been bitten more or less seriously in Mulberry Street, between Grand and Broome Streets. No record was obtained of their visiting a hospital or consulting a physician.

Where the beast came from, to whom it belonged, and what started it on its wild career was not ascertained, but it was said that it came from the colony of vagrant curs that infest the "Farm," as the pier front of the North River is called. Policeman McGuire, its first victim and the most seriously injured of the nine men reported to have been bitten, was at 7:45 A. M. in front of 407 Hudson Street, when, hearing an approaching hubbub of yells, shouts, and cries of "mad dog!" he saw the huge, panting beast coming toward him in Hudson Street, heading for Chambers Street, followed by a trailing crowd of two-score excited men and boys.

McGuire, instead of drawing and using his revolver, ran to intercept the dog and planned to hit it with his billy. He missed the dog, which by a swift and vicious side spring jumped at his face and sank its teeth into the policeman's cheek, lacerating it. McGuire tried to follow, but he was dazed by the suddenness of the attack on him, and instead of trailing after the crowd went to the Hudson Street Hospital. After he had been treated by Dr. Edward Riggins, he took the physician's advice and went to the Pasteur Institute, and then, after reporting as disabled, to his home, 53 Hudson Street.

Accounts vary as to the course taken by the chased dog and the crowd after the policeman had been bitten, as it was in Duane Street, West Broadway, White Street, and Leonard Street before it again took West Broadway and went south to Fulton Street. It was about 8 o'clock, in front of 191 Fulton Street, that Pizarelli came in its way, and the man, after being treated at the Hudson Street Hospital, went to the Pasteur Institute. Meanwhile the dog had reached Cortlandt Street, turned east to Broadway, and taken that thoroughfare for a run up town. It was the hour for busy people intent on getting to employment and not to indulge in dog hunting, so that the chasing party was not much increased, and the pursued animal raced from one side of the street to the other bewildered by the throng, the cars, and the vehicles, and snapping at every one that it passed.

No one was bitten until Murray Street was reached. Here Treffz, going from Murray Street toward the City Hall Park, unconscious of peril, was bitten in the hand. A few moments later, at Chambers Street, Idenhofer, hearing a shout, turned and saw the dog springing on him, and his right arm, which he used to ward off the brute, was bitten. Clark and Durando were bitten at Leonard Street. Durando very pluckily joined in the chase in spite of a lacerated hand, and at Franklin Street the dog was headed off, and it turned east to Centre Street and ran to Grand Street, to turn east, and then into Mulberry Street. Here Policeman Flanders should have dispatched it. He fired twice at it, and one shot partly stunned it and rolled it over, but it got on its feet again and continued north as if invigorated by the pistol bullet. Flanders asserts that between Grand and Spring Streets the dog bit three Italians, who hurried away, and he obtained no record of them for the police blotter.

At Spring Street the dog's energy appeared to flag, and, being headed off, it turned into Spring Street, where Frank Cavanagh, a special duty man of the Eleventh Precinct, used his revolver with such effect as to stop the animal, and Policeman Flanders, runing up, aided him in killing it. The body of the dog was put in a patrol wagon and taken to the Pasteur Institute.

At the Pasteur Institute Pizarelli, Idenhofer, Clark, Treffz, and Officer McGuire were given the Pasteur treatment in cases of suspected rabies by Dr. Georges Rambaud. This consisted of injections on each side between the hips and the ribs. Dr. Rambaud then made a post-mortem examination of the dog. He said that in the cases of Clark, Idenhofer, and Pizarelli it was unlikely even if the dog had rabies that they would develop the disease, and the bites which caused skin abrasions and slight muscular injury were through thick Winter clothing.

MULE BAFFLED POLICE SQUAD.

Had to be Pried, Jerked, and Slid to Stables After Wagon Had Been Unhitched.

Had Policeman McInerney of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station known what trouble he was making for himself he might not have been quite so ready to arrest Edward Murphy, twenty-eight years old, of 313 East Thirty-fifth Street, driver of a snow cart, when he saw him dump a load in the street at Avenue A and Sixty-fourth Street, yesterday afternoon. Murphy pleaded that the mule balked and he had only dropped the load in the hope of inducing the beast to move. It worked then, too, for the animal made no objection to taking his master to jail and trotted along quite contentedly with the policeman and the prisoner in the cart.

Murphy was locked in a cell and McInerney was ordered to take the equipage to the Yorkville Stables, in First Avenue, two blocks away. The mule, however, wouldn't move, in spite of all coaxing and threats. Policeman Rheinish was detailed to help, but without result, and the entire reserves were then ordered out. They pushed the cart and pulled the mule, but it was no use. All their exertions hardly moved the outfit a foot, while the big ears wagged derisively at each fresh attempt.

They gave it up, and Sergt. Lehr told McInerney that he had brought the mule in and he must take him away somehow. Rheinish helped, and they went to work encouraged by the suggestions and plaudits of a throng of spectators. First they unharnessed the cart and rolled it away, lightening their labor by that much, and then by prying and jerking and shoving they moved the creature inch by inch on to a stretch of asphalt, where the snow was gone, leaving the glittering ice. Fortunately for them, the mule was not sharp shod, and he slid. Keeping away from his heels and keeping the animal on the slipperiest part, they worked him to Third Avenue, a few doors away. It was easier then to slide him down the steep incline to Second Avenue. Another struggle on the next level block followed, and at last the two men, dripping with perspiration despite the cold, and panting from their labors, touched their helmets before the Sergeant's desk and reported, "Done, Sir!"

"Sergeant, can't we hire a horse to pull the cart over?" asked McInerney. "It's heavy."

Lehr took down the regulations and pored over several pages.

"No," he said, "you can't do it. There's no appropriation or provision for any such proceeding. You'll have to get it there yourselves."

So McInerny got between the shafts in the place of the beast he had freed, while Rheinish pushed behind, and the neighbors witnessed another diverting spectacle.

BRIDGE FOR BATTERY PARK.

An Ornate Structure Planned by the Manhattan Railway Company.

The Manhattan Railway Company has completed a plan for a beautiful bridge which it says it proposes to substitute for the present unsightly structure carrying its lines across Battery Park, if the company's holding in the park shall be legalized as suggested in the joint letter of Park Commissioner Willcox and Corporation Counsel Rives, which was sent to the Mayor on Tuesday. The Mayor is considering this plan, which has been submitted to him in connection with the letter, but as yet he has not expressed any opinion on the matter.

According to the plan, this structure is to be much more ornate than any other part of the elevated road. Where the lines enter the park are to be massive piers of masonry, and the pillars that set in the park are to be of stone and of the Conrinthian order. They will be thirty-five feet apart, and will be joined by iron girders, arched and fancy in design, but not so heavy as to obstruct the light in the park below as the present structure does. The terminal near the ferry is to be of masonry, corresponding to the piers at the other side of the park.

HYPNOTISM IN WILL CASE.

Relatives Charge G. R. Blanchard's Widow Secured Will in Her Favor Through Mesmeric Influence.

Charging their brother's wife with having hypnotized him in order to secure a will in her favor, Clarence A. Blanchard, Nellie B. Hoyt, and Hattie B. Fuller yesterday brought an action in the Supreme Court to set aside the will of the late George R. Blanchard. The action is against Mrs. Delia A. Blanchard, the widow, and Charles D. Ingersoll, both of whom are executors under the Blanchard will.

Blanchard died Oct. 8, 1900, and his will was admitted to probate Jan. 22 of the following year by Surrogate Thomas. The papers in the present action state, according to information and belief, that the estate consists of personal property valued at $160,000 and of real estate to the value of several thousands more. The realty includes a house and grounds at Proctorville, Vt.; a house and grounds at Elberon, N. J.; the house at 414 and 416 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, and the house at 1 North Washington Square, in this city.

It was in this last-named house that Blanchard lived during the latter part of his life, and it is there his wife resides now. The wife, however, is not at home at this time, and Hasleton & Hasleton of 220 Broadway, attorneys for the contestants, say she is not in the city. Accordingly they appeared before Justice Davis in the Supreme Court yesterday and secured an order permitting them to serve the papers in the action by publication.

The contestants, in their papers, declare on information and belief alone that Mrs. Blanchard took lessons in hypnotism for some time prior to the death of her husband and even before the execution of his will. They declare that Blanchard, before his death, discovered a letter written by his wife to a married man named McDonald, which letter caused him to lose his confidence in her. This letter, they say, should be in the effects of the deceased or else in the possession of Mrs. Blanchard at this time. It was after the discovery of this letter, they allege, that Blanchard made his will, by which he left all his property to the wife.

Mr. Ingersoll, the coexecutor with Mrs. Blanchard, was the only one who could be found yesterday. He ridiculed the hypnotism charge and said Mrs. Blanchard had used no undue influence to persuade her husband to make a will leaving her his entire property.

BROKE AN ARM, WON A BET.

Accident Peculiar Upshot of a Trial of Strength Between Two Men.

John Lilienthal, a bartender, thirty-four years old, had his right arm broken yesterday afternoon in a peculiar way. He is employed at Siever's Bowling Alleys, 209 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, and while he was engaged at work behind the bar a man known as Henry Prior entered the place. Lilienthal was lifting a heavy box at the time, and he remarked to Prior that he was growing stronger every day. Lilienthal wanted to wager Prior that he could force Prior's arm flat down on the bar from a position resting on the elbows and with hands clasped.

"I'll take the bet," said Prior, "and I'll put your own arm down or break it."

The two clasped hands with their elbows resting on the bar. They were struggling, when there was a sudden snap and Lilienthal shouted with pain and drew his arm away.

"I guess you win the bet," he said, "my arm is broken."

Lilienthal was removed to the Harlem Hospital, where the arm was set.

LEGAL NOTES.

EXPULSION OF MEMBER OF BENEFICIAL ORDER.—Ernst Klein, as President of Goethe Mannie, No. 38, Deutscher Orden Harugari, a beneficial association, claimed, in an action for reinstatement in the order brought against him in his representative capacity by John Kohler, an expelled member, that the Supreme Court had no jurisdiction to hear the case because Kohler had not exercised his right of appeal to a higher authority in the order. The constitution of the Deutcher Orden Harugari provides that any member "who deems himself aggrieved by a decision of the order is within three months entitled to appeal to the Grand Committee." Kohler was expelled without notice or hearing, and Justice Gaynor, in giving judgment in his favor, holds that the expulsion of a member of the order without notice and hearing was not a "decision," within the meaning of the provision quoted. The constitution, said Justice Gaynor, contemplated a decision of some question lawfully up for decision.

* * *

CONTRIBUTORY NEGLIGENCE OF DECEASED'S ADMINISTRATOR.—An interesting question in the law of contributory negligence was lately decided by the Appellate Division in the Third Department. The court passed adversely on the right of a person who would be entitled to the whole of a recovery to recover damages, as administrator of a decedent, from another whose negligence and his own caused such decedent's death. The plaintiff in the action sued as administrator of his eight-and-one-half-year-old son. The latter lost his life at a crossing of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company while out driving in a sleigh with his father. The Trial Justice charged the jury as to the definition of the legal terms sui juris and non sui juris—that is, if the boy was of a discretionary age and capable of comprehending danger, he was sui juris; if not at such an age, he was non sui juris. The railroad company's counsel then asked that the jury be charged that "if they find that the accident was occasioned by the negligence of the plaintiff, the father, or his negligence in any way contributed thereto, there can be no recovery in this action, and the verdict must be for the defendant; that is, whether the jury find that the plaintiff's intestate was sui juris or non sui juris." This the Trial Justice refused to do. "We are of the opinion," said Justice Chase, for the Appellate Court, "that the statute of this State does not authorize a recovery where the sole beneficiary is equally guilty with the defendant in bringing about the injury for which damages are sought to be recovered in the action. We have examined the facts in this case and do not find that the judgment herein should be reversed on the facts. The refusal of the trial court to charge as requested by the defendant was error. This case should be reviewed by the Court of Appeals, and the interesting question here presented should be determined by them." Justice Chase adds, however, that the judgment should be affirmed on the facts and reversed only as a matter of law.

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85 cents.

Several hundred higher-priced scarfs—the clean up of our stock.

Four-in-hands, string ties and English squares.

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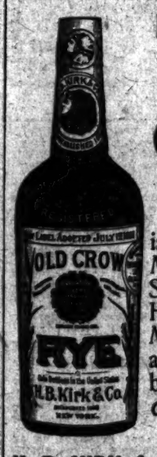

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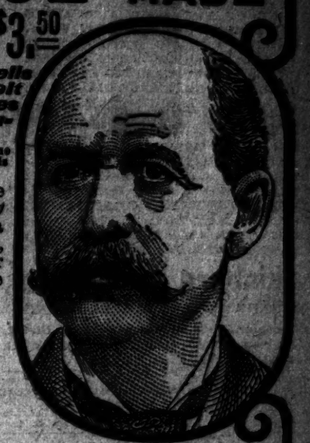

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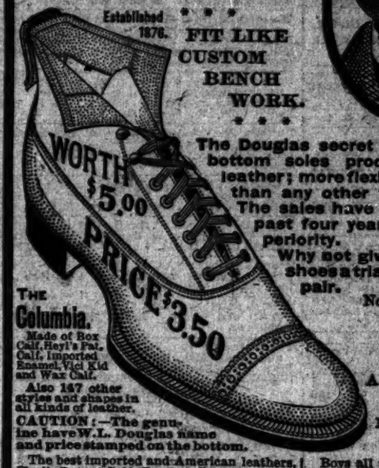

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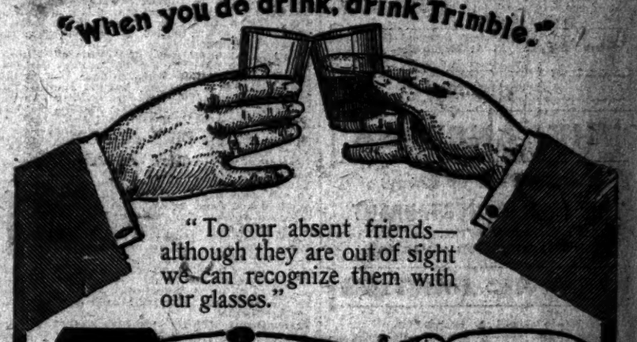

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